ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN – EMP REPORT

FOR

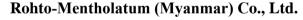
"MANUFACTURING AND MARKETING OF OTC MEDICINES & COSMETICS"

Plot No. D-5, Mingaladon Industrial Park, Mingaladon Township, Yangon Region, Myanmar.



PROPONENT

ROHTO



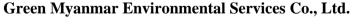
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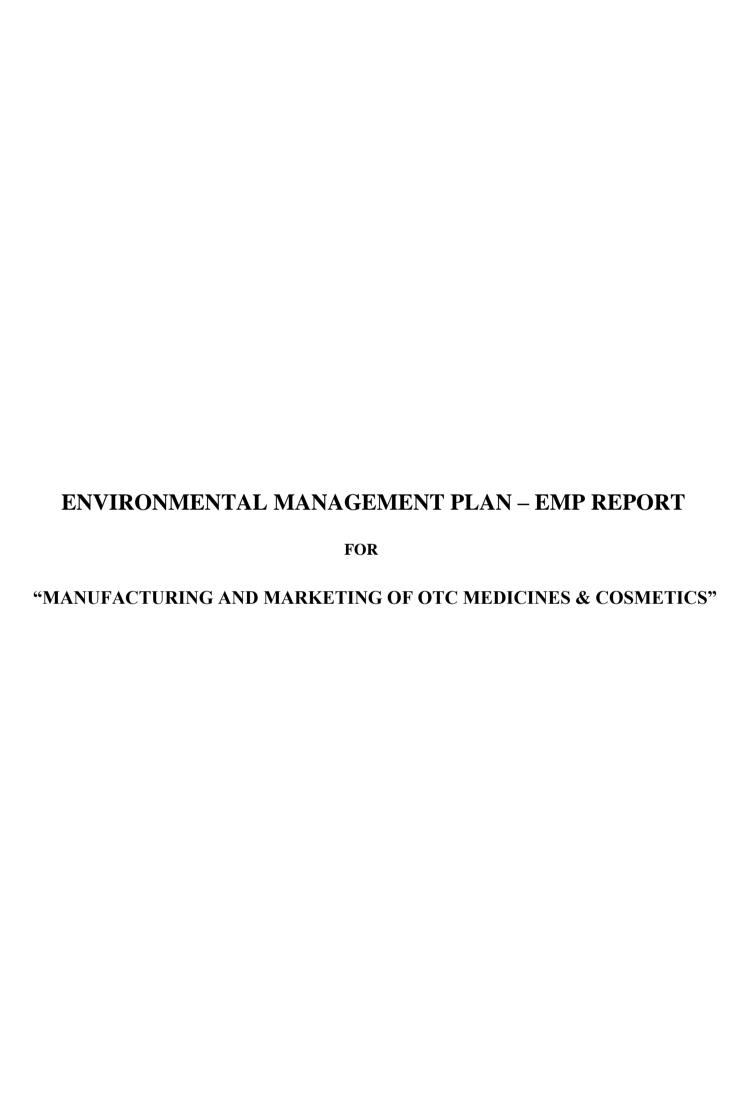
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Report Review Form

Report Review Form			
Report Title: Environmental Manag -Mentholatum (Myanma	_		
Report Version: 00 Version			
Proponent:	Prepared by:		
Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.	Green Myanmar Environmental Services Company Limited		
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DOCUMENT CERTIFICATION AND COMMITMENT

Green Myanmar Environmental Services Company Limited has prepared this Environmental Management Plan (EMP) report for Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics

I, the undersigned, (Authorized Person of Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.) as proponent of this project, certify that the particulars in this report are correct, true to the best of my knowledge and do hereby solemnly affirm to:

- Ensure the legal and other obligations are incorporated in designs, procedures and project controls,
- Communicate legal and other requirements to personnel and contractors accountable for compliance,
- Ensure all relevant legal and other requirements and associated documentation (e.g., licenses, permits, approval applications) are readily available on site to company personnel and consultants,
- Comply with all Myanmar laws, rules and regulations, including Clauses 14 and 15 of the Environmental Conservation Law (2012).
- Conduct a compliance audit at least annually and ensure there is a process in place to monitor on-going compliance with all legal and other requirements,
- Follow according to the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) and Environmental Monitoring Plan (EMOP),
- Submit the monitoring report prescribed in the schedule of the Environmental Management Plan to the Ministry every (6) month,
- Follow company's OHS policies,
- Implement CSR,
- Commit to minimize the impact of its activities on the environment during operation phase and decommissioning phase,

 Commit that the project will always comply fully with the commitments, mitigation measures, and plans in the EMP.

Signature	20/3/22		W-otto
Name	Naing Aye Factory Manager		* 'pı'ı
Designation	:	· 	
	Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanamr) Co., Ltd.		
		Date:	20-08. 2092

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND COMMITMENT

An Environmental Management Plan (EMP) which includes Environmental Monitoring Plan is a procedure that identifies, describes, evaluates and develops means of mitigating potential impacts of a proposed activity on the environment.

This EMP report was prepared using information from the following sources: review of selected literature, reports, and advisories; meetings with several interested parties; personal visitation with several persons; the experience of the EMP team; and other information solicited from baseline data and stakeholders. And we strongly commit that this report was prepared in compliance with Myanmar Environmental Laws and Regulations.

The EMP team is grateful to the project proponent – **Rohto-Mentholatum** (**Myanmar**) Co., Ltd. – for commissioning us to conduct this Environmental Management Plan report in respect of the proposed project. We would like to further acknowledge with great appreciation all those neighbors who participated in the public consultation process for their cooperation throughout the exercise.

We further acknowledge the support, either direct or indirect, from the various parties who assisted the EMP team towards the successful completion of this report.

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Date:18.1.08.1.20.2.2...

ABBREVIATIONS

Co., Ltd. Company Limited

CSR Corporate Social Responsibility

CEMPs Construction and Closing Environmental Management Plans

DISI Directorate of Industrial Supervision and Inspection

DICA Directorate of Investment and Company Administration

DI Directorate of Industry

E East

ECC Environment Compliance Certificate

ECD Environmental Conservation Department

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

EMP Environmental Management Plan

EmoP Environmental Monitoring Plan

GMES Green Myanmar Environmental Services

HIE-1 Heavy Industries Enterprise-1

HIE-2 Heavy Industries Enterprise-2

HIE-3 Heavy Industries Enterprise-3

HRT Hydraulic Retention Time

HSE Health Safety and Environment

MSDS Material Safety Data Sheet

MOECAF Ministry of Environmental Conservation and Forestry

MONREC Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation

MIC Myanmar Investment Commission

N North

OHS Occupational Health and Safety

OTC Over The Counter

PPE Personal Protective Equipment

Qty Quantity

SDS Safety Data Sheet SS Suspended Solid

WWTP Wastewater Treatment Plant

Units

dB (A) A-weighted system (the decibel values of sounds at low frequencies)

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

	(' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
deg C	degree centigrade
Dia	diameter
D	depth
Н	height
ha	hector
Нр	house power
Kg	kilogram
km/hr	kilometer per hour
l/min	liter per minute
lb	pound
m	meter
mg/m^3	milligram per cubic meter
mm	millimeter
m^2	square meter
m ³ /day	cubic meter per day
m ³ /hr	cubic meter per hour
m ³ / min	cubic meter per minute
m^3/s	cubic meter per second
dB	decibel
$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	degree Celsius
°F	degree Fahrenheit
gpm	gallons per minute
hr	hour
kV	kilo volt

k٧ kilo volt kW kilo watt kilogram kg lit liter

mg/L milligram per liter liter per second 1/s Mg

manganese

 mg/Nm^2 milligram per newton meter square

m meter

MMK Myanmar kyats ppb part per billion ppm part per million

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

PM particulate matter

PM₁₀ particulate matter 10 micrometer or less in diameter PM_{2.5} particulate matter 2.5 micrometer or less in diameter

pH potential of hydrogen ions

QC quality control

Qty quantity

Sq km square kilometer
Sr. No. serial number
ton/yr ton per year

μg/m³ micro gram per cubic meter

USD United States dollar

W watt W width

Symbols of Element

Al Aluminum

As Arsenic

BOD Biological Oxygen Demand

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand

CO₂ Carbon Dioxide

CO Carbon Monoxide

CN Chloride Cyanide

NO₂ Nitrogen Dioxide

NO Nitrogen Oxide

O₂ Oxygen

SO₂ Sulfur Dioxide

TDS Total Dissolved Solids
TSS Total Suspended Solids

TVOC Total Volatile Organic Compound

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Introduction

Background

Rohto Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. was established since 1899 in Japan and carried out manufacturing and marketing of OTC medicines & cosmetics. Moreover, sub companies and factories were established at at many countries around the world. Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Company Limited is a 100% foreign owned investment by 98% from Rohto Pharmaceutical Company Limited Incorporated in Japan and 2% from Rohto-Mentholatum (Vietnam) Company Limited Incorporated in Vietnam.

The factory was operated with manufacturing of OTC medicines and cosmetics since 2013 for packaging process. From 2022, facial wash cleanser compounding process will be operated.

Table (1): Salient Features of the Project

No.	Salient Features	Description/Quantities					
1.	Project Proponent	Rohto-Mentholatum Myanmar Co., Ltd.					
2.	Project Address	Plot No. D-5, Mingaladon Industrial Park, Corner					
		of No.3 Highway Road and Khayebin Road,					
		Mingaladon Township, Yangon Region, Myanmar.					
3.	Type of Business	Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines					
٥.	Type of Business	and Cosmetics					
4.	Total Land Area	10,004 m ²					
5.	Contact Person	U Naing Aye					
	Designation	Factory Manager					
	Contact Details	Plot D-5, Mingalardon Industrial Park.					
	Mobile Phone:	+959 5149886					
	Email:	naingaye@rohto.com.mm					
6.	Type of Land	Industrial Land					
7.	Nearest Highway Road	No.3 Highway Road					
8.	Total Amount of Investment	USD 12.438 Million					
9.	Land Acquisition	Lease Land					
10.	Lessor	MIP (Mingalardon Industrial Park Co., Ltd.)					
11.	Annual Working Day	About 285 days					
12.	Employees	Male – 10, Female – 18					
		Total – 28 persons (June 2022)					
13.	Operation Time	7:30 a.m 3:20 p.m. (7:20 hours/day)					
		Lunch Time: 00:30 min					
		Over Time: Base on Production Process Situation					

Table (2): List of EMP Studying Team

No.	Title of Post	Terms of Reference	Nominee, Organization & Transitional Consultant Registration Number			
	Main EMP Working Team					
1.	Team Leader	 Overall management of EMP 	Engr. U Kyaw Soe Win			

2.	Environmental Consultant	 operation Work plan Technical meeting & workshop Document reviewing and process flow studying Lead and facilitation of public consultation Data compilation & analysis Coordination with stakeholders Advise on the design of EMP Develop term of reference for duty and responsibility among IEE team Advise on the environmental baseline Advise on the field survey 	Managing Director Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd. Experience in IEE processing No.0019 Engr. Daw Khin Swe Aye Former Lecturer, Chemical Engineering Dept., YTU No.0021
		 Facilitate technical analysis Streamline the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) 	
3.	Field Supervisor	 Develop operational checklist for Environmental Study In charge for preliminary field visit Establish field operational office for field survey Supervise field survey Finalize checking for report and report formatting 	U Kyi Han Bo B.E - Aerospace Fuel and Propellant Engineer Myanmar Aerospace Engineering University, Quality Engineer and Senior Environmental Experts
4.	Public Coordinator	 Assist in stakeholder meeting Assist in public consultation meeting Preparation for public consultation meeting 	U Aung Kyaw Than B.E (Chemical)
		Supporting Team for EMP Studyin	g
5.	Consultant (Air Quality Management)	 Give advice on collecting field data for air quality Assist on air quality control system Give advice on air pollution evaluate and mitigation Give advice for data processing, computing, projection, modeling 	Engr. U Sein Thaung Oo Chairman Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd. Professional Engineer
6.	Wastewater Management Consultant	 and analysis Give advice in report preparation Collecting field data for industrial and municipal wastewater Assist in laboratory testing 	Engr. Daw Tin May Soe Consultant Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co.,

		 Data processing, computing, projection, modeling and analysis Assist in report preparation 	Ltd. Retired Professor and Head Chemical Engineering Department, Mandalay Technological University. (Experience in environmental toxicology and pollution control)
7.	Consultant for Laboratory Analysis	 Advise on data processing and laboratory testing and prepare instruction for laboratory testing Check the result of environmental laboratory testing Compare the laboratory result and verification 	No.0028 U Myo Myint Consultant Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd. Retired Former Factory Manager, Ministry of Industry (1) No.0026
8.	Consultant on Energy Saving Management and Chemical Risk Assessment & Hazardous Chemical Management	 Advise on energy saving management Advise on the risk assessment preparation Develop terms of reference for duty and responsibility among EMP team Advise on the environmental baseline Advise on the field survey 	Daw Kyaw Kyaw Win Director (Retired) Myanma Petrochemical Enterprise Ministry of Electrical and Energy
9.	Social Operation and Field Coordinator	 Develop operational checklist for social survey Facilitate technical meeting and record keeping Assist in data mining and secondary data collection and coordinate with local authority and communities for village level meeting 	U Khin Aung Consultant Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd. No.0025
10.	Consultant (Environmental Quality Management)	 Assist in preparation of guideline for environmental sampling of air and water quality Monitor the sample collection Register and inspect the sample collected Assist in report preparation for environmental baseline 	Daw Khin Shwe Htay Former Lecturer, Chemical Engineering Dept., YTU Environmental Engineer No.0022

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11.	Junior Environmental Experts	 Environmental and social survey Data collection Document reviewing Process studying Preparation of impact evaluation and assessment, and management plan Report preparing and formatting 	Daw Hnin Htet Htet Hlaing B.E - Port and Harbor Myanmar Maritime University Daw Aye Thuzar Hein B.E (Chemical Engineering)
12.	Environmental Monitoring Team	 Environmental baseline measuring Data analysis Coordinate for public consultation meeting Environmental baseline report preparing and formatting 	U Aung Ko Min B.E (Chemical) (Monitoring Technician) U Thi Ha Zaw (Assistant Monitoring Technician)
13.	Laboratory Experts	 Water sampling and laboratory testing Preparation for water & wastewater sampling Preparation for laboratory testing Laboratory testing Reporting for laboratory result 	U Thet Min Paing B.E (Chemical Engineering)

Policy, Legal and Institutional Framework

Existing Myanmar Laws Relevant to Project

A shortlist of existing Myanmar laws that Rohto-Mentholatum committed to follow for the proposed development project are described below.

- The National Environmental Policy (1994)
- The Environmental Conservation Law (2012) and the Environmental Conservation rules
- The EIA Procedure (2015)
- The National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guideline (2015)
- The Prevention of Hazardous from Chemicals and Related Substances Law (2013)
 & The Prevention of Hazardous from Chemicals and Related Substances Rules (2016)
- The Export and Import Law (2012)
- Occupational Health and Safety Law, (2019)
- The Worker's Compensation Act (1923)
- The Labor Organization Law (2012)
- The Labor Dispute Settlement Law (2012, Amendment in 2016)
- The Natural Disaster Management Law (2013)

Project Description

Project Location and its Area

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Factory is located at Plot No. D-5, Mingaladon Industrial Park, Corner of No.3 Highway Road and Khayebin Road, Mingaladon Township, Yangon Region, Myanmar (See Figure 3.1). The geographical coordinates of the project site are as follows:

Latitude : 16° 56′ 23″ N Longitude : 96° 9′ 15.38″ E

The area occupied is 10,004 m². The major land use of the area consists mainly of industry. The Rohto Factory is surrounded by:

North - TI Garment East - Tashin Garment South - Sunflower Lace (2)

West - Wedtex



Types of Products and Production Capacity

Types of Medicines Products and Production Capacity (Yearly)

No.	Brand	Items	Unit	Weight	Unit	Qty
1		V-Rohto 13ml	ml	15,606,669	pcs	1,200,513
2		V-Rohto Cool 12 ml	ml	3,990,660	pcs	332,555
3		V-Rohto Vitamin 13 ml	ml	1,039,948	pcs	79,996
4	Medicines	Deep Heat Rub Plus 30g	g	330,000	pcs	11,000
5		Medical Cream 18g	g	271,548	pcs	15,086
6		Remos IB 10g	g	65,150	pcs	6,515
7		OXY 5 10g	g	230,000	pcs	23,000
8		OXY 10 10g	g	115,990	pcs	11,599
	Yea	rly Total Balance				1,680,264

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Types of Cosmetic Products and Packing Capacity (Yearly)

No.	Brand	Items	Unit	Qty	Unit	Weight
1		Creamy Wash 20 g	Pcs	43,330	g	866,600
2		Creamy Wash 50g	Pcs	195,728	g	9,786,400
3		Creamy Wash 100g	Pcs	141,189	g	14,118,900
4		Soothing Toner 90ml	Pcs	49,576	ml	4,461,840
5		Sealing Gel 9g	Pcs	91,574	g	824,166
6		Sealing Gel 18g	Pcs	41,845	g	753,210
7		Foaming Wash 150ml	Pcs	2,170	g	325,500
8		Oil Remover Films	Pcs	10,197	g	134,600.40
9	Aonas	Scar Care 12g	Pcs	17,086	g	205,032
10	Acnes	C 10 15ml	Pcs	10,403	ml	156,045
11		Vitamin Cream 40g	Pcs	54,537	g	2,181,480
12		Vitamin Cleanser 50g	Pcs	127,019	g	6,350,950
13		Vitamin Cleanser 100g	Pcs	81,900	g	8,190,000
14		Pure White Cream 50g	Pcs	6,686	g	334,300
15		Pure White Wash 50g	Pcs	9,488	g	474,400
16		Pure White Wash 100g	Pcs	19,515	g	1,951,500
17		Oil Control Cleanser 50g	Pcs	16,106	g	805,300
18		Oil Control Cleanser 100g	Pcs	16,642	g	1,664,200
19		Sheer Color Strawberry 2.4	Pcs	6,321	g	15,170.40
20		Sheer Color Natural	Pcs	4,741	g	11,378.40
21		Sheer Color Honey	Pcs	7,915	g	18,996.0
22		Sheer Color Q Choco Mint 2.4g	Pcs	1,360	g	3,264.0
23		Colourless Apple	Pcs	1,915	g	8,234.50
24		Colourless Strawberry	Pcs	1,913	g	8,225.90
25		Colourless Lemon 4.3g	Pcs	1,339	g	5,757.70
26		LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Cherry 4g	Pcs	3,036	g	12,144
27	LipIce	LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Strawberry	Pcs	3,035	g	12,140
28		LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Berry	Pcs	3,032	g	12,128
29		LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Orange	Pcs	3,028	g	12,112
30		LipIce Sheer Color POP Pink 2.4g	Pcs	3,036	g	7,286.40
31		LipIce Sheer Color POP Orange	Pcs	3,037	g	7,288.80
32		LipIce Sheer Color POP Rose	Pcs	3,037	g	7,288.80

33		LipIce Sheer Color POP Red	Pcs	2,653	g	6,367.20
34		LipIce Water Lip Citrus Pure Joy 4.3g	Pcs	1,764	g	7,585.20
35		LipIce Water Lip Citrus Herb	Pcs	1,762	g	7,576.60
36		Out Going	Pcs	9,406	g	282,180
37		Super Block 30g	Pcs	7,645	g	229,350
38		Super Block 70g	Pcs	6,176	g	432,320
39		Baby Mild 30g	Pcs	7,379	g	221,370
40		Whtening UV-30g	Pcs	13,048	g	391,440
41		Whtening UV-70g	Pcs	3,812	g	266,840
42	Sunplay	Sunplay Skin Aqua Clear White 25g	Pcs	1,546	g	38,650
43	Sumpluy	Sunplay Skin Aqua Clear White 55g	Pcs	1,656	g	91,080
44		Sunplay Skin Aqua Silky White Gel 30g	Pcs	4,780	g	143,400
45		Sunplay Skin Aqua Silky White Gel 70g	Pcs	6,146	g	430,220
46		Sunplay Skin Aqua UV Tone Up Essence	Pcs	3,167	g	158,350
47		Scar Z	Pcs	15,268	g	183,216
48		Remos IR 60ml	Pcs	48,965	ml	2,937,900
49	Other	Remos IR 150ml	Pcs	3,492	ml	523,800
50	Consumer Products	Remos IR Cream Lemon Grass	Pcs	11,646	g	815,220
51		Selsun Shampoo 50 ml	Pcs	35,395	ml	1,769,750
52		Selsun Shampoo 100 ml	Pcs	26,508	ml	2,650,800
53		Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Cleanser 80g	Pcs	8,085	g	646,800
54		Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Lotion 100ml (for normal skin)	Pcs	3,644	ml	364,400
55	HADA	Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Lotion 100ml (for oil skin)	Pcs	3,774	ml	377,400
56	LABO Series	Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Cream 50g	Pcs	9,106	g	455,300
57		Perfect White Arbutin Cleanser 80g	Pcs	1,993	g	159,440
58		Perfect White Arbutin Lotion 100ml	Pcs	5,277	ml	527,700
59		Perfect White Arbutin Milk 90ml	Pcs	4,357	ml	392,130

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60	Perfect White Arbutin Essence 30g	Pcs	3,016	g	90,480
61	Perfect White Arbutin Cream 50g	Pcs	8,283	5 0	414,150
62	Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Cleanser 80g	Pcs	5,000	g	400,000
63	Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Lotion 100ml	Pcs	4,458	ml	445,800
64	Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Cream 50g	Pcs	4,310	5 0	215,500
65	Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Essence 30g	Pcs	2,540	5 0	76,200
66	HDLB Advanced Nourish Trial set (Hyaluron Cleanser 25g + Hyaluron Lotion 40ml)	Pes	3,409		
67	HDLB Perfect White Trial set (Arbutin Cleanser 25g + Arbutin Lotion 40ml)	Pes	3,936		
	Total Balance		1,265,138		







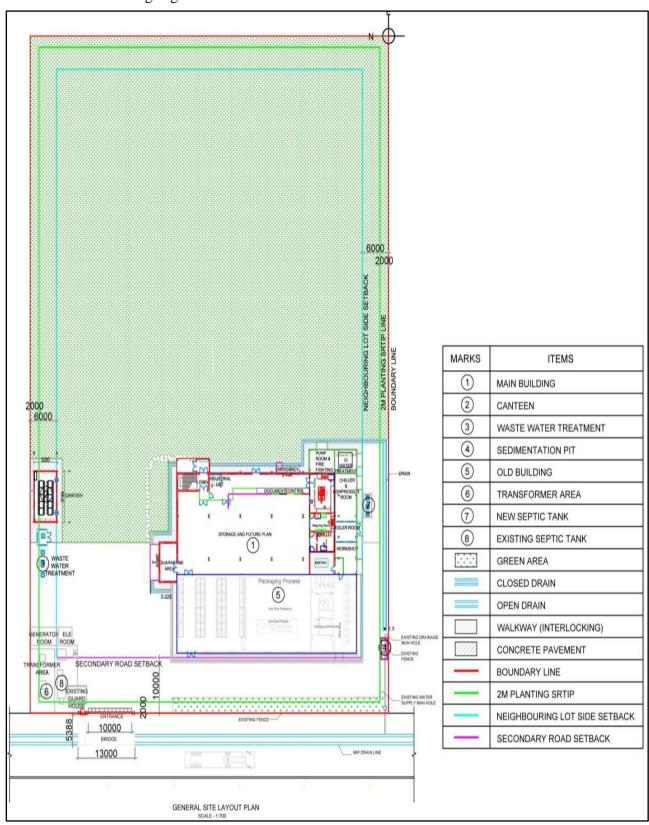


Figure (2): Photos of Distributed Products

Layout Plan of the Factory

The Layout Plan of the project site shows the land use of Rohto factory. There are factory building, auxiliary area such as canteen, generator & electrical building and security gate. Factory building will be a two stories building. On the ground floor of the factory

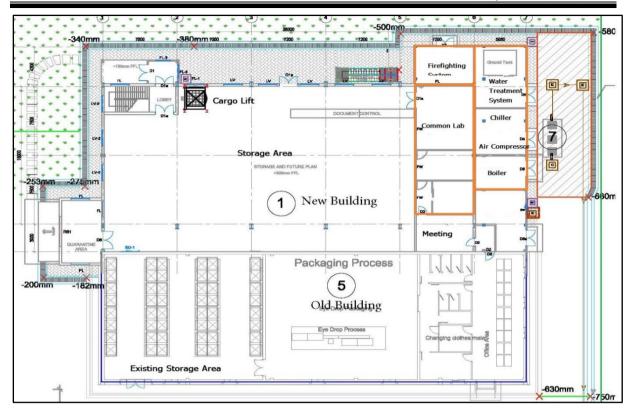
building are packing and filling area, office, chemicals store, boiler room, compressor room, maintenance office and firefighting pump room. The second floor is main production area and temporary store area. Building Layout, 1st Floor, 2nd Layout and Drainage Layout are as shown in the following Figures.



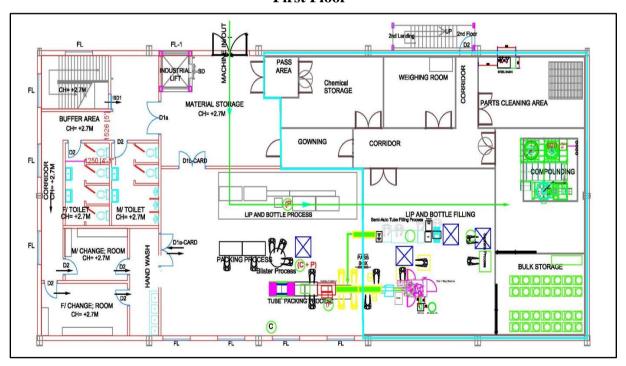
Building Layout Plan

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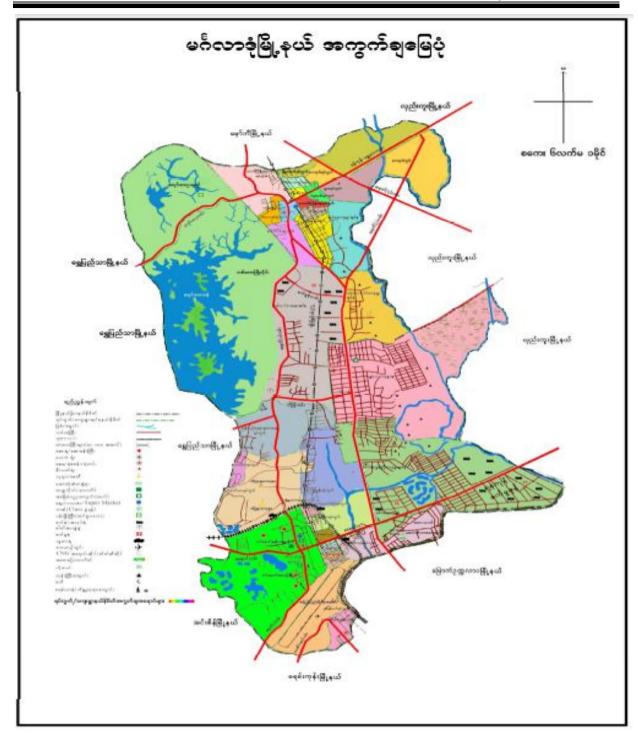
First Floor



Second Floor

Environmental Baseline Study

The project is situated in the Mingalardon Industrial Park (MIP), Mingalardon Township, Yangon Region. Therefore, Environmental conditions and Social conditions are referenced from the regional information handbooks of Mingalardon Township (2019, September).



Source: Township Profile, Mingalardon Township (2019, September)

Table (3): Environmental and Social Conditions

Type	Description			
Geographical Features				
Area	Mingaladon Township is part of Yangon Region Northern District. Between 17 ° 02'N and 17 ° 04'N. It is located between 96 ° 08'E and 96 ° 15'E. It covers an area of 41.69 square miles. It is 3.61 miles long from east to west and 11.55 miles long from south to north.			

Boundaries	It is bordered by Hlegu Township (Northern District) to the east of Mingaladon Township. In the south by Mayangone Township
	(Western District); To the north by Hmawbi Township; It borders Hlegu Township (Northern District)
Topography	Ngweya Tan Mountain range to the west of Minglardon Township
	and running from south to north. To the west is the Hlawkarlakeat
	the border of Shwepyithar Twonship and the rest is plain.
Hydrology	Mingalardon Township has few rivers and the Balar creek is about
	12 miles from North-South. It flows about 8 miles from west to
	east. The water level is about 12 feet in the rainy season and 3 feet
	in the summer making. It impossible for boats/ ship to travels.
Sea Level	Mingalardon Township is located at an average height of 100 feet
	above sea level.
Climate and Natural I	
Climate	Mingaladon Township has a hot and humid climate with a
	maximum temperature of (39 ° C) and a minimum temperature of
	(15.5 ° C). Until the end of September 2019, the maximum summer
37 . 1 1	temperature (38 ° C) and the lowest winter temperature (15.8 ° C).
Natural plants	Pyin Ka Toe, Thit Mar, Dhani and Mangrove trees are planted in
	the Mingalardon Township.
Flora, Fauna, and Biodiversity	There is no wildlife in MingalardonTownship.
Natural Environment	Forest reserve for environmental conservation activities. It is
	maintained by rope forests.
Emergency Risk	One fire accident occurred in Mingalardon Township in 2018-2019.
Social Environment	
Population	In 2019 September, there are about 263,798 in Mingalardon
	Township and 149,897 people live in urban area and 113,901 in rural.
Ethnicity	Most of the people who live in Mingalardon townships are
	Bamar, followed by Kayin, Rakhine, and Indian people lived in
	Mingalardon.
Religion	In Mingalardon, Buddha (251,156), Christian (3,339), Hindu
	(3,132) and other (4,071)
Local Economy and	Mingaladon Township is located in Yangon Region and is an
Livelihood	economically important township. Yangon Industrial Zone
	Mingaladon Industrial Zone and Pyinmabin Industrial Zone are
	situated in the Mingalardon township and have 110 factories and
	are an industrial base township.
	The Mingalardon Township is situated Yangon-Pyay Road and
77.1	No.3 Highway Road. Therefore, transportation is better.
Education Sector	In Mingalardon, there are 9 B.E.H.S, 3 sub B.E.H.S, 7 B.E.M.S, 6 sub B.E.M.S, 25 B.H.P.S, 2 Post Primary School, 24 Pre-primary
	school.
Hospitals and Health	There are 5 hospitals, 11private pharmaceuticals shop, 5 rural
Services	health care centers, and 26 sub health care center. The most
	occurrence diseases are liver and abdominal disease.
Sport Sector	One football playground, one tennis ground and one garden are
	situated in Mingalardon Township

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Cultural	Heritage/	There is no cultural heritage site designated by the United Nations
Assets		Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) or
		the Myanmar government.

Environmental Quality Measuring

Air Quality Measuring

Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd will monitored ambient air and noise level measure at 27.5.2020 to 28.5.2020. Air quality was measured three points. Ambient air quality measuring was carried out 24 hr measuring in the factory premise. And workplace air quality was measured one hour for each point. Measuring results are compard with Myanmar National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines-2015.

(1) Measuring Results of Ambient Air Quality Baseline Data (AMP-1)

No.	Parameters	Result	Unit		suring Period	NEQG Value	Avg. Period	Remark
1	Nitrogen Dioxide	101.8	µg/m ³	24	hours	$200 \mu g/m^3$	1-hour	28/5/2021 1:54-2:54 (Peak Hour)
2	Sulphur Dioxide	0	$\mu g/m^3$	24	hours	$20 \mu\text{g/m}^3$	24-hours	
3	Particulate matter PM ₁₀	18.87	μg/m ³	24	hours	50 μg/m ³	24-hours	
4	Particulate matter PM _{2.5}	8.56	μg/m ³	24	hours	25 μg/m ³	24-hours	
5	Ozone	81.98	μg/m ³	24	hours	$100 \mu g/m^3$	8-hour daily Maximum	5/27/2021 9:54 - 17:54
6	Ammonia	0	ppm	24	hours	NG	-	
7	Carbon Dioxide	367.44	ppm	24	hours	NG	-	
8	Carbon Monoxide	0	ppm	24	hours	NG	-	
9	Volatile Organic Compound	0	ppb	24	hours	NG	-	
10	Oxygen	21	%	24	hours	NG	-	

^{*}Note- NEQG-National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guideline

According to the above table, Nitrogen Dioxide, Sulphur Dioxide, Particulate matter PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$, Ozone) parameters of the ambient air quality are within the National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines.

(2) Indoor Air Quality Measuring Results

Monitoring Point	Description	Parameters	Unit	Monitoring Duration	Workplace air Monitoring Result	NEQG
	.	PM_{10}	$[\mu g/m^3]$	1Hour	36	50
IAMP-1	Production Area	PM _{2.5}	$[\mu g/m^3]$	1Hour	12	25
		VOC	ppm	1Hour	0	-

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		PM_{10}	$[\mu g/m^3]$	1Hour	28	50
IAMP-2	Warehouse	PM _{2.5}	$[\mu g/m^3]$	1Hour	24	25
		VOC	ppm	1Hour	0	-

^{*}Note- NEQG-National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guideline

According to the **Error! Reference source not found.** table, most of the particulate atters (PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$) were accepted within the National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines.

Noise Level

Noise surveys have been conducted at the project site in order to know the baseline noise level. Noise level measuring was also done at the same sampling points used for air quality monitoring. Measuring is carrying out 1 hr into the 8 hr of the working period. Measuring results are as shown in the following.

Location	Parameter	Unit	Measuring Period	Results
Factory Promises	Noise Level	dBA	24 hr	Day - 68
Factory Premises	Noise Level	UDA	24 III	Night - 54
Packing Area	Noise Level	dBA	1 hr	70.2
Warehouse	Noise Level	dBA	1 hr	62.1

The factory are located in industrial park, the observed values are compared with the guidelines for industrial area. The observed values of the ambient noise levels for daytime and night time are within the limit of Guidelines. Therefore, the human and the environment cannot be affected by the noise. The factory are located in industrial park, the observed values are compared with the OHS Guideline. The observed values of the Indoor Noise level for daytime and night-time are within the limit of Guidelines. Therefore, Noise level value was within the acceptable conditions.

Water Quality Measuring

In order to monitor the water quality, there was two sampling in the factory. The water samples were tested at GMES laboratory. The results are presented in the following tables.

(1) Results of Drain Water

No.	Parameters	Unit	Analysis Value	Minimum Measurement Range of Method	NEQG - General Application
1.	5-day Biochemical Oxygen	mg/l	ND	30	50
2.	Ammonia	mg/l	0.34	0.01	10
3.	Arsenic	mg/l	0	0.005	0.1
4.	Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	ND	30	250
5.	Chromium (Hexavalent)	mg/l	0.11	0.02	0.1
6.	Chromium (Total)	mg/l	0.16	0.02	0.5
7.	Copper	mg/l	ND	0.5	0.5

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8.	Cyanide (Total)	mg/l	ND	0.01	1
9.	Iron	mg/l	0.1	0.1	3.5
10.	Nickel	mg/l	ND	0.2	0.5
11.	Oil and Grease	mg/l	ND	5	10
12.	рН	-	7.58	0.1	6~9
13.	Phenol	mg/l	0.22	0.1	0.5
14.	Sulfide	mg/l	ND	0.04	1
15.	Temperature	.C	27	1	<35
16.	Total Phosphorus	mg/l	0.14	0.02	2
17.	Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	24	1	50
18.	Zinc	mg/l	ND	0.02	2

According to the lab result, pH values (inside drain water quality of the Factory) are higher than the guideline values. The other parameters are within the limits.

(2) Results of Drinking Water

				Minimum	Drinking Water Standards			
No.	Parameters	Unit	Analysis Value	Measurement Range of Methods	WHO (2011)	EPA (Spring 2012)	Indian Specification (IS:10500,2012)	
1.	Aluminum	mg/l	0.09	0.01	0.2	0.2	0.03	
2.	Arsenic	mg/l	0	0.005	0.01	0.01	0.01	
3.	Chloride	mg/l	14	5	250	250	250	
4.	Copper	mg/l	ND	0.5	2	1	0.05	
5.	Cyanide	mg/l	ND	0.01	0.07	0.2	0.05	
6.	Manganese	mg/l	ND	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.1	
7.	pН	-	7.4	0.1	6.5~8.5	6.5~8.5	6.5~8.5	
8.	Sulfate	mg/l	4.2	2	250	250	200	
9.	Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	mg/l	68	5	-	-	200	
10.	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	260	1	600	500	500	
11.	Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/l	61	5	500	-	200	
12.	Total Iron	mg/l	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	
13.	Turbidity	NTU	6.7	0.01	5	-	1	

According to the lab result, turbidity are higher than the WHO drinking water standards, it is found that these parameters are within the standards after treatment expect the turbidity values.

Soil Quality Measuring

In order to monitor the soil quality, soil samples both of the factory premises was taken and tested at GMES laboratory. The analysis results of the parameters are presented in the Table

Results of Soil Quality

No.	Parameters	Unit	Analysis Value	Minimum Measurement Range of Methods
1.	Aluminum	mg/kg soil	0.1	0.05 mg/kg soil
2.	Arsenic	mg/kg soil	0	0.025 mg/kg soil
3.	Chloride	g/kg soil	0.67	0.025 mg/kg soil
4.	Copper	mg/kg soil	ND	2.5 mg/kg soil
5.	Cyanide	mg/kg soil	ND	0.05 mg/kg soil
6.	Extractable Acidity	cmol/kg soil	4.25	0.25 cmol/kg soil
7.	Manganese	mg/kg soil	1.85	1 mg/kg soil
8.	P - Alkalinity	mmol/l extract	0	0.2 mmol/l extract
9.	рН	-	6.42	0.1
10.	Total Alkalinity	mmol/l extract	3.1	0.2 mmol/l extract
11.	Total Iron	mg/kg soil	0.5	0.5 mg/kg soil

Manufacturing Procedure in Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd

The following figure shows the main procedure to produce the finished goods in Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. There are two type of manufacturing process in the factory. The first one is packing with different type of tube, box, etc. and distributing of the imported products. The next process is fully production of facial wash cream production. The facial cream production steps are as shown in the following.

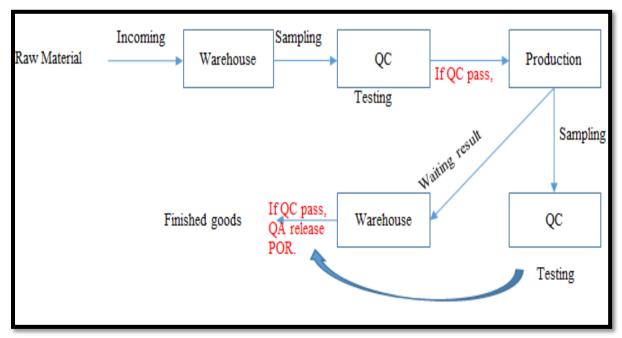


Figure (4): General Production Procedure of Rohto-Mentholatu (Myanmar) Co., Ltd

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Manufacturing Process of Facial Wash Cream

In general, the manufacturing of facial wash cream is a series of unit operations using batch processes. There are few or no chemical reactions; the operations are mostly mechanical. The manufacture involves the preparing and weighing of raw materials, mixing, dispersing, thinning, and adjusting, filling of containers, warehousing and transportation.

(1) Pre- Dispersion

• The production of begins by mixing hot water and powder in a high-speed mixer. During this operation, water and powders are also added.

(2) Dispersion, Grinding and Mixing

• Following the mixing operation, additional solvent (such as glycol) is input to the mixer for the dispersion.

(3) Adjusting/Tinting

 Next, the concentrate is transferred to mixing tank where tints, glycol (usually blend of solvents) and balance additives are added. Then adjust the color and viscosity of completed mill base dispersions. This sample will be compared to the desired standard. Various combinations of powder, solvent and additives are added to the material to meet the requirements.

(4) Filtering

 Upon reaching the required consistency, the cream is filtered to remove any nondispersed pigment.

(5) Quality Control

• Quality checks are carried out for consistency, viscosity, color, etc., and other specified properties before batch is approved for packing. Quality control acceptance batch will be stored in the cleaning room about 24 hr. After this period, packaging step will be started.

(6) Packaging

• The finished product (QC acceptance) is then transferred to the packaging machine. The products paste will be filled into the different types of tubes. And then, the end of tube will be closed by pressing with heat. After the tube filling, these tubes were putted into plastic bags and putted into the small paper box. Finally, these small boxes were putted in the cartoon boxes and stored at the warehouse before delivery.

Anticipated Adverse Environmental Impacts and Mitigation Measures

The significant of anticipated adverse impacts will be investigated by using following number calculation.

Attribute	Weight
Probability	
Improbable	1
Probable	2
Highly	4
Probable	4
Definite	5

Environmental Management Plan-EMP Report

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Duration						
Short term	1					
Medium term	3					
Long term	4					
Permanent	5					
Scale						
Site	1					
Local	2					
Regional	3					
Magnitude	e/ Severity					
Low	2					
Medium	6					
High	8					

Significance

Significance is an indication of the importance of the impact in terms of both physical extent and time scale, and therefore indicates the level of mitigation required.

Significance $(S) = (Duration (D) + Scale (S) + Magnitude (M)) \times Probability (P)$

Attribute	Weight
Negligible	< 20
Low	< 40
Moderate	< 60
High	> 60

The study tackles in detail all the environmental aspects, elements, impacts and the mitigation, safeguards and risk elimination measures that should be followed or carried out in order to protect the workers, the clients and the environmental elements and keep them all safe and secure.

The proposed project envisages setting up of administrative office, rest room, toilets, septic tank, associated auxiliary facilities, etc. The construction or pre-operational activities require mobilization of construction material and equipment. The construction activities are expected to last for eighteen months. The summary of adverse environmental impacts during construction and operation phases, significant of impacts and proposed mitigation measures are as shown in following.

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Summary of Adverse Environmental Impacts and Mitigation Measures

Impacts	Sources	Components	Impact Significant (D+S+M)xP=S	Mitigation Measures	Residual Impact (D+S+M)xP=S
			Op	peration Phase	
Impacts on Air Quality	Manufacturing process Auxiliary Diesel Engine, Boiler and Vehicles Wastewater Treatment Plant Fugutive Source (Storage Area and Cleaning Proccess)	VOC, PM CO, CO ₂ , SO ₂ , NO _x , PM VOC, Odor VOC, Odor and PM	(4+1+6)x5 = 55 (Moderate) (1+2+2)x5 = 25 (Low) (4+1+6)x4 = 44 (Moderate) (4+1+6)x5 = 55 (Moderate)	 Mitigation Measures for Emission from Manufacturing Process To reduce odor and volatile emissions to prevent environmental nuisance: Maintain adequate ventilation and hygiene to reduce the generation of odor. Control any exhaust emissions from vehicles to prevent 	(4+2+2)x2 = 14 (Negligible) (1+1+2)x2 = 8 (Negligible) (4+1+2)x2 = 14 (Negligible) (4+1+2)x2 = 14 (Negligible)

 Immediately clean up material spilt on traffic areas before vehicle movement can move it. Regularly collect and place in a sealed bag any floor sweepings (including spectator areas), dust, powder waste or absorbent clean up materials, before disposing in a covered waste bin. Use wet/dry vacuum cleaners with dust filters for general cleaning of the factory floors instead of sweeping and hosing with water. To minimize dust emissions and potential contaminants from exposed surfaces Mitigation Measures for Emission from Auxiliary Diesel Generator, Boiler and Vehicles Regular check and maintenance the D.G, boiler & Vehicles and use premium grade diesel to reduce the gas pollution. And D.G is only used for temporary electricity back such as the emergency lighting, fire pump running and CCTV if the electricity temporary off. Boiler will be regularly meintenacne and checking and testing the gases emission. Boiler should be equipped gases control equipement such as water sprinklier. Mitigation Measures for Emission from Wastewater Treatment Plant Operate the wastewater treatment plant to meet applicable.
the electricity temporary off.
Boiler will be regularly meintenacne and checking and
*
Treatment Plant
Operate the wastewater treatment plant to meet applicable
national requirements and internationally accepted
guidelines;
Where necessary, consider alternate aeration technologies
or process configurations to reduce volatilization.
The design and operation of the selected wastewater

				treatment technologies should avoid uncontrolled air emissions of volatile chemicals from wastewaters. Control System for Fugitive Emission of the Project Storage of all solvents / liquid chemicals/ oil/ fuel will be in drums only Hence storage area will not be a source of fugitive emission. Fugitive emission due to traffic movement will be controlled by providing paved internal roads, regular cleaning of internal roads, proper maintenance of vehicles, etc.	
Impact of Noise Level	Manufacturing process	Noise level, dB (A)	(4+2+2)x5 = 40 (Moderate)	 A high standard of maintenance will be practiced for plant machinery and equipment, which helps to avert potential noise problems. All preventive measures such as regular operation and maintenance of pumps, motors, and compressor should be carried out and enclosures will be provided to abate noise levels at source. Compliance with noise control norms will be given due importance at the time of purchase of various equipment 	(4+1+2)x2 = 14 (Negligible)
	Auxiliary Diesel Engine and Boiler	Noise level, dB (A)	(1+2+6)x5 = 45 (Moderate)		(1+2+2)x4 = 20 (Low)

				•	And then monitoring must carry out with NEQG standard.	
Impacts on Water Quality	Storm Water	Storm Water TSS, metals, petroleum hydrocarbons, Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons, coliform, etc. Storm Water TSS, metals, petroleum (Moderate) Hydrocarbons, Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons, coliform, etc. TSS, metals, petroleum (Moderate) Hydrocarbons, coliform, etc. An appropriate water management systincluding, for example, sustainable drainage receiving site runoff to reduce the impact nearby water courses of retaining cannel; example of the impact nearby water courses of retaining cannels.	An appropriate water management system is used, including, for example, sustainable drainage systems for receiving site runoff to reduce the impact of runoff on nearby water courses of retaining cannel; Hazardous or potentially polluting materials (such as fuel, oil or chemicals used or produced by the process) are sited on an impervious base away from water, properly	(1+1+6)x2 =16 (Negligible)		
				•	Oil interceptors or drip trays are used in vehicle parking	
	Industrial Wastewater	BOD, COD, TDS, TSS, Oil and Grease	(4+2+6)x5 = 60 (Moderate)	•	areas, and are inspected and cleaned regularly; A risk assessment is carried out for each substance to be used, produced or stored on site, and the appropriate containment measures installed; and An Emergency Plan is formulated and tested through exercises to ensure that procedures to prevent or mitigate impacts due to accidents or spillages are in place and	(1+1+6)x2 =16 (Negligible)
	Sewage Water	Ground and Surface Water	(4+2+6)x12 = 24 (Low)	•	operate effectively. Where storm water treatment is deemed necessary to protect the quality of receiving water bodies, priority should be given to managing and treating the first flush of storm water runoff where the majority of potential contaminants tend to be present;	(1+1+6)x1 =8 (Negligible)
				•	When water quality criteria allow, storm water should be managed as a resource for meeting water needs at the facility; Sludge from storm water catchments or collection and	

				treatment systems may contain elevated levels of pollutants and should be disposed in compliance with ECD or zone management committee's regulatory requirements, in the absence of which disposal has to be consistent with protection of public health and safety, and conservation and long-term sustainability of water and land resources. • And then monitoring must carry out with NEQG standard.	
Impact of	Manufacturing	Soil and	(3+2+6)x2 = 26	Contamination of land should be avoided by preventing or	(1+1+2)x2 = 8
Land	process	ground water	(Low)	controlling the release of hazardous materials, hazardous	(Negligible)
Contamination		pollution		wastes, or oil to the environment.	
	Storage areas	Soil and	(3+2+6)x2 = 26	• appropriate designs for buildings/structures on site;	(1+1+2)x2 = 8
		ground water	(Low)	• appropriate screening for visual impacts;	(Negligible)
		pollution		• effective stabilization of altered landforms so as to	
				minimize soil erosion and the potential for water pollution from suspended solids;	
				• adequate bunding or containment measures are installed throughout the site, particularly in chemical storage and transfer areas, to minimize risk of soil contamination;	
				• use of drip trays under stationary machinery to prevent oil and grease contaminating soil and groundwater	
				Concrete flooring will be over laid with epoxy flooring which	
				is a non-porous self-leveling material which will prevent any	
				spillage from penetrating the floor surface. factory had covered concrete floor.	
Impacts of	Hazardous	Water and soil	(4+2+6)x5 = 60	Collection	(1+1+2)x4 = 16
Waste	Wastes	pollution	(4+2+6)x3 = 60 (Moderate)	Hazardous wastes or non-hazardous waste are collected	(1+1+2)x4 = 16 (Negligible)
Disposal	TT USIOS	polition	(1710derate)	by using about 200 Lit Mild Steel Bins which are arrange	(11051151010)
Disposar				with different color for the different type of wastes collection. Storage	

	Non-Hazardous Wastes Domestic Wastes	Water and soil pollution Water and soil pollution	(4+2+6)x5 = 60 (Moderate) $(4+2+6)x5 = 60$ (Moderate)	Above stated solid wastes will be stored separately in the "Solid Waste Storage Area" within the factory premises. All wastes, hazardous or not, must be contained to prevent it from blowing away and from leaching into surface or groundwater. - On-Site Hazardous Waste Storage Hazardous waste must be in containers or tanks clearly labeled with the words "Hazardous Waste". Volumes and time limits for storing hazardous waste on-site vary by generator category. - On-Site Nonhazardous Waste Storage Non-hazardous waste needs to be removed from onsite at regular intervals to prevent release to the environment, and to avoid additional permit requirements. Nonhazardous waste and unused product must be contained to prevent discharge to the air, or runoff to surrounding land or water. Disposal Hazardous waste will be handed over to agencies authorized by ECD or Zone Mangemnt Team monthly such as DOWA/YCDC. Nonhazardous waste will be handed over to solid waste collection agencies authorized by ECD or Zone	(1+1+2)x4 = 16 (Negligible) (1+1+2)x4 = 16 (Negligible)
Impact of Chemicals	Transportation	Spillage and explosion	(3+3+2)x2 = 16 (Negligible)	 Management Committee monthly such as YCDC Hazardous chemicals must be stored and transported carefully according to specific regulatory requirements 	(1+3+2)x2 = 12 (Negligible)
Transportation, Storage, Using, Handling and	Manufacturing process	OHS for Handling and Using, VOC, PM	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)	 covered by transport legislation, and work health and safety (WHS) legislation. avoid transporting with food, water or other reactive chemicals 	(3+1+2)x4 = 24 (Low)
Disposing	Storage Area	OHS for Handling, VOC, PM,	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)	• follow the separation and segregation rules for transporting mixed classes of hazardous chemicals (those classified as dangerous goods)	(3+1+2)x4 = 24 (Low)

	Disposal	Soil contamination, explosion Soil contamination, VOC, PM	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)	 secure hazardous chemicals on the vehicle so they can't move or fall keep a record of the chemicals you are carrying separate foodstuffs from chemicals make sure you have the required signs and equipment for the vehicle make sure the driver of the vehicle has the correct license and is trained in emergency procedures To carry the chemicals with authorized cargo company and to follow the transportation instruction stated in MSDS. To take care of loading and unloading. Provide the Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) such as glass, gloves and carbon filter mask for chemicals handling workers and production workers and also provide training and other awareness programs. Install the adequate ventilation systems. Install dust collector with activated carbon systems Factory coated concrete floor to protect leakage and spillage all around the Factory Area. Installed effective own WWTP Need permit from authorized committee to storage or transport chemicals by air, sea, inland waterways, road or rail. Store raw materials separately according to explosion hazardous (EH) level and install effective firefighting system such as overheard automatic water sprinkler, smoke detector and self standalone type fire extinguisher with powder or foam. Observe according to the material safety data sheet (MSDS). 	(3+1+6)x4 = 40 (Moderate)
Impact on	Manufacturing	Occupational	(5+1+8)x4 = 56	Materials handling	(3+1+6) $x2 = 20$

Occupational Health and	process & storage	Health and Safety	(Moderate)	Precautions include engineering/ergonomic controls such as materials handling aids (rollers, jacks and platforms)	(Low)
In the facquer preparation high temp. & (Moderate) Grinding $\frac{p}{SEP}$ and mixing, Chemicals $\frac{(5+1+8)x4=3}{(Moderate)}$ Solvent storage $\frac{(5+1+8)x4=3}{(5+1+8)x4=3}$	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)	and mechanical equipment (conveyors, hoists and fork-lift trucks), non-skid floors, personal protective equipment (PPE) such as safety shoes and proper training in manual	(3+1+6) x2 = 20 (Low)		
	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)	lifting and other materials handling techniques. Chemical hazards	(3+1+6) x2 = 20 (Low)		
	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)	 Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air 	(3+1+6) x2 = 20 (Low)		
	Pigments /dyes storage area	Dust Explosion	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)	 contamination; if necessary, use respiratory protection. Protect the skin of the hands (with chemical-resistant gloves) when contact with solvents and chemicals; use soaps for cleaning the skin of the hands, at the end of the work. Get medical aid if skin rashes develop; consult an allergy specialist on how to deal with sensitivity to solvents, chemicals, etc. Install eye washer at every nearest chemical using area and first aid room. Install effective firefighting equipment such as extinguisher, alarm system, hose wheel and hydrant at everywhere, pump house and fire alarm control panel. Physical Agents Precautions include vibration isolators and other engineering controls, replacing noisy equipment, good equipment maintenance, isolation of noise source and a hearing conservation program where excessive noise is present. Accident First aid equipment should be available at the site. A number of the permanent personnel on the site should 	(3+1+6) x2 = 20 (Low)

Impact on Community Health and Safety	Manufacturing process	Community Health and Safety	(3+1+6)x1 = 10 (Negligible)	have the skills necessary to use the equipment. • Factory has separately arranged walking way and production area with yellow line. Traffic safety should be promoted by all project personnel during displacement to and from the workplace, and during operation of project equipment on private or public roads. The following measures must implement to-	(1+1+2)x1 = 4 (Negligible)
	Transportation vehicle	Community Health and Safety	(3+3+6)x2 = 24 (Low)	 Emphasize the safety aspects among drivers; Improve the driving skills and requiring licensing of drivers; Adopt the limits for trip duration and arranging driver rosters to avoid overtiredness; Avoid dangerous routes and times of day to reduce the risk of accidents; Use the speed control devices (governors) on trucks, and remote monitoring of driver actions. (if possible and needed) To carry the chemicals with authorized cargo company and to follow the transportation instruction stated in MSDS. 	(1+3+2)x2 = 12 (Negligible)
Impact of Energy Consumption	Manufacturing Process D.G Set	High electricity consumption Diesel fuel consumption	(4+3+6)x5 = 65 (High) (4+3+2)x5 = 45 (Moderate)	 Conservation of Electricity There are several methods that can be employed to help conserve electricity and these include: Install energy and water meters to measure and control consumption throughout the facility; Implementing good housekeeping measures such as turning off equipment and lights when not in use; Use LED lights and/ or lower wattage lamps; Using more efficient equipment when replacing old equipment (such as motors and heating units); Installation of inverter 	(4+2+6)x2 = 24 (Low) (4+2+2)x2 = 16 (Negligible)

				 Installation of timers and thermostats to control heating and cooling; and Preventative maintenance of operational processes and pipes so as to improve efficiency and minimize losses. Minimizing Diesel Fuel Consumption Minimizing of diesel fuel consumption can also reduce the emission of gases, solid waste and as well as operation cost. Diesel fuel consumption can be reduced by the use of high efficiency diesel generator sets. 	
Impact of Water Consumption	Manufacturing Process	High water consumption	(4+3+2)x4 = 36 (Moderate)	 Reducing Process Water Used The several production modifications that may be employed to reduce water consumption are as follows. allow the storage level of recovered water tanks to fluctuate, thereby using storage capacity and maintaining full tanks may be lead to overflow and waste; 	(3+2+2)x4 = 28 (Low)
	Drinking and other	High water consumption	(4+3+2)x2 = 18 (Negligible)	 recover water from process stages and reuse where possible; installation, monitoring and control of water meters at various sections of the operation; stopping water flow during breaks; installation of flow control valves and an automatic valve to interrupt the water supply when there is production stoppage; All staff should be trained and made aware of water conservation practices, and a management system implemented to continue to review and improve water consumption. Reducing Clean in Place (CIP) Water Used Washing of equipment is a significant use of water. Methods for optimizing CIP may include: use a closed system for cleaning operations; 	(1+2+2)x2 = 10 (Negligible)

				 use low-volume high-pressure washers, or use equipment for mixing water jet and a compressed air stream which will reduce water consumption by 50-75% when compared to a low-pressure system; controlling the rinsing water flow, which is often higher than specified or may vary due to pressure fluctuations in the water supply system; Optimize cleaning-in-place (CIP) plants and procedures to avoid unnecessary losses of water and cleaning chemicals (e.g. by saving water from the last rinse for use as the first rinsing water in the next CIP cycle). 	
Emergency Risk	Plant Site	Flood Risk Fire Risk	(1+2+2) x1 = 5 (Negligible) (1+2+6) x4= 36 (Low)	 Regular training and exercises for all staff regarding firefighting and other emergency response. The propose project is designed in compliance with relevant rules and regulations for emergency risk of fire. And then, emergency exits, fire hydrants and extinguisher boxes in a certain distance are considered in design of those facilities. To check firefighting equipment regularly. 	(1+1+2) x1 = 4 (Negligible) $(1+2+2) x2 = 8$ (Negligible)
		Earthquake Risk	(1+2+2) x1 = 5 (Negligible)	• To prevent major accidents related to the fires and explosions at the facility, Fire Safety Master Plan identifying major fire risks, applicable codes, standards and regulations, and mitigation measures should be prepared by a suitably qualified professional. This Master Plan should include fire prevention, detection and alarm systems, compartment plan, fire suppression and control, emergency response plan, and operation and maintenance plan.	(1+1+2) x1 = 4 (Negligible)
			~		
<u> </u>	D1	map pr		losing Phase	
Impacts on Air Quality	Plant site	TSP, PM	(1+1+6)x5 = 40 (Moderate)	Generation of Dust (TSP & PM) The following dust control measures are recommended	(1+1+6)x4 = 32 (Low)

	Vehicles, heavy machine and diesel generator	NO _x , SO ₂ , CO, CO ₂ , PM	(1+1+2)x5 = 20 (Low)	 during the construction phase of the project: Site Boundary and Entrance Vehicle washing facilities including a high pressure water jet shall be provided at every discernible or designated vehicle exit point; and The area at which vehicle washing takes place and the section of the road between the washing facilities and the exit point shall be paved with concrete, bituminous or hard core material. Loading, unloading or transfer of dusty materials All dusty materials should be sprayed with water immediately prior to any loading or transfer operation so as to maintain the dusty material wetting. Debris Handling Any debris should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or stored in a debris collection area sheltered on the top and the three sides. Before debris is dumped into a truck, water should be sprayed so that it remains wet when it is dumped. Site Clearance All demolished items shall be covered by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the three sides within a day of demolition. Generation of Gases and Particulates Vehicles and D.G Set Running All vehicles have their engines turned off while perked on 	(1+1+2)x2 = 8 (Negligible)
	diesel generator running			 All vehicles have their engines turned off while parked on the site or unnecessary conditions. Regularly check and well-maintained the engine of 	
	CI :	N .	(1.2.6) 5 45	vehicles and other machines. • Use fuel oil with low sulfur content.	(1,2,6) 1, 25
Impacts of Noise	Closing activities such	Noise	(1+2+6)x5 = 45 (Moderate)	Mitigation at Working Time (1) Limiting site construction activities/ closing activities to	(1+2+6)x4 = 36 (Low)

	as wall and			the working hours (7:00 am to 4:00 pm) and noisy	
	floor destroying			activities to morning hours (8:00 am to 12:00 am).	
	Vehicles	Noise	(1+2+2)x5 = 25	(2) Whenever feasible, schedule different noisy activities	(1+2+2)x4 = 20
	Movements,		(Low)	(e.g., blasting and earthmoving) to occur at the same time,	(Low)
	heavy machine			since additional sources of noise generally do not add a	
	and diesel			significant amount of noise.	
	generator			(3) Avoid nighttime activities.	
	running			Mitigation at the Source	
				(1) Usage of quiet, properly maintained equipment or machinery in good condition.	
				(2) All noisy machines and equipment should be fitted with noise muffler or silencers.	
				(3) Sensitization of truck drivers to switch off vehicle engines	
				while offloading materials avoid running of vehicle	
				engines or hooting especially.	
				Mitigation along the Path	
				(1) Install temporary noise barrier - a 2 m high temporary	
				wall or pile of excavated material between noisy activities	
				and noise-sensitive receivers during construction work.	
				(2) Provide adequate PPE such as ear muffs, ear plugs etc. to workers at all activities/ locations.	
Impact of	Closing	Vibration	(1+1+2)x5 = 20	Mitigation at Design Consideration	(1+1+2)x4 = 16
Vibration	activities such		(Low)	(1) Route heavily loaded trucks away from residential streets,	(Negligible)
	as wall, floor			if possible. Select streets with fewest homes, if no	
	destroying,			alternatives are available.	
	heavy machine			(2) Operate earthmoving equipment on the construction/	
	and diesel			closing lot as far away from vibration-sensitive sites as	
	generator			possible.	
	running			Mitigation at Operation Sequences	
				(1) Earthmoving and ground-impacting operations so as not	
				to occur in the same time period. Unlike noise, the total	
				vibration level produced could be significantly less when	

				,	
				each vibration source operates separately.	
				(2) Avoid nighttime activities. People are more aware of	
				vibration in their homes during the nighttime hours.	
				Mitigation by using Alternative Methods	
				(1) Avoid impact pile driving where possible in vibration-	
				sensitive areas. Drilled piles or the use of a sonic or	
				vibratory pile driver causes vibration levels where the	
				geological conditions permit their use.	
				(2) Avoid vibratory rollers and packers near sensitive areas.	
Impacts on	Wastewater	suspended	(1+2+6)x5 = 45	Muddy water that is generated as a result of closing	(1+2+2)x4 = 20
Surface Water	dispose from	sediments,	(Moderate)	activities will be managed through site contractor. As a part	(Low)
Quality	Closing work	metals,		of the contract it will be mandatory for the contractor to	
	Temporary	petroleum		ensure that any dewatering/ discharge or other activity that	
	Septic Tank,	hydrocarbons,		has the potential to impact storm water is approved prior to	
	Chemical and	Polycyclic		commencement of closing activities. It will be ensured that	
	Oil/Lubricant	Aromatic		dewatering/ discharges will be collected, as possible, and	
	storage area due	Hydrocarbons,		utilized for dust suppression to reduce the need for other	
	to leakage and	coliform, etc.		water.	
	spillage			The contractor must ensure potential pollutant sources	
				including material stockpiles, oil or chemical loading/	
				unloading and storage areas, fuelling tanks, and equipment	
				maintenance, washing and storage areas are properly	
				managed to prevent discharge into the storm water system.	
				Stockpiles must be protected by use of silt fencing, covers, or	
				other appropriate containment to prevent the migration of	
				sediment into the storm water system.	
				Oil and chemical storage, as well as fuel tanks, must	
				be properly contained to prevent the migration of	
				contaminants into the storm water. Equipment will be	
				routinely inspected for leaks and any spills shall be properly	
				cleaned so as not to impact the storm water. Any unplanned	
				discharge events or spills must be reported according to the	

				monitoring plan and the contractor will do the cleanup, disposal and notification events. Discharging sanitary waste to the ground is prohibited, and therefore suitable facilities or portable toilets will be provided.	
Impact on Contamination of Soil and Ground Water	Wastewater dispose from Closing work, Temporary Septic Tank, Chemical and	Soil	(1+2+6)x5 = 45 (Moderate)		(1+2+2)x4 = 20 (Low)
	Oil/Lubricant storage area due to leakage and spillage Closing Activities	Ground water	(1+2+2)x5 = 20 (Low)	spilled oil. For disposal of domestic wastewater construct a small septic tank together with soak pit to collect the sewage.	(1+2+2)x2 = 10 (Negligible)
Impact of Waste Disposal	Temporary Septic Tank, Waste Disposal Yard, Waste such as trim waste, plastic bags	Waste disposal	(1+2+6)x5 = 45 (Moderate)	All unused or surplus building materials can be sold to other who needs it. The large majority of debris can be also put up for sale since most can be reused or recovered. Even left over broken bricks, gravel, sand etc. can be sold and then structure steel frame and roof material from closing work. Avoid open burning of debris. Discipline workers for good house-keeping practice; demand the building contractor to do this and ask him to take responsibility for the conducts of his construction workers. Best practices for waste disposal are to store the waste in the designated area, to strict the schedule of disposing solid waste, to use the solid waste in the land level adjustments in the landfill area, to provide the facilities for proper handling and storage of construction materials, and to use the durable, long-lasting materials that will not need to be replaced as	(1+2+6)x2 =18 (Moderate)

Impact on Occupational Health and Safety	Closing activities such as wall and floor destroying, material cutting, Heavy machine running, Chemical handling	Occupational Health and Safety, Accident	(1+1+8)x4 = 40 (Moderate)	often, to purchase of perishable construction materials such as paints incrementally, to use the building materials that have minimal packaging and also to use the materials containing recycled content. And then, contractor must do the following activities Waste stored in designated area. • Strict schedule of disposing the water. • Can be used in the land level adjustments in the landfill area. • All wastes must disposed belong to ECD or Zone Management Committee's regulation. The construction contractor has been carries out solid waste collecting at every morning 8:30 to 10:00 and temporary disposed designed area. Finally, temporary stored wastes are disposed to Yangon city development committee every week. Air Pollution Affect • Providing the PPE • Water spraying, to reduce speed of vehicles and machines running for the reducing the particulates matters • Air Quality measuring • Regular maintenance of vehicles and machines Noise and Vibration Affect • Providing the PPE • Providing the shift working system for worker working near the noisy • Noise and Vibration measuring • Regular maintenance of vehicles and machines • DG set will be placed with the Sound proof wall	(1+1+6)x2 = 16 (Negligible)

Impact on Community	Decommission material	Community Health and	(1+3+6)x4 = 40 (Moderate)	foundation. Protection the Working Area Accident Providing the First Aid, medicines and training Providing the PPE and Giving the PPE using training Assigning the Safety Officer who systematically implement OHS plan to protect the OHS for workers. Providing the emergency contact phone number Designation the speed limit for vehicles and machines Installing the eyes washer for contacting the hazardous materials. Providing the safety sign and give training for the worker for understanding this sign purposes. Protecting infectious Diseases Systematically cleaning for Toilets and septic tanks and regular disposing to City Development Committee Systematically disposing the food waste at designated area, designated waste disposal yard, covering the waste bin and regularly disposing City Development Committee Providing the dinning area and give instruction to eat the designated area Providing the medical check-up and appropriate medicals for worker to protect infectious diseases Air Pollution Affect Water spraying the project site	(1+3+2)x2 = 12 (Negligible)
Health and Safety	transport vehicles come and go	Safety, Accident	(iviouciate)	 Raw material transportation is systematically covering, Water spraying the vehicles wheel before leave from the project site Regular maintenance of vehicles and machines 	(Hegiigible)

Noise and Vibration Affect
 Avoiding the noisy work activities at night time
 Noise and Vibration measuring
 Regular maintenance of vehicles and machines
D.G set will be placed with the Sound proof wall
 Vibrated machines will be placed with solid concrete
foundation.
Protection the Working Area Accident
Providing the First Aid, medicines and training at
nearest local resident.
 Providing the emergency contact phone number at
nearest local resident.
 Designation the speed limit for vehicles and machines
• Inspection the driver license have or not and drivers
are driving the car types according to their licenses
types.
Avoiding transportation of construction and closing
materials at the traffic peak hours and school starting
and ending times.
Protecting infectious Diseases
Systematically cleaning for Toilets and septic tanks
and regular disposing to Yangon City Development
Committee
Avoiding the waste disposal at nearest villages waste
disposal yard and regularly disposing Yangon City
Development Committee
Providing the dinning area and give instruction to eat the designated area.
the designated area
Providing the medical check-up and appropriate medicals for worken to protect infactions discussed.
medicals for worker to protect infectious diseases

Emergency Risk	Closings site	Flood Risk	(1+2+2)x1 = 5 (Negligible)	•	Regular training and exercises for site staff regarding firefighting and other emergency response.	(1+1+2)x1 =4 (Negligible)
		Fire Risk	(1+2+6)x2 = 18 (Negligible)	•	The propose project is designed in compliance with relevant rules and regulations for emergency risk of fire. And then, emergency exits, fire hydrants and extinguisher	(1+1+2)x2 = 4 (Negligible)
		Earthquake Risk	(1+2+2)x1 = 5 (Negligible)		boxes in a certain distance are considered in design of those facilities.	(1+1+2)x1 =4 (Negligible)
				•	To check firefighting equipment daily.	

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

Environmental Management Plan

Environmental Wa	Location	Management Plan					
Component							
Operation Phase							
Air	Ctanaga Ana Miring	T . 11 1 21 2					
Dust Emission	Storage Area, Mixing and weighting, Production line, Dust collector, Collection Pipeline	 Install good ventilation system and dust emission system Regular checking of dust collector Regular maintenance of dust collector Regular checking of dust collection pipeline Careful handling and weighing of the powder 					
Gaseous & VOC Emission	Boiler Stack, Dust and VOCcontrol equipment, exhaust, Ventilator, collection pipeline	 Regular checking of emission stack and monitoring according to schedule Regular checking of filter and replace the filter Regular maintenance the collection system and ventilation system Regular checking of connecting pipeline 					
Odor	Storage Area, WWTP, Production Area, Waste Disposal	 Covering the collection pond and waste collection bin Check and maintain the ventilation system Provide PPE 					
Wastewater and Water	er						
Wastewater	WWTP	 Wastewater from the factory must be directed to the own wastewater treatment plant and treated wastewater will be discharged to Zone's WWTP. Oil/water separators, skimmers or other methods should be employed to minimize oil contaminated storm water discharge. No discharge of untreated wastewater outside the plant and check inlet and outlet of own WWTP. Regular maintenance of the own WWTP 					
Ground water	Site Premise	No extraction of ground waterHowever, record the water consumption regularly.					
Storm water	Strom water drain outlet	 Separate drainage system for storm water. Provide and install screen at the storm drain outlets to restrict the movement of solid waste into the storm drain system while allowing the storm water to enter. The screen should be cleaned and/or replaced as necessary. Whenever possible, storm water should be diverted away from materials manufacturing, storage and other areas of potential storm water contaminants. 					
Sewage Waste	Septic tank	Regular checking of septic tank					

		Dispose the authorize agency.
Noise & Vibration	T	
Noise & vibration	Diesel generator	• Regular checking and maintenance of the D.G
from machineries		• Should install the sound proof wall
(such as D.G set) and	Production Area	• Regular checking and maintenance of the
operation		production equipments
Land Contamination		
Accidental spillage and Leakage of oil, fuel and other chemicals	Chemical storage and oil storage area and fuel storage area	 Drip pans and drum storage platforms should be used to hold containers of fluids that are used at the facility. Cloths should be placed underneath the drip pans and drum storage platforms to catch and soak up slop spillage. Once the task is completed, the pans and platforms should be immediately cleaned and stored in a designated and easily accessible location. The cloths should be stored with the drip pans. Each drip pan should be used to contain only one type of fluid while in use and prior to cleaning. This will avoid the accidental mixing of incompatible fluids (i.e., acids, and caustics). Residues and cleaning waters from drip pans must be properly placed in designated containment tanks for storage prior to ultimate disposal or disposed of in an approved oil/water separator as pretreatment. Ultimate disposal should be in compliance with
		Zone Committee or ECD requirements. • It is the responsibility of the supervisor and environmental supervisor to ensure that employees and contractors use drip pans and drum storage platforms.
Waste Disposal	<u>I</u>	
Hazardous Waste	Disposal Yard,	On-Site Hazardous Waste Storage
StorageCleaningDisposal	Cleaning Area	All waste, hazardous or not, must be contained to prevent it from blowing away and from leaching into surface or groundwater. Hazardous waste must be in containers or tanks clearly labeled with the words "Hazardous Waste". Volumes and time limits for storing hazardous waste on-site vary by generation category. • Cleaning and Drying of Hazardous Waste Cleaning and drying of inorganic pigments bags and drums allow them to be disposed as hazardous wastes. • Disposal

		Hazardous waste must be disposed at permitted waste facility such as DOWA/ YCDC. • Record amount of waste regularly.
Non-hazardous Waste Storage Cleaning Disposal	Disposal Yard, Cleaning Area	 Ensure the waste is nonhazardous On-Site Nonhazardous Waste Management. Management methods may include tarping, shrouding, berming, and all other BMPs, while storing on-site. The objective is containment. On-site Nonhazardous Waste Storage. Non-hazardous waste needs to be removed from on-site at regular intervals to prevent release to the environment, and to avoid additional permit requirements. Nonhazardous waste and unused product must be contained to prevent discharge to the air, or runoff to surrounding land or water. Disposal Non-hazardous waste disposed at permitted waste facility such as Yangon City Development Committee. Record amount of waste regularly.
Other		-
Occupational Health and Safety	Plant Premises	 Ensure necessary facilities are provided according to Factories Act. Regular medical checkup for workers. Give the OHS training for new workers regularly. Record the accident and injuries.
Community Health and Safety	Local	 Regular maintenance of the vehicles To remind the driver for controlling the high speed driving. Transportation of raw material must be done according to the MSDS transportation procedure. Record the accident and injuries.
Social Consideration	Plant Premise and Local	 Provide CSR fund regularly Creation of Job Opportunities Regular conducting of employee social welfare program.
Risk Assessment	Plant premises	 Regular training and exercises for all staff regarding firefighting and other emergency response. The propose project is designed in compliance with relevant rules and regulations for emergency risk of fire. And then, emergency exits, fire hydrants and extinguisher boxes in a certain distance are considered in design of those facilities.

		To check fire-fighting equipment daily.
Training and Education	Employee	 Management should provide all employees with regularly scheduled Best Management Practices seminars and discussions relating to pollutants and pollution prevention. The training should emphasize procedures, BMP techniques and supervisory responsibility and accountability. Subcontracting firms should be strongly encouraged to participate in the BMP training program. New employees should be made aware of BMPs on the first day of work and be regularly reminded of them.
	Closi	ng Phase
Air	C1051	ang a ansuv
Dust Generation	Closing site and road (in front of the site)	Spraying of water wherever required
Gaseous Emission from working vehicles	Heavy machineries and D.G set	Ensure checking of vehicular emission and obtaining pollution under control
Water and Wastewate		
Ground Water	Closing site	No extraction of groundwater
Surface water sources	Closing site	 No disposal of any wastewater outside the plant and the retaining channel. Regular checking of septic tank Dispose the authorize agency such as YCDC.
Drinking Water Requirement	Closing site	Arrange purified drinking water
Wastewater from Workers' camp	Closing site	 Ensure proper sanitation and drainage. No direct wastewater discharge in water bodies or the retaining channel. The sanitation wastewater should be disposed to the authorize agency.
Noise & Vibration	Γ	
Noise & vibration from machineries and construction activities	Closing activities, Heavy machines and D.G set	 Ensure machineries meeting noise and vibration level standards Checking the machineries performance regularly
Land		
Land Development	Closing site	• Preserve the excavated topsoil to be used for green-belt development
Waste Disposal		
Hazardous Waste such as thinner, oil, and chemical	Disposal Yard	 All waste, hazardous or not, must be contained to prevent it from blowing away and from leaching into surface or groundwater. Hazardous waste must be in containers or tanks

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		clearly labeled with the words "Hazardous Waste", volumes and time limits for storing hazardous waste on-site vary by generator category. • Cleaning and drying of inorganic pigments bags and drums have to be disposed as hazardous wastes. • Hazardous waste disposed at permitted waste facility such as DOWA/ YCDC. • Record amount of waste regularly.
Nonhazardous waste such as construction waste, plastic	Disposal Yard	 Non-hazardous waste needs to be removed from on-site at regular intervals to prevent release to the environment, and to avoid penalty. Nonhazardous waste must be contained to prevent discharge to the air, or runoff to surrounding land or water. Nonhazardous waste will be recycled to the authorized solid waste manufacturing company Record amount of waste regularly.
Others		
Occupational Health and Safety	Closing site	 Ensure necessary facilities according to Factories Act Record the accident and injuries
Community Health and Safety	Local	 Ensure necessary facilities To remind the driver for controlling the high speed driving. Record the accident and injuries.
Social Consideration	Local	Creation of job opportunities.
Emergency Risk	Closing site	 Maintain all safety Provisions Make tool box meeting daily Check PPE

Chemical Hazardous and its Preventative Plan

Chemical Hazards	Preventative Plan
• Exposure to vapors of solvents, paints, and related coating can cause irritation and demerge to eyes and mucous membranes, to the respiratory and digestive tracts, and to the skin. Exposure to organic substances may damage the nervous system	 Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination if necessary, use odor neutralizing chemicals. Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination; if necessary, use respiratory protection.
• exposure to VOC in storage areas and/or during the cleaning of the manufacturing installations	 Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination if necessary, use odor neutralizing chemicals.
• Exposure to various components of paints may cause irritation of eyes and the respiratory tract.	• Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination; if necessary, use respiratory protection.
• Skin exposure through contact with solvents and various components of paints	• Protect the skin of the hands and eyes with chemical-resistant gloves and glasses respectively

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can cause dermatitis. Hazard of dermatitis or eczema when working with pigments that contain chrome and cobalt.	when in contact with solvents and chemicals; use soaps for cleaning the skin of the hands, at the end of the work.
• Exposure to pigment dust during grinding and mixing, while preparing the paints.	• Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination; if necessary, use respiratory protection.
Exposure to organic substances may cause allergic reactions such as irritation of the respiratory tract and of eyes and skin.	 Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination and heat stress; if necessary, use odor neutralizing chemicals. Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination; if necessary, use respiratory protection Protect the skin of the hands and eyes with chemical-resistant gloves and glasses respectively when in contact with solvents and chemicals; use soaps for cleaning the skin of the hands, at the end of the work. Get medical aid if skin rashes develop; consult an
	allergy specialist on how to deal with sensitivity to solvents, chemicals, etc.

Environmental Monitoring Plan

Environmental Monitoring Plan of Operation and Closing phase are as shown in the following table. The following plan of operation phase is submitting twice a year to the ECD along operation phase.

Environmental Parameters	Monitoring Item	Location	Frequency	Responsibilities
	Clo	sing Phase		
Air quality	 Recorded TSP, Particulate Recorded the machineries maintenance Recorded dust emission activities Recorded traffic 	Closing site	Monthly	Construction Contractor
Soil quality	 Chemical and toxic material emission/ leakage status from storage area Other possible leakage of chemicals due to the vehicular movement and bitumen mixing 	Closing site	Monthly	Construction Contractor
Water quality	Checking temporary septic tank and disposed system, temporary drain	Closing site	Monthly	Construction Contractor

Water Use	Daily amount of water	Closing site	Daily	Construction
Noise and	Intensity measurement	Closing site	Observation Monthly	Contractor Construction
Vibration	intensity measurement	Closing site	Wiontiny	Contractor
Waste Disposal	Recorded disposal	Areas around	Daily	Construction
waste Disposar	amount of solid	workers	Observation	Contractor
	wastes and sewage of	quarters	Observation	Contractor
	the workers	quarters		
	• Checking the waste			
	storage area			
	Recorded disposal	Closing site	Weekly	Construction
	amount of			Contractor
	construction wastes,			
	compliance with the			
	disposal requirements			
	 Separate hazardous 			
	and No-hazardous			
	• Checking the waste storage area			
Employment	Number of people	Closing site	Monthly	Construction
r	employed	8		Contractor
Other Social	CSR activities record	Monitoring	Monthly	Construction
Considerations		team		Contractor
Occupational	 Safety activities, 	Workers	Monthly	Safety Supervisor
Health and	Record of accident			
Safety	and OHS training			
	and activities,			
	Record of worker			
	argument and conflict			
Community	Record of accident	Local	Upon	Safety Supervisor
Health and	on record	residents	conditions	
Safety	Recorded of training			
	for driver and			
	worker			
Emergency risk	Accident record,	Closing site	Monthly	Safety Supervisor
	safety, and its			
	response plan,			
	Training			
	O	otion Dhasa		
Air Quality	Particulate matter, TVOC,	Ambient air	Bi-annual	Factory Manager
All Quality	CO, CO ₂ , NO ₂ , SO ₂	Amorem air	Di-aiiiluai	and HSE officer
	1 CO, CO ₂ , NO ₂ , SO ₂		1	and TISE UTILEI

	Particulate matters, TVOC	Processing area such as mixing area, WWTP, storage area, Exhaust stack	Bi-annual	Factory Manager and HSE officer
	Stack Emission Gases	Boiler and Generator Stack	Bi-annual	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Wastewater Quality	pH, oil & grease, suspended solid, BOD, COD, color and Temperature,	Surface sources (drains), EQ tank, sedimentatio n tanks, oil/ water separators, effluent, inlet and outlet of WWTP	Monthly (basic 7 parameters)	Factory Manager and HSE officer
	Recorded of Treated water quality of NGQG General Parameters	Outlet of WWTP	Bi-annually	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Waste Disposal	 Recorded disposal amount of plastic, drum, paper box, sludge from WWTP Check collection system Check storage Separation of waste type (Hazardous & No-hazardous) 	Plant premises	Monthly	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Soil Contamination	Spill and leakage of oil, chemical and fuel, wastewater treatment area	Plant premises, chemical storage area, fuel storage area, generator room,	Monthly	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Noise and Vibration	Noise & Vibration level	Plant premises, workplaces area	Bi-annually and upon complaint	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Odor	Inspection of ventilation condition	Factory and storage buildings	Monthly	Factory Manager and HSE officer

Hazardous and Chemical Substance	 Record of type hazardous/ chemical substance Check and record handling and using Check storage area Check disposal system Record of the using amount 	Factory and storage buildings	Monthly	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Greening Plan	Record of gardening area condition	Plant premises	Bi-annually	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Landscape	Record of landscape condition	Plant premises	Bi-annually	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Local Water Use	 Quality check Temp, pH, Oil & grease, SS, COD, BOD Record usage of water consumption 	Inspection Pit	Monthly	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Occupational Health and Safety	 Record of accident and record of occupation/ safety training, Check PPE and safety plan Record complaints from workers 	Plant premises	Occasionally weekly and as occasionally monthly	HSE officer
	 Each employee medical checkup record. Medical checkup plan 	Plant premises	Annually	HSE officer
Machineries Maintenance	 WWTP Dust and VOC control equipment and their related equipment such as pumps, pipeline, filters D.G set and Chiller and Air Con Transportation vehicles such as loader, forklift and other Recorded the maintenance activities Recorded the machineries using time 	Plant premise and all working area	Monthly and necessary time	Factory Manager and maintenance employee
Community Health and Safety	Record of accidentRecord of complaints from communities	Local residents	Occasionally	HSE officer

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Other Social Considerations	 Training record for drivers and security Record CSR plan Record local employment status 	Monitoring team	Annually	HR Manger
Emergency Risks	 Record of emergency case of accident and its response plan Check the Hazardous chemical handling and its management Check fire safety facilities Firefighting Training 	Plant premise	As occasionally monthly	HSE officer
Transboundary	Activity Implement	Plant premise	Annually	All responsible
or Global issues				person

Corporate Social Responsibilities

CSR budget will be based on the profitability or financial performance of the company and is allotted as some % of the annual profit. According to the financial policy of the company, the company will use for it.

The company should allocate the following activities for CSR budget.

- Scholarship Program for Education and Knowledge Sharing Program
- Social Welfare
- Vocational Training for Job Opportunities
- Health and Safety Sector
- Road and Infrastructural sector
- Environmental Management and Monitoring Program

Public Consultation and Information Disclosure

Public consultations are designed to provide a real understanding of industry issues and the aim is to make the public aware of the environmental impact of industrial operations and the increase in job opportunities caused by industry. By participating in the consultation process with anyone affected by the proposed project, the business community will be able to resolve any issues that may arise in advance.

Methodology and Approach

Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd. has meeted with the relevant government organizations and the vicinity of the factory

Consultation Meeting with the Relevant Authorized Organization and the Vicinity of Factory

For the reporting of EMP, the purpose of consultation meeting is to inform and request comments about of the project to the neighbouring factory and industrial zone committee. There were 16 persons attended to the meeting, responsible person of Industry

Zone Management Committee of Responsible person from the vicinity of the factory, responsible persons of the factory and third party organization. Meeting was carried out the Industries Zone Management Committee Office, Mingalardone Industry Park, Mingalardone Township, Yangon Region at 16.10.2021. There were received 6 comments in the meeting. The facts of consultation meeting were shown in the following table. The attendance lists are attached in Appendix (11) and also suggestion sheets in Appendix (12).

Table (4): Summary of Discussion in the Meeting

No.	Participants	Explanations/ Responses of Factory
1	Daw Nyo Lin Htet – Deputy Officer	U Kyaw Soe Win- Managing Director
	Yangon Region (North district),	(Green Myanmar Environmental
	Environmental Conservation Department	Services Co., Ltd)
	• An environmental team must be formed	• There were need to hire skilled staff
	at the factory.	such as Pollution Control Manager or
	• There should be providing Trainings	Safety Officer in their factories.
	Program and the environmental	• These employees need to take care of
	awareness to the workers by the team.	the occupational safety and
	• For more information on environmental	environmental protection of the
	conservation, please visit the	employees in the relevant factories.
	Department of Environmental	• Participants were also encouraged to
	Conservation's website and social media	submit comments on the suggestion
	pages.	letter if they did not wish to do so in
	• The guidelines set by the Department of	person.
	Environmental Conservation should be	
	followed.	
	• Emphasis should be placed on health	
	care for employees working in the	
	factory.	
	• It is recommended that the required	
	business licenses for the factory business	
	be submitted to the relevant department	
	for approval.	

Table (5): Description of Suggestion Letter from the Meeting

No.	Comments
1	U Aung Thu
	Good environmental management arrangements.
2	Daw May Myo Shwe
	It is good to run no plastic programs and CSR activities.
3	U Thet Myo Htike
	• In the future plan, the waste water treatment system should be regularly maintained
	as there will be mixing process and cleaning process in the production of facial
	wash products.

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4	Daw Zin Mar Hlaing
7	
	No comments
5	Ma May Chan Khaing
	Follow to the laws and regulations issued by the government.
6	Daw Nyo Lin Htet
	• There should be described to the staff health planning in the CSR process of the
	EMP report
	• Disseminate environmental awareness to staff and access to environmental
	awareness on the Environmental Conservation Department - Yangon Region
	Facebook.

Action Plan on Comments

The following responses from the factory to public comments are shown in the following Table below. The Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.'s Action Plan on Recommendations is set out in Appendix (14) of the EMP Report.

Table (6): Summary of Comments in the Public Consultation Meeting

7.7			
No.	Comments	Action Plan on Feedback	
1	 An environmental team must be formed at the factory. There should be providing Trainings Program and the environmental awareness to the workers by the team. 	Educating factory workers about environmental issues. Trainings are being provided.	
	 For more information on environmental conservation, please visit the Department of Environmental Conservation's website and social media pages. The guidelines set by the Department of Environmental Conservation should be followed. 	We are following the guidelines set by the Environmental Conservation Department.	
	• Emphasis should be placed on health care for employees working in the factory.	• We have been providing care in conjunction with local clinics and social welfare clinics for the health of the staff working in the factory.	
	• It is recommended that the required business licenses for the factory business be submitted to the relevant department stores for approval.	• Business licenses required for the factory business, depending on the township; By region It is being submitted to the relevant departments for permission and is being implemented.	
2	• Good environmental management arrangements.	• True	
3	• It is good to run no plastic programs and CSR activities.	Our company provides CSR activities; No plastic programs are being implemented.	
4	• In the future plan, the waste water	Waste water treatment system is being	

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	treatment system should be regularly maintained as there will be mixing process and cleaning process in the production of facial wash products.	implemented and detailed procedures and guidelines will be developed and followed to prevent environmental damage when producing facial wash products.
5	• Follow to the laws and regulations issued by the government.	• Comply with government laws and regulations.
6	 There should be described to the staff health planning in the CSR process of the EMP report Disseminate environmental awareness to staff and access to environmental awareness on the Environmental Conservation Department - Yangon Region Facebook. 	 We will follow. Employees will be encouraged to share this information. We will also visit the Environmental Conservation Department - Yangon Region Facebook.

Conclusion

According to the impact evaluation, all of the impacts are localized. Based on the evaluation of the significance of impacts, these are the summary of findings.

For *operational phase*, most of the activities and their impacts could result moderate and minor risks, except fire hazard. Although the final plastic product poses a little danger, the raw plastic materials are highly flammable and high risk of fire.

But after implementation of mitigation measures, the residual risk of fire is low and it would be acceptable. For *decommissioning phase*, the only concern is noise pollution and it could pose as major risk. But after implementing the mitigation measures, the residual impact will likely to be low risk and it would be acceptable.

Recommendation

This is recommendation that:

- All appropriate environmental management measures detailed in this report, together with any other environmental management commitments should be implemented throughout the entire life of the factory.
- Solid wastes (waste food) & liquid wastes need to dispose according to rules and regulation.
- Workers should be provided proper training & it should be ensured that workers use PPE during plant operation.

The proponent is devoted to implement and follow Environmental Management Plan and Monitoring Plan is approved by the relevant authorities. The implementation of the EMP will be followed by annual environmental review and necessary corrective action. As a result of this, the implementation of the proposed project could not deteriorate the environment in any ways.

အကျဉ်းချုပ်အစီရင်ခံစာ

နူဒါန်း

နောက်ခံသမိုင်းကြောင်း

ရိုဟ်တို ဆေးဝါး ကုမ္ပဏီလီမိတက် [Rohto Pharmeaceutical Co., Ltd.] သည် ဂျပန်နိုင်ငံတွင် ၁၈၉၉ ခုနှစ် စတင်၍ အလှကုန်ပစ္စည်းများ နှင့် အခြားသောဆေးဝါး နှင့် ပတ်သတ်သည့်ပစ္စည်းများကို ထုတ်လုပ်ဖြန့်ဖြူး ရောင်းချခြင်းကို လုပ်ကိုင်ခဲ့ပါသည်။ ထို့နောက် ကမ္ဘာ့ နိုင်ငံအတော်များများတွင် ကုမ္ပဏီခွဲများ နှင့် စက်ရုံခွဲများ ဖွင့်လှစ်၍ ထုတ်လုပ်တင်ပို့ရောင်းချခဲ့ပါသည်။ ယခု မြန်မာနိုင်ငံတွင် ရှိသော ရိုဟ်တို-မန်သိုလက်သန် (မြန်မာ) ကုမ္ပဏီလီမိတက် [Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.] ကို ဂျပန်နိုင်ငံရှိ Rohto Pharmeaceutical Co., Ltd. မှ ၉၈% နှင့် ဝီယက်နမ် နိုင်ငံရှိ Rohto-Mentholatum (Vietnam) Co., Ltd. မှ ၂ % ဖက်စပ် ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နံမှုဖြစ်ပါသည်။

ဆေးဘက်ပင် အလှကုန်ပစ္စည်းများထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်း နှင့် ဖြန့်ဖြူးရောင်းချခြင်းလုပ်ငန်း စက်ရုံဖြစ်ပြီး ၂၀၁၃ ခုနှစ်မှ စတင်၍ ထုတ်ပိုးရောင်းချခြင်းလုပ်ငန်းကို စီးပွားဖြစ်စတင်လည်ပတ်ခဲ့ပါသည်။ ၂၀၂၂ ခုနှစ်နောက်ပိုင်းတွင် မျက်နှာသန့် စင်ခရင်များထပ်မံ ထုတ်လုပ်၍ ဖြန့်ဖြူးရောင်းချရန်စီမံဆောင်ရွက်လျှက်ရှိပါသည်။

œယား (၁)။ စီမံကိန်းဆိုင်ရာအချက်အလက်များ

Э	စီမံကိန်းအမည်	ရိုဟ်တို-မန်သိုလက်သန် (မြန်မာ) ကုမ္ပဏီလီမိတက် [Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.]	
J	စီမံကိန်းလိပ်စာ	အမှတ် ဒီ-၅၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံစက်မှုဥယျာဉ်, အမှတ် (၃) လမ်းမကြီး နှင့် ခရေပင်လမ်း ထောင့်မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊ ပြည်ထောင်စုသမ္မတမြန်မာ နိုင်ငံတော်	
9	လုပ်ငန်းအမျိုးအစား	ဆေးဘက်ပင်အလှကုန်ပစ္စည်းများထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်း နှင့် ဖြန့်ဖြုးရောင်းချခြင်းလုပ်ငန်း	
9	စီမံကိန်းဖရိယာ	၁ဂဂဂ၄ စတုရန်းမီတာ	
9	ဆက်သွယ်ရန်ပုဂ္ဂိုလ်	အမည်။ ဦးနိုင်အေး	
		ရာထူး။ စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာ	
		ဖုန်း။ ပ၉၅၁၄၉၈၈၆	
		အီးမေးလ်။ <u>naingaye@rohto.com.mm</u>	
G	စီမံကိန်းမြေ	စက်မှုမြေ	
૧	အနီးစပ်ဆုံးအမြန်လမ်း	အမှတ်(၃)လမ်းမကြီး	
၈	စုစုပေါင်းရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံမှုပမာက	၁၂.၄၃၈ မီလီယမ် ဒေါ် လာ	
၉	မြေရရှိမှု အခြေအနေ	ငှားရမ်းသည့်မြေ	
00	မြေငှားရမ်းသူ	မင်္ဂလာဒုံစက်မှုဥယျာဉ်	
၁၁	တစ်နှစ်အလုပ်လုပ်ရက်	ရက်ပေါင်း ၂၈၅ ခန့်	
၁၂	ဂန်ထမ်း ဦး ရေ	အမျိုးသား - ၁ဂ ဦး၊ အမျိုးသမီး - ၁၈ ဦး	
		စုစုပေါင်း - ၂၈ ဦး (ဇွန်လ ၂၀၂၂)	
၁၃	အလုပ်ချိန်	နံနက် ၇:၃၀ - ညနေ ၃:၂၀	
		ထမင်းစားချိန် - မိနစ် ၃ဂ ပေးပါသည်။	
		အချိန်ပို - ကုန်ချောထုတ်လုပ်မှုအခြေအနေအပေါ် မူတည်ပါသည်။	

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

ဇယား (၂)။ ပတ်ဂန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုဆိုင်ရာလေ့လာဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းအဖွဲ့

စဉ်	လုပ်ငန်းတာဝန်	သတ်မှတ်တာဝန်နှင့် လုပ်ပိုင်ခွင့်	အမည်၊ ရာထူး၊ နှင့် ကြားကာလ မှတ်ပုံတင်အမှတ်
		အဓိက EMP ထောင်ရွက်သည့် အဖွဲ့	
0	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခန့်မှု ဆောင်ရွက်ရေးအဖွဲ့ ခေါင်းဆောင်	 ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် ပုံစံထုတ် ဒီဇိုင်းရေးဆွဲခြင်း နည်းပညာပိုင်းဆိုင်ရာ အစည်းအဝေးများ နှင့် တွေ့ ဆုံဆွေးနွေးရှင်းလင်းခြင်း စီမံကိန်းနှင့်သက်ဆိုင်သူများထံမှ အကြံ ဉာက်များ ရယူဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း ကိန်းဂဏန်းအချက်အလက်များစုစည်းခြင်း နှင့် ခွဲခြားဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် အစီရင် ခံစာရေး သားပြုစုရန် ပံ့ပိုးခြင်း 	Engr. ဦးကျော်စိုးဝင်း အုပ်ချုပ်မှုဒါရိုက်တာ စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပကီလီမိတက်။ No.0019
J	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ အကြံပေး	 ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် ပုံစံ ထုတ်လုပ် ရန်နှင့် ရေးဆွဲမည့်လူပုဂ္ဂိုလများ၏ သတ်မှတ် တာဝန် နှင့် လုပ်ပိုင်ခွင့်များ ဖွံ့ဖြိုးတိုးတက်စေရန် အကြံပေးခြင်း ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်အခြေခံအချက်အလက်များ ကွင်းဆင်း တိုင်းတာမှုများ ပြုလုပ်ရာတွင် အကြံပေးခြင်း ရရှိလာသည့်ကိန်းဂဏန်းအချက်အလက်များ၊ ဓာတ်ခွဲရလဒ်များကို အကြံပေးပြုစုစေခြင်း နည်းပညာပိုင်းဆိုင်ရာ ခွဲခြမ်းလေ့လာခြင်း နှင့် ပြီး ပြည့်စုံသောအစီရင်ခံစာ ရေးသားပြုစု နိုင်ရန် အကြံပေးခြင်း 	Engr. ဒေါ် ခင်ဆွေအေး အကြံပေး စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင် မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပဏီလီမိတက်။ ကထိက(ငြိမ်း) ဓာတုအင်ဂျင်နီယာဌာန၊ ရန်ကုန်နည်းပညာတက္ကသိုလ်။ No.0021
9	ကွင်းဆင်းလေ့လာ ဆောင် ရွက် သည့်အဖွဲ့ကြီးကြပ် ရေး ခေါင်းဆောင်	 ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာအကြောင်းအရာများ လေ့လာ မည့် စစ်ဆေးရေးအချက်အလက် များ ပြင်ဆင်ခြင်း အကြိုကွင်းဆင်းလေ့လာစစ်ဆေးခြင်း ကွင်းဆင်လေ့လာမှုကို ကြီးကြပ်ခြင်း အစီရင်ခံစာစစ်ဆေးခြင်းနှင့် ပြင်ဆင်ခြင်း 	ဦးကြည်ဟန်ဘို B.E (Aerospace Fuel and Propellant Engineer) စီနီယာပတ်ဝန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေး ကျွမ်းကျင် ပညာရှင် နှင့် အရည်အသွေး စစ်ဆေးခြင်း အင်ဂျင်နီယာ စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပဏီလိမ်တက်။
9	လူထုဆက်ဆံရေး	 စီမံကိန်းနှင့်ပတ်သက်၍ ဌာနဆိုင်ရာ တာဝန်ရှိသူ များ နှင့် သွားရောက်တွေ့ဆုံခြင်း စာရွက်စာတမ်းများပြင်ဆင်ခြင်းနှင့်လိုက်လံ ဖိတ်ကြားခြင်း လူထုတွေ့ဆုံပွဲများအတွက် လိုအပ်သော စာရွက် စာတမ်းများပြင်ဆင်ခြင်း လူထုတွေ့ဆုံပွဲများတွင် အကြံပြုချက် များရယူခြင်း 	ဦးအောင်ကျော်သန်း B.E (Chemical) စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပကီလိမိတက်။
		့ လူ ေလ ေပါ့ ေပါ့ ေလ	F 9.9C C 0
G	လေထုအရည်အသွေး စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအကြံပေး	 လေထုအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာရန် နည်း ပညာပိုင်း ဆိုင်ရာများ အကြံပေးခြင်း လေထုညစ်ညမ်းမှုအတွက်ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းနှင့် ကုစားမှ နည်းလမ်းများအကြံပေးခြင်း လေထုအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာရရှိမှုရ လဒ်များ 	Engr. ဦးစိန်သောင်းဦး ဥက္ကဋ္ဌ စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပကီလီမိတက်။

		272 2-2 273 27	No 0022
		အပေါ် အခြေခံကာ တွက်ချက ခြင်း၊ ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း နှင့် အစီရင်ခံစာပြင်ဆင် မှု တွင် အကြံပေးခြင်း	No.0023
C	စွန့်ပစ်ရည်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှု အကြံပေး	 စက်မှုလုပ်ငန်းနှင့် မြူနီစီပယ်စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း များနှင့် ပတ်သက်၍ အကြံဉာက်ပေးခြင်း ကိန်းဂဏန်းအချက်အလက်များကို စီစဉ်ခြင်း၊ တွက် ချက်ခြင်း၊ကောက်ချက်ချခြင်း၊ပုံစံပြုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းများ တွင် အကြံပေးခြင်း ဓာတ်ခွဲစမ်းသပ်မှုများကို အစီရင်ခံစာရေးသားပြုစု ရာ တွင် အကြံပေးခြင်း 	Engr. ဒေါ် တင်မေစိုး အကြံပေး စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပဏီလိမိတက်။ ပါမောက္ခ (ငြိမ်း) ဓာတုအင်ဂျင်နီယာဌာန၊ မန္တလေးနည်းပညာတက္ကသိုလ်။ No.0028
ရ	ရေနှင့်စွန့်ပစ်ရည်ဓာတ်ခွဲ စမ်းသပ်ခြင်းအကြံပေး	 ရေနှင့်စွန့်ပစ်ရည်နမူနာကောက်ယူခြင်း၊ ကိုင်တွယ် ခြင်းနှင့် စမ်းသပ်ခြင်းများတွင် အကြံပေးခြင်း ဓာတ်ခွဲခန်းရလဒ်များကိုစစ်ဆေးခြင်း ဓာတ်ခွဲခန်းရလဒ်များကို သတ်မှတ်စံနှန်း များနှင့် နှိုင်းယှဉ်ခြင်းနှင့် ကောက်ချက်ချခြင်း 	ဦးမျိုးမြင့် စက်ရုံမှူး (ငြိမ်း) အမှတ် (၁) စက်မှုဝန်ကြီးဌာန။ No.0026
е	နည်းပညာပိုင်းဆိုင်ရာ မန်နေဂျာ	 ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် ပြင်ဆင်မှုအတွက် အကြံပေးခြင်း နည်းပညာပိုင်းဆိုင်ရာအစည်းပေးများ နှင့် အလုပ် ရုံဆွေးနွေးပွဲများကိုအကြံပေးခြင်း စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်အရစောင့်ကြည့်လေ့လာမှုပြု လုပ်သင့်သည့်အချက်များ အပေါ် အကြံ ပေးခြင်း လူထုတွေ့ဆုံပွဲများအတွက်အကြံပေးခြင်း အရည်အသွေးစစ်ဆေးမှုဆိုင်ရာနည်းပညာ အကြံပေးခြင်း အချက်အလက်များစုစည်းမှု နှင့် စီစစ်မှုဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ငန်းများအတွက် အကြံပေးခြင်း 	ဒေါ် ကျော်ကျော်ပင်း နည်းပညာအကြံပေး စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပကီလီမိတက်။ ညွှန်ကြားရေးမှူး(ငြိမ်း) မြန်မာ့ရေနံဓာတုဗေဒလုပ်ငန်း, လျှပ်စစ်နှင့်စွမ်းအင်ပန်ကြီးဌာန
20	လူမှုပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှု ကွင်းဆင်းလေ့လာရေး ခေါင်းဆောင်	 ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာအချက်အလက်များ ကောက် ယူရန် Check list ပြင်ဆင်ခြင်း နည်းပညာဖလှယ်ခြင်းနှင့်အချက်အလက် စုဆောင်း ခြင်း ဒေသဆိုင်ရာအချက်အလက်များ စုဆောင်း ခြင်း၊ ဒေသခံများနှင့် ဆွေးနွေးတိုင်ပင်မှုများ ပြုလုပ်ခြင်း 	ဦးခင်အောင် အထွေထွေမန်နေဂျာ စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပကီလီမိတက်။ No.0025
00	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာအရည် အသွေးစီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအကြံပေး	 ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ လေနှင့်ရေနမူနာများ ကောက် ယူဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း၊ လမ်းညွှန်ချက်များ ကြိုတင်ပြင်ဆင် နိုင်ရန် အကြံပေးကူညီခြင်း နမူနာကောက်ယူသည့် ပစ္စည်းများကို စစ်ဆေးခြင်း နှင့် မှတ်တမ်းရေးသွင်းရန် အကြံပေးခြင်း ဓာတ်ခွဲခန်းနည်းစနစ်များ ကြိုတင်ပြင်ဆင် နိုင်ရန် အကြံပေးခြင်း အကြံပေးခြင်း 	ဒေါ် ခင်ရွှေဌေး အကြံပေး စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပကီလီမိတက်။ ကထိက(ငြိမ်း) ဓာတုအင်ဂျင်နီယာဌာန၊ ရန်ကုန်နည်းပညာတက္ကသိုလ်။ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်အင်ဂျင်နီယာပညာရပ်ဆိုင်ရာ မဟာဘွဲ့ (စင်္ကာပူ)။ No.0022
ാ	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာအရည် အသွေး စောင့်ကြည့်တိုင်း	• ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ အခြေခံအချက် အလက် ကောက်ယူခြင်း	ဦးအောင်ကိုမင်း B.E (Chemical)

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	တာခြင်းအဖွဲ့	• လေ၊အသံနှင့်တုန်ခါမှု အရည်အသွေးတိုင်း တာခြင်း	(တိုင်းတာရေးကျွမ်းကျင်ပညာရှင်)
		နှင့် အချက်အလက်များ တွက်ချက် ခြင်း - အခြေခံအချက်အလက်ကောက်ယူသော မြေပုံများ ထုတ်ခြင်း	ဦးသီဟဇော် B.Sc (Physis)
		• အခြေခံအချက်အလက်ဆိုင်ရာအစီရင်ခံစာ ပြင်ဆင်	(လက်ထောက်ကျွမ်းကျင်ပညာရှင်)
		ပြုစုခြင်း	စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပဏီလီမိတက်။
၁၃	ဓာတ်ခွဲစမ်းသပ်မှု ကျွမ်းကျင် ပညာရှင်များ	စွန့်ပစ်ရည်နမူနာကောက်ယူရန် ကြိုတင် ပြင်ဆင် ခြင်း	ဦးသက်မင်းပိုင် B.E (Chemical)
			(ဓာတ်ခွဲခန်းကျွမ်းကျင်)
		• ဓာတ်ခွဲစမ်းသပ်ခြင်းမှရရှိသောရလာဒ်များကို	စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ
		စုစည်းတင်ပြခြင်း	ဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပကီလီမိတက်။

မူဝါဒ ၊ ဥပဒေနှင့် ဖွဲ့စည်းမှုဆိုင်ရာမူဘောင်များ စီမံကိန်းနှင့် ဆက်နွယ်နေသည့် မြန်မာ့ဥပဒေများ

အဆိုပြုစီမံကိန်းမှ လိုက်နာလျက်ရှိသည့် မြန်မာ့ဥပဒေများကိုအောက်ပါအတိုင်းအနစ်ချုပ်တင်ပြအပ်ပါသ ည်။

- အမျိုးသားပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ မူဝါဒ(၁၉၉၄)
- ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေး ဥပဒေ (၂၀၁၂) နှင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးနည်းဥပဒေ (၂၀၁၄)
- ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှု ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်း (၂၀၁၅)
- အမျိုးသား ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ အရည်အသွေး (ထုတ်လွတ်မှု) လမ်းညွှန်ချက်များ
- ဓါတုပစ္စည်းနှင့် ဆက်စပ်ပစ္စည်းများ အန္တရာယ်မှ ကာကွယ်တားဆီးရေး ဥပဒေ (၂၀၁၃) နှင့် ဓါတုပစ္စည်းနှင့် ဆက်စပ်ပစ္စည်းများ အန္တရာယ်မှ ကာကွယ်တားဆီးရေး နည်းဥပဒေ (၂၀၁၆)
- ပို့ကုန်သွင်းကုန် ဥပဒေ (၂၀၁၂)
- လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ကင်းရှင်းရေး ဥပဒေ(၂၀၁၇)
- အလုပ်သမားလျော်ကြေးငွေ အက်ဥပဒေ (၁၉၂၃)
- အလုပ်သမားအဖွဲ့အစည်းဥပဒေ (၂၀၁၂)
- အလုပ်သမားရေးရာ အငြင်းပွားမှု ဖြေရှင်းရေးဥပဒေ (၂၀၁၂ ၊ ဖြည့်စွက် ၂၀၁၆)
- သဘာဝဘေးအွန္တရာယ်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှု ဥပဒေ (၂၀၁၃)

စီမံကိန်းအကြောင်းအရာဖော်ပြချက်

စီမံကိန်းတည်နေရာ နှင့် ၎င်း၏အကျယ်အပန်း

စက်ရုံ သည် အမှတ် ဒီ-၅၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံစက်မှုဥယျာဉ်, အမှတ် (၃) လမ်းမကြီး နှင့် စရေပင်လမ်းထောင့် မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်း ဒေသကြီး၊ ပြည်ထောင်စု သမ္မတမြန်မာနိုင်ငံတော် တွင်တည်ရှိပါသည်။ ပထဝီပင် အညွှန်းကိန်းအရစီမံကိန်းသည်-

မြောက်လတ္တီတွဒ် - ၁၆º ၅၆' ၂၃" N

ရှေ့လောင်ဂျီတွဒ် - ၉၆° ၉' ၁၅.၃၈" E တွင်တည်ရှိပါသည်။

စီမံကိန်းမြေဧရိယာသည် ၁၀၀၀၄ စတုရန်းမီတာကျယ်ဂန်းပါသည်။ အောက်ပါဖော်ပြထားသောပုံ တွင် စီမံကိန်းတည်နေရာ ကိုဖော်ပြထားပါသည်။ စက်ရုံ၏ ပတ်ဂန်းကျင်အရပ်လေးမျက်နှာမှာအောက်ပါအတိုင်းဖြစ်ပါသည်။

- မြောက်ဘက် တီအိုင် အထည်ချုပ်စက်ရုံ
- အနောက်ဘက် ပက်ဒက်ဒ်

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- တောင်ဘက် ဆန်းဖလားဝါး လေ့စ်အမှတ် (၂)
- အရှေ့ဘက်နေရာ တာရှင်းအထည်ချုပ်စက်ရုံ



ထုတ်လုပ်ဖြန့် ဖြူးနေသော ကုန်ပစ္စည်းများ ထုတ်လုပ်သောဆေးဖက်ပင်ပစ္စည်း နှင့် ထုတ်လုပ်မှုပမာက (နှစ်စဉ်)

စဉ်	ကုန်ပစ္စည်းအမည်	အမျိုးအစား	ယူနစ်	အလေးချိန်ပမာက	ယူနစ်	အရည်အတွက်
၁		V-Rohto 13ml	ml	15,606,669	pcs	1,200,513
J		V-Rohto Cool 12 ml	ml	3,990,660	pcs	332,555
5		V-Rohto Vitamin 13 ml	ml	1,039,948	pcs	79,996
9	Medicines	Deep Heat Rub Plus 30g	g	330,000	pcs	11,000
9		Medical Cream 18g	g	271,548	pcs	15,086
G		Remos IB 10g	g	65,150	pcs	6,515
૧		OXY 5 10g	g	230,000	pcs	23,000
၈		OXY 10 10g	g	115,990	pcs	11,599
		စုစုပေါင်း			1,680,264	

ထုတ်လုပ်သောအလှကုန်ပစ္စည်း နှင့် ထုတ်ပိုးရောင်းချမှုပမာက (နှစ်စဉ်)

စဉ်	ကုန်ပစ္စည်းအမည်	အမျိုးအစား	ယူနစ်	အရည်အတွက်	ယူနစ်	အလေးရှိန်ပမာက
၁		Creamy Wash 20 g	Pcs	43,330	g	866,600
J		Creamy Wash 50g	Pcs	195,728	g	9,786,400
9	1	Creamy Wash 100g	Pcs	141,189	g	14,118,900
9	Acnes	Soothing Toner 90ml	Pcs	49,576	ml	4,461,840
9		Sealing Gel 9g	Pcs	91,574	g	824,166
G		Sealing Gel 18g	Pcs	41,845	g	753,210

9		Foaming Wash 150ml	Pcs	2,170	g	325,500
၈		Oil Remover Films	Pcs	10,197	g	134,600.40
e		Scar Care 12g	Pcs	17,086	g	205,032
20		C 10 15ml	Pcs	10,403	ml	156,045
၁၁		Vitamin Cream 40g	Pcs	54,537	g	2,181,480
၁၂		Vitamin Cleanser 50g	Pcs	127,019	g	6,350,950
၁၃		Vitamin Cleanser 100g	Pcs	81,900	g	8,190,000
29		Pure White Cream 50g	Pcs	6,686	g	334,300
၁၅		Pure White Wash 50g	Pcs	9,488	g	474,400
၁၆		Pure White Wash 100g	Pcs	19,515	g	1,951,500
၁၇		Oil Control Cleanser 50g	Pcs	16,106	g	805,300
၁၈		Oil Control Cleanser 100g	Pcs	16,642	g	1,664,200
၁၉		Sheer Color Strawberry 2.4 g	Pcs	6,321	g	15,170.40
JO		Sheer Color Natural	Pcs	4,741	g	11,378.40
၂၁		Sheer Color Honey	Pcs	7,915	g	18,996.0
JJ		Sheer Color Q Choco Mint 2.4g	Pcs	1,360	g	3,264.0
JP		Colourless Apple	Pcs	1,915	g	8,234.50
J9		Colourless Strawberry	Pcs	1,913	g	8,225.90
J9		Colourless Lemon 4.3g	Pcs	1,339	g	5,757.70
JG		LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Cherry 4g	Pcs	3,036	g	12,144
J9		LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Strawberry	Pcs	3,035	g	12,140
၂၈	LipIce	LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Berry	Pcs	3,032	g	12,128
Je		LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Orange	Pcs	3,028	g	12,112
50		LipIce Sheer Color POP Pink 2.4g	Pcs	3,036	g	7,286.40
၃၁		LipIce Sheer Color POP Orange		3,037	g	7,288.80
67		LipIce Sheer Color POP Rose	Pcs	3,037	g	7,288.80
99		LipIce Sheer Color POP Red	Pcs	2,653	g	6,367.20
29		LipIce Water Lip Citrus Pure Joy 4.3g	Pcs	1,764	g	7,585.20

୧၅		LipIce Water Lip Citrus				
49		Herb	Pcs	1,762	g	7,576.60
ટિહ		Out Going	Pcs	9,406	g	282,180
୧၇		Super Block 30g	Pcs	7,645	g	229,350
၃၈		Super Block 70g	Pcs	6,176	g	432,320
રહ		Baby Mild 30g	Pcs	7,379	g	221,370
90		Whtening UV-30g	Pcs	13,048	g	391,440
90		Whtening UV-70g	Pcs	3,812	g	266,840
9J		Sunplay Skin Aqua Clear White 25g	Pcs	1,546	g	38,650
99	- Sunplay	Sunplay Skin Aqua Clear White 55g	Pcs	1,656	g	91,080
99		Sunplay Skin Aqua Silky White Gel 30g	Pcs	4,780	g	143,400
99		Sunplay Skin Aqua Silky White Gel 70g	Pcs	6,146	g	430,220
9હ		Sunplay Skin Aqua UV Tone Up Essence	Pcs	3,167	g	158,350
99		Scar Z	Pcs	15,268	g	183,216
၄၈		Remos IR 60ml	Pcs	48,965	ml	2,937,900
9e	Other	Remos IR 150ml	Pcs	3,492	ml	523,800
၅၀	Consumer	Remos IR Cream Lemon Grass	Pcs	11,646	g	815,220
၅၁	Products	Selsun Shampoo 50 ml	Pcs	35,395	ml	1,769,750
อา		Selsun Shampoo 100 ml	Pcs	26,508	ml	2,650,800
99		Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Cleanser 80g	Pcs	8,085	g	646,800
99		Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Lotion 100ml (for normal skin)	Pcs	3,644	ml	364,400
99	HADA LABO	Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Lotion 100ml (for oil skin)	Pcs	3,774	ml	377,400
၅၆	- Series	Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Cream 50g	Pcs	9,106	g	455,300
୭୧		Perfect White Arbutin Cleanser 80g	Pcs	1,993	g	159,440
၅၈		Perfect White Arbutin Lotion 100ml	Pcs	5,277	ml	527,700
୭၉		Perfect White Arbutin	Pcs	4,357	ml	392,130

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		Milk 90ml				
၆၀		Perfect White Arbutin Essence 30g	Pcs	3,016	g	90,480
၆၁		Perfect White Arbutin Cream 50g	Pcs	8,283	g	414,150
၆၂		Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Cleanser 80g	Pcs	5,000	g	400,000
၆၃		Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Lotion 100ml	Pcs	4,458	ml	445,800
ઉત્		Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Cream 50g	Pcs	4,310	g	215,500
၆၅		Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Essence 30g	Pcs	2,540	g	76,200
GG		HDLB Advanced Nourish Trial set (Hyaluron Cleanser 25g + Hyaluron Lotion 40ml)	Pcs	3,409		
ઉત્		HDLB Perfect White Trial set (Arbutin Cleanser 25g + Arbutin Lotion 40ml)	Pcs	3,936		
	စုစုပေ	DIC:		1,265,138		





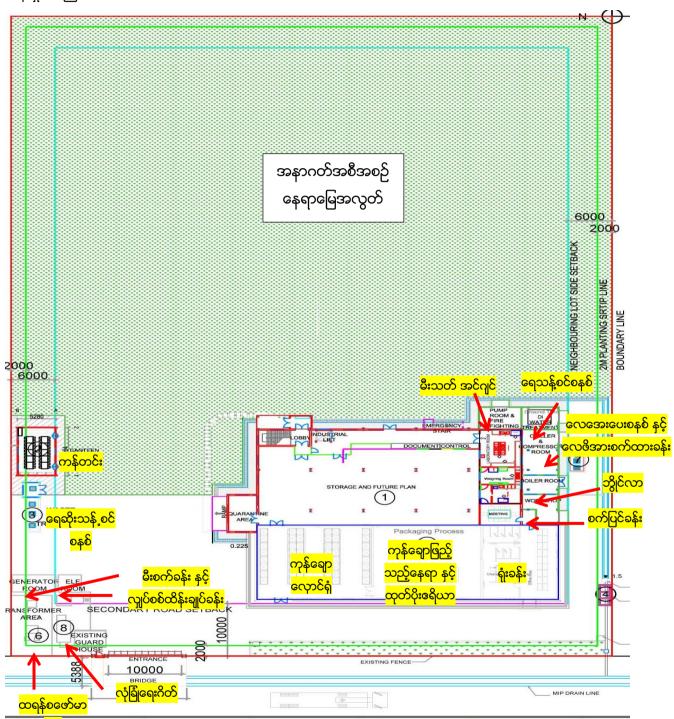




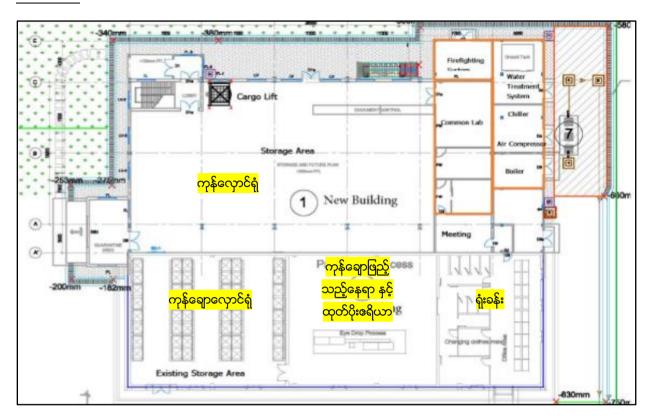
ပုံ (၁)။ ဖြန့်ဖြူးရောင်းချနေသော ကုန်ချောပစ္စည်းအချို့၏ ပုံ

စက်ရုံနေရာချထားမှုပုံစံ

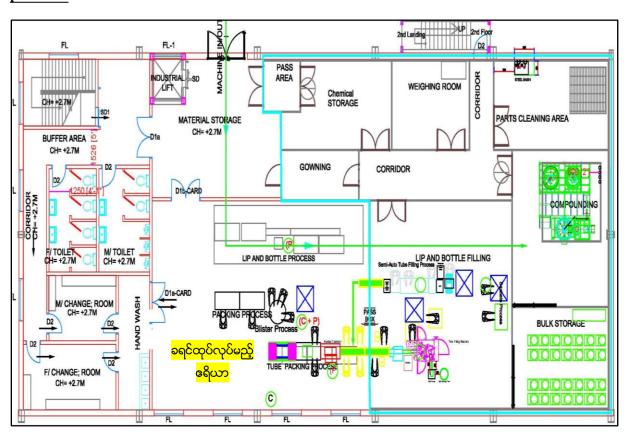
အောက်ပါပုံတွင် စက်ရုံနေရာချထားမှုပုံစံကို တွေ့နိုင်ပါသည်။ စရင်ထုတ်လုပ်သည့်အဆောက်အဦးသည် ၂ ထပ်အဆောက်အဦဖြစ်ပြီး အောက်ထပ်တွင် ကုန်သိုလှောင်ရုံထားရှိပြီး ဒုတိယထပ်တွင် ကုန်ထုတ်လုပ်သည့်စက် တန်းရှိပါသည်။



ရင်ကုန်ချောထုတ်လုပ်သည့် အဆောက်အဦ ရှိ စက်တန်း နှင့် ကုန်ထုတ်ဖရိယာတွင် အစန်းများနေရာရျထားမှု အောက်ထပ်



ဒုတိယထပ်

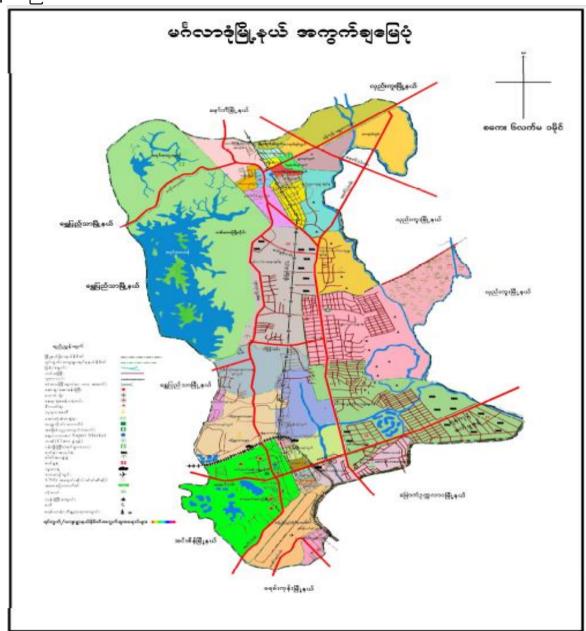


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Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာအခြေအနေများဖော်ပြချက်

စက်ရုံသည် မင်္ဂလာဒုံစက်မှုဇုန်၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီးတွင် တည်ရှိသောကြောင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ခြေအနေများဖြစ်သည့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာအချက်အလက်များကို မြို့နယ်အထွေထွေ အုပ်ချုပ်ရေး ဦးစီးဌာန၏ ၂၀၁၉ ခုနှစ်၊ စက်တင်ဘာလ ရက်စွဲပါ မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ် ဒေသဆိုင်ရာအချက် အလက်များမှ ကိုးကား ခဲ့ပါသည်။



ရင်းမြစ် - ဒေသဆိုင်ရာအချက်အလက်များ၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ် (၂၀၁၉ ခုနစ်၊ စက်တင်ဘာလ)

ဇယား (၃)။ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်နှင့်လူမှုဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာအခြေအနေများဖော်ပြချက်

အမျိုးအစား	ဖော်ပြချက်
ပထဝီဝင်အနေအထား	
တည်နေရာနှင့် အကျယ် အဝန်း	မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်သည် ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး မြောက်ပိုင်းခရိုင်အတွင်း ပါဝင်ပါသည်။ မြောက်လဒ်တီတွဒ် ၁၇ ဒီဂရီ ()၂ မိနစ်မှ ၁၇ ဒီဂရီ ()၄ မိနစ် အကြား၊ အရှေ့လောင်ဂျီတွဒ် ၉၆ ဒီဂရီ ()၈ မိနစ် မှ ၉၆ ဒီဂရီ ၁၅ မိနစ်အကြားတွင် တည်ရှိပါသည်။ အကျယ်အဝန်းမှာ (၄၁.၆၉) စတုရန်းမိုင် ကျယ်ဝန်းပါသည်။

အမျိုးအစား	ဖော်ပြချက်
u.	• အရှေ့မှ အနောက်သို့ (၃.၆၁)မိုင်ရှိပြီး တောင်မှ မြောက်သို့ (၁၁.၅၅)မိုင်ရှည်ပါသည်။
နယ်နိမိတ်	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၏ အရှေ့ဘက်တွင် လှည်းကူးမြို့နယ်(မြောက်ပိုင်းခရိုင်)တို့နှင့်၎င်း ထိစပ်
	လျက်ရှိပါသည်။ တောင်ဘက်တွင် မရမ်းကုန်းမြို့နယ်(အနောက် ပိုင်းခရိုင်)၎င်း၊ မြောက်
	ဘက်တွင် မှော်ဘီမြို့နယ်၊ လှည်ကူးမြို့နယ်(မြောက်ပိုင်းခရိုင်)တို့နှင့် နယ်နိမိတ်ချင်း
	ထိစပ်လျက်ရှိပါသည်။
အုပ်ချုပ်ရေးနယ်မြေ	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်သည် ရပ်ကွက်ပေါင်း (၂၇)၊ ကျေးရွာအုပ်စု (၅)နှင့် ကျေးရွာ (၂၀)ဖြင့်
ן יין יין יין יין יין יין יין יין יין י	ဖွဲ့စည်းထားပါသည်။
မြေမျက်နှာသွင်ပြင်	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၏ အနောက်ဘက်တွင် ငွေယားတောင်တန်းရှိပြီး တောင်မှမြောက်သို့
	သွယ်တန်းလျှက် ရှိပါသည်။ အနောက်ဘက်တွင် ရွှေပြည်သာမြို့နယ်အစပ်တွင်
	လှော်ကားကန် တည်ရှိပြီး ကျန်ဇရိယာများမှာ လွင်ပြင်များ ဖြစ်ပါသည်။
ရေဆင်း	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်တွင် မြစ်ချောင်းများ နည်းပါးသည့် ဒေသတစ်ခုဖြစ်ပြီး ဘားလားချောင်း
	မှာ မြောက်မှတောင်သို့ (၁၂)မိုင်ခန့်၊ အနောက်မှ အရှေ့သို့ (၈)မိုင်ခန့် စီးဆင်းလျှက်
	ရှိပါသည်။ ရေစူးမှာ မိုးရာသီတွင် (၁၂)ပေခန့်နှင့် နွေရာသီတွင် (၃)ပေခန့်သာရှိ၍
	သင်္ဘော/စက်လှေများ သွားလာနိုင်ခြင်း မရှိပါ။
ပင်လယ်ရေမျက်နှာပြင်	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်သည် ပင်လယ်ရေမျက်နာ မျက်နှာပြင်အထက် ပျမ်းမှု အမြင့် (၁၀၀)ပေ
အမြင့်	အကြားတွင်တည်ရှိပါသည်။
ရာသီဥတုနှင့်သဘာဝပတ်ဝ	န်းကျင်
ရာသီဥတု	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်သည် ပူအိုက်စွတ်စိုသော ရာသီဥတုရှိပြီး အမြင့်ဆုံး အပူချိန် (၃၉ ဒီဂရီ
	စင်တီဂရိတ်) နှင့် အနိမ့်ဆုံးအပူချိန်မှာ (၁၅.၅ ဒီဂရီစင်တီဂရိတ်) ဖြစ်ပါသည်။ ၂၀၁၉
	ခုနှစ်၏ စက်တင်ဘာလကုန်အထိ နွေရာသီအမြင့်ဆုံး (၃၈ ဒီဂရီစင်တီဂရိတ်) နှင့်
	ဆောင်းရာသီအနိမ့်ဆုံးအပူချိန် (၁၅.၈ ဒီဂရီစင်တီဂရိတ်) ဖြစ်ပါသည်။
သဘာဝပေါက်ပင်များ	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်အတွင်း ကျွန်း၊ ပျဉ်းကတိုး၊ သစ်မာ၊ ဓနိနှင့်ဒီရေတောများ ပေါက်ရောက်
	ပါသည်။
ဇီဝမျိုးစုံမျိုးကွဲများ	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်အတွင်း တောရိုင်းတိရစ္ဆာန်များ မရှိပါ။
သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်	• လှည်းကူးမြို့နယ်သည် သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးလုပ်ငန်းများအတွက် ကြိုးဝိုင်း
	တော၊ ကြိုးပြင်တောများဖြင့် ထိန်းသိမ်းလျက်ရှိပါသည်။
သဘာဝဘေးအွန္တရာယ်	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်အတွင်း (၂၀၁၈-၂၀၁၉) ခုနှစ်အတွင်း မီးဘေးအွန္တရာယ် (၁)ကြိမ် ဖြစ်ပွား
	ခဲ့ပါသည်။
လူမှုပတ်ပန်းကျင်	
လူမှုရေးကက္ကာ	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၏ ၂၀၁၉ ခုနှစ်၊ စက်တင်ဘာလကုန်အထိ လူဦးရေ (၂၆၃,၇၉၈)
	ဖြစ်ပါသည်။ မြို့နေလူဦးရေ စုစုပေါင်း (၁၄၉,၈၉၇) ဖြစ်ပြီး ကျေးလက်နေလူဦးရေမှာ
	(၁၁၃,၉ဂ၁) ဖြစ်ပါသည်။
	• ဗမာလူမျိုးအများဆုံးနေထိုင်ကြပြီး ကရင်လူမျိုးများမှာ ဒုတိယအများဆုံးနေထိုင်ကြပြီး
	မြို့နယ်လူဦးရေ၏ (၁.၄၅ %) ဖြစ်ပါ သည်။ တတိယအများဆုံးနေထိုင်ကြသူများမှာ
	ရခိုင်လူမျိုးများဖြစ်ပြီး မြို့နယ်လူဦးရေ၏ (၁.၁၈ %) ဖြစ်ပါသည်။ ကချင်၊ ကယား၊ ချင်း၊
	မွန်နှင့် ရှမ်းလူမျိုးများလည်း နေထိုင်ကြ ပါသည်။
	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်တွင် တရုတ်၊ အိန္ဒိယ၊ ပါကစ္စတန်၊ ဘင်္ဂလာဒေ့ရှ် နှင့်အခြားလူမျိုးများ
	လည်းနေထိုင်ကြပါသည်။
ကိုးကွယ်ယုံကြည်မှု	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်တွင် နေထိုင်ကြသူများမှာ ဗုဒ္ဓဘာသာ (၂၅၂,၁၅၆)၊ ခရစ်ယာန် (၄,၃၃၉)၊
	ဟိန္ဒူဘာသာ (၃,၂၃၂)နှင့် အရြား (၄,ဂ၇၁) တို့ ကိုးကွယ်ကြပါသည်။
စီးပွားရေးနှင့် အသက်မွေး	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်သည် ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီးအတွင်းတွင် တည်ရှိပြီး စီးပွားရေးအရ

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အမျိုးအစား	ဖော်ပြချက်
()မ်းကြောင်း	အချက်အခြာကျသော မြို့နယ်တစ်ခု ဖြစ်ပါသည်။
	• မြို့နယ်အတွင်းတွင် ရန်ကုန်စက်မှုဇုန်၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံစက်မှုဇုန်နှင့် ပျဉ်းမပင်စက်မှုဇုန်တို့တွင်
	စက်ရုံအလုပ်ရုံပေါင်း (၁၁ဂ) ရှိပြီး စက်မှုအခြေခံကျသော မြို့နယ်တစ်ခုဖြစ်ပါသည်။
	• တပ်မတော်ပိုင်စက်ရုံ (၂)ရုံ လည်းရှိပါသည်။
	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်သည် ရန်ကုန်-ပြည်လမ်း၊ အမှတ်(၃)လမ်းမကြီးတည်ရှိပြီး လမ်းပန်း
	ဆက်သွယ်ရေး ကောင်းမွန်သော မြို့နယ်တစ်ခု ဖြစ်ပါသည်။
ပညာရေးကဏ္ဍ	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်တွင် အခြေခံပညာအထက်တန်ကျောင်း (၉)၊ အထက်တန်းကျောင်းခွဲ (၃)
	• အခြေခံပညာအလယ်တန်းကျောင်း (၇)၊ အလယ်တန်းကျောင်းခွဲ (၆)
	• မူလတန်းလွန်ကျောင်း (၂)၊ မူလတန်းကျောင်း (၂၅)
	• မူလတန်းကြိုကျောင်း (၂၄)
	• ဘုန်းတော်ကြီးသင် ပညာရေးကျောင်း (၂၂) ရှိပါသည်။
ကျန်းမာရေးကဏ္ဍ	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြိုနယ်တွင် အစိုးရဆေးရုံ (၅)
	• ပုဂ္ဂလိကဆေးပေးခန်း (၁၁)၊
	• ကျေးလက်ကျန်းမာရေးဌာန (၅)နှင့် ဌာနခွဲ (၂၆) ရှိပါသည်။
	• ဒေသတွင်းအများဆုံးဖြစ်တတ်သော ရောဂါများမှာ ဝမ်းလျှော၊ ဝမ်းကိုက်၊ အသည်းရောင်
	ရောဂါများ ဖြစ်တတ်ပါသည်။
အားကစားကဣာ	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်ရှိ အားကစားနှင့်ဖျော်ဖြေရေးဆိုင်ရာ အချက်အလက်များအနေဖြင့်
	ဘောလုံးကွင်း (၁)၊ တင်းနစ်ကွင်း(၁)၊ ပန်းရြံ(၁) ရှိပါသည်။
ရှေးဟောင်းယဉ်ကျေးမှု	• မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်တွင် သာသနိကအဆောက်အဦများ၊ ဘုရား၊စေတီနှင့်ပုထိုးများ
	ရှိသော်လည်း သမိုင်းဝင်ထင်ရှားသော ဘုရားစေတီပုထိုးများမရှိပါ။

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာအရည်အသွေး တိုင်းတာခြင်း

စီမံကိန်းနှင့်စပ်လျဉ်း၍ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာခြင်းလုပ်ငန်းကို ၂၇.၅.၂၀၂၀ မှ ၂၈.၅.၂၀၂၀ ရက်နေ့ ထိ စက်ရုံသို့ ကွင်းဆင်းဆောင်ရွက်ခဲ့ပါသည်။ စီမံကိန်းဇရိယာအတွင်းတွင် လေထုအရည် အသွေး အကဲဖြတ်ရန် အတွက် တည်နေရာ ၃ ခု သတ်မှတ်တိုင်းတာခဲ့ပါသည်။ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်လေထု အရည်အသွေး တိုင်းတာ ခြင်းကို ၂၄ နာရီ တိုင်းတာခဲ့ပြီး လုပ်ငန်းခွင်လေထုအရည်အသွေး တိုင်းတာ ခြင်းများကို တစ်နေရာလျှင် တစ်နာရီ နှုန်းဖြင့် တိုင်းတာခဲ့ပါသည်။ လေထုအရည်အသွေး တိုင်းတာမှုရလဒ်များကို အမျိုးသား ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ အရည်အသွေး (ထုတ်လွှတ်မှု) လမ်းညွှန်ချက်များ (၂၀၁၅) နှင့် အခြားသောနိုင်ငံများ၏ စံနှုန်းများ နှင့်ပါ နှိုင်းယှဉ်ပါ သည်။

(၁) ပတ်ဂန်းကျင်လေထုအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာခြင်းရလာဒ်များ

				£222.282	အမျိုးသားပတ်ပန်း		းကျင် လေထုအရည်အသွေး	
စဉ်	အမျိုးအစား	ရလာဒ်	ယူနစ်	တိုင်းတာခဲ့ သည့်အချိန်(နာရီ)	စံနှန်း	စံသတ်မှတ်ထား သောအချိန်	သတ်မှတ်နိုင်ငံ	
၁	နိုက်ထရိုဂျင်ဒိုင်	၁()၁.၈	μg/m³	-	၄၀ μg/m³	၁ နှစ်	မြန်မာနိုင်ငံ	
	အောက်ဆိုဒ်			J9	ეიი µg/m³	၁ နာရီ		
J	အမှုန်အမွှား (PM	වව.ඉc	μg/m³	-	၂၀ µg/m³	၁ နှစ်	မြန်မာနိုင်ငံ	
	၁၀)			J9	၅၀ µg/m³	၂၄ နာရီ		
9	အမှုန်အမွှား (PM	၉.၃၆	μg/m³	-	oo μg/m³	၁ နှစ်	မြန်မာနိုင်ငံ	
	ე.၅)			J9	၂၅ μg/m³	၂၄ နာရီ		

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9	ဆာလဖာဒိုင်	0	μg/m³	J9	ეი µg/m³	၂၄ နာရီ	မြန်မာနိုင်ငံ
	အောက်ဆိုဒ်			-	ეიი µg/m³	၁ဂ မိနစ်	
9	အိုဇုန်း	၁၅.၄၀	μg/m³	J9	၁00 μg/m ³	တစ်ရက် ၈ နာရီ	မြန်မာနိုင်ငံ
G	အမိုးနီးယား	0	ppm	J9	ეთ ppm	-	-
િ	ကာဗွန်ဒိုင်	၃၆၈.၅၈	ppm	J9	စံနှန်းမရှိ	-	-
	အောက်ဆိုဒ်						
ဓ	ကာဗွန်မိုနောက်	0	ppm	J9	စံနှန်းမရှိ		-
	ဆိုဒ်						
9	အငွေ့ပျံလွယ်	0		J9	စံနှန်းမရှိ	-	-
	သောဓာတ်ပေါင်း		ppb				
	များ (TVOC)						
၁၀	အောက်ဆီဂျင်	്വാ.၂၄	%	J9	စံနှန်းမရှိ	-	-

ပတ်ပန်းကျင်လေထူအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာခြင်းအရ တိုင်းတာရရှိသောတန်ဖိုးများမှာ သတ်မှတ်စံနှုန်းများ အတွင်းတွင်သာရှိပါသည်။

(၂) လုပ်ငန်းခွင်လေထုအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာရေးရလာခ်များ

တိုင်းတာသည့်နေရာ	အမျိုးအစား	ယူနစ်	တိုင်းတာသည့်ကြာရှိန်	ရလာဒ်
	အမှုန်အမွှား (PM ၁၀)	[µg/m³]	၁ နာရီ	રૃહિ
 ကုန်ထုတ်သည့်နေရာ	အမှုန်အမွှား (PM ၂.၅)	[µg/m³]	၁ နာရီ	၁၂
"(†°(°°°)	အငွေ့ပျံလွယ် သော ဓာတ်ပေါင်များ (TVOC)	ppm	၁ နာရီ	0
	အမှုန်အမွှား (PM ၁၀)	[µg/m³]	၁ နာရီ	၂၈
*2~~~2~	အမှုန်အမွှား (PM ၂.၅)	[µg/m³]	၁ နာရီ	J9
ကုန်လှောင်ရုံ	အငွေ့ပျံလွယ် သော ဓာတ်ပေါင်များ (TVOC)	ppm	၁ နာရီ	0

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆူညံမှုတိုင်းတာခြင်းကို လေထုအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာခဲ့သော နေရာနှင့်အတူ တိုင်းတာခဲ့ပါ သည်။ လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ဆူညံသံအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာခြင်းကို အလုပ်ချိန် ၈ နာရီအတွင်းတွင် တိုင်းတာမှုကြာချိန်(၁) နာရီနှန်းဖြင့် နေရာ ၂ နေရာတိုင်းတာခဲ့ပါသည်။ တိုင်းတာမှုတန်ဖိုးမှာအောက်ပါအတိုင်းဖြစ်ပါသည်။

တိုင်းတာသည့်နေရာ	အမျိုးအစား	ယူနစ်	တိုင်းတာသည့်ကြာချိန်	ရလာဒ်
စင်ဆိုလိုင်သည်။	တလုံလုံ	dBA	802.01	နေ့ - ၆၈
စက်ရုံခြံပန်းအတွင်း	ဆူညံသံ	UDA	၂၄ နာရီ	ည - ၅၄
ကုန်ထုတ်သည့်နေရာ	ဆူညံသံ	dBA	၁ နာရီ	ეი.၂
ကုန်လှောင်ရုံ	ဆူညံသံ	dBA	၁ နာရီ	၆၂.၁

နေ့အချိန်နှင့် ညအချိန် တိုင်းတာခဲ့သော ဆူညံသံ ရလဒ်များသည် စက်မှုဇုန်ဧရိယာ အတွက်သတ်မှတ် ထားသော ဆူညံသံသတ်မှတ်ချက် အတွင်းရှိပါသည်။ လုပ်ငန်းခွင် ဆူညံသံ အရည်အသွေးသတ်မှတ်ချက်သည် အလုပ်ချိန် ၈ နာရီအတွက် ၉၀ dB ရှိသောကြောင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ဆူညံသံသည် သတ်မှတ်ချက်အတွင်းတွင်ရှိပါသည်။

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ရေထုအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာရန်အတွက် စီမံကိန်းဧရိယာအတွင်းမှ ရေနမူနာနှစ်ခု ကောက်ယူခဲ့ပါသည်။ စက်ရုံသုံးရေ နှင့် စက်ရုံ ရေမြောင်းရေနမူနာကို ကောက်ယူခဲ့ပြီး စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှု ကုမ္ပကီလိမိတက်ဓာတ်ခွဲခန်းတွင် တိုင်းတာခဲ့ပါသည်။

(၁) စက်ရုံတွင်းမြောင်းရေ ဓာတ်ရွဲစမ်းသပ်မှု ရလာဒ်

စဉ်	အမျိုးအစား	ယူနစ်	ရလာဒ်	အမျိုးသား ပတ်ပန်ကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ အရည်အသွေး (ထုတ်လွှတ်မှု) လမ်းညွှန်ချက်- အထွေထွေ
0	5-day Biochemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	<20	၅၀
J	Ammonia	mg/l	0.29	00
5	Arsenic	mg/l	0	0.0
9	Chemical Oxygen	mg/l	<20	ეეი
9	Chromium (Hexavalent)	mg/l	0.00	ი.ე
G	Chromium (Total)	mg/l	වc.ෆ	ი .ე
િ	Copper	mg/l	-	ပ.၅
ရ	Cyanide (Total)	mg/l	-	0
e	Iron	mg/l	0.0	გ .ე
20	Nickel	mg/l	-	ပ.၅
၁၁	Oil and Grease	mg/l	<၅	00
၁၂	pH	-	ე.ი	6~၉
၁၃	Phenol	mg/l	റ.၂၂	ပ.၅
၁၄	Sulfide	mg/l	-	o
၁၅	Temperature	. C	J?	< হগ্
၁၆	Total Phosphorus	mg/l	0.09	J
၁၇	Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	J9	၅၀
၁၈	Zinc	mg/l	-	J

စက်ရုံမြောင်းရေ ဓာတ်ခွဲမှုအရ ရလာဒ်မှာ သက်မှတ် စံနှန်းအတွင်းသာရှိပါသည်။

(၂) စက်ရုံသုံးရေ ဓာတ်ခွဲစမ်းသပ်မှု ရလာဒ်

				သောက်သုံးရေစံနှန်း			
စဉ်	အမျိုးအစား	ယူနစ်	ရလာဒ်	WHO (2011)	EPA (Spring 2012)	Indian Specification(IS:10500,2012)	
၁	Aluminum	mg/l	0.0	ര.၂	ი.ე	0.03	
J	Arsenic	mg/l	0	0.00	0.00	00	
5	Chloride	mg/l	99	၂၅၀	၂၅၀	J ඉ o	
9	Copper	mg/l	-	J	0	၀.၀၅	

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၅	Cyanide	mg/l	-	റ.റ	റ.പ്	၀.၀၅
G	Manganese	mg/l	-	0.9	၀.၀၅	0.0
૧	рН	mg/l	ე.9	၆.၅~၈.၅	၆.၅~၈.၅	၆.၅~၈.၅
၈	Sulfate	mg/l	9.J	၂၅၀	၂၅၀	Joo
၉	Total Alkalinity as	mg/l	၆	-	ı	Joo
00	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	JGO	Goo	၅၀၀	ეიი
၁၁	Total Hardness as	mg/l	၆၁	ეიი	-	Joo
၁၂	Total Iron	1	0.0	0.2	٥.٦	0.2
၁၃	Turbidity	mg/l	ઉ.၇	9	-	0

စက်ရုံသုံးရေဓာတ်ခွဲမှုအရ ရလာဒ်မှာ သက်မှတ် စံနှန်းအတွင်းသာရှိပါသည်။

ပြေအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာခြင်း

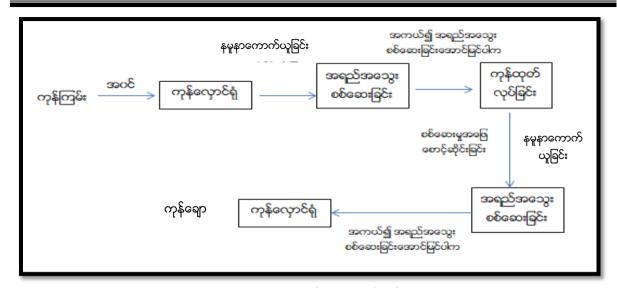
မြေထုအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာရာတွင် စီမံကိန်းဖရိယာအတွင်းမှ မြေနမူနာကောက်ယူပြီး စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာဝန်ဆောင်မှုကုမ္ပဏီတွင် ဓာတ်ခွဲတိုင်းတာခဲ့ပြီး တိုင်းတာခဲ့ သော ရလဒ်များမှာစီမံကိန်းဖရိယာ၏ လက်ရှိမြေထုအရည်အသွေးဖြစ်ပါသည်။ လက်ရှိအချိန်တွင် အပင်များကောင်းမွန်ဖြစ်ထွန်းစွာ ပေါက်ရောက်ထားနိုင် သောကြောင့် လက်ရှိမြေထု အရည်အသွေးသည် ညစ်ညမ်းမှုမရှိသေးဟု သတ်မှတ်နိုင်ပါသည်။

(၁) မြေအရည်အသွေးတိုင်းတာမှု ရလာဒ်

စဉ်	အမျိုးအစား	ယူနစ်	ရလာဒ်
၁	Aluminum	mg/kg soil	0.0
J	Arsenic	mg/kg soil	0
5	Chloride	g/kg soil	ი. ცეე
9	Copper	mg/kg soil	-
9	Cyanide	mg/kg soil	-
હ	Extractable Acidity	cmol/kg soil	9·J <u>୭</u>
૧	Manganese	mg/kg soil	၂.൭െ
၈	P - Alkalinity	mmol/l extract	0
၉	рH	-	હિ.૬၂
20	Total Alkalinity	mmol/l extract	გ. ၁
၁၁	Total Iron	g/kg soil	၀.၀၅

လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်အကြောင်းအရာဖော်ပြချက်

အောက်တွင်ဖော်ပြထားသော လုပ်ဆောင်ပုံသည် Rohto Myanmar Co., Ltd ၏ ယေဘုယျ ကုန်ချော ထုတ်လုပ်မှု ပုံစံဖြစ်ပါသည်။ Rohto Myanmar Co., Ltd တွင် ကုန်ချောထုတ်လုပမှုသည် (၂) မျိုးရှိပါသည်။ (၁) ပြည်ပမှ တင်သွင်းလာသော ကုန်ချော ခရင်၊ အရည်များ၊ အခဲများကို ပူးသွင်း၍ ဖြန့်ဖြူးရောင်းချခြင်း နှင့် (၂) ခရင်များကို ရောစပ်ထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်း လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်ကိုပါ ပြုလုပ်ခြင်းတို့ဖြစ်ပါသည်။ ယခုလက်ရှိတွင် ပြည်ပမှ တင်သွင်းလာသော ကုန်ချော ခရင်၊ အရည် များ၊ အခဲများကို ပူးသွင်း၍ ဖြန့်ဖြူးရောင်းချ ခြင်းကို လုပ်ကိုင်ဆောင်ရွက် နေပါသည်။



ပုံ (၁)၊ ယေဘုယျ ကုန်ချော ထုတ်လုပ်မှုပုံစံ

ကုန်ထုတ်လုပ်မှုလုပ်ငန်းစဉ်

ကုန်ထုတ်လုပ်မှုလုပ်ငန်းစဉ်တွင် (၂) မျိူးရှိပြီး ယခုလက်ရှိတွင် နိုင်ငံခြားမှ တင်သွင်းလာသော ဆေးဘက်ပင် အလှကုန် ပစ္စည်းအမျိူးမျိုးကို ငူးသွင်း၍ ရောင်းချနေပြီး ယခုအခါတွင် မျက်နှာသန့် ့စင်ခရင်များကို ဖော်စပ်ကာ ရောင်းချခြင်းကိုပါ ထပ်မံပြုလုပ်သွားမည်ဖြစ်ပါသည်။ ထုတ်လုပ်မှုလုပ်ငန်းစဉ်များမှာ အောက်ပါအတိုင်းဖြစ်ပါသည်။

မျက်နာသန့် စင်ခရင်ထုတ်လုပ်မှုလုပ်ငန်းစဉ်

ယေဘူယျအားဖြင့် မျက်မှာသန့် စင်စရင် ထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်းသည် အသုတ်လိုက်အဆင့်ဆင့် ပြုလုပ်သော ထုတ်လုပ်မှုဖြစ် သည်။ ယင်းတွင် ဓာတုဓာတ်ပြုမှု အနည်းငယ် (သို့မဟုတ်) လုံးဝ မပါပါ။ အများအား ဖြင့် စက်မှုပိုင်းဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ငန်းများဖြစ်သည်။ ထုတ်လုပ်မှုတွင် ကုန်ကြမ်းများပြင်ဆင်၊ ချိန်တွယ်ခြင်း၊ ရောမွှေခြင်း၊ ပျံ့နှံ့ကွဲလွင့်စေခြင်း၊ အပျစ်အကျဲထိန်းညှိခြင်း၊ ထည့်စရာများအတွင်းဖြည့်ခြင်း၊ ဂိုဒေါင်တွင် သိုလှောင်ခြင်းနှင့် သယ်ယူပို့ဆောင်ခြင်း လုပ်ငန်းများပါဝင်သည်။

(၁) ကြိုတင်-ပျံ့နှံ့စေရန်ရောမွှေရြင်း

(၂) ပျံ့နှံ့ကွဲလွင့်စေခြင်း၊ အမှုန့်ကြိတ်ခြင်းနှင့် စရာနှောခြင်း

• ရောနှောမှု ဆောင်ရွက်နေစဉ်အတွင်း၊ ယင်းအသုတ်အားထပ်မံလိုအပ်သော အမှုန့်ကြိတ်ခြင်းနှင့် ရောနှောခြင်း တို့အတွက် ဂလိုင်ကော (glycol) ကဲ့သို့ ဖျော်ရည်ထပ်မံထည့်၍ လိုအပ်ချော အနေထားထိရောက်သည်အထိမွှေရပါမည်။

(၃) အပျစ်အကြဲ/ ထိန်းညှိခြင်း

• ထို့နောက် ရောနောကန်အတွင်း ရွှေ့ပြောင်းကာ အပျစ်အကျဲပြုလုပ်ခြင်း (ထုံးစံအားဖြင့် glycol ထပ်မံ ရောစပ်ခြင်း)နှင့် လိုအပ်သော အဖြည့်ပစ္စည်းများ ထပ်မံထည့်ပါသည်။ ထို့နောက် စက်အတွင်း ပျံ့နံ့ကွဲလွင့်ပြီး ရရှိလာမည့် အရောင်အား ထိန်းညှိပါသည်။ ယင်းနမူနာနှင့် လိုအပ်သည့် သတ်မှတ်ချက်နှင့် တိုက်ဆိုင် စစ်ဆေးရမည်။ အရောအနောအတွင်းသို့ လိုအပ် သော အမှုန့်များ၊ ဖျော်ရည် နှင့် အော်ဂဲနစ် ဒြပ်ပေါင်းတို့အား အချိုးအမျိုးမျိုးပေါင်းစပ်၍ ရောနော၍ ထည့်ပေးရမည်။

• လိုအပ်သော အပျစ်အကျဲရရှိပါက မပျံ့နှံ့၊ မကွဲလွင့်ဘဲ ကျန်နေသောအမှုန်များ မပါရှိရန် ဇကာဖြင့်စစ်ရမည်။

(၅) အရည်အသွေးထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်း

• ရရှိလာသော ထုတ်လုပ်ပြီး ခရင်များကို ထုပ်ပိုးမှုမပြုလုပ်မီ အပျစ်အကြဲ၊ စေးကပ်မှု၊ အရောင်၊ နှင့် အရြားသတ်မှတ်ထားသော အရည်အသွေးများ ပြည့်မီ/မမီ စစ်ဆေးရမည်။ အရည်အသွေး စစ်ဆေးပီးသော ကုန်ချောပါပင်သည့် အိုးများ (tank) ကို ၂၄ နာရီခန့် ပြင်ပလေ မဂင်ရောက်နိုင်သော အခန်း (clean room) တွင်ထားရှိပါသည်။ ထို့နောက်မှ လိုအက်သော ထုတ်ပိုးမှုပြု လုပ်ခြင်းလုပ်ငန်း ကို စတင်ပါသည်။

(၆) ထုပ်ပုံးခြင်း

အရည်အသွေးအောင်မြင်သောကုန်ချော စရင်များကို အမျိုးမျိုးသော ညှစ်ငူးများ အတွင်းသို့ ဖြည့်တင်း၍ ညစ်ဗူးများကို အပူးပေးပိတ်ခြင်းများလုပ်ဆောင်ပါသည်။ ထို့နောက် ဗူးများကို ပလပ်စတစ်ဖြင့် တခုစီထုတ်ပိုး၍ ထုတ်ပိုးပီး ညှစ်ဗူးများကို စက္ကူဗူးသေးလေးများအတွင်းထည့်၍ ထုတ်ပိုးခြင်း နှင့် နောက်ဆုံးအဆင့်ပြီးစီးသော ဖြည့်ပြီးဘူးများ အား ကတ်ပုံးများအတွင်းထည့်ကာ ဂိုဒေါင်အတွင်းမပိုမီ ထပ်ဆင့်ထားရမည်။

အဓိကဖြစ်နိုင်ခြေရှိသောပတ်ဂန်းကျင်အပေါ် သက်ရောက်မှုများနှင့် လျော့ပါးစေသက်သာစေမည့် နည်းလမ်းများ

အဓိကဖြစ်နိုင်သော ပတ်ပန်းကျင်အပေါ် သက်ရောက်မှုများကို အောက်ပါကိန်းဂဏန်းများဖြင့် တွက်ချက် ဖော်ပြကာ သိသာထင်ရှားမှုပမာကကိုဖော်ထုတ်ပါသည်။

သက်ရောက်မှု အရွယ်စား	ധാന						
ဖြစ်နိုင်ရေ							
မဖြစ်နိုင်မှု	0						
ဖြစ်တန်မှု	J						
ဖြစ်တန်ချေမြင့်မား	9						
အတိအကျဖြစ်မှု	9						
ന്ദ്ര	ာချိန်						
အချိန်တို	Э						
အတော်အသင့် ကြာချိန်	9						
အချိန်ကြာမြင့်	9						
အမြဲတမ်း	9						
အရွယ်	ာ်အစား						
စီမံကိန်း	Э						
အနီးနားဒေသ	J						
တိုင်းဒေသနယ်ပယ်	9						
	န်မှမာက						
နည်းပါး	J						
အတော်အသင့်	િ						
မြင့်မား	ଚ						

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

သိသာထင်ရှားမှု

သိသာထင်ရှားမှုဆိုသည်မှာ အရေးကြီးသောသက်ရောက်မှုများ၏ သက်ရောက်မှုအချိန် ပမာဏများ၏ အဆင့်ကိုဖော်ထုတ်ကာ ကုစားမှုလုပ်ဆောင်ရန် ပမာဏကိုခန့်မှန်းခြင်းဖြစ်သည်။

သိသာထင်ရှားမှု = (ကြာချိန် + အရွယ်အစား + ပြင်းထန်မှုပမာကာ) x ဖြစ်နိုင်ရေ

သိသာထင်ရှားမှု					
သက်ရောက်မှု အရွယ်စား	oeann				
လစ်လျူရှ	< പ്ര				
နည်းပါး	< 90				
အသင့်အတင့်	< €0				
မြင့်မား	> ၆0				

လုပ်သား၊ အလုပ်ရှင်နှင့် သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်တို့ကို ကာကွယ်စောင့်ရှောက်ရန်အလို့ငှာ ပတ်ဝန်း ကျင် နှင့် သက်ဆိုင်သည့် ရှုထောင့်၊ လိုအပ်ချက်၊ အကျူးသက်ရောက်မှုနှင့် ထိခိုက်မှုလျော့ပါး သက်သာ စေမှု၊ လုံခြုံစိတ်ချရမှု၊ ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်လျော့ကျမှုစသည့် ကုစားလုပ်ဆောင်မှုများကို အကောင် အထည်ဖော် လိုက်နာ ဆောင်ရွက်ရမည်။

အဆိုပြုစီမံကိန်းတွင် အုပ်ချုပ်ရေးရုံး၊ အနားယူခန်း၊ ရေချိုးခန်းနှင့်အိမ်သာ၊ အညစ်အကြေးစွန့်ကန် နှင့် ဆက်စပ်အထောက်အကူပြုဝန်ဆောင်မှုများစသည်တို့ပါဝင်ပါမည်။ တည်ဆောက်ရေးနှင့်အကြိုရှင်းလင်းလုပ်ဆောင်မှု များအတွက် ရွေ့ပြောင်းလွယ်သော ဆောက်လုပ်ရေးပစ္စည်များနှင့် စက်ပစ္စည်းများ လိုအပ်ပါသည်။ လုပ်ငန်းအကောင် အထည်ဖော်၍ လုပ်ငန်းလည်ပတ်ခြင်း ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်း ကာကွယ်ရေးလုပ်ဆောင်ရန် အရေးကြီးပါသည်။ မျက်နာသန့် စင်ခရင် ထုတ်လုပ်မှု စက်ရုံများအတွက် လုပ်ငန်း အကောင်အထည်ဖော်၍ လုပ်ငန်းဆောင်ရွက် လည်ပတ်ချိန် အတွင်း လေလွင့်ပစ္စည်း ထွက်ရှိမှု လျော့နည်းစေမည့် စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်များကို အောက်ပါဇယားတွင် ဖော်ပြထားပါသည်။

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်အပေါ် ဆိုးကျိုးသက်ရောက်နိုင်မှုများနှင့် လျော့ပါးသက်သာစေမည့်နည်းလမ်းများ အကျဉ်းချုပ်

သက်ရောက်မှု များ	အရင်းအမြစ်	ပါဝင်မှုများ	သိသာထင်ရှားမှု (D+S+M)xP=S	လျော့ချနိုင်သော နည်းလမ်းများ	ကြွင်းကျန် သက်ရောက်မှု (D+S+M)xP=S
			လုပ်င	န်းလည်ပတ်ရေးကာလ	
လေအရည် အသွေး	ထုတ်လုပ်မှ လုပ်ငန်း စဉ်	VOC, PM	(၄+၁+၆)x၅ = ၅၅ (အတော်အသင့်)	ကုန်ထုတ်လုပ်မှုလုပ်ငန်းစဉ်မှထွက်ရှိခြင်း အနံ့တွက်၊ အငွေ့ ပုံလွယ်သောဓာတုဓာတ်ပေါင်းများနှင့် အမှုန်ထွက်ရှိမှု အနံ့ နှင့် အငွေ့ပြန်လွယ်သောဓာတ်ငွေ့ များ ထွက်ရှိမှုလျော့ချရန် • သင့်လျော်သောလေပင်လေထွက်နှင့် ကျန်းမာရေးသုံးပစ္စည်းများအား	(၄+၂+၂)x၂ = ၁၄ (လျစ်လျရှုနိုင်)
	အရံ ဒီဇယ်မီးစက် အင်ဂျင်	CO, CO ₂ , SO ₂ , NO _x , PM	(၁+၂+၂)x၅ = ၂၅ (နည်းပါး)	ပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်းဖြင့် အနံ့ထွက် ရှိမှုလျော့ချရန် ဟာဉ်များမှထွက်ရှိသော အခိုးငွေ့များထိန်းချုပ်ခြင်းဖြင့် အနံ့ နှင့် အခိုးငွေ့ထွက်ရှိမှုကို ကာကွယ်ရန် သန့်ရှင်းရေးကို စနစ်တကျလုပ်ဆောင်ရန်	(၁+၁+၂)x၂ = ၈ (လျစ်လျရှုနိုင်)
	စွန့်ပစ်ရေဆိုး သန့်စင်စက်	VOC, အနံ့	(၁) (အသင့်အတင့်) (၁) (၁) (၁) (၁) (၁) (၁) (၁) (၁) (၁) (၁)	 စက်ရုံခန်းအတွင်း အနံ့များအားကာကွယ်ရန် ဓါတ်ကြွကာဗွန်အသုံး ပြုခြင်း ဖြင့် အနံ့အသက် ဖယ်ရှားခြင်း နည်းစနစ်များကို အသုံးပြုခြင်း၊ အငွေ့ပြန်လွယ်သောအရည်များအား ပတ်ပန်းကျင်သို့အငွေ့ပြန်ခြင်းကာကွယ်ရန် အဖုံးပိတ် ထားသော 	(၄+၂+၂)x၂ = ၁၄ (လျစ်လူရှုနိုင်)
	ကုန်လှောင်ရုံ နှင့် သန့်ရှင်ရေးလုပ်ငန်း များ	VOC, အနံ့ နှင့် အမှုန်	(၄+၁+၆)x၅ = ၅၅ (အတော်အသင့်)	ပုံးများထည့်သိုလှောင်ကာအေးသောနေရာတွင်သိုလှောင်ရန်နှင့် ၄င်းအရည်များ အား စုပ်ယူနိုင်ရန် ပုံးများ တွင် ပန့် များတပ်ဆင်ထားရန် • စက်ရုံသည် အလှကုန် နှင့် ဆေးဝါးပစ္စည်းထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်း ဖြစ်သဖြင့် ပြင်ပလေမထိစေရန် CLEAN ROOM ထားရှိကာလုပ်ငန်းလုပ်ကိုင်သဖြင့် အခန်းတွင်းအနံအသက်ကင်းပေးစေရန် အခိုး အငွေ့ဖယ်စနစ်များအား ပုံစံပြင်ဆင်စစ်ဆေးရန် ထုတ်လုပ်သော ကုမ္ပဏီ၏ ညွှန်ကြားစာ အတိုင်းအခိုးအငွေ့ဖယ်စနစ်များ မှ ဖယ်ရှားဇကာများအား သတ်မှတ် ချက်မကိုက်ညီပါက ချက်ချင်း အစားထိုးလဲ လှယ်ခြင်း • မီးစက် အင်ဂျင်များအားပုံမှန် စစ်ဆေးခြင်း၊ ပြုပြင်ခြင်းပြုလုပ်ရမည်။	(၄+၂+၂)x၂ = ၁၄ (လျစ်လျုရှုနိုင်)

အမှုန်ထွက်ရှိမှုကိုထိန်းချုပ်ရန်
• အမှုန်အမွှားများ လေရေမြေထဲတွင် ပျံ့နှံနိုင် သောကြောင့် စက်ရုံမှ
အမှုန်အမွှားထွက်ရှိမှုကို ထိန်းချုပ်ရပါမည်။
• ယာဉ်အသွားအလာနေရာများတွင်ပစ္စည်းများကျကွဲပါကချက်ခြင်းသန့်ရှ
င်းရေးပြုလုပ်ရပါမည်။
• ကြမ်းခင်းသန့်ရှင်းရေးမှရသောအမှိုက်မှုန်များ၊ ဖုန့်မှုန့်များ၊ အရောင်ချယ်
ပေါင်ဒါဆေးမှုန်များ (သို့) သန့်ရှင်း ရေး ပစ္စည်းကိုစနစ်တကျ အိတ်ဖြင့်
လုံခြုံအောင်ပိတ်ကာ မစွန့်ပစ်မှီဖုံး အုပ်ထားသော စည်ပိုင်းများ အတွင်း
စုဆောင်းရပါမည်
• ကြမ်းခင်းဆေးခြင်းလုပ်ဆောင်ရာတွင် လှည်းကျင်းခြင်း၊ ရေဖြန်းခြင်းများ
အစား အမှုန်စစ်ဇကာ ပါသော အစို/ အခြောက်လေမဲ့ သန့်ရှင်းရေး
စက်များအား အသုံးပြုကာ သန့် ရှင်ရေးလုပ်ရပါ မည်။
• အကာအကွယ်မရှိသောမျက်နှာပြင်မှထွက်ရှိသောညစ်ညမ်းမှုရှိအမှုန်များ
အား လျော့ချရန်
ရေဆိုးသန့်စင်စနစ်မှအစိုးငွေ့ ထွက်ရှိမှု
ရေဆိုးသန် ့စင်စနစ်မှထွက်ရှိသော အခိုးငွေ့ နှင့် အနံ့များအား ကာကွယ်ရန်
လျော့ချရန် ထိန်းချုပ်ရန် လုပ် ဆောင် ရမည်များမှာအောက်ပါအ တိုင်းဖြစ်ပါ
သည်။
• အနံ့ထွက်ရှိမှု လျော့ချရန်နှင့် နိုင်ငံတော်မှချမှတ်ထားသောလိုအပ်ချက်
များနှင့် နိုင်ငံတကာမှ လက်ခံ နိုင်သော လမ်းညွှန်ချက်များနှင့်
ကိုက်ညီရန် အရိုးငွေ့ထွက်ရှိသော နေရာများအားဖုံးအုပ် ထားရပါမည်။
• အငွေ့ထွက်ရှိမှုလျော့ချရန်အတွက်နည်းစနစ်အသစ်များပြောင်းလည်းစ
ဉ်းစားရန်လိုအပ်ပါသည်။
စက်ရုံအတွင်းအရိုးအငွေ့ အမှုန်အမွှားပျံလွင်မှုထိန်းချုပ်ခြင်း
• ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများ၊ အရည်များအား စည်ပိုင်းများဖြင့် သိမ်းဆည်းခြင်း
ရပါမည်။ ယာဉ်များလာမှုကြောင့် အခိုးငွေ့အမှုန်မွှားပျံလွင့်မှု
ကိုထိန်းချုပ်ရန် စက်ရုံတွင်းလမ်းများအား၊ ပုံမှန်သန့်ရှင်း ရေးလုပ်ခြင်း၊

				ယာဉ်များ ပုံမှန်ပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်း
အသံဆူညံမှု	ထုတ်လုပ်မှု လုပ်ငန်း စဉ်	ဆူညံမှုအဆင့်, dB (A)	(အဘင့်အလင့်) (ဝ+ၫ+ၫ)xပါ = ဝဲဂ	 ဆူညံသံဖြစ်ပေါ် နိုင်မှုများကိုရှောင်ကြဉ်ရန် (၄+၁+၂)X၂ = ၁၄ လုပ်ငန်းသုံးစက်ပစ္စည်းကိရိယာများကို ထိန်းသိမ်းပြုပြင်မှုများ (လျစ်လျုရှုနိုင်) စနစ်တကျ လေ့ကျင့်ပေးရန် ပန့်၊ မော်တာစက်နှင့်လေဖိစက်၊ ဘွိုင်လာများ ပုံမှန်လည်ပတ်ခြင်းနှင့် ပြုပြင်ခြင်း စသော ကြိုတင်ကာကွယ် လျှော့ချရေး နည်းလမ်းများကို လုပ်ဆောင်ရန်နှင့် ရင်းမြစ်တွင် ဆူညံသံလျှော့ချရန် ၄င်းတို့ကို
	အရံ ဒီဇယ်ဆီသုံး မီးစက်	ဆူညံမှုအဆင့်, dB (A)	(အဘင့်အတင့်) (၁+၂+၆)x၅ = ၄၅	သီးသန့်ခန်းတွင် ထားရှိခြင်း • ဒီဇယ်ဆီသုံးမီးစက်များ၊ ဘွိုင်လာ၊ လေဇိစက်များနှင့် လေမှုတ်ပန်ကာ (၁+၂+၂)x၄ =၂ပ များကို အသံလုံ နံရံများဖြင့် ထားရှိခြင်း၊ အသံအကာအကွယ် (နည်းပါး) ပစ္စည်းများ တွင်၂၅ dB ပေါ် အခြေခံ၍ ဒီဇိုင်းထုတ်ခြင်း • စက်ပစ္စည်းကိရိယာများပယ်ယူချိန်တွင် ဆူညံသံထိန်းချုပ်မှု သတ်မှတ်
				ချက်များကို စဉ်းစားရန်နှင့် ပစ္စည်းပေးသွင်းသူထံမှ ဆူညံသံသတ်မှတ် စံနှုန်းများ အတွက် အာမခံချက် ရရှိရန် • ဆူညံသံဖြစ်ပေါ် စေသော စက်ကိရိယာများလည်ပတ်ခြင်းမှထွက်ပေါ် လာသော ဆူညံသံအဆင့် သည် ၆၀-၇၀ dBA ထက်မကျော်လွန် စေရန် ဆူညံသံထိန်းချုပ်မှု သတိပေးဆိုင်းဘုတ်များအား စက်ရုံပန်း ကျင်တွင် တပ်ဆင်ရန်
				 စက်ရုံဧရိယာနှင့် စက်ပစ္စည်းများအနီးတွင် ဆူညံသံအဆင့်ကို အကဲဖြတ်ရန် ဆူညံသံ စောင့်ကြပ်ကြည့်ရှု ရေးကို နှစ်စဉ်ပြုလုပ်ခြင်း စောင့်ကြပ်ကြည့်ရှုရေးကို NEQG standard များနှင့်အညီ ဆောင်ရွက်ခြင်း
ရေအရည် အသွေး	စီးဆင်းဖရ	အရည်ပျော် နိုင်သော အနယ် အနစ်များ၊ သတ္တူ၊ ဒီဇယ်၊ စက်ဆီ၊ ရျောဆီများ၊	(၄+၂+၆)x၅ = ၆၀ (အသင့်အတင့်)	 အနီး()န်းကျင်ရှိ ရေလမ်းကြောင်းများအတွင်း စွန့် ပစ်ရည်စီးဆင်းမှုကို (၁+၁+၆)X၂ = ၁၆ လျှော့ချရန် ရေနတ်မြောင်းစနစ်၊ အပါအ()င် သင့်တော်သော (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်) ရေစွန့်ထုတ်ခြင်း စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုစနစ် ကိုသုံးရန် အန္တရာယ်ရှိ (သို့မဟုတ်) ညစ်ညမ်းမှုဖြစ်ပေါ် လာစေနိုင်သောပစ္စည်း များ (ဥပမာ - လောင်စာ၊ ဆီ၊ ထုတ်လုပ်မှုအဆင့်များတွင်သုံး

		သော(သို့) ထုတ်သောဓာတုပစ္စည်းများ)ကို ရေနှင့်ပေးသော၊ ရေမစိမ့်			ပေါ် လီဆိုင်		
		ဂင်နိုင် သော၊ အသုံးမလိုလျှင် တစုတစည်းတည်း ထိန်းထားရမည်။			ကလစ်၊ အနံသင်း		
		အတင်အချပြုလုပ်သောနေရာနှင့် စက်လည်ပတ်ခြင်းပြုလုပ်သော	•		ဟိုက်ဒရိုကာ		
		ဧရိယာတွင် ညစ်ညမ်းမှုနှင့် ရေနတ်မြောင်း အတွင်း သီးခြားစီ			ဗွန်များ coliform,		
		စက်ရုံမှစွန့်ထုတ်ခြင်း၊ (မစွန့့်ထုတ်ခင် သတ်မှတ်ထားသော			စသည်		
၁၆	: = ၂x(၁+င+င)	အထူးသန့် စင်မှုကို ပြုလုပ်ရန် လိုအပ်ပါ သည်)		(၄+၂+၆)x၅ = ၆၀	ဘီအိုဒီ (BOD),	စွန့်ပစ်ရေဆိုး	
,	(လျစ်လျုရှိုနိုင်)	မော်တော်ယာဉ်ရပ်နားဇရိယာတွင် ဆီစစ်ဇကာများထားရှိခြင်း၊	•	(အသင့်အတင့်)	စီအိုဒီ (COD),		
	4 4.2.	ဆီဖိတ်မဖိတ်ကို ပုံမှန်စစ်ဆေး ခြင်းနှင့် သန့် ရှင်းရေး ပြုလုပ်ခြင်း			ရေတွင်ပျော်ပင်		
		လောင်စာဆီများ နှင့် ကုန်ကြမ်းပစ္စည်းအရည်များသိုလှောင်ရာ	•		သောအစိုင်အခဲ,		
					ရေတွင်ကျရေက်စ		
			•				
၈	=cx(2+c+c)			(g+, j+&)x, j = , jg		မိလ္လာစွန့်ပစ်ရေ	
,	(လျစ်လူရှုနိုင်)				မြေအောက်ရေ	(0 0 1 1	
	G GLIEL		•	.]			
			•				
			•				
		အတွက် မြို့နယ်စည်ပင် သာယာ ရေးအဖွဲ့သို့ သာဆက်သွယ်စွန့်ပစ်					
		ရန်။ စက်ရုံတွင်မိလ္လာစနစ်အား အလုံပိတ်မိလ္လာ စနစ်ကို အသုံး					
	(၁+၁+၆)x၁= (လျစ်လျရှုနိုင်)	နေရာများ အောက်တွင် ဗန်းများခံထားခြင်းဖြင့် ဇိတ်စင်မှုများမှ ရေထုအတွင်းကျရောက်မှုကို ကာကွယ်ခြင်း စီမံကိန်းဧရိယာတွင် မတော်တဆဖြစ်ပွားမှုနှင့် ဆီယိုဖိတ်ခြင်းများ လျှော့ချရန်နှင့် ကြိုတင် ကာကွယ်ရန် အရေးပေါ် အစီအစဉ်များ ရေးဆွဲခြင်းနှင့် လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်းများအတိုင်း လေ့ကျင့် စမ်းသပ်ခြင်း ရေအရည်အသွေးစံနှုန်းများသည် ခွင့်ပြုဘောင်အတွင်းပင်လျှင် လုပ်ငန်းအတွင်း ရေလို အပ်ချက် အတွက် မိုးရေကို ရင်းမြစ်အဖြစ် သုံးနိုင်ရန် စီစဉ်ဆောင်ရွက်ခြင်း မိုးရေများနှင့်ရောပါလာတတ်သော အနည်အနစ်များအားအနည်ထိုင် ကန်ပြု လုပ်စုဆောင်းခြင်း နှင့် သန့် စင်မှုစနစ်မှ ထွက်ရှိသောအနစ်များ သည်လည်းညစ်ညမ်းမှုမရှိစေရန် စက်မှုဇုန် ၏ ညွှန်ကြား ချက် အတိုင်း စွန့်ပစ်ရန် ထိုသို့ ညွှန်ကြားချက်အတိုင်းစွန့်ပစ်ပါက ပတ်ပန်းကျင်လူထု ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့် ဘေးအွန္တရာယ် ကင်းရှင်းအတွက် ကာကွယ် နိုင်ခြင်း၊ ရေ နှင့် မြေအရင်းမြစ်ကို လည်း အချိန်အတော် အကြာထိန်းသိမ်း ကာကွယ်နိုင်ပါသည်။ မိလ္လာကန်များကို ဇီပစနစ်မိလ္လာကန်များအသုံးပြုရန် နှင့် မိလ္လာ စွန့်ပစ်မှ အတွက် မြို့နယ်စည်ပင် သာယာ ရေးအဖွဲ့သို့ သာဆက်သွယ်စွန့်ပစ်	•	(၄+၂+၆)x၂ = ၂၄ (နည်းပါး)	ရေတွင်ကျရေက် သာအနည်, ဆီ နှင့် ချောဆီ မြေပေါ် နှင့် မြေအောက်ရေ	မိလ္လာစွန့်ပစ်ရေ	

မြေ ညစ်ညမ်းမှု	ထုတ်လုပ်မှု လုပ်ငန်း စဉ် သိုလှောင်ဇရိယာ	မြေဆီလွှာ နှင့် မြေအောက်ရေ ညစ်ညမ်းခြင်း မြေဆီလွှာ နှင့် မြေအောက်ရေ ညစ်ညမ်းခြင်း	(၃+၂+၆)x၂ = ၂၆ (နည်းပါး) (၃+၂+၆)x၂ = ၂၆ (နည်းပါး)	ပြုထားပါသည်။	(၁+၁+၂)X၂ = ၈ (လျစ်လျရှုနိုင်) (၁+၁+၂)X၂ = ၈ (လျစ်လျရှုနိုင်)
စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း စွန့်ပစ်မှု	အန္တရာယ်ရှိသော စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ	ရေနှင့် မြေဆီလွှာ ညစ်ညမ်းရြင်း	(၄+၂+၆)x၅ = ၆၀ (အသင့်အတင့်)	<i>စုဆောင်းရြင်း</i> စက်ဆီချောဆီ နှင့် အကြွင်းကျန်အရည်များ ကို ၂ပပ လီတာ ရှိ စတီး	(၁+၁+၂)x၄ = ၁၆ (လျစ်လူရှုနိုင်)
01- 1	အန္တရာယ်မရှိသော	ရေနှင့် မြေဆီလွှာ	(9+J+G)xg = GO	တိုင်ကီများဖြင့် စုဆောင်:သင့်ပါ သည်။ ဘေးအွန္တရာယ် ရှိစွန့်ပစ်	(၁+၁+၂)xg = ၁၆
	စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ	ညစ်ညမ်းခြင်း	(အသင့်အတင့်)	ပစ္စည်းများကို ပိုလီသီးလ် အိတ်များဖြင့် စုဆောင်း သင့်ပါသည်။ <i>သိမ်းဆည်းခြင်း</i>	(လျစ်လျရှုနိုင်)
	ရုံးသုံး စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ	ရေနှင့် မြေဆီလွှာ ညစ်ညမ်းခြင်း	(9+1+6)x၅ = ၆၀	စက်ရုံဧရိယာအတွင်း အစိုင်အခဲစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းအား သီးခြားနေရာ သတ်မှတ် စွန့်ပစ်ရန်	(၁+၁+၂)x၄ = ၁၆ (လျစ်လူရှုနိုင်)

				- ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ရှိစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများထိန်းသိမ်းထားမှု	
				ဘေးအန္တရာယ်ရှိစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများအား စွန့်ပစ်ရန်ပုံး/တိုင်ကီများဖြင့် ထည့်သွင်းစွန့်ပစ်ပြီး ပမာဏ စွန့်ပစ်ထားမှုကြာချိန်များအား သေချာစွာ မှတ်သားရန် - ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်မရှိစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများထိန်းသိမ်းထားမှု ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်မရှိစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများအား ပတ်ပန်းကျင်သို့ မကျရောက်စေရန် ပုံမှန် စွန့်ပစ် ပေးရန် နှင့် လေ နှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင်မြေရေထဲ သို့ မကျ ရောက်စေရန် မစွန့်ပစ်မီ သေချာစွာ သိုလှောင်ထားရန် စွန့်ပစ်မှုပုံစံ • ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ရှိစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများကိုလစဉ် နိုင်ငံတော်မှ ခွင့်ပြုခွင့်ပေး ထားသော DOWA (သို့) စည်ပင်သာယာ ကဲ့သို့သော စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း	
ဓါတု ပစ္စည်းများ အသုံးပြုခြင်းနှင့် ကိုင်တွယ်ခြင်း	သယ်ယူပို့ဆောင် ခြင်း	ယိုဖိတ်မှု နှင့် ပေါက်ကွဲမှု	(၃+၃+၂)x၂ = ၁၆ (လျစ်လျုရှုနိုင်)	များ စီမံခန်ခွဲသည့် အဖွဲ့ အစည်းများနှင့် ချိတ်ဆက်စွန့်ပစ်ရပါမည်။ • ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်မရှိစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများကိုလစဉ် စည်ပင်သာယာသို့ ချိတ် ဆက် စွန့်ပစ်ရပါမည်။ • တာပစ္စည်းများကိုင်တွယ်သောလုပ်သားများနှင့် ထုတ်လုပ်ရေး တာပန်ယူသော လုပ်သားအား တစ်ကိုယ်ရေသုံးအကာကွယ် ပစ္စည်း များဖြစ်သော မျက်မှန်၊ လက်အိတ်၊ ကာဗွန်ဖစ်တာပါ နှာခေါင်းစီး ထောက်ပံ့ပေးရန်နှင့် သင်တန်းနှင့် အခြားေသာဗဟုသုတများပို့ ချ	(၁+၃+၂)x၂ = ၁၂ (လျစ်လျရှုနိုင်)
	ထုတ်လုပ်မှု လုပ်ငန်း စဉ်	ကိုင်တွယ်ခြင်း နှင့် အသုံးပြုခြင်း ဆိုင်ရာလုပ်ငန်းခွင် ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးအန္တရာယ် ကင်းရှင်းရေး၊ VOC, PM	(ခ+၁+၈)x၄ = ၅၆	ပေးရန် သင့်လျော်သောလေပင်လေထွက်စနစ်များတပ်ဆင်ရန် ဆမှုန်စုပ်စက်နှင့် ရေဖြန်းအငွေ့ ဖယ်စနစ်များ တပ်ဆင်ထားရန် တတုပစ္စည်းများသိုလှောင်ရာနေရာများတွင် ယိုဖိတ်မှု နှင့် ယိုစိမ့်မှု ကာကွယ်ရန် စက်ရုံကြမ်းခင်း အား ကွန်ကရစ်ခင်းကာ အီပေါက်ဆီ သုတ်ထားသင့်ပါသည်။ Rohto စက်ရုံတွင် အီပေါက်ဆီ ကြမ်းခင်းခင်း ထားပါသည်။ လုံလောက်သော ရေဆိုးသန့်စင်စနစ် တပ်ဆင်ရပါမည်။	(၃+၁+၂)x၄ = ၂၄ (နည်းပါး)
	သိုလှောင်ဧရိယာ	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	(၅+၁+၈)x၄ = ၅၆	- charastrams adahambanaha asamalalami	(2+0+J)xG = JG

	စွန့်ပစ်မှု	ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးအန္တရာယ် ကင်းရှင်းရေး၊ VOC, PM, မြေဆီလွှာ ညစ်ညမ်းမှုနှင့် အဆိပ်သင့်မှု မြေဆီလွှာညစ် ညမ်းမှု၊ VOC၊ အမှုန်	(ႀကင့်အလင့်) (စ်+၁+၈)xc = စ၉ (အဘင့်အတင့်)	• ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ကင်းရှင်းရေးမှတ်တမ်း (Material Safety Data Sheet –MSDS) အရလိုက်နာ ဆောင်ရွက်ရပါမည်။	(နည်းပါး) (၃+၁+၂)x၄ = ၂၄ (နည်းပါး)
လုပ်ငန်းခွင် ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့် ဘေးအွန္တရာယ် ကင်းရှင်းရေး	ထုတ်လုပ်မှု လုပ်ငန်းစဉ် နှင့် သိုလှောင် ဧရိယာ အရောင်တင်ဆီပြု လုပ်ခြင်း ကြိတ်ခြင်း နှင့် ရောနောခြင်း	အများပြည်သူ ဆိုင်ရာ လုံခြုံရေး နှင့် ကျန်းမာရေး အပူချိန်မြင့်မားမှု ဒက်ခံစားရခြင်း ဓာတုပစ္စည်းအန္တရာ ယ်	(အသင့်အတင့်) (၅+၁+၈)x၄ = ၅၆ (အသင့်အတင့်) (၅+၁+၈)x၄ = ၅၆	 လေထုအရည်အသွေး လုပ်ငန်းခွင်အတွင်းအနံ့အသက်နှင့်အခိုးအငွေ့ကင်းစေရန်လေစုပ်စနစ် များတပ်ဆင်ထားရှိရမည်။ ၄င်း လေစစ်စနစ်အားးပုံမှန်စစ်ဆေးခြင်း၊ လေစစ်ဇကာများကို ပုံမှန် လည်း လှည်ပေးခြင်း လုပ်ငန်းခွင်အတွင်းလေပင်လေထွက်စနစ်များကောင်းမွန်အောင်စီမံ ထားရှိခြင်း တကိုယ်ရည်သုံးအကာအကွယ်ပစ္စည်းများထောက်ပံ့ပေးခြင်း 	(၃+၁+၆)X၂= ၂ဂ (နည်းပါး) (၃+၁+၆)X၂= ၂ဂ (နည်းပါး) (၃+၁+၆)X၂= ၂ဂ (နည်းပါး)
	အဖျော်ရည်များသိုစ လှာင် ခြင်း နှင့် ကိုင်တွယ် ခြင်း အရောင်ခြယ်ပ စွည်းသိခြလှာင်ဖရိ ယာ	မီးဘေး အမှုန်များပျံ့ခြင်း	(အသင့်အတင့်) (၅+၁+၈)x၄ = ၅၆ (အသင့်အတင့်)	• ဝာဂုလညေၾးအကာအကွယ်ပစ္စည်းများထောက်ခဲ့ပေးမင်း စက်ပစ္စည်းကိုင်တွယ်ခြင်း • ကြိုတင်ဆောင်ရွက်မှုများတွင်စက်ပစ္စည်း ကိုင်တွယ်မှုအထောက်အပံ့ ပစ္စည်းများ၊ စက်ပစ္စည်းဆိုင်ရာကိရိယာများ၊ ကြမ်းပြင်မချောအောင် ပြုလုပ်ပေးခြင်း၊ တစ်ကိုယ်ရည် အကာအကွယ်ပစ္စည်းများ အသုံးပြုခြင်း၊ မ-တင်ခြင်းလမ်းညွှန်ချက်များနှင့် အခြားစက်ပစ္စည်း များကိုင်တွယ်မှု နည်းစဉ်များ အတွက် သင့်လျော်သောသင်တန်း များ ပေးခြင်းစသော လုပ်ငန်းခွင် စွမ်းဆောင် ရည်မြှင့်တင်ခြင်း ဆိုင်ရာ ထိန်းချုပ်မှု များပါဝင် ပါသည်။ အွန္ဒရာယ်ရှိသောဓာတုပစ္စည်းများကိုင်တွယ်ခြင်း	(၃+၁+၆)x၂= ၂၀ (နည်းပါး) (၃+၁+၆)x၂= ၂၀ (နည်းပါး)

• လေထုညစ်ညမ်းမှုနှင့်အပူဒက်မှ တားဆီးကာကွယ်နိုင်ရန် ထိရောက်မှုရှိ
သော လေဝင် လေထွက် စနစ် နှင့်လေအေးပေးစက် များ တပ်ဆင်ခြင်း
• လေထုညစ်ညမ်းမှုမှ ကာကွယ်ရန် ထိရောက်မှုရှိသော လေဝင်
လေထွက်စနစ် တပ်ဆင်ခြင်းနှင့် အသက်ရှုလမ်းကြောင်းဆိုင်ရာ
အကာအကွယ်ပစ္စည်းများ အသုံးပြုခြင်း။
• ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများနှင့် ဖျော်ရည်များကို ကိုင်တွယ်အသုံးပြုရာတွင်
လက်အရေပြား ကိုကာကွယ်ရန် ဓာတုခုခံလက်အိတ်များကို
အသုံးပြုခြင်း၊ အသုံးပြီးပါက လက်ကို ဆပ်ပြာဖြင့် စင်ကြယ်စွာ
ဆေးကြောခြင်း။
• ဆေးဝါးအထောက်အကူပြုပစ္စည်းများထားရှိခြင်း၊ အရေပြားပေါ် တွင်
အဖုအပိန့်များ၊ ဓာတ်မတည့်မှုများ ဖြစ်ပေါ် လာပါက သက်ဆိုင်ရာ
ကျွမ်းကျင် ဆရာဝန်များ၏ အကြံပေး ကုသမှုများ ကို ခံယူစေခြင်း။
အဓထာက်အကူပစ္စည်းများ
• ကြိုတင်ကာကွယ်မှုနည်းလမ်းများတွင် တုန်ခါမှုလျှော့ချနိုင်သည့်
ထောက်ပံ့ပစ္စည်းများနှင့် အခြား အင်ဂျင်နီယာဆိုင်ရာ နည်းလမ်း များ၊
အသံဆူညံမှုနည်းသောစက်ပစ္စည်းများကို အစားထိုးစေခြင်း၊
စက်ပစ္စည်းများကိုကောင်းမွန်စွာ ထိန်းသိမ်းကိုင်တွယ်ခြင်း၊ အသံ
ဆူညံသော နေရာများကို လုံခြုံစွာကာရံထားခြင်းနှင့် အသံဆူညံမှု
လွန်ကဲ သော နေရာများတွင် အသံလုံစနစ်များ ထားရှိပေးခြင်း။
မတော်တဆမူများ
• လုပ်ငန်းခွင်အတွင်း၌ အရေးပေါ် ဆေးဝါးအထောက်အကူပြု ပစ္စည်းများ
ထားရှိရမည်။ စက်ပစ္စည်းများ အသုံးပြုရာတွင် ကျွမ်းကျင်မှုရှိသော
အမြဲတမ်းဝန်ထမ်းများအား ခန့်အပ်ထာ ရမည်။
• စက်ပစ္စည်းမောင်းနှင်ကိုင်တွယ်မှုကို သင်တန်းများပေးရမည်။
• ရှေးဦးသူနာပြုပစ္စည်းများ၊ ဆေးဂါးများကို ထားရှိခြင်း
• ဆေးခန်းထားရှိပေးခြင်း
• ရှေးဦးသူနာပြုသင်တန်းများပို့ချပေးခြင်း

Romo-memountum (myanmar) co., Lac.
• ယာဉ် နှင့် စက်ယွန္တရားများကို အရှိန်သတ်မှတ်ပေးခြင်း
• ယာဉ်မောင်းများကို ရရှိထားသောလိုင်စင်အပေါ် တွင်သာအခြေခံ၍
သက်ဆိုင်ရာယာဉ်များ မောင်းနှင်စေခြင်း၊ သက်မှတ်လိုင်သင်အရ
မောင်းနှင်မှုရှိမရှိကို စစ်ဆေးခြင်း
• ယာဉ်ကြောကြပ်တည်းမှုနည်းပါးစေရန် ဆောက်လုပ်ရေးသုံးပစ္စည်းများ
(သို့) ဖျက်ဆီးရာ မှရရှိသော ပစ္စည်းများအား ရုံး၊ ကျောင်းဖွင့်ရက်များ
နှင့် ယာဉ် ကြောကြပ် တည်းချိန်များ ရှောင်ကြဉ်လုပ်ရန်
ကူးစက်ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုကာကွယ်ရန်
• အိမ်သာများ နှင့် မိလ္လာကန်များကို စနစ်တကျ သန့်ရှင်း စွာပြုလုပ်ခြင်း၊
အပတ်စဉ် မြို့တော်စည်ပင်သို့ ပုံမှန်စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း။
• စက်ရုံမှ ထွက်ရှိသောဘေးအွန္တရာယ်မရှိသောအမှိုက်များကို အနီး နားရှိ
ကျေးရွာ၊ ရပ်ကွက် များ ၏ အမှိုက်ပုံများ တွင်စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်းကို တားမြစ်
ခြင်း နှင့် အပတ်စဉ်မြို့တော်စည်ပင် နှင့် ချိတ်ဆက်စွန့်ပစ် စေခြင်း
• စက်ရုံမှ ထွက်ရှိသောဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ရှိသောအမှိုက်များကို အနီး နားရှိ
ကျေးရွာ၊ ရပ်ကွက် များ ၏ အမှိုက်ပုံများ တွင်စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်းကို
တားမြစ်ခြင်း နှင့် DOWA (သို့) စည်ပင်သာယာသို့ ပိုဆောင်
စွန့်ပစ်စေရြင်း
• လုပ်သားများအစားအသောက်စားရန်နေရာ စီစဉ်ပေးခြင်း၊ သတ်မှတ်
နေရာတွင်သာ စား သောက်ရန် ညွှန်ကြားခြင်း
• ရာသီအလိုက်ကူးစက်ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုကို ကာကွယ်ရန်ပန်ထမ်းများ အား
ဆေးစစ်ပေးခြင်း၊ နှင့် ဆေးဂါး များထောက်ပံ့ခြင်း
• ကိုဗစ်-၁၉ ရောဂါကာကွယ်နိုင်စေရန် နေ့စဉ် စက်ရုံအပင် အထွက်ကို
အပူချိန်တိုင်းခြင်း၊ လက်ဆေးစေခြင်း၊ MASK နှင့် မျက်နှာ
အကာများတပ်ခြင်းများ အပြင် ကျန်းမာရေးဌာနများ ၏ ညွှန်ကြား
ချက်များအတိုင်းလိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက်ရမည်။
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လူမှုပတ်ဂန်း	ထုတ်လုပ်မှုလုပ်ငန်း	အများပြည်သူ	$c = cx(\partial + c + c)$	လေထုညစ်ညမ်းမှုကြောင့်သက်ရောက်မှု	(0+0+J)x0 =9
ကျင်ကျန်းမာ	စဉ်	ဆိုင်ရာ လုံခြုံရေး	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)	• စက်ရုံ၏ ခေါင်းတိုင်များမှ ထွက်သောဓာတ်ငွေ့များကို သတ်မှတ်	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)
ရေး နှင့် ဘေး		နှင့် ကျန်းမာရေး		စံနှန်းများအတွင်းရှိမရှိကို ပုံမှန်တိုင်းတာစစ်ဆေးခြင်း	
အွန္တရာယ်ကင်း				• ကုန်ချော၊ ကုန်ကြမ်းပစ္စည်းပို့ဆောင်သောယာဉ်များကို စနစ်တကျ ဖုန်း	
ရှင်းရေး				အုပ် သယ်ဆောင် စေခြင်း	
				• ယာဉ်များကို ပုံမှန်ပြုပြင်စစ်ဆေးခြင်း	
		Г-С	(- , - , C)	ဆူညံသံ နှင့် တုန်ခါမှုကြောင့်သက်စရာက်မှု	(-, -, -, -)
	စက်ရုံမှ ကုန်ချော	အများပြည်သူ	(5+5+g)xJ = J6	• ဆူညံသံမြင့်သော စက်ယွန္တရားများအနီးလုပ်ကိုင်သူများကို သတ်မှတ်	(5+5+1)x1 = 51
	ကုန်ကြမ်းပို့ယာဉ်	ဆိုင်ရာ လုံခြုံရေး	(နည်းပါး)	စံနှုန်းများ နှင့်အညီ အချိန်သတ်မှတ်ကာ အလှည့်ကြ ခိုင်းစေခြင်း	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)
	များ၊ ဂန်ထမ်းကြို	နှင့် ကျန်းမာရေး		• ဆူညံသံအဆင့်တိုင်းတာအကဲဖြတ်ခြင်း	
	ပို့ယာဉ်များ			မီးစက်အင်ဂျင်များကို အသံလုံနံရံ အတွင်းထားရှိခြင်း	
				• တုန်ခါမှုရှိသောစက်ပစ္စည်းများကို အောက်ခံကွန်ကရစ်ပေါ် တွင်	
				အခိုင်အမာထားရှိခြင်း	
				• စက်ပစ္စည်းများကို ပုံမှန်ပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်း စစ်ဆေးခြင်း	
				မတော်တဆမှုများ	
				• ယာဉ်မောင်းများအကြား ဘေးအန္တရာယ်ကင်းရှင်းရေးဆိုင်ရာ အလေ့	
				အထ များကို ပြုစုပျိုး ထောင်ပေးခြင်း။	
				• ယာဉ်မောင်းများအားယာဉ်မောင်းနှင်ခြင်းဆိုင်ရာအရည်အချင်းမြှင့်တင်	
				ပးခြင်းနှင့်လိုအပ်သောလိုင်စင်များလျှောက်ထားခြင်း။	
				• ပင်ပန်းနွမ်းနယ်မှုအားရှောင်ရှားနိုင်ရန် ခရီးစဉ်ကြာချိန်အား ကန့် သတ်	
				ပေးခြင်းနှင့် ယာဉ်မောင်း များအား အလှည့်ကျ စီစဉ်မောင်း နှင်စေခြင်း။	
				• မတော်တဆအ္တန္တရာယ်များ လျော့ချနိုင်စေရန် အွန္တရာယ်ရှိ သော	
				လမ်းကြောင်းများနှင့် ယာဉ်ကြပ်တည်းချိန် များအား ရှောင်ရှားရန်။	
				ကူးစက်ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုကာကွယ်ရန်	
				• အိမ်သာများ နှင့် မိလ္လာကန်များကို စနစ်တကျ သန့်ရှင်း စွာပြုလုပ်ခြင်း၊	
				အပတ်စဉ် မြို့တော်စည်ပင်သို့ ပုံမှန် စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း။	
				• စက်ရုံမှ ထွက်ရှိသောဘေးအွန္တရာယ်မရှိသောအမှိုက်များကို အနီး နား	

				ရှိ ကျေးရွာ၊ ရပ်ကွက် များ ၏ အမှိုက်ပုံများ တွင်စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်းကို	
				တားမြစ်ခြင်း နှင့် အပတ်စဉ်မြို့တော်စည်ပင် နှင့် ချိတ်ဆက်စွန့်ပစ်	
				ဖော်ရင်း င ် င ်	
				• စက်ရုံမှ ထွက်ရှိသောဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ရှိသောအမှိုက်များကိုအနီးနား ရှိ	
				ကျေးရွာ၊ ရပ်ကွက်များ ၏ အမှိုက်ပုံများ တွင်စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်းကို	
				တားမြစ်ခြင်းနှင့် DOWA (သို့) စည်ပင်သာယာသို့ ပိုဆောင်စွန့်ပစ်	
				စေခြင်း	
				• လုပ်သားများအစားအသောက်စားရန်နေရာ စီစဉ်ပေးခြင်း၊ သတ်မှတ်	
				နေရာတွင်သာ စား သောက်ရန် ညွှန်ကြားခြင်း	
				• ရာသီအလိုက်ကူးစက်ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုကို ကာကွယ်ရန်ဂန်ထမ်းများအား	
				ဆေးစစ်ပေးခြင်း၊ နှင့် ဆေးဂါးများ ထောက်ပံ့ခြင်း	
စွမ်းအင်သုံးစွဲမှု	ထုတ်လုပ်မှု	စွမ်းအင်သုံးစွဲမှု	(၄+၃+၆)x၅ = ၆၅	စွမ်းအင်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှု	(9+J+6)xJ = J9
	လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်	မြင့်မားခြင်း	(မြင့်မား)	စွမ်းအင်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုအတွက် နည်းလမ်းမျိုးစုံရှိနိုင်ပါသည်။၎င်းတို့တွင်-	(နည်းပါး)
				• စက်ရုံမှသုံးစွဲသောစွမ်းအင်နှင့်ရေပမာကကိုထိန်းချုပ်နိုင်ရန်	
				တိုင်းတာရေး မီတာများ တပ်ဆင်ထား ခြင်း။	
				• စက်ရုံစီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအလေ့အကျင့်ကောင်းများကိုပြုစုပျိုးထောင်ပေးခြင်း။	
				ဥပမာ- စက်ပစ္စည်းများနှင့် မီးအလင်း ရောင်အား အသုံးမပြု သည့်အချိန်	
				တွင် ပိတ်ထားရြင်း။	
				• လှုုပ်စစ်ချွေတာသောမီးလုံးများ၊ မီးချောင်းများအသုံးပြုစေခြင်း။	
				• စက်ပစ္စည်းအဟောင်းများနေရာတွင်	
	ဒီဇယ်မီးစက်	ဒီဇယ်ဆီသုံးစွဲမှု	(၄+၃+၂)x၅ = ၄၅	ပိုမိုထိရောက်စွာစွမ်းဆောင်နိုင်သော စက်ပစ္စည်းများဖြင့် အစားထိုး	(9+J+J)XJ = 0G
			(အဘင့်အတင့်)	အသုံးပြုစေခြင်း (ဥပမာ-မော်တာများနှင့် အပူပေးစက်များ)	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)
				• မော်တာစွမ်းဆောင်ရည်များ စနစ်တကျရှိစေရန် ကွန်ပြူတာထိန်းချုပ်	
				စနစ်များ တပ်ဆင်ထား ရှိခြင်း။	
				• အပူအအေးပေးခြင်းအား ထိန်းချုပ်ရန် အချိန်တိုင်းတာကိရိယာနှင့်	
				အပူချိန် တိုင်း ကိရိယာများ တပ်ဆင် ထားခြင်း။	
				• အကျိုးသက်ရောက်မှုတိုးတက်စေရန်နှင့်ဆုံးရှုံးမှုများ လျော့နည်းစေရန်	

ရေသုံးစွဲမှု	ထုတ်လုပ်မှု လုပ်ငန်း စဉ် သောက်သုံး ခြင်း နှင့် အခြား	ရေသုံးစွဲမှု မြင့်မားခြင်း ရေသုံးစွဲမှု မြင့်မားခြင်း	(၄+၃+၂)x၄ = ၃၆ (အတော်အသင့်) (၄+၃+၂)x၂ = ၁၈ (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)		(၃+၂+၂)x၄ = ၂၈ (နည်းပါး) (၁+၂+၂)x2 = ၁၀ (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)
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အရေးပေါ် စက်ရုံနေရာ ရေလွှမ်းခြင်း (၁+၂+၂)x၁ = ၅ မီးငြိမ်းသတ်ရေးနှင့်အခြားအရေးပေါ် တုံ့ပြန်မှုနှင့်ဆက်လျဉ်း၍ ဝန်ထမ်း (၁+၁+၂)x၁ = ၄ များ အားလုံးအား သင်တန်း များ ပုံမှန်ပေးခြင်း (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်) မီးဘေး အန္တရာယ် (၁+၂+၆)x၄ = ၃၆ များ အားလုံးအား သင်တန်း များ ပုံမှန်ပေးခြင်း (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်) စည်းမျဉ်း စည်းကမ်းများကို လိုက်နာရန် ဖွဲ့စည်းထားပါသည်။ ထို့အပြင် (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်) အရေး ပေါ်ထွက်ပေါက်၊ မီးငြိမ်းပိုက် နှင့်မီးသတ် ဆေးဗူးကို သတ်မှတ် (၁+၁+၂)x၁ = ၄ ထား သော နေရာများတွင် ထားရှိရန် စီစဉ်ခြင်း (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်) မီးငြိမ်းသတ်ကိရိယာများကို နေ့စဉ် စစ်ဆေးခြင်း					စက်ကိရိယာများကို ဆေးကြောခြင်းသည် ရေပမာကများစွာ အသုံးပြုပါသည်။ နေရာ၌ သန့်ရှင်းရေး ပြုလုပ်ခြင်းတွင် သန့်ရှင်းရေး ပြုလုပ်ခြင်းတွင် သန့်ရှင်းရေး ပြုလုပ်သော အကောင်းမွန်ဆုံးနည်းလမ်းများမှာ- • ရေသုံးစွဲမှု ၅ပ-ဂု၅% ထိ လျှော့ချပေးနိုင်သော ထုထည်သေးပြီး ဖိအား များ သော သန့်စင် စက်ကိရိယာများ သို့မဟုတ် လေငွေ့နှင့်ရေရော နောထားသောစက်ကိရိယာများအသုံးပြုခြင်း • ရေထောက်ပံ့ခြင်းစနစ်တွင် ဖိအားမတည်ငြိမ်မှုများကြောင့် ပြောင်းလဲ ခြင်း သို့မဟုတ် သတ်မှတ် ချက် ထက်မြင့်မားနေသော ရေအထွက် စီးဆင်းမှုကို ထိန်းချုပ်ခြင်း • မလိုလားအပ်သောရေဆုံးရှုံးမှုများကိုရှောင်ရှားရန်နှင့် ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများ သန့်ရှင်းခြင်းအတွက် နေရာ၌ သန့်ရှင်းရေး ပြုလုပ်ခြင်း အလုပ်ရုံနှင့် လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်များကို အကောင်းဆုံးထားရှိခြင်း	
ပိတ်သိမ်းခြင်းကာလ	•	စက်ရုံနေရာ	မီးဘေး အန္တရာယ်	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်) (၁+၂+၆)x၄= ၃၆ (နည်းပါး) (၁+၂+၂)x၁ = ၅ (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)	များ အားလုံးအား သင်တန်း များ ပုံမှန်ပေးခြင်း	(လျစ်လူမျှရှိနိုင်) (၁+၂+၂)x၂ = ၈ (လျစ်လူမျှရှိနိုင်) (၁+၁+၂)x၁ = ၄

လေအရည်	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	TSP, PM	(၁+၁+၆)xg = 90	အမှုန်အမွှားများ ထုတ်လွှတ်ခြင်းကို လျော့ပါးစေသောနည်းလမ်းများ	(၁+၁+၆)x၄ = ၃၂
အသွေး	နေရာ		(အသင့်အတင့်)	အောက်ပါအမှုန်အမွှားထုတ်လွှတ်မှု လျော့ပါးစေသောနည်းလမ်း	(နည်းပါး)
				များ ကို ပိတ်သိမ်းရေးကာလများတွင် လုပ်ဆောင်ရပါမည်။	
				(က) လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ဖရိယာနှင့်အဝင်	
				• ဖိအားများသောရေပိုက်ခေါင်းဖြင့်စီမံကိန်းအဝင်အထွက်နေရာတွင်ယာဉ်	
				များအားဆေးကြောခြင်း	
				• ယာဉ်ဆေးကြောသောနေရာနှင့် စီမံကိန်းအဝင်အထွက်နေရာအကြား	
				လမ်းသားအား ကွန်ကရစ် သို့မဟုတ် ကတ္တရာခင်းခြင်း သို့မဟုတ်	
				မာကြောသော အရာများဖြင့် ခင်းထားခြင်း	
				(စ) ကုန်ပစ္စည်းသယ်ပို့သော လမ်းများ	
				• အဓိကအရေးပါသော လမ်းများအပါအဝင် လမ်းများအားလုံး ကိုသတ္တု	
				ပြားများ ခင်းထားခြင်းနှင့် အမှုန်အမွှား ထုတ်လွှတ်နိုင်သော ပစ္စည်း	
				များကို ရှင်းလင်းထားခြင်း	
				• အဓိကလမ်းမကြီးများကို ရေဖြန်းထားခြင်းအသုံးပြုခြင်းဖြင့် လမ်းမျက်နှာ	
				ပြင် အား စိုစွတ်နေစေခြင်း	
				(ဂ) တည်ဆောက်ရေးဆောင်ရွက်ခြင်းမရှိသော မြေနေရာ	
				• တည်ဆောက်ရေးဆောင်ရွက်ခြင်းမရှိသောမြေနေရာကို မြေသိပ်သည်း	
				စေခြင်း၊ အပင်များစိုက်ပျိုးခြင်း	
				(ဃ) သိုလှောင်ထားသော ပစ္စည်းများ	
				• မည်သည်သိုလှောင်ထားသော ပစ္စည်းမဆို	
				• အမိုးအကာများဖြင့် လုံခြုံစွာ ဖုံးအုပ်ထားခြင်း	
				• အမိုးနှင့် သုံးဘက်ကာရံထားသော အဆောင်အတွင်း သိုလှောင်ထား	
				<u> </u>	
				• ရေဖြန်းခြင်းနှင့် အမှုန်ထွက်ရှိမှုနည်းေသာ ပစ္စည်းများ အသုံးပြုခြင်း	
				(င) ဖုန်မှုန့်များ ထုတ်လွှတ်နိုင်သော ပစ္စည်းများ အတင်အချပြုလုပ်ခြင်း	
				(သို့မဟုတ်) သယ်ယူပို့ဆောင်ခြင်း	
				• ဖုန်မှုန့်များ ထွက်စေနိုင်သော ပစ္စည်းများကို အတင်အချပြုလုပ်ခြင်း	

				သယ်ယူပို့ဆောင်ခြင်းများ ဆောင်ရွက်ရာတွင် ရေဖြန်းခြင်း	
				(စ) အကျိုးအပဲ့အပျက်အစီးများ ကိုင်တွယ်ခြင်း	
				• အကျိုးအပဲ့အပျက်အစီးများကို လုံခြုံစွာ ဖုံးအုပ်ထားခြင်း (သို့မဟုတ်)	
				အမိုးနှင့် သုံးဖက်ကာရံထားသောအဆောင်အတွင်း သိုလှောင်ထားခြင်း	
				• ထိုအပျက်အစီးများကို အမှိုက်ကားဖြင့် စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း မပြုမီ အမှုန်အမွှား	
				များ လွင့်စင်မှုမရှိစေရန် ရေဖြန်းခြင်း	
				(ဆ) လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ရှင်းလင်းခြင်း	
				• မြိုချဖျက်ဆီးပြီးသော ပစ္စည်းများအားလုံးကို လုံခြုံစွာဖုံးအုပ်ထားရမည်	
				(သို့) အမိုးနှင့် အကာအရံသုံးဖက်ပါသော အဆောက်အဦးဖြင့်	
				သိုလှောင်ထားရန်	
	မော်တော်ယာဉ်များ,	NOx, SO2, CO,	(၁+၁+၂)x၅ = ၂၀	အရိုးအငွေအမှုန်အမွှားများ ထုတ်လွှတ်ခြင်း	(၁+၁+၂)x၂ = ၈
	စက်ယန္တာ ရားကြီး	CO2, PM	(နည်းပါး)	(က) ယာဉ်များသွားလာခြင်းနှင့် ဒီဇယ်ဂျင်နရေတာများ လည်ပတ်ခြင်း	(လျစ်လျှူရှုနိုင်)
	များနှင့်			• ယာဉ်များအားလုံး ရပ်နားရန်နေရာတွင် ရပ်နားထားစဉ်နှင့် မလိုအပ်	
	မီးစက်အင်ဂျင်များ			သော အချိန်များအားလုံး စက်ရပ်ထားရန်	
	မောင်းနင်မှု			• ယာဉ်များ၏ အင်ဂျင်များနှင့် အခြားသော စက်များအား ပုံမှန်စစ်ဆေးမှု	
				များပြုလုပ်ခြင်း	
				• ဆာလဗာပါဝင်မှု နည်းသော လောင်စာဆီကို အသုံးပြုရန်	
အသံဆူညံမှု	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး	ဆူညံမှု	(၁+၂+၆)x၅ = ၄၅	အလုပ်ချိန်အတွင်း လျော့ပါးစေရြင်း	(၁+၂+၆)x၄ = ၃၆
	လုပ်ငန်း များဖြစ်		(အသင့်အတင့်)	• တည်ဆောက်ရေးနှင့် ဖျက်သိမ်းခြင်း ဆောင်ရွက်မှုများလုပ်ဆောင်ချိန်	(နည်းပါး)
	သောပိုင်ရိုက်			ကို နံနက် ဂုနာရီမှ ၄ နာရီ အထိ သတ်မှတ်ပါမည်။ ဆူညံသံ	_
	လုပ်ငန်းများ၊			မြင့်မားသော အလုပ်များကို နံနက် ၈ နာရီမှ နေ့လည် ၁၂ နာရီ အတွင်း	
	သံဂဟေလုပ်ငန်း			ဆောင်ရွက်ပါ မည်။	
	များ၊			• ဆူညံသံမြင့်မားသော အလုပ်များ (ထုခွဲခြင်း၊ မြေတူးခြင်း) စသည့်	
	ပိတ်သိမ်း ခြင်း			ဆူညံသံထွက်ရှိတတ်သော အလုပ်များကို တပြိုင်နက်လုပ်ဆောင်ရ	
	လုပ်ငန်း များဖြစ်			မည်။	
	သော အုတ်နံရုံများ			• ညအရှိန်အလုပ်များလုပ်ဆောင်ခြင်းကိုရှောင်ကြည်ခြင်း၊	
	ဖြိုချခြင်း နှင့်			ဆူညံသံထွက်ပေါ် သော ရင်းမြစ်တွင်လျော့ချခြင်း	

	ကြမ်းခင်းခွဲခြင်း			• အသံထွက်နည်းသောစက်များ၊ ကောင်းမွန်စွာပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်းထား သော ကိရိယာများနှင့် စက်များကို အသုံးပြုခြင်း	
	လုပ်ငန်းများ မော်တော်ယာဉ် အပင်အထွက်၊	ဆူညံမှု	(၁+၂+၂)x၅ = ၂၅ (နည်းပါး)	• ဆူညံသံထွက်နှုန်းမြင့်မားသော စက်များကို ဆူညံသံလျော့ချသော ကိရိယာများတပ်ဆင်ခြင်း နှင့် မီးစက်များကို အကာအရံများ ဖြင့်	(၁+၂+၂)x၄ = ၂ဂ (နည်းပါး)
	စက်ယွန္တာရား ကြီးများ နှင့် မီးစက်အင်ဂျင် များ			ထားခြင်း • လုပ်ငန်းသုံးယာဉ်မောင်းများကို လုပ်ငန်းခွင်အတွင်း မလိုအပ်ပါက အင်ဂျင်များ ရပ်ထားရန် သတိပေးခြင်း	
	မောင်းနှင်မှု			ဆူညံသံလမ်းကြောင်းတစ်လျှောက် လျော့ချခြင်း • ဆူညံသံ ထွက်ရှိသော တည်ဆောက်ရေးလုပ်ငန်းခွင်နေရာနှင့် ဆူညံသံ ကြားရနိုင်သော နေရာအကြားတွင် ၂ မီတာမြင့်သော ယာယီအသံကာ	
				များ တပ်ဆင်ထားခြင်း • နားကာ၊ နားကြပ် အစရှိသော တကိုယ်ရည် အကာအကွယ် ပစ္စည်း	
တုန်ခါမှု	ပိုင်ရိုက်လုပ်ငန်းများ၊	တုန်ခါမှု	(၁+၁+၂)xg = Jo	များကို လုပ်ငန်းခွင်တွင် အလုပ်လုပ် နေရသော အလုပ်သမား များအား အသုံးပြု စေခြင်း တည်ဆောက်ရေးနှင့် ပိတ်သိမ်းဖျက်ဆီးခြင်းမှ တုန်ခါမှုလျော့ပါး	(0+0+J)xg = 06
	အုတ်နံရံဖြို ခြင်းလုပ်ငန်းနှင့်		(နည်းပါး)	စေသော နည်းလမ်းများကို စဉ်းစားရန်အတွက် စက်ကိရိယာများ၏ တည်နေရာနှင့် လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်များကို လိုအပ်ပါသည်။	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)
	ကြမ်းခင်းခွဲခြင်းလုပ် ငန်း စက်ယန္တာရား ကြီးများ နှင့်			ဒီဇိုင်းစဉ်းစားခြင်းဖြင့် လျော့ပါးစေခြင်း • ဖြစ်နိုင်ပါက လူနေထိုင်မှုများနှင့်နီးစပ်သော လမ်းများကို ရှောင်ရှား၍ ထရပ်ကားကြီးများကို မောင်းနှင်စေခြင်း၊ အကယ်၍ အစားထိုးရန်	
	မီးစက်အင်ဂျင် များ မောင်း နှင်မှု			လမ်းမရှိပါက လူနေထိုင်မှု အနည်းဆုံးလမ်းကို ရွေးချယ်၍ မောင်းနှင်ရန် လု ပ်ငန်းစဉ်အတွင်းလျော့ချခြင်း • မြေတူးဖော်ခြင်းနှင့် မြေကြီးအပေါ် သက်ရောက်မှုရှိသော လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်များ	
				ကို ဆူညံသံ နှင့် မတူညီပဲ သီးခြားစီလုပ်ဆောင်စေခြင်း • ညအချိန်လုပ်ဆောင်ခြင်းကို ရှောင်ရှားရန်၊ လူများသည် ညအချိန်တွင်	
				၄င်းတို့အိမ်အတွင်း နေထိုင်ကြသဖြင့် တုန်ခါမှုကို ပိုမိုသတိပြုမိနိုင် ပါသည်။	

				လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်ပြောင်းလဲအသုံးပြုရင်း	
				• တုန်ခါမှုကို အထိအခိုက်မခံသော ဧရိယာတွင် ပိုင်ရိုက်ခြင်းမပြုလုပ်ရန်၊	
				ဘူမိဗေဒအရ သတ်မှတ်ခွင့်ပြုထားသော တူးဖော်သည့်ပိုင်ကို အသုံးပြု	
				<u> </u>	
				• တုန်ခါမှုကို အထိအခိုက်မခံသော ဧရိယာတွင် မြေကြိတ်ခြင်း လုပ်ငန်း	
				များ လုပ်ဆောင်ခြင်းကို ရှောင်ကြဉ်ရန်	
မြေပေါ် ရေ	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး/	အရည်ပျော်	(၁+၂+၆)x၅ = ၄၅	တည်ဆောက်ရေး နှင့် ပိတ်သိမ်းခြင်းလုပ်ငန်းစဉ်များကြောင့်ဖြစ်ပေါ်	(0+J+J)xg = J0
အရည်အသွေး	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေး	နိုင်သော	(အသင့်အတင့်)	သော ရွံ့ရေနှင့် အခြား သောရေဆိုးများကို ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး	(နည်းပါး)
	လုပ်ငန်း မှ	အနယ်အနစ် များ၊		ကန်ထရိုက်တာ မှစီမံခန့်ခွဲရမည်။ ကန်ထရိုက်၏ ဥပဒေ စည်းမျဉ်းအဖြစ်	
	ထွက်သောစွန့်	သတ္ဘူ၊ ဒီဇယ်၊		တည်ဆောက်ရေး နှင့် ပိတ်သိမ်းခြင်းလုပ်ငန်းစဉ်အတွင်း ရေထုအပေါ်	
	ပစ်ရေများ၊ ယာယီ	စက်ဆီ၊		သက်ရောက် နိုင်မှုများကို ကန်ထရိုက်တာမှ တာဝန်ယူ စီမံခန့်ခွဲရမည်။	
	မိလ္လာကန်များ၊	ချောဆီများ၊		ရေများစွန့်ထုတ်ခြင်းကို အနည်းဆုံး ဖြစ်စေရန်နှင့် အခြားသော	
	ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများ နှင့်	ပေါ် လီဆိုင်ကလစ်၊		ရေများအသုံးချမှုကို လျော့ပါး စေရန် စွန့်ပစ်မည့် ရေများကို ဇုန်မထစေရန်	
	စက်ဆီချောဆီ	အနံသင်း		ရေဖြန်း ခြင်းလုပ်ငန်းတွင်အသုံးပြုရမည်။	
	သိုလှောင်	ဟိုက်ဒရိုကာ		မြေပေါ် ရေညစ်ညမ်းမှုကို ကာကွယ်ရန် စက်ကိရိယာများပြုပြင်	
	ရာနေရာများတွင်	ဗွန်များ (စသည်)		ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်း၊ ဆေးကြောခြင်း၊ လောင်စာဆီများသိုလှောင်ခြင်းမှ ယိုဖိတ်	
	ယိုစိမ့်ခြင်း၊			ခြင်း၊ ဆီနှင့် ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများ အတင်အချပြုလုပ်ခြင်းနှင့် သိုလှောင်ခြင်း၊	
	ဖိတ်စင် <u>ခြ</u> င်းများ			တည်ဆောက်ရေးပစ္စည်းများ သိုလှောင်ခြင်းများကို ကောင်းမွန်စွာ	
				ထိန်းသိမ်းရမည်။ တည်ဆောက်ရေးလုပ်ငန်းသုံး ပစ္စည်းများကို ဖုံးအုပ်	
				ထားခြင်း ၊ အကာအရံများကာရံထားခြင်းဖြင့် မြေပေါ် ရေအပေါ် သက်	
				ရောက်နိုင်မှုများ ကို လျော့ချနိုင်သည်။	
				ဆီနှင့် ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများ (လောင်စာဆီလှောင်ကန်များအပါအဝင်)	
				တို့ကို ကောင်းမွန်စွာ ထိန်းသိမ်းထားရှိရမည်။ စက်ပစ္စည်းကိရိယာများမှ	
				ယိုဖိတ်ခြင်းများ မဖြစ်ပေါ် စေရန် ပုံမှန်စစ်ဆေးမှုများ ဆောင်ရွက်ရမည်။	
				အစီအစဉ်မရှိ စွန့်ထုတ်ခြင်း၊ ယိုဖိတ်ခြင်းများကို စောင့်ကြပ်ကြည့်ရှုခြင်း	
				အစီအစဉ်အရ အစီရင်ခံခြင်း ကန်ထရိုက်တာမှ ရှင်းလင်းရေးပြုလုပ်ခြင်း၊	
				စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း ၊ အသိပေးခြင်းများ လုပ်ဆောင်ရမည်။	

				မြေကြီးအတွင်း မိလ္လာများတိုက်ရိုက်စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်းကို တားမြစ်၍ အလွယ်	
မြေဆီလွှာနှင့် မြေအောက်ရေ ညစ်ညမ်းခြင်း	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး (သို့) ပိတ်သိမ်း ခြင်း လုပ်ငန်း ထွက်သော စွန့်ပစ် ရေများ ယာယီမိလ္လာ ကန်များ၊ ဓာတု ပစ္စည်းများနှင့် စက်ဆီ ရောဆီ	မြေဆီလွှာ မြေအောက်ရေ	(၁+၂+၆)x၅ = ၄၅ (အသင့်အတင့်) (၁+၂+2)x၅ = ၂၀ (နည်းပါး)	တကူ ရွေ့ပြောင်း နိုင်သော သန့်စင်ခန်းများ ထားရှိပေးရမည်။ ယာဉ်များနှင့် စက်ကြီးများမှ ဆီများနှင့် ဟိုက်ဒရောလစ်ဆီများ ယို ဖိတ်မှုကို ပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရမည်။ ယိုဖိတ်ထားသော ဆီများကိုလည်း ရေဖြင့်ဆေး ကြောခြင်းမှ ရှောင်ကြဉ်ရမည်။ ရေမြှုပ်ကို အသုံးပြု၍ ဆီကိုစုပ်၍ သတ်မှတ်ထား သော နေရာသို့ ရေမြှုပ်အား စွန့်ပစ်ရမည်။ ယာဉ်များနှင့် ကရိန်းများ ရပ်နားရာ နေရာ တွင် အမာခံခင်းထားပေးခြင်း ၊ ဆေးကြောရေများကို စနစ်တကျ ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်းဖြင့် ယိုဖိတ်ဆီများ ပျံ့နှံ့ခြင်းကို ကာကွယ်တားဆီး ခြင်း ပြုလုပ်ရ မည်။ ရုံလုပ်ငန်းသုံး၊စားသောက်ခန်းစသည်တို့မှထွက်ရှိသည့် စွန့်ပစ်ရေများ	(၁+၂+၂)x၄ = ၂၀ (နည်းပါး) (၁+၂+၂)x၂ = ၁၀ (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)
25 (25)225°	သိုလှောင်ရာ နေရာ များတွင် ယိုစိမ့်ဖိတ် စင်ခြင်း များ	25 WW.25°	(0+ 1+6)/0 -00	ကို မိလ္လာကန် အသေးတည်ဆောက်၍ စနစ်တကျ စွန့်ပစ်ရမည်။	(04 146) 1 - 20
စွန့် ပစ်ပစ္စည်း စွန့် ပစ်မှု	စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ (ဆောက်လုပ် ရေးလုပ်ငန်းစဉ် နှင့် ဖျက်သိမ်း ခြင်း လုပ်ငန်း များ မှထွက်ရှိ သော သံတို သံစ၊ သစ်တို သစ်စများ နှင့် အိတ်ခွံ့များ) စွန့်ပစ်မှု၊ ကိုင်တွယ်မှု၊ စွန့်ပစ်သည့် နေရာ ယာယီ	စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း စွန့့်ပစ်မှု	(၁+၂+၆)x၅ =၄၅ (အသင့်အတင့်)	အသုံးပြု၍မရသောပစ္စည်းများကို ပြန်လည်ရောင်းချခြင်း၊ အသုံး ပြုနိုင် သည့်ပစ္စည်းများကို ပြန်လည်အသုံးပြုခြင်းပြုလုပ်ရမည်။ အုတ်ခဲ အပိုင်းအစများ၊ ဆောက်လုပ်ရေးသုံး frame များ၊ အမိုးအကာများကို ပြန်လည်အသုံးပြုနိုင် ပါသည်။ အမှိုက်များကို မီးရှို့ခြင်းကို ရှောင်ကျဉ်ရမည်။ ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး ကန်ထရိုက်တာမှ ဆောက်လုပ်ရေးပန်ထမ်းများကို ဆောက်လုပ်ရေးလုပ်ငန်းခွင် အတွင်း ကောင်းမွန်သော သန့်ရှင်းရေးစနစ်ကို ဖော်ဆောင်ရန်ညွှန် ကြားရမည်။ ကောင်းမွန်သောစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း စွန့်ပစ်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုအစီအမံများမှာ အမှိုက်စွန့်ပစ်နေရာသတ်မှတ်ပေးခြင်း၊ စွန့်ပစ်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုအစီအမံများမှာ အမှိုက်စွန့်ပစ်နေရာသတ်မှတ်ပေးခြင်း၊ စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းစွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း ကို စနစ် တကျ စည်းကမ်းကြပ်မတ်ခြင်း၊ မြေဖို့ခြင်းလုပ်ငန်းများ တွင်ပြန်လည် အသုံးပြုနိုင်ခြင်း၊ ဆောက်လုပ်ရေးပစ္စည်းများ စနစ်တကျ ကိုင်တွယ်နိုင် စေရန် လိုအပ်သော ပစ္စည်းများထောက်ပံ့ပေးခြင်း၊ တာရှည်အထားခံ သော ပစ္စည်းများ ကို ပယ်ယူ အသုံးပြုခြင်း၊ အမှိုက်ထွက်မှု နည်းစေရန် ဘိလပ်မြေ ကို အသင့်ဖျော်ပြီးသား ပယ်ယူအသုံးပြုခြင်းနှင့် ပြန်လည်အသုံး ပြုနိုင်သည့်	(၁+၂+၆)x၂ =၁၈ (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)

လုပ်ငန်းခွင် ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့် ဘေးအွန္တရာယ် ကင်းရှင်းရေး	ပိုင်ရိုက်လုပ်ငန်းများ၊ ဖျက်သိမ်းခြင်းလုပ် ငန်း စဉ်များ။ စက်ယန္တာရားကြီး များ နှင့် မီးစက် အင်ဂျင်များ မောင်းနှင်မှု၊ ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများ ကိုင်တွယ်မှု	လုပ်ငန်းခွင် ဆိုင်ရာ လုံခြုံရေး နှင့် ကျန်းမာရေး	(၁+၁+၈)xq = qo	အမှတ်သား ပါသည့် ပစ္စည်းများကိုသာ အသုံးပြုခြင်း ဆောက်ရေးကန်ထရိုက်တာမှအောက်ပါအခက်များကိုလုပ်ဆောင် လှူက်ရှိပါသည်။	(၁+၁+၆)x၂ =၁၆ (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)
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• တုန်ခါမှုရှိသောစက်ပစ္စည်းများကို အောက်ခံကွန်ကရစ်ပေါ် တွင်
အခိုင်အမာထားရှိခြင်း
• စက်ပစ္စည်းများကို ပုံမှန်ပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်း စစ်ဆေးခြင်း
လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ထိခိုက်မှုမှကာကွယ်ခြင်း
• ရှေးဦးသူနာပြုပစ္စည်းများ၊ ဆေးဂါးများ၊ သင်တန်းများထား ရှိ
သင်ကြားပေးရမည်။
• သင့်တော်သောတစ်ကိုယ်ရည်သုံးအကာအကွယ်ပစ္စည်းများထော
က်ပံကာ အသုံးပြုပုံနှင့် ပြန်လည် ပြုပြင် ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်းများအား
သင်တန်း ပေးခြင်း၊
• လုပ်သားများအတွက် သင့်တင့်သော ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံစေရန်နှင့်
ကျန်းမာရေးအတွက် ယာယီနားနေ အဆောင်များ ထောက်ပံ့
ဖပးရန်
• လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ရှိကြီးကြပ်သူများနှင့် လုပ်သာများကိုလိုအပ်သော
လုပ်ငန်း ခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးအွန္တရာယ် ကင်းရှင်းရေး
သင်တန်းများ ပို့ချပေးရန် ဖြစ်ပါသည်။
• ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ကင်းရှင်းရေးအရာရှိစနိ့့ထားကာလုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမ
ာရေးနှင့်ဘေးအွန္တရာယ် ကင်းရှင်းရေးအစီအစဉ်အားစနစ်တကျ
အကောင် အထည် ဖော်ဆောင်ရွက်ရန်
• အရေးပေါ် အခြေအနေတွင်ဆက်သွယ်ရန် ရဲစခန်း၊ ဆေးရုံ စသည့်
ဖုန်းနံပတ်များထား ရှိပေးခြင်း
• ယာဉ် နှင့် စက်ယွန္တရားများကို အရှိန်သတ်မှတ်ပေးခြင်း
• ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ရှိသောပစ္စည်းများကို ကိုင်တွယ်ထိတွေ့မိပါက
ဆေးကြောနိုင်ရန် မျက်စိ ရေဖြန်းစနစ် နှင့် ဆေးကြောစနစ်များ
တပ်ဆင်ရပါမည်။
• ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ပြဆိုင်းဘုဒ်များထားရှိခြင်း၊ သင်္ကေတများကို
လုပ်သားအားလုံး နားလည် နိုင်စေရန် သင်တန်းပေးခြင်း
ကူးစက်ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုကာကွယ်ရန်

လူမှုပတ်ဂန်း ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး အများပြည်သူ (၁+၃+၆)x၄ = ၄၀ ကျင် ကျန်းမာ ပစ္စည်း (သို့) ဆိုင်ရာ လုံခြုံရေး (အသင့်အတင့်) ရေး နှင့် ဘေး ဖျက်ဆီးပြီးပစ္စည်း အွန္တရာယ်ကင်း များ သယ်ယူသော ရှင်းရေး ယာဉ်များသွားလာမှု	 အိမ်သာများ နှင့် မိလ္လာကန်များကို စနစ်တကျ သန့်ရှင်းစွာ ပြုလုပ်ခြင်း၊ အပတ်စဉ် မြို့တော်စည်ပင်သို့ ပုံမှန်စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း။ စားကြွင်စာကျန်များကို သတ်မှတ်နေရာများတွင်စွန့်ပစ်စေခြင်း၊ စွန့်ပစ်နေရာများစီစဉ်ပေးခြင်း၊ အမှိက်ပုံများကို စနစ်တကျဖုံး အုပ်ထားခြင်း အပတ်စဉ်မြို့တော်စည်ပင် နှင့် ချိတ်ဆက် စွန့်ပစ် စေခြင်း လုပ်သားများအစားအသောက်စားရန်နေရာ စီစဉ်ပေးခြင်း၊ သတ် မှတ် နေရာတွင်သာ စား သောက်ရန် ညွှန်ကြားခြင်း ရာသီအလိုက်ကူးစက်ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုကို ကာကွယ်ရန်ပန်ထမ်းများအား ဆေးစစ်ပေးခြင်း၊ နှင့် ဆေးဂါးများ ထောက်ပံ့ခြင်း စီပံကိန်းအတွင်းအမှုန်အမွှားများအနီးနားကျေးရွာများမပျံ့စေရန် စီပံကိန်းအတွင်းရေးဖြန်း ထားခြင်း စီပံကိန်း သို့ ပစ္စည်းပို့ဆောင်သောယာဉ်များကို စနစ်တကျဖုန်း အုပ်သယ် ဆောင်စေခြင်း စီပံကိန်းမှထွက်သောယာဉ်များကို မထွက်မှီ ဘီးများကို ရေဖြန်း ဆေးကြောခြင်း စာဉ်များကို ပုံမှန်ပြုပြင်စစ်ဆေးခြင်း ဆူညံသံမှားနိုင်သောလုပ်ငန်းများကို ညအချိန်များတွင် မလုပ် ဆောင်ခြင်း ဆူညံသံခာသင့် တိုင်းတာအကဲဖြတ်ခြင်း ဆူညံသံအသင့် တိုင်းတာအကဲဖြတ်ခြင်း စီးစက်အင်ဂျင်များကို အသံလုံနံရံ အတွင်းထားရှိခြင်း တုန်ခါမှုရှိသောစက်ပစွည်းများကို အောက်အင်ဂျင်များကို အသံလုံနံရံ အတွင်းထားရှိခြင်း တုန်ခါမှုရှိသောစက်ပစွည်းများကို အောက်ခံကွန်ကရစ်ပေါ် တွင်အခိုင်အမာထားရှိခြင်း စက်ပစွည်းများကို ပုံမှန်ပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်း စစ်ဆေးခြင်း 	(၁+၃+၂)X၂ =၁၂ (လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)
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				ထိနိက်မှုမှကာကွယ်ခြင်း	
				• ရှေးဦးသူနာပြုပစ္စည်းများ၊ ဆေးပါးများကို အနီးနားရှိ ပတ်ပန်းကျင်	
				ပြည်သူများသို့ ထောက်ပံ့ခြင်း	
				• ရှေးဦးသူနာပြုသင်တန်းများပို့ချပေးခြင်း	
				• အရေးပေါ် အခြေအနေတွင်ဆက်သွယ်ရန် ရဲစခန်း၊ ဆေးရုံ စသည့်	
				ဖုန်းနံပတ်များထား ရှိပေးခြင်း	
				• ယာဉ် နှင့် စက်ယွန္တရားများကို အရှိန်သတ်မှတ်ပေးခြင်း	
				• ယာဉ်မောင်းများကို ရရှိထားသောလိုင်စင်အပေါ် တွင်သာအခြေခံ၍	
				သက်ဆိုင်ရာယာဉ်များ မောင်းနှင်စေခြင်း၊ သက်မှတ်လိုင်သင်အရ	
				မောင်းနှင်မှုရှိမရှိကို စစ်ဆေးခြင်း	
				• ယာဉ်ကြောကြပ်တည်းမှုနည်းပါးစေရန် ဆောက်လုပ်ရေးသုံးပစ္စည်း	
				များ (သို့) ဖျက်ဆီးရာမှရရှိသော ပစ္စည်းများအား ရုံး၊ ကျောင်းဖွင့်	
				ရက်များ နှင့် ယာဉ် ကြောကြပ်တည်းချိန်များ ရှောင်ကြဉ်လုပ်ရန်	
				ကူးစက်ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုကာကွယ်ရန်	
				• အိမ်သာများ နှင့် မိလ္လာကန်များကို စနစ်တကျ သန့်ရှင်းစွာ	
				ပြုလုပ်ခြင်း၊ အပတ်စဉ် မြို့တော်စည်ပင်သို့ ပုံမှန်စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း။	
				• စီမံကိန်းမှ ထွက်ရှိသောအမှိုက်များကို အနီးနားရှိကျေးရွာ၊	
				ရပ်ကွက်များ၏ အမှိုက်ပုံများ တွင်စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်းကိုတားမြစ်ခြင်း	
				• အပတ်စဉ်မြို့တော်စည်ပင် နှင့် ချိတ်ဆက်စွန့်ပစ်စေခြင်း	
				• လုပ်သားများအစားအသောက်စားရန်နေရာ စီစဉ်ပေးခြင်း၊	
				သတ်မှတ်နေရာတွင်သာ စား သောက်ရန် ညွှန်ကြားခြင်း	
				• ရာသီအလိုက်ကူးစက်ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုကို	
				ကာကွယ်ရန်ဂန်ထမ်းများအား ဆေးစစ်ပေးခြင်း၊ နှင့် ဆေးဂါးများ	
				ထောက်ပံ့ခြင်း	
အရေးပေါ်	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး၊	ရေလွှမ်းခြင်း	(၁+၂+၂)x၁ = ၅	• မီးသတ်အခြေခံနှင့် အခြားသော အရေးပေါ် ဖြစ်ပေါ် မှုများအတွက် တုံ့ပြန်မှု	(၁+၁+၂)x၁ = 9
အန္တရာယ်များ	ပိတ်သိမ်းခြင်း	_	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)	များအား ပန်ထမ်းများ သို့ ပုံမှန် လေ့ကျင့်သင်ကြားပေးရန်	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)
	လုပ်ငန်း ခွင်	မီးဘေး အန္တရာယ်	(၁+၂+၆)x၂ = ၁၈	• အရေးပေါ် အခြေအနေများအတွက်လိုက်နာရမည့်ဥပဒေများချမှတ်ထားရန်	(0+0+J)x0 = 9

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)	နှင့် အရေးပေါ်မီးသတ် ကိရိယာများဖြစ်သော မီးသတ်ပိုက်၊ မီးသတ်	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)
ငလျင် အန္တရာယ်	(၁+၂+၂)x၁ = ၅	ဆေးဘူးများ၊ အရေးပေါ် ထွက်ပေါက်များအား သတ်မှတ်နေရာ များတွင်	(၁+၁+၂)x၁ = 9
	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)	ပြည့်စုံစွာထားရှိရန်	(လျစ်လျူရှုနိုင်)
		• မီးသတ်ကိရိယာများအား နေ့ စဉ်စစ်ဆေးခြင်း	

လက္ကေရးဟုန္လ် ခဲ့လူမှီလူမှာရှိသည့္မေ

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ အချက်အလက်များ	တည်နေရာ	စီမံခန့် ခွဲမှု အစီအစဉ်များ		
	လုပ်	ငန်းလည်ပတ်ခြင်းကာလ		
လေ				
အမှုန်အမွှားထုတ်လွှတ်ခြင်း	သိုလှောင်ခန်း၊ အရောင်ခြယ် ပစ္စည်း	• ကောင်းမွန်သည့် လေဝင်လေထွက် စနစ် တပ်ဆင်ခြင်း။		
	ရောစပ်ခြင်းနှင့် အလေးချိန်တိုင်းသည့်	• အမှုန်အမွှား စုတ်ယူသည့်စနစ် ကို ပုံမှန် စစ်ဆေး ခြင်း။		
	ထုတ်လုပ်ကုန် နေရာ၊ အမှုန် အမွှား	• အမှုန်အမွှား စုတ်ယူသည့်စနစ်ကို ထိန်းသိမ်းမှု ပုံမှန် ပြုလုပ်ခြင်း။		
	စုတ်ယူသည့်နေရာနင့် အမှုန်အမွှား စုတ်ယူသည့်	• အမှုန်အမွှား စုတ်ယူသည့်ပိုက် ကို ပုံမှန် စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။		
	ပိုက်လိုင်း	• ကုန်ကြမ်းအမှုန့် များကို ဂရုတစိုက် ကိုင်တွယ်ခြင်း နှင့် အလေးချိန် ချိန်ခြင်း။		
ဓါတ်ငွေ့များနှင့် အော်ဂဲနှစ်	အမှုန်နင့် အငွေ့ပျံလွယ်သောဓာတု	• လေစစ်ဇကာများ စသည်တို့ကို စစ်သည့်ကိရိယာကို ပုံမှန် စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။		
ဒြပ်ပေါင်းများ ထုတ်လွှတ်	ဓာတ်ပေါင်းများဖယ်စနစ် နှင့် ၄င်း၏ ခေါင်းတိုင်၊	• လေစစ်ဇကာများကို စနစ်တကျ ပုံမှန် လဲလှယ်ပေးခြင်း		
ිකුරි :	စုတ်ယူသည့်ပိုက်လိုင်း	• ဆက်သွယ်ထားသော ပိုက်လိုင်းများကို ပုံမှန်စစ်ခြင်း။		
		• ဘွိုင်လာမီးနိုးခေါင်းတိုင် နှင့် မီးစက် ခေါင်းတိုင်များတွင် ဓာတ်ငွေ့တိုင်းတာခြင်းကို		
		အချိန်ဇယားအတိုင်း တိုင်းတာခြင်း		
အနံ့	သိုလှောင်ခန်း၊ ထုတ်လုပ် ရေးနေရာ၊ ရေဆိုး	• အမှိုက်စုထားသောကန်နှင့် အမှိုက်ပုံးများကို အဖုံးအကာ ထားခြင်း။		
1.	ပြန်လည် ပြုပြင်သည့် စက်၊ အညစ် အကြေး	• လေဝင်လေထွက်စနစ်ကို စစ်ဆေးပြီး ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်း။		
	စွန့်ပစ်နေရာ	• တစ်ကိုယ်ရည်ကာကွယ်ရေးသုံးပစ္စည်းများ ထောက်ပံ့ခြင်း။		
ဖရ				
ရေနှင့် ရေဆိုး	ရေဆိုးသန့်စင်စနစ်	• စက်ရုံမှ ရေဆိုးများကို ကိုယ်ပိုင်ရေဆိုး ပြန်လည်သန့် စင်သည့် စက်သို့ တိုက်ရိုက်စွန့် ပစ်ခြင်း။		
		• စီးဆင်းရေထဲသို့ ဆီပါဝင်မှု နည်းစေရန် ဆီနင့်ရေ ခွဲသည့်စက်များ၊ ဆီစစ်စက်များ၊ (သို့)		
		အခြားနည်းလမ်းများကို သုံးခြင်း။		

		• စက်ရုံပြင်ပသို့ မသန့်စင်ရသေးသော ရေများ မရောက် စေရန် စစ်ဆေးခြင်း နှင့် ရေဆိုး
		ပြန်လည်သန့် စင်သည့် စနစ် ၏ ဝင်ပေါက် နှင့် ထွက်ပေါက်ကို စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။
		• ရေဆိုးသန့် စင်သည့် စနစ် ကိုပုံမှန် စစ်ဆေး ခြင်း။
မြေအောက်ရေ	စီမံကိန်းဝင်းအတွင်း	• မြေအောက်ရေထုတ်ယူသုံးစွဲမှုကိုတတ်နိုင်သမျှအလွန်အကြူး မပြုလုပ်ခြင်း။
	, ,	• ရေသုံးစွဲမှုကို ပုံမှန် မှတ်တမ်း ထားခြင်း။
စီးဆင်းရေ	စီးဆင်းရေမြောင်း၏ထွက်	• စီးဆင်းရေအတွက် သီးခြား မြောင်းစနစ်ထား ခြင်း။
	ပေါက်	• စီးဆင်းရေ များ စီးဆင်းရေမြောင်း ထဲ ဝင်ရာတွင် အစိုင်အခဲ စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ ရောပါမှု မရှိစေရန်
		စီးဆင်းရေမြောင်း၏ ထွက်ပေါက်များတွင် ဇကာများ တပ်ဆင်ထား ခြင်း။
		• ၄င်းဇကာများသည် သန့်ရှင်းပြီး လိုအပ်ပါက အစားထိုးနိုင်ရမည်။
		• မည်သည့်အချိန်မဆိုလိုအပ်ပါက စီးဆင်းရေ များကို ထုတ်လုပ်ရေး နေရာများ၊ သိုလှောင်ခန်း များ
		နှင့် အခြားညစ်ညမ်း စေနိုင်သော နေရာများ သို့ မရောက်စေရန် လမ်းလွှဲပေးခြင်း။
မိလ္လာအညစ်အကြေးများ	မိလ္လာကန်	• မိလ္လာကန်များကို ပုံမှန် စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။
		• စည်ပင်သာယာ သို့ ဆက်သွယ် ၍ လိုအပ်သလို စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း
ဆူညံသံ နှင့် တုန်ခါမှု		
စက်ပစ္စည်းများ အသုံးပြု	မီးစက်အခန်း	• ဂျင်နုရေတာမီးစက် နှင့် ဘွိုင်လာ၊ ပုံမှန်စစ်ဆေးပြီး ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်း။
ခြင်း (မီးစက်) နှင့် လုပ်ငန်း	·	• အသံလုံနံရံများထားရှိခြင်း။
လည်ပတ် ခြင်းများမှထွက်	ထုတ်လုပ်ကုန်ဧရိယာ	• ထုတ်လုပ်ရေးဆိုင်ရာ စက်ပစ္စည်းများကို ပုံမှန်စစ်ဆေးပြီး ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်း။
လာသော ဆူညံ သံ နှင့်		
တုန်ခါမှု		
မြေထုညစ်ညမ်းခြင်း		
လောင်စာဆီ၊ ဖျော်ရည်များ	ဓာတုပစ္စည်းနှင့်ဆီ သိုလှောင်ဖရိယာ၊	• အရည်လှောင်ကန်များတွင် အရည်ခံအိုးနှင့် စည်ဘောင်များထား ရှိရပါမည်။
နှင့် သန့်ရှင်းရေးပစ္စည်း များ	လောင်စာဆီသိုလှောင် ဧရိယာ	• ဖိတ်စင်မှုများကို ဖမ်းစုတ်ယူနိုင်စေရန် အရည်ခံအိုးနှင့်စည်ဘောင်များအောက်တွင် ပိတ်စများ
ယိုစိမ့်ခြင်းနှင့်ဖိတ်စင် ခြင်း		စံရမည်။
		• လုပ်ငန်း ဆောင်ရွက်ပြီးလျှင် အိုးနှင့် ဘောင်များကို ချက်ချင်း သန့်ရှင်း၍ သတ်မှတ်ထား
		သောအနီးအနား နေရာတွင် သိုလှောင် ထားရမည်။
		• အရည်ခံအိုးများကိုပိတ်စများနှင့်အတူသိမ်းဆည်းသင့်သည်။
		• အရည်ခံအိုးများကိုအသုံးပြခြင်းနှင့်သန့်ရှင်းရေးပြုလုပ် သည့်အချိန် တွင် အရည်တစ်မျိုးချင်း

စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း စွန့်ပစ်မှု အစီအ	ာစဉ်	စီအတွက် တစ်ခုချင်းစီ သီးသန့် အသုံးပြုရပါသည်။ ထိုသို့အသုံးပြုခြင်းကြောင့် ဆီလျော်မှု မရှိသော မတော်တဆ ရောနော ပေါင်းစပ်ခြင်းများကို ရှောင်ရှားနိုင်မည် ဖြစ်ပါသည်။ (ဆိုလိုသည်မှာ အက်ဆစ်နှင့် မီးလောင်နိုင်သောပစ္စည်းများ) အရည်ခံအိုးများသန့်ရှင်းခြင်းမှထွက်လာသည့် အကြွင်းအကျန်နှင့် ရေများကို လုပ်ငန်းပြီး စီးချိန် တွင်သိမ်းဆည်းရေးကာလတွင် သတ်မှတ် စွန့်ပစ်ကန် (သို့မဟုတ်) ဆီ/ရေခွဲခြား ကြိုတင် သန့်စင်ခြင်း ကန်သို့စွန့်ပစ်ရမည်။ လုပ်ငန်း ဆောင်ရွက်သူများ နှင့် အလုပ်သမားများအားလုံး ၄င်းတို့ ကို အသုံးပြုခြင်း ရှိမရှိ စစ်ဆေးရန် ကြီးကြပ်သူများ၊ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင် ဆိုင်ရာ ကြီးကြပ်သူများတွင် တာဝန်ရှိသည်။
အန္တရာယ်ရှိသောစွန့်ပစ် ပစ္စည်းများ	အမှိုက်သိုလှောင်ထိန်းသိမ်းသည့်နေရာ	 စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများအားလုံး၊ (အန္တရာယ်ရှိ သည်ဖြစ်စေ၊ မရှိသည် ဖြစ်စေ) လွင့်သွားခြင်း၊ မြေမျက်နှာပြင် (သို့) မြေအောက်ရေထဲ စိမ့်ဝင် သွားခြင်း မရှိအောင်ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်း။ အန္တရာယ်ရှိသောစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများပါဝင်သော ကွန်တိန်နာများ (သို့) ကန်များတွင် 'အန္တရာယ်ရှိ သောစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ' ဟု ရှင်း လင်းစွာ တံဆိပ်တပ်ထား ခြင်း။ အန္တရာယ်ရှိသောစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများသည် ထုတ်လုပ်မှုများအရ ပမာက နှင့် ထိန်းသိမ်းရန် အချိန် ကာလ များ ကွဲပြား၍ သတ်မှတ်ချက်အရ ပုံမှန်စွန့်ပစ်ရန် သန့် စင်ခြင်းနှင့် အခြောက်ခံသော အော်ဂဲနစ်ရောင်ခြယ်အိတ်များ နှင့် စည်များကို စွန့် ပစ်ရာ တွင် အန္တရာယ်ရှိ သောစွန့်ပစ် ပစ္စည်းများ အဖြစ်စွန့် ပစ်ရမည်။ အန္တရာယ်ရှိသောစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများသည် ဒိုဝါကဲ့သို့ သတ်မှတ်ထားသော စွန့် ပစ်ပစ္စည်း ပြန်လည် ပြုပြင် သည့် နေရာများ သို့ စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း။ စွန့် ပစ်ပစ္စည်း အမျိုးအစားနှင့် ပမာကကို မှတ်တမ်းထားခြင်း။
အန္တရာယ်မရှိသော စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ	အမှိုက်သိုလှောင်ထိန်းသိမ်းသည့်နေရာ	 အန္တရာယ်မရှိသော စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ ကို ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်သို့လွင့်သွားခြင်း နှင့် စုပုံခြင်းမှ ကာကွယ်ရန် ပုံမှန် စွန့်ပစ်မှုပြုလုပ်ခြင်း။ အန္တရာယ်မရှိသော စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများကို လေထဲလွင့်သွားခြင်း၊ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင် ရှိ နေရာများ နှင့် ရေ ထဲ ရောက်ရှိခြင်းမှ ကာကွယ် ရန် ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုပြုခြင်း။ အန္တရာယ်မရှိသော စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ ကို သက်ဆိုင်ရာမြို့နယ် စည်ပင်သာယာရေးအဖွဲ့စည်း သို့စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း။ စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းအမျိုးအစားနှင့် ပမာကာကို ပုံမှန်မှတ်တမ်းယူခြင်း။

အရြား		
— လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ဆိုင်ရာ	စက်ရုံဧရိယာ	• စက်ရုံဥပဒေ နှင့် အညီ လိုအပ်သော ထောက်ပံ့ရေးပစ္စည်း များ ရှိစေခြင်း။
ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့် လုံခြုံရေး		• အလုပ်သမားများအတွက်ပုံမှန် ကျန်းမာရေး ဆေးစစ်မှုများလုပ် ပေးခြင်း။
အစီအစဉ်		• အလုပ်သမားအသစ်များကို လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ဆိုင်ရာ ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့် လုံခြုံရေး သင်တန်းများ ပုံမှန်
		ပေး <u>ခြ</u> င်း။
		• မတော်တဆမှုများ နှင့် ထိခိုက်ဒက်ရာရရှိမှုများ ကို မှတ်တမ်းထားခြင်း။
		• နစ်နာမှုတိုင်ကြားမည့်စနစ်များအကောင်အထည်ဖော်ခြင်း။
		• လုပ်ငန်းခွင်အတွင်းအရေးပေါ် အခြေအနေဖြစ်ပေါ် ပါက ဆက်သွယ်ရန် ဆေးရုံ၊ မီးသတ်၊
		ရဲစခန်း စသည့်ဖုန်းနံပတ်များအလွယ်တကူထားရှိပေးခြင်း။
		• လုပ်ငန်းခွင်အတွင်းယာဉ်အရှိန်သတ်မှတ်ပေးခြင်း။
		• သက်ဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ငန်းခွင်အလိုက် PPE ပတ်ဆင်မှုရှိမရှိကို စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။
		• အိမ်သာ နှင့် မိလ္လာစနစ်များသန့် စင်မှုရှိမရှိကို စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။
		• ယာကီအမှိုက်စုကန်များ၊ အမှိုက်ပုံးများ ကိုပုံမှန်စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။
		• ကူးစက်ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုကာကွယ်ရန် ဆေးဂါးထောက်ပံ့မှုများပြုလုပ်ခြင်း။
		• ရှေးဦးသူနာပြုဆေးပစ္စည်းများ နှင့် ကုသမှုနည်းများထောက်ပံ့ပေးခြင်း။
လူမှုပတ်ပန်းကျင်	ဒေသဆိုင်ရာ	• လိုအပ်သော ထောက်ပံ့ရေးပစ္စည်း များ ရှိစေခြင်း။
ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့်		• ကားမောင်းစဉ် ကားမောင်းသမားအား ယာဉ်အမြန်နှုန်းသတ်မှတ်မောင်းနှင်စေခြင်း
ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ကင်းရှင်းရေး		• ကုန်ကြမ်းများ သယ်ယူပို့ဆောင်ရာတွင် MSDS တွင် ဖော်ပြထားသော သယ်ယူပို့
		ဆောင်ရေး နည်းလမ်းများအရ အများပြည်သူထိခိုက်မှုမရှိစေရန်လုပ်ဆောင်ခြင်း။
		• မတော်တဆမှုများ နှင့် ထိခိုက်ဒဏ်ရာရရှိမှုများ ကို မှတ်တမ်းထားခြင်း။
		• နစ်နာမှုတိုင်ကြားမည့်စနစ်များအကောင်အထည်ဖော်ခြင်း။
		• အရေးပေါ် အခြေအနေဖြစ်ပေါ် ပါက ဆက်သွယ်ရန် ဆေးရုံ၊ မီးသတ်၊ ရဲစခန်း စသည့်ဖုန်းနံပတ်
		များအလွယ်တကူထားရှိပေးခြင်း။
		• ကူးစက်ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုကာကွယ်ရန် ဆေးဂါးထောက်ပံ့မှုများပြုလုပ်ခြင်း။
		• ရှေးဦးသူနာပြုဆေးပစ္စည်းများ နှင့် ကုသမှုနည်းများထောက်ပံ့ပေးခြင်း။
		• ကိုဗစ-၁၉ ကာကွယ်ထိန်းချုပ်ရေးကို ဥပဒေကို အထူးဂရုပြုလိုက်နာရမည်။
လူမူရေးအရထည့်သွင်း	စက်ရုံဧရိယာ နှင့် ဒေသ ဆိုင်ရာ နေရာများ	• လူမှုရေးဆိုင်ရာ တာဝန်ယူမှုအဖွဲ့ အစည်း ရန်ပုံငွေကို သတ်မှတ်ထားရှိခြင်း

စဉ်းစားမှုများ		• အလုပ်အကိုင်အခွင့်အလမ်းများဖန်တီးပေးခြင်း။		
S X V		• အလုပ်သမားများအတွက် လူမှုဖွံ့ဖြိုးရေးအစီအစဉ်များကို ပုံမှန် စီမံခန့် ခွဲပေးခြင်း။		
အရေးပေါ် အန္တရာယ်များ	စက်ရုံဧရိယာ	• ဝန်ထမ်းများအားလုံးအတွက် မီးသတ်နှင့် အခြားအရေးပေါ် တုံ့ပြန်ရေး ဆိုင်ရာ သင်တန်းများနှင့်		
,		လေ့ကျင့် မှုများ ပုံမှန်ပေးခြင်း။		
		• စီမံကိန်းသည် မီးအရေးပေါ် အန္တရာယ်အတွက် သက်ဆိုင်သောနည်းလမ်းများ၊ ဥပဒေများ		
		နှင့်အညီ ဖန်တီးထားခြင်း။ ထို့နောက် အရေးပေါ် ထွက်ပေါက်များ၊ မီးသတ်ပိုက်များနှင့်		
		မီးသတ်ဆေးဘူးများကို တိကျ သေချာသော ဒီဇိုင်း၊ အနေအထားများဖြင့် ထားရှိခြင်း။		
		• မီးသတ်ပစ္စည်းများကို နေ့ စဉ် စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။		
သင်တန်းပေးခြင်း နှင့်	အလုပ်သမားများ	• အလုပ်သမားများအားလုံးကို (အကောင်းဆုံးစီမံခန့် ခွဲခြင်းအလေ့အကျင့် - BMP) ဆိုင်ရာ		
ပညာပေး		ညှိနှိုင်းပွဲများနှင့် ညစ်ညမ်းမှုနှင့် ညစ်ညမ်းမှုတားဆီးရေးဆိုင်ရာဆွေးနွေးပွဲများကို ပုံမှန်အချိန် ဇယား နှင့် တက်စေခြင်း။		
		• သင်တန်းပေးခြင်းတွင် လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်းများ၊ BMP နည်းပညာများ၊ ကြီးကြပ်ရေးမှုးတာဝန်နှင့်		
		တာဝန်ယူမှုများကို အလေးပေးဖော်ပြ ထားရမည်။		
		• စာချုပ်ခွဲများချုပ်ဆိုထားသော ကုမ္ပဏီများအား BMP သင်တန်းပေး အစီအစဉ်များတွင် ပါဝင်ရန်		
		ပြင်းထန်စွာ တွန်းအားပေးရမည်။		
		• အလုပ်သမားအသစ်များကို BMPs ကို အလုပ်စသောနေ့မှ စပြီး သတိပြုစေခြင်းနှင့် ပုံမှန်		
		အသိပေးခြင်း။		
		ဝိတ်သိမ်းရေးကာလ		
လေ				
အမှုန်အမွှား ထုတ်လွှတ်ခြင်း	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေးလုပ်ငန်းခွင် နှင့် လမ်း	• လိုအပ်သည့်နေရာတိုင်းကို ရေဖြန်းခြင်း။		
	(လုပ်ငန်းခွင် အရှေ့ ဘက်)			
လုပ်ငန်း သုံး ယာဉ်များ မှ	အကြီးစား စက်ပစ္စည်းများ နှင့် မီးစက် များ	• ယာဉ်များမှ ဓါတ်ငွေ့ထုတ်လွှတ်မှု နှင့် ညစ်ညမ်းမှု ဖြစ်ပွားခြင်းကို ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုများနှင့် သေချာစွာ		
ထွက်လာ သော ဓါတ်ငွေ့များ		စစ်ဆေး ခြင်း။		
ရေနှင့် ရေဆိုး	ရေနှင့် ရေဆိုး			
မြေအောက်ရေ	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေးလုပ်ငန်းခွင်	• မြေအောက်ရေထုတ်ယူမှု မပြုလုပ်ခြင်း။		
မြေပေါ် ရေ အရင်းအမြစ်များ	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေးလုပ်ငန်းခွင်	• စက်ရုံအပြင်ဘက် နှင့် မင်္ဂလားခုံစက်မှုဥယျာဉ် ၏ ရေမြောင်းအတွင်း (စက်မှုဇုန် retaining		

_		
		channel) သို့
သောက်ရေလိုအပ်မှု	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေးလုပ်ငန်းခွင်	• သန့် ့စင်ထားသော သောက်ရေ စီမံပေးခြင်း။
အလုပ်သမားစခန်းများမှ	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေးလုပ်ငန်းခွင်	• သင့်တော်သော မိလ္လာစနစ် နှင့် ရေမြောင်းစနစ် အသုံး ပြုခြင်း၊ ရေဆိုးများကို ရေအရင်းအမြစ်
ထွက်လာသော ရေဆိုး		(မြစ်၊ချောင်း၊ ကန်) များ နှင့် စက်မှုဇုန် retaining channel များထဲ သို့ တိုက်ရိုက်စွန့်ပစ်မှု
		မပြုခြင်း။
		• မိလ္လာရေဆိုးများကို တာဝန်ရှိသော အဖွဲ့ဆီသို့သာ စွန့်ပစ်စေခြင်း။
ဆူညံသံ နှင့် တုန်ခါမှု		
စက်ပစ္စည်းများ နှင့် ပိတ်သိမ်း	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေးလုပ်ငန်းခွင် ကြီးမားသော	• စက်ပစ္စည်းများကို စံသတ်မှတ်ထားသော ဆူညံသံ နှင့် တုန်ခါမှု အဆင့်များနှင့် အညီဖြစ်စေခြင်း။
ရေး လုပ်ငန်း များ မှ ဆူညံသံ	စက်ပစ္စည်းများ နှင့် မီးစက် များ	• စက်ပစ္စည်းများကိုပုံမှန် စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။
နှင့် တုန်ခါမှု		
မြေ		
မြေပြုပြင်မှု	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေးလုပ်ငန်းခွင်	• အစိမ်းရောင်မြေနေရာ ဇွံ့ဖြိုးရေး တွင် အသုံးချရန် တူးဖော်ထား သော မြေများကိုမူလအခြေအနေ
		အတိုင်း ထိန်းသိမ်းထားခြင်း။
စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ စွန့်ပစ်မှု အစီး	အစဉ်	
အန္တရာယ်ရှိသော စွန့်ပစ်	အမှိုက်သိုလှောင်ထိန်းသိမ်းသည့်နေရာ	• စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ လွင့်သွားခြင်း၊ မြေမျက်နှာပြင် (သို့) မြေအောက်ရေထဲစိမ့်ဝင်သွားခြင်း မရှိ
ပစ္စည်းများ (ဆေးပျော်ရည်		အောင် ထိန်းသိမ်း <u>ခြ</u> င်း။
များ၊ ဆီ နှင့် ဓါတုပစ္စည်းများ)		• စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများကိုအမျိုးစားခွဲခြားထိန်းသိမ်းထားခြင်း
		• ပမာဏကို မှတ်တမ်းတင်ခြင်း
		• စနစ်တကျကိုင်တွယ်ခြင်း
		• DOWA (သို့) စည်ပင်သာယာအဖွဲ့ သို့ ပို့ဆောင် စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း
အန္တရာယ်မရှိသော စွန့်ပစ်	အမှိုက်သိုလှောင်ထိန်းသိမ်းသည့်နေရာ	• အန္တရာယ်မရှိသောစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများကို ပတ်ဝန်းကျင် သို့လွင့်သွားခြင်းနှင့် စုပုံခြင်းမှ ကာကွယ်ရန်
ပစ္စည်းများ (ဆောက်လုပ်		ပုံမှန် စွန့်ပစ်မှုပြုလုပ်ခြင်း။
ရေးသုံး စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများ၊		• အန္တရာယ်မရှိသောစွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများကိုလေထဲလွင့်သွား ခြင်း၊ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ရှိနေရာများ နှင့် ရေထဲ
ပလတ်စတစ်များ)		ရောက်ရှိခြင်းမှ ကာကွယ်ရန် ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုပြုခြင်း။
		• အန္တရာယ်မရှိသော စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများကို စည်ပင်သာ ယာသို့ပို့ပြီး စွန့်ပစ်ရပါမည်။
		• စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းပမာကာကို ပုံမှန် မှတ်တမ်း ယူခြင်း ။
အ ြား		

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ဆိုင်ရာ	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး၊ ပိတ်သိမ်းရေး လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	• စက်ရုံဥပဒေနှင့်အညီလိုအပ်သော ထောက်ပံ့ရေးပစ္စည်း များ ရှိစေခြင်း။
ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့် လုံခြုံရေး		• မတော်တဆမှုများ နှင့် ထိခိုက်ဒက်ရာရရှိမှုများကို မှတ်တမ်းထားခြင်း။
အစီအစဉ်		
လူမှုပတ်ပန်းကျင် ကျန်းမာရေး	ဒေသဆိုင်ရာနေရာများ	• လိုအပ်သော ထောက်ပံ့ရေးပစ္စည်းများ ရှိစေခြင်း။
နှင့် ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ကင်းရှင်း		• ယာဉ်မောင်းများအား ယာဉ်စည်းကမ်း၊ လမ်းစည်းကမ်း လိုက်နာစေရန် ကြီးကြပ်ကွပ်ကဲစေခြင်း
ଡବ୍		• မတော်တဆမှုများနှင့် ထိခိုက်ဒက်ရာရရှိမှုများကို မှတ်တမ်းထားရှိခြင်း။
လူမူရေးအရထည့်သွင်းစဉ်းစား	အနီးပတ်ပန်းကျင်ရပ်ရွာများ	• အလုပ်အကိုင်အခွင့်အလမ်းများ ဖန်တီးပေးခြင်း။
မှုများ		
အရေးပေါ် အန္တရာယ်များ	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး၊ ပိတ်သိမ်းရေးလုပ်ငန်းခွင်	• ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံမှု ပြဌာန်းချက်များ အရ ထိန်းသိမ်းခြင်း။
		• နေ့စဉ် လုံခြုံရေးဆိုင်ရာ အစည်းအဝေး ပြုလုပ်ခြင်း။
		• တစ်ကိုယ်ရည်လုံခြုံမှု ပစ္စည်းများကို စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။

ဓါတုပစ္စည်းစီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်

စီမံခန့် ခွဲမှုခေါင်းစဉ်	စီမံခန့် <u>ခွဲ</u> မှုအစီအစဉ်များ
ဝါတုအန္တရာယ်သတ်မှတ်ချက်များ	• စက်ရုံမှကိုယ်စားလှယ်များသည် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ်သူများ မှ ညွှန်ကြား သော လုပ်ဆောင်
	ချက်များနှင့်အတူ ဓါတုပစ္စည်းနှင့် လောင်စာ ဆိုင်ရာ ဆက်စပ် အန္တရာယ်များ ကို အစဉ်သတိပြုပြီး ထိန်းချုပ်မှု အစီအစဉ်များ ကို
	လုပ်ဆောင်ရမည်။ ဓါတုမှတ်ပုံတင် (သို့) သင့်တော် သည့် မူဂါဒကြေငြာစာတမ်းများတွင်ပါဂင်သည့် မီးခိုး၊ ဖုန်၊ အခြားပျံ့နှံ့နေသော
	အငွေ့များကဲ့သို့ အန္တရာယ်ရှိသော အခြားလုပ်ငန်းစဉ်များ ကိုထည့်သွင်းစဉ်းစားရမည်။
	• ထုတ်လုပ်ရေး၊ အန္တရာယ်ရှိသည့်ကုန်ပစ္စည်းများနှင့် ကုန်စည်များ အတွက် မှတ်ပုံတင်များ နှင့် ဓါတုမှတ်တမ်းများ၊ သိုလှောင် ထားသော
	ဓါတုပစ္စည်းများနှင့် လောင်စာများအားလုံးအတွက် ဓါတုမှတ်တမ်းများကို တာဂန်ကျရာနေရာမှလူများ အလွယ်တကူ ဖတ်နိုင် အောင်
	ထားရှိရမည်။
	• ဓါတုပစ္စည်းများအားလုံးအတွက် ရှိထားပြီးသည့် ဓါတုပစ္စည်းလုံခြုံမှုအချက်အလက်စာရွက်များ ကို ကွန်ပြူတာ ဟတ်ဒ်ဒစ် များကဲ့သို့သော
	အီလက်ထရွန်းနှစ်စက်များတွင်သိမ်းဆည်းထားခြင်းဖြင့် လိုအပ်ပါက လွယ်ကူစွာ ယူဆောင်ကြည့်ရှုနိုင်သည်။ ဓါတုပစ္စည်း
	တစ်ခုချင်းစီအတွက် လုံခြုံမှု အချက်အလက်စာရွက်များကို ၄င်းတို့ရှိရာနေရာတွင် လူတိုင်းအလွယ်တကူရရှိနိုင် အောင်ထား ရှိရမည်။
ဝါတုအန္တရာယ်အကဲဖြတ်မှု	• မည်သည့် အန္တရာယ်ရှိသည့်ပစ္စည်းမဆို ဂယ်ယူ အသုံးပြုခွင့်မရှိပါ။
	\succ အဆိုပါအသုံးပြုမှုများနှင့် ပစ္စည်းတစ်ခုချင်းစီ၏ သိုလှောင်ထားမှုသည် အန္တရာယ်ရှိ သော ကြောင့် အမျိုးသားရေးဆိုင်ရာ
	စည်းမျဉ်းစည်းကမ်းများ၊ နည်းစနစ်များနှင့်အညီ အကဲဖြတ် အတည်ပြုရပါသည်။

	🗲 ဓါတုအန္တရာယ်အကဲဖြတ်မှုကိုမှတ်တမ်းတင်ထားပြီး ၄င်း၏ စီမံခန့် ခွဲမှုဆိုင်ရာ အကြံပေးချက် များကို သင့်တော်သည့် အချိန်တွင်
	စံသတ်မှတ်ချက် လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်းများ ၊ အခြားစာရွက် စာတမ်းများ နှင့် ပေါင်းစည်းပြီး အကောင်အထည် ဖော်ရသည်။
	• စားသောက်ထုတ်ကုန်များသည် ပမာကာများစွာအသုံးပြုခြင်း (သို့) အခြား ရည်ရွယ်ချက်အတွက် အသုံးပြုခြင်းမရှိပါက အန္တရာယ်
	အကဲဖြတ်မှုမလိုအပ်ပါ။ အာဂ
	• ပြီးစီးသောအန္တရာယ်အကဲ့ဖြတ်မှုများကို ဓါတုအန္တရာယ်အကဲဖြတ်မှုမှတ်တမ်းနှင့် သိသာထင်ရှား သောအန္တရာယ်အကဲဖြတ်မှု မှတ်တမ်းများ
	တွင် သင့်တော်သလို မှတ်တမ်းထားရှိရမည်။
	• ဓါတုနှင့် လောင်စာများကို အချို့သောအခြေအနေများ နှင့် ပြောင်းလဲမှုများပေါ် လိုက်ပြီး ပြန်လည်အကဲဖြတ်ရမည်။
ဓါတုအန္တရာယ် ထိန်းချုပ်ရေး	• သိသာထင်ရှားသည့် အန္တရာယ်များကို ဖော်ထုတ်ထားရှိသည့်နေရာတိုင်း တွင် အန္တရာယ်အကဲဖြတ်မှုများအတွက် ထိန်းချုပ်ရေး ဆောင်ရွက်
ဆောင်ရွက်ချက်များ	ချက်များ ကို ဓါတုပစ္စည်းများအသုံးမပြုမီ အကောင် အထည်ဖော်ဆောင်ရွက်ရမည်ဖြစ်သည်။
	• တံဆိပ်တပ်ခြင်းသည်လည်း ဓါတုပစ္စည်းများကို သယ်ယူပို့ဆောင်ခြင်း၊ သိုလှောင်ခြင်း၊ ကိုင်တွယ် ခြင်း နှင့်စွန့့်ပစ်မှုအတွက်
	ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုအစီအစဉ်တစ်ခုဖြစ်သည်။ ဓါတုပစ္စည်းများ၊ ထုတ်ကုန်များ နှင့် စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများပါဂင်သည့် ကွန်တိန်နာများကို
	တံဆိပ်မှန်ကန်စွာတပ်ထားရမည်။ ထို့အပြင် အန္တရာယ်ရှိသည့် ပစ္စည်းများပါလင်သည့် ဗီဒိုများကို သင့်တော်သည့် အမှတ်အသား များကပ်ပြီး
	ကောင်းမွန်စွာထားရှိရမည်။ အောက်ပါ အချက်အလက်များအတိုင်း လိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက်ရမည်။
	🕒 သိုလှောင်သည့်နေရာ၏ အောက်ခြေသည် အရည်မစိမ့်ပင်နိုင်သည့် အလွှာဖြစ်ရမည်။
	🗲 သိုလှောင်သည့်နေရာသည် ရေစီးမြောင်းများ၊ တွင်းများနှင့် မြေပေါ် ရေ၏ အပေးတွင် ထားရှိရမည်။
	 အထူးသဖြင့်ကုန်ပစ္စည်းသိုလှောင်မှုကို စနစ်တကျလုံခြုံအောင်ထားရှိရ မည်။
	> ယိုဖိတ်မှုများရှိပါက ချက်ချင်းပြောင်းလဲထည့်ထားနိုင်သည့်ပစ္စည်း (ပုံး၊ ခွက်) များ ထားရှိ ရမည်။
	> လုံလောက်သည့် မီးသတ်စနစ်ကိုထားရှိရမည်။
	• ယာယီသိုလှောင်မှုများ (သို့) အသေးစားသိုလှောင်မှုများကို အောက်ပါအချက် များနှင့်အညီ ထည့်သွင်းစဉ်းစားရမည်။
	> စည်းမျဉ်းစည်းကမ်းဆိုင်ရာလိုအပ်ချက်များ
	> သက်ဆိုင်သည့် နိုင်ငံတကာစံနှန်းများ
	> သဘာဂပတ်ဂန်းကျင်အတွက်အန္တရာယ်ရှိသည့် ပစ္စည်းများ၏ ပမာကာ နှင့် ၄င်းတို့ ၏သဘာဂများ
	> အနီးအနားတွင် ရေနတ်မြောင်း၊ မိုးရေချိန် နှင့် စိမ့်ပင်မှုစွမ်းရည်များ ကဲ့သို့သော တည်နေရာကြောင့်ဖြစ်ပွားလာ သည့် သိသာ
	ထင်ရှား သည့်ပတ်ဂန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ တန်ဖိုး များ နှင့် အန္တရာယ်များ
	• ယိုဖိတ်မှုများ၊ ရေဖြင့်မျောပါမှုမှ ကာကွယ်တားဆီးသည့်စည်းများအား စစ်ဆေးခြင်း၊ ပြုပြင် ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုများ ပြုလုပ်ရပါမည်။
	• ယိုဖိတ်နိုင်သော ပစ္စည်းများကို အချိန်မှီ ပြန်လည်ထုတ်ပိုးပြီး ပုံမှန်စစ်ဆေးရမည်။ ဓါတုပစ္စည်းများ၊ လောင်စာနှင့် အန္တရာယ်အဆင့် သတ်မှတ်
	ထားသောယိုဖိတ်မှုပစ္စည်းများကို သင့်တော်စွာ သိုလှောင် ထားရမည်။

ဓါတုပစ္စည်းများ ခွင့်ပြုချက်ရယူမှု	• ဓါတုပစ္စည်းများသယ်ယူပို့ဆောင်ရေး၊ အသုံးပြုမှု၊ သိုလှောင်မှု၊ကိုင်တွယ်မှုနှင့် စွန့့်ပစ်မှုနှင့် သက်ဆိုင်သည့် ဆက်စပ် အန္တရာယ်များ အတွက်		
	၄င်းတို့ကို အသုံးမပြုမီ ဦးစွာပြည်တွင်း ခွင့်ပြုချက်များရယူရန်လိုအပ်သည်။		
အရေးပေါ် ကြိုတင်ကာကွယ်မှု	• ပတ်ပန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ထိခိုက်မှုများအတွက် အရေးပေါ် ပြင်ဆင်မှုများကို လိုက်နာရန် လိုအပ်ပါသည်။		
	• ယိုဖိတ်မှုများ၊ ယိုစိမ့်မှုများ (သို့) ဓါတုအစိုင်အခဲများ၊ ဓါတုရည်များကို အမှတ်တမဲ့ လွှတ်ပစ်မိခြင်း၊ လောင်စာ နှင့် အခြားအန္တရာယ် ရှိသော		
	အရာများကို မှတ်တမ်းထား ပြီး သေချာစွာ စီမံခန့် ခွဲရမည်။		
	• ယိုဖိတ်မှုများ၊ ယိုစိမ့်မှုများ (သို့) ဓါတုအစိုင်အခဲများ၊ ဓါတုရည်များကို အမှတ်တမဲ့ လွှတ်ပစ်မိခြင်း တို့မှ မြေဆီလွှာ၊ မြေအောက်ရေ တို့ကို		
	ညစ်ညမ်းစေမှုတို့ကို ဓါတုပစ္စည်း ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံမှု ဆိုင်ရာစာရွက်များအရ မှတ်တမ်းထား ပြီး သေရာာစွာ စီမံခန့် ခွဲရမည်။		
	• လုံခြုံစိတ်ချရသောဒီဇိုင်း၊ တည်နေရာ နှင့် သိုလှောင်ထားရှိမှုများ၊ ကိုယ်တွယ်ရေး နည်းစနစ် များရှိစေရန် ဂရုပြုရမည်။		
	ဓါတ္ပပစ္စည်းများအချင်းချင်းဓါတ်ပြုမှုကို တားဆီးရန် အရာပတ္ထုများကို သီးခြားစီ ခွဲထားရမည်။		
	မီးလောင်လွယ်သည့်ပစ္စည်းများအနီးတွင် မီးလောင်စေသည့်ပစ္စည်းများမထားရ။		
	• သင့်တော်သည့် လုံခြုံရေး ဆိုင်းဘုတ်များ၊ စာတန်းများကို ချိတ်ဆွဲထားရမည်။		
	• ဖိတ်စင်မှုများအတွက် သန့် ရှင်းရေးစနစ်များကိုပါ ပြင်ဆင်ထားရှိရမည်။		
	• ဘေးအန္တရာယ်ရှိသည့်ဓါတုပစ္စည်းများပါဂင်သည့် ထိခိုက်မှုများကို ထိခိုက်မှု ဖြစ် ပွားသည့်နေရာ တွင် အရေးပေါ် ကုသနိုင်ရန် အစီအစဉ်များ		
	ထားရှိရမည်။		
	• သင့်တော်သည့် တစ်ကိုယ်ရေသုံးအကာအကွယ်ပစ္စည်းများ ထောက်ပံ့ပေးပြီး မုန်ကန်စွာ ထားရှိ ရမည်။		
	• မီးဘေးလုံခြုံရေးပစ္စည်းများကိုလွယ်ကူစွာရရှိအသုံးပြုနိုင်အောင်ထားရှိရမည်။		
	• ဓါတုပစ္စည်းများကိုခွင့်ပြုချက်မရှိပဲ ဂင်ရောက်မှုကိုတားဆီးရမည်။		

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စောင့်ကြပ်ကြည့်ရှုရေး

လည်ပတ်ရေးကာလနှင့် ပိတ်သိမ်းခြင်းအတွင်းတွင် ဆောက်ရွက်ရမည့် ပတ်ဝန်း ကျင်စောင့်ကြပ် ကြည့်ရှုခြင်းဆိုင်ရာ အချက်အလက်များကို အောက်ဖော်ပြပါဇယားဖြင့် ပြထားပါသည်။ အောက်တွင် ဖော်ပြထား သော စောင့်ကြပ်ကြည့်ရှုမှုများကို လုပ်ငန်းလည်ပတ်ရေးကာလတွင် ၁ နှစ် ၂ ကြိမ် စောင့်ကြပ်ကြည့်ရှုရေး အစီရင်ခံစာကို ပတ်ပန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာန နျင့် သက်ဆိုင်ရာ စက်မှုဇုန် စီမံအုပ်ချုပ်မှုအဖွဲ့ သို့တင်ပြရ မည်ဖြစ်ပါသည်။

စောင့်ကြပ်ကြည့်ရှုတိုင်း တာရမည့် အစီအစဉ်များ	တိုင်းတာသည့် အချက်အလက်	နေရာ	အကြိမ် အရေ အတွက်	တာဝန်ယူမှု				
၀ိတ်သိမ်း <u>ရြ</u> င်းကာလ								
လေအရည်အသွေး	အမှုန်အမွှား(Particulate matters)၊ များ ထွက်ရှိမှု မှတ်တမ်း တင်ခြင်း စက်ပစ္စည်းများပြင်ဆင် ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုများ မှတ်တမ်းတင်ခြင်း ဖုန်မှုန်ထွက်ရှိမှုများအား ထိန်းချုပ်ခြင်း (ရေဖြန်း ခြင်း)	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေး လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	လစဉ်	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး ကန်ထရိုက်တာ				
မြေထုအရည်အသွေး	စတိုများ၊ သိုလှောင် ကန် များမှဓာတုပစ္စည်း နှင့် အဆိပ်ရှိပစ္စည်းများ ထုတ်လွှတ်/ ယိုစိမ့်မှု အခြေအနေမှတ်တမ်း တင်ခြင်း ယာဉ်များမှ ဓာတု ပစ္စည်းများ၊ စက်ဆီ ချောဆီများ ယိုစိမ့်မှု	ဝိတ်သိမ်းရေး လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	လစဉ်	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး ကန်ထရိုက်တာ				
ရေအရည်အသွေး	 ယာယီအိမ်သာများမှ ရေဆိုးထွက်ရှိမှု နှင့် စွန့်ပစ်မှု အခြေအနေ ယာယီမိုးရေဆင်း မြောင်း များ၏အခြေ အနေ 		လစဉ်	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး ကန်ထရိုက်တာ				
ရေအသုံးပြုမှု	နေ့စဉ် ရေသုံးစွဲမှုပမာက	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေး လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	နေ့စဉ်	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး ကန်ထရိုက်တာ				
ဆူညံသံ နှင့် တုန်ခါမှု	• လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ဆူညံသံ တိုင်းတာခြင်း	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေး လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	လစဉ်	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး ကန်ထရိုက်တာ				
စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းစွန့်ပစ်မှု	အလုပ်သမားများမှ စွန့် ပစ်သည့်h စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း များ နှင့် မိလ္လာထွက် စွန့်ပစ် ပစ္စည်း များ ပမာဏမှတ်တမ်း	ဝိတ်သိမ်းရေး လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	နေ့စဉ် တွေ့ရှိ ချက်	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး ကန်ထရိုက်တာ				

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	• သိုလှောင်ဧရိယာအား စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။			
	• စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများအား အမျိုးစားခွဲခြားစွန့်ပစ်မှုကို			
	စစ်ဆေးခြင်း။			
	• စွန့် ပစ်မှုကိုစစ်ဆေးခြင်း။			
	• စွန့်ပစ်မှုဆိုင်ရာ လိုအပ် ချက်အတိုင်း စွန့်ပစ်	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေး လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	အပတ်စဉ်	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး ကန်ထရိုက်တာ
	သော ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းပမာက မှတ်တမ်း			
	 အန္တရာယ်ရှိသော စွန့်ပစ် ပစ္စည်းနှင့် အန္တရာယ်မရှိ သော စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းအား ခွဲခြား ခြင်း သိုလှောင်ဧရိယာအား 			
	စစ်ဆေးခြင်း			
အလုပ်အကိုင်ရရှိမှု	• အလုပ်အကိုင်ရရှိသူ ဦးရေ	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေး လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	လစဉ်	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး ကန်ထရိုက်တာ
2-2-2-18-11-2-2-2-2			2228	
အရြားလူမှုစီးပွားအတွက် ထည့်သွင်းစဉ်းစားချက်	• လူမှုစီးပွားတာဝန်ယူမှု အစီအစဉ်	စောင့်ကြည့် လေ့လာရေးအဖွဲ	လစဉ်	ဆောက်လုပ်ရေး ကန်ထရိုက်တာ
များ	• လုပ်သားများအတွက် ဖူလုံရေးအစီအစဉ်			1 11
လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့် ဘေးအွန္တရာယ် ကင်းရှင်းရေး	 ဘေးအန္တရာယ်ကင်းရှင်း ရေး အစီအစဉ်၊ မတော်တဆမှု မှတ်တမ်း၊ ကျန်းမာရေးဆိုင်ရာ မှတ်တမ်း အလုပ်သမား၏ မကျေ နှပ်မှု နှင့် အငြင်းပွားမှု ဆိုင်ရာ မှတ်တမ်း PPE ထောက်ပံ့ပေးမှု မှတ်တမ်း 	အလုပ်သမားများ	လစဉ်	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိ
	• ရှေးဦးသူနာပြုပစ္စည်းများ ထောက်ပံ့ပေးမှု			
လူမှုပတ်ပန်းကျင် ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့် ဘေးအွန္တရာယ် ကင်းရှင်းရေး	 မတော်တဆမှုမှတ်တမ်း ယာဉ်မောင်းများနှင့် လုံခြုံရေးဂန်ထမ်းများ အား သင်တန်း ပို့ချမှု မှတ်တမ်း 	ဒေသတွင်း နေထိုင်သူများ	လစဉ်	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံရြံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိ

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အရေးပေါ် အခြေအနေ	• မတော်တဆမှု မှတ် တမ်း၊	ပိတ်သိမ်းရေး	လစဉ်	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့်
		လုပ်ငန်းခွင်		ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ်
	• မီးဘေး၊ ရေဘေး၊ ငလျင်			သူအရာရှိ
	အန္တရာယ် စသည့် အရေး			
	ပေါ် အခြေအနေ			
	တုန့်ပြန်မှုမှတ်တမ်း			
	• သင်တန်းများ၊ လေ့ကျင့်			
	သင်ကြားပေးမှု			
	လုပ်ငန်း	လည်ပတ်သည့်ကာလ		
လေအရည်အသွေး	အမှုန်အမွှား (Particulate	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်	တစ်နှစ် ၂ ကြိမ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့်
	matters)၊ အငွေ့ပျံလွယ်	လေထု	ا محود ا	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့်
	သော ဓာတုဒြပ်ပေါင်း	o coop		ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ်
	(VOC)၊ ကာဗွန်မိုနောက်			သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင်
	ဆိုဒ် (CO) ကာဗွန်မိုဒိုင်			ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
	အောက်ဆိုဒ်(CO2)၊ နိုင်ထ			
	ရှိဂျင်ဒိုင် အောက်			
	ဆိုဒ်(NO2 ၊ဆာလဗာဒိုင်			
	အောက်ဆိုဒ် (SO2)			
	မှုန်အမွှား (Particulate	လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်ဧရိယ	တစ်နှစ် ၂ ကြိမ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့်
	matters)၊ အငွေ့ပျံလွယ်	ာ -ဥပမာ ရောစပ်	ال عودي ال	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့်
	သော ဓာတုဒြပ်ပေါင်း	ဧရိယာ၊ စွန့်ပစ်		ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ်
	(VOC)	ရေသန့် စင်ရုံ၊သို		သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင်
	(100)	လှောင် ဧရိယာ၊		သူ(3) ရှေးမှ (၁၀) (နှစ်(၇) (၁၈) (ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
	လောင်ကျွမ်းဓာတ်ငွေ့	ဘွိုင်လာ နှင့်	တစ်နှစ် ၂ ကြိမ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့်
	များ (ကာဗွန်မိုနောက် ဆိုဒ်		وق ال ١٩٠٥	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့်
	(CO) ကာဗွန်မိုဒိုင်	ခေါင်းတိုင်		ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ်
	အောက်ဆိုဒ်(CO2)၊ နိုင်ထ	အထွက်		သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင်
	ရိုဂျင်ဒိုင် အောက်	0.00		တိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
	ဆိုဒ်(NO2 ၊ဆာလဖာဒိုင်			3.4.2.2.2.4.2.4.11
	အောက်ဆိုဒ် (SO2))			
	• အမှုန်အမွှားနှင့် အနံ့	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	လစဉ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့်
	ဖယ်စနစ်ကို ပုံမှန်ပြု	အတွင်း		လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့်
	ပြင်စစ်ဆေးခြင်း	0		ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ်
	• အသုံးပြုစက်ကိရိယာ			သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင်
	များ နှင့် ယာဉ်များပုံမှန်			ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
	စစ်ဆေးခြင်း			1 1 1 11
	• လေဂင်လေထွက်စနစ်မျ			
	ားပုံမှန်စစ်ဆေးခြင်း			
	• ရေဆိုးသန့် စင်စနစ်			
	ကိုအနံ့အသက်ထွက်ရှိမှု			
	1 11 1 1 1 11			

	မရှိစေရန်ဖုံးအုပ်ထားမှုကို စစ်ဆေးခြင်း • အိမ်သာများ နှင့် မိလ္လာ စွန့်ပစ်မှုအခြေအနေ များကိုစစ်ဆေးခြင်း • အမှိုက်ကန်များ နှင့် အမှိုက်ပုံးများစနစ်တကျ ဖုံးအုပ်ထားရှိမှုကို စစ်ဆေးခြင်း • စစ်ဆေးမှုအားလုံးကို မှတ်တမ်းထားရှိခြင်း			
စွန့်ပစ်ရေအရည် အရည်အသွေး	pH, ဆီနှင့်ချောဆီ, ရေတွင် အနည်ကျသော အမှုန်များ, ဘီအိုဒီ, စီအိုဒီ , အရောင် နှင့် အပူချိန်	စက်ရုံရေမြောင်း အထွက်	လစဉ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
	စွန့်ပစ်ရေအရည်အသွေး	စွန့်ပစ် ရေသန့် စင် စနစ် အပင် နှင့် အထွက်	တစ်နှစ် ၂ ကြိမ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းစွန့်ပစ်မှု	 ဓာတုပစ္စည်းထည့် သည့် ပလပ်စတစ်၊ စည်ပုံး၊ စက္ကူပုံး/ စွန့်ပစ်ရေဆိုး သန့်စင်ရုံမှ ထွက် သော အနည်အနှစ် များ စွန့်ပစ်မှု ပမာက ကို မှတ်တမ်း တင်ခြင်း အမှိုက်သိမ်း စနစ်အား စစ်ဆေးခြင်း သိုလှောင်မှုအား စစ်ဆေး ခြင်း စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်းများအားခွဲ ခြား ခြင်း (အန္တရာယ်ရှိ သော စွန့်ပစ် ပစ္စည်း နှင့် အန္တရာယ်မရှိ သောစွန့် ပစ် ပစ္စည်း) 	စက်ရုံအတွင်းနှင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်	လစဉ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
မြေဆီလွှာညစ်ညမ်းမှု	ဆီများယိုစိမ့်ခြင်း၊ ဖျော်ရည်၊ ဓာတု ပစ္စည်းများ စွန့်ပစ်ရေ ဧရိယာမှ ဖိတ်စင်ခြင်း	စက်ရုံပတ်ဝန်း ကျင်၊ဓာတု ပစ္စည်း သိုလှောင်ဖရိ ယာ၊ လောင်စာ	လစဉ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ

		ဆီ သိုလှောင် ရေိယာ၊		
ဆူညံံသံနှင့်တုန်ခါမှု	ဆူညံသံနှင့်တုန် ခါမှု အဆင့်	စက်ရုံဝန်းကျင်၊ လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	တစ်နှစ်-(၂) ကြိမ် နှင့် ညွှန်ကြားချက် အတိုင်း	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
အနံ့အသက်	လေဝင်လေထွက် ကောင်းမွန်မှုအား စစ်ဆေးခြင်း	အလုပ်ရုံ နှင့် သို လှောင်ရုံ များ	အပတ်စဉ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
အန္တရာယ်ရှိပစ္စည်းများ နှင့် ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများ	အွေ့ရာယ်ရှိပစ္စည်းများ နှင့် ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများ မှတ်တမ်းတင်ခြင်း အရောင်ခြယ်အမှုန့်/ အနှစ်၊ ဖြည့်စွက် ပစ္စည်း များ စသည်တို့ကို ကိုင် တွယ် ခြင်း၊ အသုံးပြု ခြင်း များ နှင့် ကို စစ်ဆေးခြင်း သိုလှောင်ဖရိယာများ အား စစ်ဆေးခြင်း စွန့်ပစ်ခြင်း နည်းစနစ်များ အား စစ်ဆေး ခြင်း ကုန်ကြမ်းသုံးစွဲမှု ပမာဏကိုမှတ်တမ်း ပြုလုပ် ခြင်း	အလုပ်ရုံ နှင့် သိုလှောင်ရုံများ	အပတ်စဉ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
စိမ်းလန်းအစီအစဉ်	စက်ရုံတွင်းစိမ်းလန်းစို ပြည်မှုဇရိယာ အခြေ အနေ မှတ်တမ်း စိုက်ပျိုးပင်များ အမျိုး အစား မှတ်တမ်း အပင်သေမှု နှင့် ထပ်မံ စိုက်ပျိုးမှုမှတ်တမ်း	စက်ရုံပတ်ဝန်း ကျင်	တစ်နှစ်-(၂) ကြိမ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
မြေသားပြုပြင်ခြင်း	စက်ရုံတွင်းမြေယာပြုပြင် ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုအခြေအနေ မှတ်တမ်း	စက်ရုံပတ်ဝန်း ကျင်	တစ်နှစ်-(၂) ကြိမ်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့်ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ကင်း	• လုပ်ငန်းခွင် ဘေးအွန္တ ရာယ် ကင်းရှင်းရေးနှင့်	စက်ရုံပတ်ဝန်း ကျင်	လစဉ်	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ်

ရှင်းရေး	မတော်တဆမှု မှတ်တမ်း			သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ဂန်းကျင်
Here et	• အလုပ်သမား၏မကျေနပ်			ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
	မှု နှင့်အငြင်းပွားမှု			
	ဆိုင်ရာ မှတ်တမ်း			
	• တစ်ကိုယ်ရည်သုံး			
	အကာအကွယ်ပစ္စည်းမျာ			
	းစစ်ဆေးခြင်း နှင့်			
	ထောက်ပံ့ပေးမှုမှတ်			
	တမ်း			
	• အရေးပေါ် တုန့် ပြန်မှုအစီ			
	အစဉ်			
	• ရှေးဦးသူနာပြုပစ္စည်း			
	များထောက်ပံ့ပေးမှု			
	• လုပ်သားများ			
	အတွက်သောက် သုံးရေ			
	နှင့် နားနေ ဆောင်			
	စီမံထားရှိမှု အခြေအနေ			
	• အိမ်သာနှင့် မိလ္လာကန်			
	များစစ်ဆေးခြင်း			
	• စီမံကိန်းအတွင်း လမ်း			
	များ သတ်သတ် မှတ်			
	မှတ်ထားရှိပေး ခြင်း နှင့်			
	ပိတ်ဆို့မှု ရှိမရှိ			
	စစ်ဆေးခြင်း			
	• လုပ်သားများ၏ တိုင်း			
	ကြားမှုမှတ်တမ်း	C	6.643	
	• ဝန်ထမ်း တစ်ဦးချင်းစီ ၏	စက်ရုံပတ်ဝန်း	တစ်နှစ်-(၂)	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့်
	ဆေးမှတ်တမ်း သေးမှတ်တမ်း	ကျင်	ကြိမ်	ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ်
	• ဂန်ထမ်းများကိုပုံမှန်			သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ဂန်းကျင်
	ဆေးစစ်ပေးခြင်း			ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
	• ရှေးဦးသူနာပြုသင်တန်း			
	ပို့ချမှု			
	• လုပ်ငန်းခွင် ကျန်းမာရေး			
	နှင့် လုံခြုံရေးဆိုင်ရာ			
	သင်တန်းများပို့ချမှု			
	• ကူးစက်ရောဂါ ကာကွယ် ရေးမှတ်တမ်းများ			
စက်ပစ္စည်းများပြုပြင်	• ရေဆိုးသန့် စဉ်စနစ်၊	စက်ရုံဝန်းအတွင်း	လစဉ် နှင့်	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာ နှင့်
ထိန်းသိမ်းမှု	• လေစုပ်စနစ် နှင့်	နှင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင်	လိုအပ် သည့်	စက်ပစ္စည်းပြင်ဆင်ထိန်းသိမ်း
TII	ပိုက်လိုင်း များ	နေရာအားလုံး	အချိန်တိုင်း	ရေးဂန်ထမ်း
	• မီးစက် အင်ဂျင် နှင့်	T-1	ייי שליניי	ТТ3-
	ဘွိုင်လာ			

			1	
	 သယ်ယူပို့ ဆောင်ရေး ယာဉ်များ (ဂန်ချီ ဂန်မ ယာဉ်၊ မော်တော် ယာဉ် များ) ကုန်ချောထုတ်စက်များ 			
	 ပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှု မှတ်တမ်းထားရှိခြင်း အသုံးပြုသည့်အချိန် များ မှတ်တမ်းတင်ခြင်း 	စက်ရုံဝန်းအတွင်း နှင့် လုပ်ငန်းခွင် နေရာအားလုံး	လစဉ် နှင့် လိုအပ် သည့် အချိန်တိုင်း	စက်ရုံမန်နေဂျာနှင့်စက်ပစ္စည်း ပြင်ဆင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေး ပန်ထမ်း
လူမှုပတ်ပန်းကျင် ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့် ဘေးအွန္တရာယ် ကင်းရှင်းရေး	 မတော်တဆမှု မှတ်တမ်း ယာဉ်မောင်းများနှင့် လုံခြုံရေးဂန်ထမ်း များအား သင်တန်း ပို့ချမှု မှတ်တမ်း ဒေသခံများ၏တိုင် ကြားချက်များမှတ် တမ်းထားရှိခြင်း 	ဒေသတွင်း နေထိုင်သူများ	လစဉ်	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်း ရေး အရာရှိ
	အမှုန်အမွှားပျံလွှင့်မှုမရှိစေ စရန် သယ်ယူ ပို့ဆောင်ရေးယာဉ် များကိုစနစ်တကျ ဖုံး အုပ်ခြင်း ရှိမရှိ စစ်ဆေး ခြင်း ယာဉ်မောင်းများအား အမြန်နှုန်းသတ်မှတ် ပေးခြင်း	ဒေသတွင်း နေထိုင်သူများ	နေ့စဉ်	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးအရာရှိ
အရြားလူမှုစီးပွားအတွက် ထည့်သွင်းစဉ်းစားချက် များ	လူမှုစီးပွားတာဝန်ယူမှု အစီအစဉ် ဒေသခံများအလုပ် အကိုင်ဖန်တီးပေးမှု	စောင့်ကြည့် လေ့လာရေးအဖွဲ့	နှစ်စဉ်	လူမှုဆက်ဆံရေး မန်နေဂျာ
အရေးပေါ် အခြေအနေ	 မီးသတ်ကိရိယာများ ပုံမှန်စစ်ဆေးခြင်း၊ မီးသတ်သင်တန်း ပို့ချမှုမှတ်တမ်းများ အွန္တရာယ်ရှိပစ္စည်းများ နှင့် ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများ ကိုင်တွယ်သုံးစွဲမှု နှင့် စီမခံခန့် ခွဲမှုစနစ်ကို ပုံမှတ်စစ်ဆေးခြင်း စက်ရုံတွင်းရေမြောင်း များကို စစ်ဆေးခြင်း နှင့် စစ်ဆေးမှုမှတ် တမ်း 	စက်ရုံ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်	လစဉ် နှင့် လိုအပ်သည့် အချိန်းတိုင်း	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့် ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ် သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေအရာရှိ

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	1		1
ထားရှိခြင်း			
• အရေးပေါ် မတော်တ	ဆ		
ဖြစ်ပွားမှု များ နှင့် ၎င်	විං ර ි		
အား ဖြေရှင်း မှု အစီ			
အစဉ် မှတ်တမ်း			
• ဆောက်အဦများ၏			
ငလျင်ဒက်ခံနိုင်မှုကို			
စစ်ဆေးခြင်း နှင့်			
မှတ်တမ်းထားရှိခြင်း			
• အရေးပေါ် တုန့်ပြန်မှု	စက်ရုံ	တစ်နှစ် ၂ ကြိမ်	လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ကျန်းမာရေးနှင့်
သင်တန်းများပေးခြင်	း ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်		ဘေးကင်းလုံခြုံရေး ကြီးကြပ်
			သူအရာရှိနှင့် ပတ်ပန်းကျင်
			ထိန်းသိမ်းရေး အရာရှိ

လူမှုစီးပွားတာဝန်သိအစီအစဉ်

စီမံကိန်းအကောင်အထည်ဖော်ဆောင်သူသည် လူမှုစီးပွားတာဝန်သိအစီအစဉ်အတွက် နိုင်ငံတော်မှ သတ်မှတ်ထားသော နှစ်စဉ်ရရှိသောအကျိုးအမြတ်ငွေ ၏ ရာခိုင်နှုန်းတစ်ခုကို အသုံးပြုမည်ဟု ကတိပြုထားပြီး ထိုရန်ပုံငွေကို ကုမ္ပကီ၏ မူဝါဒနှင့် စည်းမျဉ်းများအတိုင်း အသုံးပြုသွား မည်ဖြစ်ပါသည်။

လူမှုစီးပွားတာဝန်သိအစီအစဉ်ကို အကောင်းဆုံးဖြစ်စေရန် စီမံကိန်းအကောင်အထည် ဖော်ဆောင်သူသည် အောက်ပါအတိုင်းအသုံးပြုသင့်ပါသည်။

- (၁) ပညာသင်စရိတ်ထောက်ပံ့ခြင်း နှင့် ပညာပေးအစီအစဉ်များ
- (၂) သက်ဆိုင်ရာတာဝန်ရှိသူများနှင့် လူမှုဖွံ့ဖြိုးမှုအစီအစဉ်
- (၃) အလုပ်အကိုင်အခွင့်အလမ်းအတွက် သင်တန်းများပေးခြင်းအစီအစဉ်
- (၄) ကျန်းမာရေး နှင့် ဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ကင်းရှင်း အစီအစဉ်
- (၅) လမ်းပန်းဆက်သွယ်ရေး အတွက် အစီအစဉ်
- (၆) ပတ်ပန်းကျင်စောင့်ကြည့်ရေး နှင့် စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်

အများပြည်သူနှင့်ဆွေးနွေးတိုင်ပင်ခြင်းနှင့် သတင်းအချက်အလက်ထုတ်ပြန်ခြင်း

ကနဦးပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဆောင်ရွက်ရာတွင် အများပြည်သူနှင့်တွေ့ဆုံဆွေးနွေးခြင်းများ ပြုလုပ်ရခြင်း သည် စက်ရုံလုပ်ငန်းဆိုင်ရာ အကြောင်းအရာများကို အမှန်တကယ် သိရှိနားလည် သဘော ပေါက်စေရန်၊ စက်ရုံလုပ်ငန်း လုပ်ဆောင်မှုကြောင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်အပေါ် သက်ရောက်နိုင်မှုများနှင့် စက်ရုံလုပ်ငန်းကြောင့် အလုပ်အကိုင်အခွင့်အလမ်းများ တိုးတက်လာခြင်းများကို အများပြည်သူများ အနေဖြင့် သိရှိစေရန် ရည်ရွယ်ပါသည်။ အဆိုပြုစီမံကိန်းကြောင့် ထိရိုက်နိုင်သည့်သူများနှင့် အခြား မည်သည့်သူများမဆို တွေ့ဆုံဆွေးနွေးခြင်း လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်များတွင် ပူးပေါင်းပါဝင်ဆွေးနွေးကြခြင်းဖြင့် လုပ်ငန်းရှင်များအနေဖြင့် ဖြစ်ပေါ် လာနိုင်သည့် ပြဿနာများကို ကြိုတင်ကာ ဖြေရှင်းနိုင်သွားမည် ဖြစ်ပါသည်။

လုပ်ဆောင်မည့်နည်းလမ်း

စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာဝန်ဆောင်မှုလုပ်ငန်းကုမ္ပကီလီမိတက်အနေဖြင့် အဆိုပြု စက်ရုံ နှင့် ပတ်သက်၍ အများပြည်သူများထံမှ သဘောထားရယူခြင်းနှင့် သတင်းအချက်အလက်များထုတ်ပြန် ရာတွင် စက်ရုံအနီးပတ်ဝန်းကျင် အများပြည်သူများနှင့်တွေ့ဆုံဆွေးနွေးအကြံပြုချက်များရယူခြင်း ကိုဆောင်ရွက်ခဲ့ပါသည်။

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စက်ရုံအနီးပတ်ဝန်းကျင်အများပြည်သူများနှင့်တွေ့ဆုံဆွေးနွေးအကြံပြုချက်များရယူခြင်း

ပတ်ပန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲအစီအစဉ် (Environmental Mangement Plan-EMP) အစီရင်ခံစာ ရေးဆွဲခြင်းအတွက် အများပြည်သူနှင့်တွေ့ ဆုံဆွေးနွေးခြင်း (Public Consultation Meeting - PCM) လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်များ သည် စက်ရုံနှင့်ပတ်သက်၍ အများပြည်သူထံမှ သဘောထားအမြင်များ၊ အကြံပြုချက်များ ကို ရရှိစေရန်နှင့် လုပ်ငန်း၏ သတင်းအချက်အလက်များ သိစေရန်အတွက် ဖြန့်ဝေရခြင်းဖြစ်ပါသည်။ အများပြည် သူများနှင့် တွေဆုံဆွေးနွေးပွဲသို့ ဌာနဆိုင်ရာအစိုးရအဖွဲ့အစည်းများ၊ စက်မှုဇုန် စီမံခန့်ခွဲရေး ကော်မတီမှ တာဝန်ရှိသူများ၊ စက်မှုဇုန်အတွင်းရှိစက်ရုံများမှတာဝန်ရှိသူများ၊ စက်ရုံမှတာဝန်ရှိ သူများ စုစုပေါင်း (၁၆) ဦးခန့် တက်ရောက်ခဲ့ပါသည်။ ဆွေးနွေးပွဲကို ၂၀၂၁ ခုနှစ်၊ အောက်တိုဘာလ (၁၆) ရက်နေ့ တွင် စက်မှုဇုန် စီမံခန့်ခွဲရေး ကော်မတီရုံး၊ မင်္ဂလာခုံစက်မှုဥယျာဉ်၊ မင်္ဂလာခုံမြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး။

တွေဆုံဆွေးနွေးပွဲတွင် အကြံပြုစာရွက် (၆) စောင် ရရှိခဲ့ပါသည်။ ဆွေးနွေး ပွဲတက်ရောက်သူများစာရင်းကို ကန-ဦးပတ်ဝန်းကျင် ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း အစီရင်ခံစာ၏ နောက်ဆက်တွဲ (၁၁) နှင့် အကြံပြုချက်များကို နောက်ဆက်တွဲ (၁၂) တွင် ဖော်ပြထားပါသည်။ အများပြည်သူနှင့်တွေ့ ဆုံဆွေးနွေးပွဲဆိုင်ရာ အချက်အလက်များကို အောက်တွင် ဖော်ပြထား ပါသည်။

ဇယား (၄)။ အများပြည်သူနှင့်တွေ့ဆုံဆွေးနွေးပွဲမှဖော်ပြချက်များ

စဉ်	အကြံပြုဆွေးနွေးသူ/အကြံပြုချက်များ	ပြန်လည်ရှင်းလင်းဖြေကြားမှုများ
၁	ဒေါ်ညိုလင်းထက် (ဒုတိယဦးစီးမှူး)	ဦးကျော်စိုးဝင်း - အုပ်ချုပ်မှုဒါရိုက်တာ
	ရန်ကုန်မြောက်ပိုင်းစရိုင်၊	(Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co.,
		Ltd.)
		Ltd.) • စက်ရုံများအနေဖြင့် မိမိတို့၏စက်ရုံတွင် Pollution Control Manager (သို့) Safety Officer ကဲ့သို့သော ကျွမ်းကျင်ဝန်ထမ်းများကို ခန့်အပ် ထား ရန်လိုအပ်ပါကြောင်း။ • ၎င်းဝန်ထမ်းများအနေဖြင့် သက်ဆိုင်ရာ စက်ရုံ များရှိ ဝန်ထမ်းများ၏ လုပ်ငန်းခွင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဘေးအွန္တ ရာယ်ကင်းဝေးရေးနှင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာထိန်း သိမ်း စောင့်ရှောက်မှုများကို ဆောင်ရွက်ရန်လို အပ်ပါကြောင်း။ • ဆွေးနွေးပွဲသို့ တက်ရောက်လာသူများ အနေဖြင့် လည်း ကိုယ်တိုင်ကိုယ်ကျ ဆွေးနွေး လိုခြင်းမရှိပါက ဖြန့်ဝေထားသော အကြံပြု စာရွက်များတွင် အကြံပြု ချက်များကို ရေးသား နိုင်ပါကြောင်း ပြောကြားခဲ့ ပါသည်။
	• စက်ရုံလုပ်ငန်းအတွက် လိုအပ်သော လုပ်ငန်း လိုင်စင်များကိုသက်ဆိုင်ရာဌာနဆိုင်များသို့ တင်ပြ၍ ခွင့်ပြုချက်တောင်းခံပြီး လိုက်နာ	
	လုပ်ဆောင်သင့်ပါကြောင်း အကြံပြုအပ် ပါသည်။	

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ဇယား (၅)။ တွေ့ဆုံဆွေးနွေးပွဲတက်ရောက်လာသူများ၏ အကြံပြုစာရွက်များမှ ဖော်ပြချက်များ

စဉ်	အကြံပြုဆွေးနွေးသူ		အကြံပြုဆွေးနွေးချက်များ
၁	ဦးအောင်သူ	•	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုဆိုင်ရာ စီစဉ်ဆောင်ရွက်ထားရှိမှုများ ကောင်းမွန်
			ပါသည်။
J	ဦးသက်မျိုးထိုက်	•	Future plan တွင် Facial wash product များ ထုတ်လုပ်ရာတွင် Mixing
			process နှင့် cleaning process များ ရှိလာမည် ဖြစ်သဖြင့် waste water
			treatment system အား ပုံမှန်ပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုများ လုပ်ဆောင်သင့် ပါသည်။
9	မဖေမျိုးရွှေ	•	CSR activities များ ၊ No plastic program များ လုပ်ဆောင်ခြင်းအားဖြင့်
			ကောင်းမွန်ပါသည်။
9	မဇင်မာလှိုင်	•	အကြံပြုချက်များမရှိပါ။
9	မေချမ်းခိုင်	•	အစိုးရမှထုတ်ပြန်ထားသော ဥပဒေနှင့်စည်းမျဉ်းများအတိုင်း လိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက်
			ပေးပါရန်။
હ	ဒေါ် ညိုလင်းထက်	•	CSR လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်တွင် ဝန်ထမ်းများ၏ ကျန်းမာရေးဆိုင်ရာ စီစဉ် ဆောင်ရွက်
			ထားရှိမှုအား ထည့်သွင်းဖော်ပြရန်။
		•	ဝန်ထမ်းများအား ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဆိုင်ရာ အသိပညာများ ဖြန့်ဝေ
			ရန်နှင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ အသိပညာပေးများအား Environmental
			Conservation Department – Yangon Region Facebook တွင် ဝင်ရောက်
			လေ့လာနိုင်ပါကြောင်း ဆွေးနွေးအကြံပြုသည်။

အများပြည်သူများ၏ အကြံပြုချက်များအပေါ် ဆောင်ရွက်ပေးမှုအစီအစဉ် အများပြည်သူများ၏ အကြံပြုချက်များအပေါ် စက်ရုံမှပြန်လည်ဖြေကြားချက်များကို အောက်ပါ ဇယား ဖော်ပြထားပါသည်။ ကုမ္ပလီမိတက်မှ အကြံပြုချက် ဆန္ဒသဘောထားများအပေါ် ဆောင်ရွက်ပေးမှုအစီအစဉ် စာရွက်ကို ကနဦးပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆန်းစစ်ခြင်း အစီရင်ခံစာ၏ နောက်ဆက်တွဲ (၁၄) တွင် ဖော်ပြထားပါသည်။

ဇယား (၆)။ အများပြည်သူများ၏ အကြံပြုချက်များအပေါ် စက်ရုံမှဆောင်ရွက်ပေးမှုအစီအစဉ်

စဉ်	အကြံပြုရက်များ	စက်ရုံမှ ဆောင်ရွက်ပေးမည့်အစီအစဉ်
၁	• ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဆိုင်ရာအဖွဲ့ကို စက်ရုံ တွင်	• ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းစောင့်ရှောက်မှုဆိုင်ရာ များနှင့်
	ဖွဲ့စည်းထားရန်နှင့် ၎င်းအဖွဲ့အစည်း အနေဖြင့်	ပတ်သက်၍ စက်ရုံဝန်ထမ်းများကို အသိပညာ ပေး
	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းစောင့်ရှောက်မှုဆိုင်ရာများ နှင့်	ခြင်း၊ သင်တန်းများပို့ချပေး လျှက် ရှိပါသည်။
	ပတ်သက်၍ စက်ရုံဝန်ထမ်းများကို အသိ ပညာ ပေးခြင်း၊	
	သင်တန်းများပို့ချခြင်းများကို လုပ်ဆောင်သင့်ပါကြောင်း။	
J	• ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာနမှ ချမှတ်ထားသော	• ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာနမှ ချမှတ် ထား
	လမ်းညွှန်ချက်များအတိုင်း လိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက်သင့်ပါ	သော လမ်းညွှန်ချက်များအတိုင်း လိုက်နာ ကျင့်သုံး
	ကြောင်း။	လျှက်ရှိပါသည်။
	• စက်ရုံတွင် လုပ်ကိုင်နေကြသော ဝန်ထမ်းများ အတွက်	• စက်ရုံတွင် လုပ်ကိုင်လျှက်ရှိသော ဝန်ထမ်းများ၏
	ကျန်းမာရေးစောင့်ရှောက်မှုဆိုင်ရာများကို အလေးထား	ကျန်းမာရေးကို ဒေသ္တန္တရဆေးခန်းများ၊ လူမှုဖူလုံရေး
	ဆောင်ရွက်သင့်ကြောင်း။	ဆေးခန်းများနှင့်ဆက်သွယ်၍စောင့်ရှောက်မှုပေးလျှက်
		ရှိပါသည်။
	• စက်ရုံလုပ်ငန်းအတွက် လိုအပ်သော လုပ်ငန်း လိုင်	• စက်ရုံလုပ်ငန်းအတွက် လိုအပ်သော လုပ်ငန်း လိုင်စင်
	စင်များကို သက်ဆိုင်ရာဌာနဆိုင်များသို့ တင်ပြ၍ ခွင့်ပြု	များကို မြို့နနယ်အလိုက်သော်၎င်း၊ တိုင်းဒေသကြီး
	ချက်တောင်းခံပြီး လိုက်နာ လုပ်ဆောင် သင့်ပါ ကြောင်း	အလိုက်သော်၎င်း၊ သက်ဆိုင်ရာ ဌာနဆိုင်ရာများသို့
	အကြံပြုအပ်ပါသည်။	တင်ပြ၍ ခွင့်ပြုချက် တောင်းခံပြီး လိုက်နာကျင့်သုံး

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		လျှက်ရှိပါသည်။
9	• ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုဆိုင်ရာစီစဉ် ဆောင်ရွက် ထားရှိမှုများကောင်းမွန်ပါသည်။	• မှန်ကန်ပါသည်။
9	• Future plan တွင် Facial wash product များ ထုတ်လုပ်ရာတွင် Mixing process နှင့် cleaning process များ ရှိလာမည် ဖြစ်သဖြင့် waste water treatment system အား ပုံမှန်ပြုပြင် ထိန်းသိမ်း မှုများ လုပ်ဆောင်သင့် ပါသည်။	Waste water treatment system ကို အကောင်အထည်ဖော် ဆောင်ရွက်လျှက်ရှိပြီး Facial wash product များ ထုတ်လုပ်သည့် အခါတွင် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်ပျက်စီးမှု မရှိစေ ရန် အသေးစိတ် Procedure များ Guideline များ ချမှတ်ရေးဆွဲ၍ လိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက် သွားမည် ဖြစ်ပါသည်။
ອ	• CSR activities များ ၊ No plastic program များ လုပ်ဆောင်ခြင်းအားဖြင့် ကောင်းမွန် ပါသည်။	• ကျွန်ပ်တို့ ကုမ္ပဏီ အနေဖြင့် CSR activities များ၊ No plastic Program များ လုပ်ဆောင် လျှက်ရှိပါသည်။
E	• အစိုးရမှ ထုတ်ပြန်ထားသော ဥပဒေနှင့် စည်းမျဉ်းများအတိုင်းလိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက်ပေး ပါရန်။	• အစိုးရ၏ ဥပဒေနှင့်စည်းမျဉ်းများအတိုင်း လိုက်နာ ဆောင်ရွက်လျှက်ရှိပါသည်။
૧	CSR လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်တွင် ဝန်ထမ်းများ၏ ကျန်းမာရေး ဆိုင်ရာစီစဉ်ဆောင်ရွက် ထားရှိမှုအား ထည့်သွင်း ဖော်ပြရန်။	• လိုက်နာကျင့်သုံးပါမည်။
	ဝန်ထမ်းများအားပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေး ဆိုင်ရာ အသိပညာများ ဖြန့်ဝေရန်နှင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင် ဆိုင်ရာ အသိပညာပေးများအား Environmental Conservation Department – Yangon Region Facebook တွင် ဝင်ရောက်လေ့လာနိုင်ပါကြောင်း ဆွေးနွေးအကြံပြုသည်။	• ဝန်ထမ်းများအား ဤသတင်းအချက်အလက် များ ပြန်လည်မှုဝေ၍ နိုးဆော်တိုက်တွန်း ပါမည်။ မိမိတို့ ကိုယ်တိုင်လည်း Environmental Conservation Department – Yangon Region Facebook တွင် ဝင်ရောက် လေ့လာပါမည်။

နိုဂုံး

ထိခိုက်မှုတွက်ချက်ခြင်းအရ ထိခိုက်မှုအားလုံးသည် စက်ရုံတွင်းတွင်ဖြစ်နိုင်ပါသည်။ ထိခိုက်မှု၏ သိသာ ထင်ရှားမှုများကို တွက်ချက်မှုများအရ လုပ်ငန်းလည်ပတ်ခြင်းကာလတွင် ၊ လုပ်ဆောင်မှုအများစုနှင့် ယင်းတို့၏ ထိခိုက်မှုများသည် မီးဘေးမှလွဲ၍ အတန်အသင့်နှင့် နည်းပါးပါသည်။ ကုန်ချောသည် အန္တရာယ်မရှိသော်လည်း ကုန်ကြမ်း ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများ၊ ပလတ်စတစ်များသည့် မီးလောင်နိုင်မှုအားဖြင့် အသင့်တင့်ရှိပါသည်။

သို့သော် ထိရိုက်မှု လျော့ကျစေရန် အချက်များကို လုပ်ဆောင်ပြီးပါက မီးလောင်နိုင်မှုသည် နည်းပါး သွားနိုင်မည်ဖြစ်ပြီးလက်သင့်ခံနိုင်သော အခြေအနေရှိပါသည်။ လုပ်ငန်းပိတ်သိမ်းခြင်းကာလအတွက် ဆူညံသံ ထွက်ရှိနိုင်မှုသည်သာ တစ်ခုတည်းသော အချက်ဖြစ်နိုင်ပါသည်။ သို့သော် ထိရိုက်မှု လျော့ကျစေရန် အချက်များကို လုပ်ဆောင်ပြီးပါက ဆူညံသံထွက်ရှိမှုသည် နည်းပါးသွားနိုင်မည်ဖြစ်ပြီးလက်သင့်ခံနိုင်သော အခြေအနေရှိပါသည်။

အကြံပြုချက်များ

ထိခိုက်နိုင်မှုအများစုသည် စက်ရုံအတွင်းတွင်သာ ဖြစ်နိုင်ပြီး အရေးကြီးသော ထိခိုက်နိုင်မှုမရှိပါ။ အကြံပြု ချက်များ ကို အောက်တွင် ဖော်ပြထားပါသည်။

- > မီးဘေးအွန္တရာယ်ကို လျော့ချနိုင်ရန် ၊ မီးဘေးကာကွယ်ရေးအစီအစဉ်ကို အကောင်အထည်ဖော် ဆောင်ရမည်။
- > အမှုန်များထွက်ရှိမှုကို လျော့ချရန် လေစုပ်စက်များနှင့် လေဝင်လေထွက် ကောင်းမွန် အောင်ထား ရှိရန် အကြံပြုပါသည်။
- 🗲 ရေဆိုးသန် ့စစ်စနစ်၏အဂင်အထွက်ရေနမူနာများကိုသတ်မှတ်ချက်အတိုင်းစစ်ဆေးရန်အကြံပြုပါသည်။

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> စွန့်ပစ်ရန် ဓာတုပစ္စည်းများကို ပုံးများအတွင်းသေချာစွာထားရှိရန်၊ သက်ဆိုင်ရာ စွန့်ပစ်ပစ္စည်း သိမ်းဆည်းသူ နှင့်ချိတ်ဆက်၍ ကောင်းမွန်စွာ စွန့်ပစ်ရန်

စီမံကိန်းအကောင်အထည်ဖော်ဆောင်သူသည် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် နှင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် နှင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စောင့်ကြည့်တိုင်းတာရေးအစီအစဉ်ကို သက်ဆိုင်ရာဌာနဆိုင်ရာက အတည်ပြုပြီးသော ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှု အစီရင်ခံစာပါ အတိုင်းလိုက်နာ လုပ်ဆောင်ရမည်။ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် အတိုင်းလုပ်ဆောင်ခြင်းကို နှစ်စဉ် ပြန်လည်သုံးသပ်ပြီး လိုအပ်ချက်များကို ပြုပြင်ရမည်။ ဤအကျိုးဆက်အနေဖြင့် စီမံကိန်းလုပ်ငန်း အနေဖြင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်အပေါ် မည်သည့်ထိခိုက်မှုမှု မရှိပဲ လုပ်ဆောင်နိုင်မည်ဖြစ်ပါသည်။

1.0 INTRODUCTTION

1.1 Background

Rohto Pharmeaceutical Co., Ltd. was established since 1899 in Japan and carried out manufacturing and marketing of OTC medicines & cosmetics. Moreover, sub companies and factories were established at many countries around the world. Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Company Limited is a 100% foreign owned investment by 98% from Rohto Pharmaceutical Company Limited Incorporated in Japan and 2% from Rohto-Mentholatum (Vietnam) Company Limited Incorporated in Vietnam. It is incorporated and registered in Myanmar having registration number of 106149046 (14.9.2012).

The factory was operated with manufacturing of OTC medicines and cosmetics since 2013 for packaging process. From 2022, facial wash cleanser compounding process will be operated. The factory is located at Plot No. D-5, Mingaladon Industrial Park, Corner of No.3 Highway Road and Khayebin Road, Mingaladon Township, Yangon Region, Myanmar.

In July 2020, Green Myanmar Environmental Services Company Limited (GMES) was requested by Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Company Limited to provide professional consultation service for "Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics" Project and asset the submission of the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) to the Environmental Conservation Department (ECD), Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC).

This report is prepared for assessing chemical management due to chemical storage, usage and handling for operation process. This document is also prepared in accordance with the existing prevention of hazard from chemical and related substances rules and law. Furthermore, Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) has followed not only the Mingaladon Industrial Park (MIP) agreement but also the government regulations.

Table 1.1 Salient Features of the Project

No.	Salient Features	Description/Quantities	
14.	Project Name	Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines	
		and Cosmetics	
15.	Project Proponent	Rohto-Mentholatum Myanmar Co., Ltd.	
16.	Company Registration No.	106149046	
		(14.9.2012)	
17.	Project Address	Plot No. D-5, Mingaladon Industrial Park, Corner of No.3 Highway Road and Khayebin Road,	
		Mingaladon Township, Yangon Region,	
		Myanmar.	
18.	Geographical Coordinates	Latitude : 16° 56′ 23″ N	
		Longitude: 96° 9′ 15.38″ E	
19.	Type of Land	Industrial Land	
20.	Total Land Area	10,004 m ²	
21.	Land Acquisition	Lease Land	
22.	Lessor	MIP (Mingalardon Industrial Park Co., Ltd.)	

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23.	Initial Period permitted to use the	2012 ~ 2048 (36 Years)	
	land (Validity of land grant)	,	
24.	Type of Investment	100% Foreign Investment	
25.	Total Amount of Investment	USD 12.438 Million	
26.	Type of Business	Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics	
27.	Contact Person	U Naing Aye	
	Designation	Factory Manager	
	Contact Details	Plot D-5, Mingalardon Industrial Park.	
	Mobile Phone:	+959 5149886	
	Email:	naingaye@rohto.com.mm	
28.	Established Time	31-Dec-2012	
29.	Date of Test Run	June-2013	
30.	Date of Commercial Run	11-June-2013	
31.	Surrounding Environment	North - TI Garment	
		East - Tashin Garment	
		South - Sunflower Lace (2)	
		West - Wedtex	
32.	Employees	Male – 11, Female – 15	
		Total – 26 persons	
33.	Operation Time	8:30 a.m 4:20 p.m. (7:20 hours/day)	
		Lunch Time: 00:30 min	
		Over Time: 4:50 p.m 6:50 p.m.	
34.	Operating Days	285 days/year	

1.2 Need of EMP

EMP is a study that predicts the environmental consequences of a proposed development. It evaluates the expected effects on the natural environment, human health and on property. The study requires a multi-disciplinary approach. EMP is one of the most important tools for sound decision making and for achieving sustainable development.

This EMP report can serve as a guideline for use by the proponent in obtaining environmental authorization as well as to enlighten the environmental authorities on the operational cycles of the Myanmar Synergy Garment Co., Ltd.

Environmental protection and resource management has conventionally been given importance all over the world which has increased in recent time. The ancient practices taught people to live in perfect harmony with nature. However, industrialization, urbanization and changing lifestyles over the years have affected the environment drastically in causing pollution and environment degradation.

The pollution in air, water and land has led to ecological imbalance and potential health hazards. As a result, regulations in the form of laws and policies on environmental protection were introduced. The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) is one such effort.

The project proponent needs to prepare an EMP report containing an analysis of the likely environmental impact of the project, and mitigation measures to be taken into

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consideration in order to obtain the permission from Myanmar Investment Commission (MIC).

1.3 Need of the Project

The garment factory has occupied a unique place in the industrial scenario of our country by generating substantial export earnings and creating lots of employment. Its contribution to industrial production, employment and export earnings is very significant. This industry provides one of the basic necessities of life. The employment provided by it is a source of livelihood for many people. It also provides maximum employment with minimum capital investment. Since this industry is highly labor-intensive, it is ideally suited to Myanmar condition. Considering its advantageous position, it is assumed that there will be no constraint in the establishment of stocks.

1.4 Scope and Objectives of the EMP

1.4.1 Objectives of EMP

The primary purpose of Objective of Environmental Management Plan (OMEP) is to provide an easily interpreted reference document which ensures that the project environmental commitments, safeguards and mitigation measures from the environmental planning documents, project approvals, and the scope of works and technical criteria are implemented. It aims to minimize impacts associated with the operation of the project. The purpose of operation Environmental Management Plan is to:

- Define details of who, what, where & when environmental management & mitigation measures are to be implemented.
- Provide government agencies and their contractors, developments & other stakeholder better onsite management control over the life of a project.
- Ensure that the commitments made as a part of the project's EIA are implemented throughout the project life.
- Ensure the environment management detail is captured & documented at all stages of the project.

This EMP document aims to:

- Provide environmental management plans that minimize the environmental impact of the works and identify those responsible for its implementation.
- Define the monitoring program which assesses the implementation.

1.4.2 Scope

An EMP is a site or project specific plan developed to ensure that appropriate environmental management practices are followed during a project's operation. The scope & content of EMP will be function of both the significance of a project's potential environmental impact and also a project's site. In case of EMP Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. the study area covers the factory overview, environmental management plans, monitoring & review details.

1.5 Methodology Adopted

Data collection was done in October 10th 2021. Necessary information is collected through field study and literature review to accommodate all issues and analyze environmental impacts of physical, biological and socio-economic. Secondary information is collected through reports, maps and photographs. Primary level of information is collected through questionnaires, checklist, data sheets from walkover survey and EMP team judgment.

The EMP team also explained environmental issues at Industrial Zone Management Office on October 10th 2021. Thus, The Chairman signed a letter in recognition stating that there is no objection on the proposed project.

1.6 Report Structure

This report is framed with twelve sections including this introduction chapter:

- (1) Introduction
- (2) Policy, Institutional and Legal Framework
- (3) Description of the Project and Process
- (4) Baseline Conditions of the Existing Environment
- (5) Potential Environmental Impacts and Mitigation Measures
- (6) Environmental Management Plan and Monitoring Plan
- (7) Public Consultation and Information Disclosure
- (8) Conclusion and Recommendation

1.7 Study Team

This project report on Environmental Management Plan (EMP) was prepared by Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd - **Transitional Consultant Registration Number of Organization No.0006.** And then, Certificate of Organization and Personal are as shown in Appendix (4) and (5) respectively.

Address: No. (115), Kanaung Min Thar Gyi Road, Hlaing Thar Yar Industrial

Zone (1), Hlaing Thar Yar City, Yangon, Myanmar

Tel: 951-3685572, Fax: 951-3685571,

Email: gmescompany@gmail.com, info@mes-mm.com

GMES EMP TEAM

No.	Title of Post	Terms of Reference	Nominee, Organization & Transitional Consultant Registration Number		
	Main EMP Working Team				
1.	Team Leader	 Overall management of EMP operation Work plan Technical meeting & workshop Document reviewing and process flow studying 	Engr. U Kyaw Soe Win Managing Director Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd. Experience in EMP		

		Lead and facilitation of public	processing
		consultation	
		 Data compilation & analysis 	No.0019
		 Coordination with stakeholders 	
2.	Environmental	 Advise on the design of EMP 	Engr. Daw Khin Swe Aye
	Consultant	• Develop term of reference for duty	Former Lecturer,
		and responsibility among EMP	Chemical Engineering
		team	Dept., YTU
		Advise on the environmental	No.0021
		baseline	110.0021
		Advise on the field surveyFacilitate technical analysis	
		 Facilitate technical analysis Streamline the Environmental	
		Management Plan (EMP)	
3.	Field Supervisor	Develop operational checklist for	U Kyi Han Bo
	a recording of	Environmental Study	B.E - Aerospace Fuel and
		• In charge for preliminary field visit	Propellant Engineer
		• Establish field operational office	Myanmar Aerospace
		for field survey	Engineering University,
		 Supervise field survey 	Quality Engineer and
		 Finalize checking for report and 	Senior Environmental
		report formatting	Experts
4.	Public Coordinator	Assist in stakeholder meeting	U Aung Kyaw Than
		Assist in public consultation	B.E (Chemical)
		meeting	
		 Preparation for public consultation meeting 	
		Supporting Team for EMP Studying	
5.	Consultant	• Give advice on collecting field	Engr. U Sein Thaung Oo
	(Air Quality	data for air quality	Chairman
	Management)	Assist on air quality control	Green Myanmar
		system	Environmental Services Co.,
		Give advice on air pollution	Ltd.
		evaluate and mitigation	Professional Engineer
		• Give advice for data processing,	No 0022
		computing, projection, modeling	No.0023
		and analysis	
6.	Wastewater	Give advice in report preparation Collecting field data for industrial	Engr. Daw Tin May Soe
0.	Management	Collecting field data for industrial and municipal wastewater	Consultant
	Consultant	Assist in laboratory testing	Green Myanmar
	3-1-1-1	 Data processing, computing, 	Environmental Services Co.,
		projection, modeling and analysis	Ltd.
		 Assist in report preparation 	
		1 1 1	Retired Professor and Head
			Chemical Engineering
			Department, Mandalay
			Technological University.

7.	Consultant for Laboratory Analysis	 Advise on data processing and laboratory testing and prepare instruction for laboratory testing Check the result of environmental laboratory testing Compare the laboratory result and verification 	(Experience in environmental toxicology and pollution control) No.0028 U Myo Myint Consultant Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd. Retired Former Factory Manager, Ministry of Industry (1)
8.	Consultant on Energy Saving Management and Chemical Risk Assessment & Hazardous Chemical Management	 Advise on energy saving management Advise on the risk assessment preparation Develop terms of reference for duty and responsibility among EMP team Advise on the environmental baseline Advise on the field survey 	No.0026 Daw Kyaw Kyaw Win Director (Retired) Myanma Petrochemical Enterprise Ministry of Electrical and Energy
9.	Social Operation and Field Coordinator	 Develop operational checklist for social survey Facilitate technical meeting and record keeping Assist in data mining and secondary data collection and coordinate with local authority and communities for village level meeting 	U Khin Aung Consultant Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd.
10.	Consultant (Environmental Quality Management)	 Assist in preparation of guideline for environmental sampling of air and water quality Monitor the sample collection Register and inspect the sample collected Assist in report preparation for environmental baseline 	Daw Khin Shwe Htay Former Lecturer, Chemical Engineering Dept., YTU Environmental Engineer No.0022
11.	Junior Environmental Experts	 Environmental and social survey Data collection Document reviewing Process studying Preparation of impact evaluation and assessment, and management 	Daw Hnin Htet Htet Hlaing B.E - Port and Harbor Myanmar Maritime University Daw Aye Thuzar Hein

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		plan • Report preparing and formatting	B.E (Chemical Engineering)
12.	Environmental Monitoring Team	 Environmental baseline measuring Data analysis Coordinate for public consultation meeting Environmental baseline report preparing and formatting 	U Aung Ko Min B.E (Chemical) (Monitoring Technician) U Thi Ha Zaw (Assistant Monitoring Technician)
14	Laboratory Experts	 Water sampling and laboratory testing Preparation for water & wastewater sampling Preparation for laboratory testing Laboratory testing Reporting for laboratory result 	U Thet Min Paing B.E (Chemical Engineering)

1.8 Timeframe of the EMP

The EMP started from May 2021 and ended in July 2022.

2.0 POLICY, LEGAL AND INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

2.1 Background

The emerging environmental scenario calls for attention on conservation and judicious use of natural resources. There is a need to integrate the environmental consequences of the development activities and for planning suitable measures in order to ensure sustainable development. The environmental considerations in any developmental process have become necessary for achieving sustainable development. To achieve such goals, the basic principles to be adopted are:

- ➤ To enhance the quality of environment in and around the project area by adopting proper measures for conservation of natural resources;
- Prevention of adverse environmental and social impact to the maximum possible extent;
- > To mitigate the possible adverse environmental and socio-economic impact on the project-affected areas.

Policy, legal and institutional framework of the proposed project relating to the environmental, social, health and economic conditions are discussed in this section.

2.2 Policy Framework

This section highlights the relevant environmental policies established by the Government of Myanmar for purposes of environmental protection towards the process of sustainable development. The Government, through the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC), has established environmental policies which broadly aim at:

- ➤ Encouraging respect for the environment by all and being mindful and taking care of the environment:
- Ensuring environmental issues are integrated with economic matters to attain sustainable development;
- > Reviewing and evaluating development plans to ensure they follow the set environmental guidelines/policies;
- ➤ Encouraging the public to take part in environmental matters so as to enlighten them on the same hence improve on environmental performance.

2.3 Myanmar Regulatory Framework for Environmental Assessment

Myanmar Government issued:

- National Environmental Policy in 2019,
- Myanmar Agenda 21 in 1997,
- National Sustainable Development Strategy in 2009,
- The Environmental Conservation Law in 2012,
- The Environmental Conservation Rules in 2014,
- Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure and National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines in 2015.

2.3.1 National Environmental Policy of Myanmar (2019)

Myanmar National Environmental Policy, which already included for social policy, subsequently gazette on 10th June 2019 is as follows:

To establish sound environment policies in the utilization of water, land, forests, marine resources and other natural resources in order to conserve the environment and prevent its degradation, the Government of the Union of Myanmar hereby adopts the following policy:

"The wealth of a nation is its people, its cultural heritage, its environment and its natural resources."

The objective of Myanmar's environment policy is aimed at achieving harmony and balance between these through the integration of environmental considerations into the development process to enhance the quality of the life of all citizens.

Every nation has the sovereign right to utilize its natural resources in accordance with its environmental policies, but great care must be taken not to exceed its jurisdiction or infringe upon the interests of other nations. It is the responsibility of the state and citizen to preserve its natural resources in the interest of present and future generations. Environmental protection should always be the primary objective in seeking development."

2.3.2 Myanmar Agenda 21 (1997)

The commission also formulated a blue print, the Myanmar Agenda 21, in 1997 as a follow up of national environmental policy in response to the call of the Earth Summit to develop national strategies to implement the Global Agenda 21. Myanmar Agenda 21 serves as a framework for integrating environmental considerations in future national development plans as well as sectorial and regional development plans in Myanmar and recognizes the need of environmental impact assessment, integrated economic development and sustainable social development respectively.

2.3.3 National Sustainable Development Strategy (2009)

National Sustainable Development Strategy was formulated to implement the National Environmental Policy in 2009 by Ministry of Forestry with the vision of wellbeing and happiness of Myanmar people. Three overarching goals identified are sustainable management of natural resources; integrated economic development and sustainable social development. In order to achieve these goals, a series of objectives are set along with activities. In addition, leading institution and collaboration institutions are identified to perform the activities.

2.3.4 The Environmental Conservation Law (2012)

The principle law governing environmental management in Myanmar is the Environmental Conservation Law, which was issued in March, 2012 (The Pyidaungsu Hluttaw Law No.9/2012). The law stipulates that government bodies are in charge of

environmental conservational as well as their relevant roles and responsibilities. It touches on water, noise, vibration and solid waste qualities but does not provide specific standards to be met.

It also mentions that any new development project must perform a system of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and Social Impact Assessment (SIA) in order to find out whether or not a project or activity to be undertaken by any government department, organization or person may cause a significant impact on the environment or not. In the context of project development, it is important to note that the law adopts the notion of 'Polluter Pays Principle' as it implies that the project proponents are responsible for covering all environmental and social costs generated by the project.

The law serves as the basic for founding of Environmental Conservation Department (ECD) under the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC), both of which will be explained later. Following the Environmental Conservation Law are two legal instruments: Environmental Conservation Rules (2014) and EIA Procedures (2015).

The main objectives of Environmental Conservation Law related to this Project are abstracted from *Section 3* as follows.

- (a) To enable to emerge a healthy and clean environment and to enable to conserve natural and cultural heritage for the benefit of present and future generations;
- (b) To reclaim ecosystems as may be possible which are starting to generate and disappear;
- (c) To enable to manage and implement for decrease and loss of natural resources and for enabling the sustainable use beneficially;

As the important reference, the following sections are excerpted: Section 7 for provisions of duties and powers of MONREC, Section 10 for Environmental Quality Standards, Section 13 for monitoring as well as Section 14 and Section for polluter's responsible.

Section 7: Duties and Powers relating to the Environmental Conservation of the Ministry

- To specify categories and classes of hazardous wastes generated from the production and use of chemicals or other hazardous substances in carrying out industry, agriculture, mineral production, sanitation and other activities;
- b. To prescribe categories of hazardous substances that may affect significantly at present or in the long run on the environment;
- c. To promote and carry out the establishment of necessary factories and stations for the treatment of solid wastes, effluents and emissions which contain toxic and hazardous substances;
- d. To prescribe the terms and conditions relating to effluent treatment in industrial estates and other necessary places and buildings and emissions of machines, vehicles and mechanisms;

- e. To lay down and carry out a system of EIA and SIA as to whether or not a project or activity to be undertaken by any Government department, organization or person may cause a significant impact on the environment;
- f. To manage to cause the polluter to compensate for environmental impact, cause to contribute fund by the organizations which obtain benefit from the natural environmental service system, cause to contribute a part of the benefit from the businesses which explore, trade and use the natural resources in environmental conservation works.

Section 10: Environmental Quality Standards

The Ministry may, with the approval of the Union Government and the Committee, stipulate the following environmental quality standards:

- a. Suitable surface water quality standards in the usage in rivers, streams, canals, springs, marshes, swamps, lakes, reservoirs and other inland water sources of the public;
- b. Water quality standards for coastal and estuarine areas;
- c. Underground water quality standards;
- d. Atmospheric quality standards;
- e. Noise and vibration standards;
- f. Emissions standards;
- g. Effluent standards;
- h. Solid wastes standards;
- i. Other environmental quality standards stipulated by the Union Government.

Section 13: Monitoring

The Ministry shall, under the guidance of the Committee, maintain a comprehensive monitoring system and implement by itself or in co - ordination with relevant Government departments and organizations in the following matters:

- a. The use of agro- chemicals which cause to impact on the environment significantly;
- b. Transport, storage, use, treatment and disposal of pollutants and hazardous substances in industries;
- c. Disposal of wastes come out from exploration, production and treatment of minerals, industrial mineral raw materials and gems;
- d. Carrying out waste disposal and sanitation works;
- e. Carrying out development and constructions;
- f. Carrying out other necessary matters relating to environmental pollution.

Section 14: A person causing a point source of pollution shall treat, emit, discharge and deposit the substances which cause pollution in the environment in accord with stipulated environmental quality standards.

Section 15: The owner or occupier of any business, material or place which causes a point source of pollution shall install or use an on-site facility or controlling equipment in order to monitor, control, manage, reduce or eliminate environmental pollution. If it is impracticable, it shall be arranged to dispose the wastes in accord with environmentally sound methods.

2.3.5 The Environmental Conservation Rules (2014)

Environmental Conservation Rules provide a platform to bridge the Environmental Conservation Law with more specific and practical rules and guidelines including EIA Procedures and environmental quality standards, the rules stipulate that the Ministry of Environmental Conservation and Forestry will adopt and carry out the environmental impact assessment system which includes determination of categories of plans, business or activity that requires Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).

Rule 61: The Ministry may approve and reply on the EIA report or IEE or EMP with the guidance of the Committee.

2.3.6 Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure (2015)

The objectives of the EIA procedures are to provide a common framework for EIA reporting and to ensure that EIA reporting is in line with legal requirements, good practices and professional standards.

Section 76: For Project types which require IEE according to the Article 55 (a) of the Rules or Article 24 of the Procedure, the Project Proponent may prepare an IEE by itself or may appoint a person or organization who/which is registered according to the Article 18.

Section 77: The Project Proponent shall issue a letter of endorsement in a format prescribed by the Ministry according to the Article 63. Such letter shall be submitted to the Department prepared either in the Myanmar language, or in the English language or both. The Project Proponent shall submit the IEE to the Department in both digital form and complete paper copies, together with the required service fee as prescribed by the Department, and confirming:

- a. the accuracy and completeness of the IEE;
- b. that the IEE has been prepared in strict compliance with applicable laws including this Procedure; and
- c. that the Project will at all times comply fully with the commitments, mitigation measures, and plans in the IEE.

Section 78: Upon Receipt of the IEE from the Project Proponent, the Department shall review and submit to the Ministry to enable it to make a final decision on approval of the IEE.

Section 79: If it is determined by the Ministry that the IEE does not satisfy requirements, then the Project Proponent shall be called upon by the Department to undertake necessary amendments and/or to provide supplementary information as directed by the Ministry.

Section 80: Upon completion of its review of the IEE, the Ministry shall;

- a. approve the IEE, subject to any conditions it may prescribe, and issue an ECC; or
- b. require that the Project carry out an IEE or EIA, citing the reasons for this decision and informing the Project Proponent of its decision; and, in either case
- c. publicly disclose its decision.

Section 81: The Department shall deliver the final decision of the Ministry within thirty (30) working days of receipt of an IEE. If the Ministry requires an IEE to be amended, then the due date for delivery of the Ministry's decision shall be extended accordingly.

2.3.7 National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (2015)

The objective of these national guidelines is to provide the basis for regulation and control of noise and vibration, air emissions, liquid discharges from various sources. According to these guidelines, all projects subject to EIA procedure have to comply with and refer to applicable national guidelines standards or international standards adopted by the Ministry. In addition, a project proponent shall be responsible for the monitoring of their compliance with general and applicable industry- specific guidelines as specified in the EMP and ECC (Environmental Compliance Certificate). In addition, the Project Proponent is responsible to monitor the environmental quality based on the developed EMP as specified in the following sections.

Section 12: As specified in the EIA Procedure, projects shall engage in continuous, proactive and comprehensive self- monitoring of the project and comply with applicable guidelines and standards. For purposes of these Guidelines, projects shall be responsible for the monitoring of their compliance with general and applicable industry- specific Guidelines as specified in the EMP and ECC.

Section 13: Air emissions, noise, odor, and liquid/ effluent discharges will be sampled and measured at points of compliance as specified in the project EMP and ECC.

2.4 Environmental-related Laws and Regulations in Myanmar

There are several laws and regulations relating to the environmental matters administered by various relevant ministries in Myanmar. The environmental-related laws and regulations are tabulated with their main purposes/description in following table.

Table 2.1 Environment-Related Laws and Rules

I. Administrative Sector

The Penal Code (1861)

The insight of relevant provisions to the project

- Voluntarily corrupts or fouls the water of any public spring or reservoir, so as to render it less fit for the purpose for which it is ordinarily used shall be punished. [section 277]
- Voluntarily vitiates the atmosphere in any place, so as to make it noxious to the health of persons in general dwelling or carrying on business in the neighborhood or passing along a public way shall be punished. [section 278]
- Doing any act so rashly or negligently as to endanger human life or to be likely to cause hurt or injury to any other person with any explosive substance or machinery or, fails to guard sufficiently against any probable danger to human life from that substance or such machinery, shall be punished. [section 286, 287]

The Police Act (1945)

No person shall commit the following acts:

Throwing or placing any dirt, filth, rubbish, or any stones or building materials, or

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causing any offensive matter to run from any house factory on any road or in any open place or street may be taken into custody by any police. [section 34 (6)]

• Neglecting to fence in or duly protect any well, tank or other dangerous place or structure. [section 34 (9)]

The Ward or Village Tract Administration Law (2012)

• The ward or village tract administrator shall cause the residents in ward of village tract to work and live peacefully and tranquilly. [section 12 (c)]

The Myanmar Fire Brigade Law (2015)

• Factory, industry, the business owner or manager of endangered from fire safety shall form the reserved fire brigade and shall keep the equipment related to fire safety. [section 25]

The Constitution of the Union of Myanmar, 2008

Section 24 – The Union shall enact necessary laws to protect the rights of workers. Section 349 (b) – Citizens shall enjoy equal opportunity in carrying out occupation.

Section 359 -The Union prohibits forced labor except hard labor as a punishment for crime duly convicted and duties assigned by the Union in accord with the law in the interest of the public.

II. Environmental Conservation Sector

The Environmental Conservation Law (2012)

The following provisions are particularly relevant to Environmental Impact Assessment requirements and this project:

For waste disposal,

- A person causing a point source of pollution shall treat, emit, discharge and deposit the substances which cause pollution in the environment in accord with stipulated environmental quality standards. [section 14]
- The owner or occupier of any business, material or place which causes a point source of pollution shall install or use an on-site facility or controlling equipment in order to monitor, control, manage, reduce or eliminate environmental pollution. If it is impracticable, it shall be arranged to dispose the wastes in accord with environmentally sound methods. [section 15]

For prior permission,

 No one shall, without the prior permission operate business, work-site or factory, workshop which is required to obtain the prior permission under this law. [section 28]

The Environmental Conservation Rules (2014)

MOECAF (Now in MONREC) launched Environmental Conservation Rules on June 5th, 2014. The Rules reinforce the obligation for project developers to submit an EIA or an IEE. It aims to establish and adopt the necessary programs for the conservation and enhancement of environment, protection, control and reduction of pollution in environment, and conservation.

The Environmental Conservation Rules stipulate the following relevant articles under Chapter (XI) Environmental Impact Assessment.

- The Ministry shall determine the categories of project, business, service or activity which shall conduct environmental impact assessment. [section 52]
- The government department, organization or an individual who would develop the categories of project, business, service or activity stipulated under section 52:
 - a. Shall carry out environmental impact assessment for his project, business, service or activity;
 - b. Shall submit that the environmental impact assessment is intended to conduct by which third party or an organization to the Ministry in advance;

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- c. Shall submit the environmental impact assessment report to the Ministry. [section 54]
- The person who carries out any project, business or activity shall arrange and carry out for conducting the environmental impact assessment for any project, business or activity by a qualified third person or organization accepted by the Ministry. [section 56]
- The Ministry shall, on submission that the environmental impact assessment is intended to conduct by which third party or an organization under section 54 (b) to the Ministry in advance, determine and decide after making scrutiny whether or not it is a suitable third party or an organization to conduct the environmental impact assessment. The decision of the Ministry relating to such matter is final and conclusive. [section 57]
- The Ministry shall form the environmental impact assessment report Review Body with experts from relevant Government departments and organizations. [section 58]
- If private experts are included in the environment impact assessment report Review Body, honorariums, expenses and allowances for them shall be borne from the environmental management fund. [section 59]
- The Ministry may assign the Department to scrutinize the report of environmental impact assessment prepared and submitted by a third party or an organization and report to the Ministry through the environmental impact assessment Review Body. [section 60]
- The Ministry may approve and reply the environmental impact assessment report or environmental management plan with the guidance of the Committee. [section 61]

The Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure (2015)

The Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure stated that:

• All projects department, organization, local and organization, government or authority, company, cooperative, institution, Project expansions corporation, undertaken board, by development committee and organization, local government or authority, company, cooperative, institution, enterprise, firm, partnership or individual (and/or all Projects, field sites, factories and businesses including expansions of such Projects, field sites, factories and businesses identified by the Ministry, which may cause impact on environmental quality and are required to obtain Prior Permission in accordance with Section 21 of the Law, and Article 62 of the Rules) having the potential to cause Adverse Impacts, are required to undertake IEE or EIA or to develop an EMP, and to obtain an ECC in accordance with this Procedure.

The National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (2015)

These national Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (hereafter referred to as Guidelines) provide the basis for regulation and control of noise and vibration, air emissions, and liquid discharges from various sources in order to prevent pollution for purposes of protection of human and ecosystem health.

- Para 4 states that these Guidelines refer to emission sources, and are intended to
 prevent or minimize adverse impacts to environmental quality or human health by
 ensuring that pollutant concentrations do not reach or exceed ambient guidelines and
 standards. The Guidelines apply to projects that generate noise or air emissions, and /
 or that have either direct or indirect discharge of process water, wastewater from
 utility operations or storm water to the environment.
- Para 6 mentions the provisions of the general and applicable industry-specific Guidelines shall be reflected in project environmental management plan (EMP) and environmental compliance certificate (ECC) and together constitute a project's

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commitment to take necessary measures to avoid, minimize and control adverse impacts to human health and safety, and the environment through reducing the total amount of emissions generation; to adopting process modifications, including waste minimization to lower the load of pollutants requiring treatment; and as necessary, to apply treatment techniques to further reduce the load of contaminants prior to release or discharge.

 Para 7 states recognizing that these Guidelines are intended to prevent pollution through reducing the mass of pollutants emitted to the environment, dilution of air emissions and effluents to achieve maximum permitted values is not acceptable. Specified guideline values should be achieved, without dilution, at least 95 percent of the time that a project is operating, to be calculated as a proportion of annual operating hours.

The Conservation of Water Resources and Rivers Law (2006)

• No person shall dispose of engine oil, chemical, poisonous material and other materials which may cause environmental damage, or dispose of explosives from the bank or from a vessel which is plying, vessel which has berthed, anchored, stranded or sunk. [section 11 (a)]

III. City Development Sector

The Underground Water Act (1930)

- Digging tube wells shall be done only with the license issued by prescribing terms and conditions. [section 3]
- Digging underground water or attempt to do so shall be informed to the authorized official determined by the president. [section 5]

Yangon City Development Committee Law (2018)

Provisions relating to environmental sanitation, pollution of air and water, and public health.

IV. Finance and Revenue Sector

The Myanmar Insurance Law (1993)

• An entrepreneur or an organization operating an enterprise which may cause damage to the life and property of the public or which may cause pollution to the environment shall affect compulsory General Liability Insurance with the Myanmar Insurance. [section 16]

Union Tax Law (2018)

- The taxes received by the Union contained in the laws relating to expenditure under the budget are the taxes earmarked for collection in table (1) of this law for the relevant financial year. [section 3]
- If the Tax Rates contained in this law should be amended, supplemented or substituted, the Union Government shall submit the matter to the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw so that it is decided after discussion. [section 4]

V. Biodiversity and Ecosystem Sector

The Forest Law (2018)

Provision to conserve water, soil, biological diversity and the environment; sustain forest produce yields; protect forest cover; establish forest and village firewood plantations; sustainably extract and transport forest products.

Protection of Biodiversity and Protected Area Law (2018)

The objective of this Law is to provide opportunities for more effective conservation of forests while recognizing the rights and the potential roles of local communities.

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VI. Health Sector

The Public Health Law (1972)

Includes a general provision that empowers Union Government to carry out measures relating:

- To protect environment from gas, odor, dust, sound and radio activity which is endanger in the public environment. [section 3 (1) (c)]
- To keep the factory, industry, work site produced and sell food clean. [section 3 (2) (d)]
- Examine if necessary, in the government lab. [section 3 (2) (h)]
- To be cautions to be in conformity with the standard prescribed by the Union Government from time to time. [3 (2) (i)]

The Prevention and Control of Communicable Disease Law (1995)

- For prevention of the outbreak of Communicable Disease and effective control of Communicable Disease when it occurs, the public shall, under the supervision and guidance of the Health Officer of the relevant area, undertake the responsibility of carting out the following environmental sanitation measures;
 - (a) in-door, out-door sanitation or inside the fence, outside the fence sanitation;
 - (b) well, ponds and drainage sanitation;
 - (c) proper disposal of refuse and destruction thereof by fire;
 - (d) construction and use of sanitary latrines;
 - (e) other necessary environmental sanitation measures. [section 8]

The Control of Smoking and Consumption of Tobacco Product Law (2006)

- This law aims to protect from the danger which affects public health adversely by creating tobacco-free environment and to up lift the health, economy, and social standard of the public through control of smoking and consumption of tobacco product. [section 3]
- The responsible person shall arrange the written statements that state non-smoking area in the prescribed places. [section 9 (a)]
- Smoking area shall be arranged and statements that show specific places for smoking area in non-smoking area provided in section 7. [section 9 (b)]
- No one shall smoke in no-smoking area. [section 9 (c)]
- No-smoking areas are prescribed and smoking, burning, carrying, holding are liable to a fine. [section 7+17]

Consumer Protection Law (2019)

To regulate the liability of manufacturers, wholesalers, distributors and others involved in the supply chain for defective goods, which until now has been largely regulated by colonial era tort law which in large part was un-enforced and insufficient to appropriately protect the rights of consumers in the modern economy.

VII. Industrial Sector

The Petroleum Act (1934)

- Import, transport or storage of petroleum shall be abided by the rules made under section and terms and conditions of the license that requires to obtain under the rules. [section 3]
- Dangerous petroleum (petroleum lower than 76°F which is flammable) shall be warned as a duty. [section 6]

The Private Industrial Enterprise Law (1990)

- The salient basic principles to operate the industrial business are provided in section 3.
- To develop production in each and every economic business connected to industrial business.

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- To avoid or decrease utility of technology which causes environmental pollution.
- To use energy in the least way.

The Export and Import Law (2012)

- No person shall export or import restricted, prohibited and banned goods. [section 5]
- Without obtaining license, no person shall export or import the specified which is to obtain permission. [section 6]

Prevention of Hazard from Chemical and Related Substances Law (2013)

- No one shall produce, treat and formulate, use, possess, store, distribute, sell, transport, import or export the chemical or related substances prohibited by the Central Leading Board. [section 33]
- No one shall operate the chemical and related substances business without license. [section 34]
- No one shall use the chemical or the related substances which are unregistered or annulled from the registered list or not met to the quality and norm in the chemical and related substance business. [section 35]
- A person who has obtained a license, shall put the insurance in accordance with the prescriptive stipulations to be able to pay the compensation, if the impact and damage is occurred on the Human Being and Animals or the environment in respect of the chemical and related substances business. [section 17]
- A person who has obtained a license shall apply the related chemical and related substances that will be used in his chemical and related substances business in accordance with the stipulations to the Central Supervisory Board. (section 20)

Prevention of Hazard from Chemical and Related Substances Rules (2016)

• If the relevant Board of Inspection finds the violation on any prohibition in the law and rules, the Board of Inspection shall submit to the respective Supervisory Board for taking action under the law. [section 47]

The relevant Board of Inspection shall carry out the regular inspection, surprise check and inspection due to information to chemical and related substances businesses. [section 48]

The Standardization Law (2014)

The aims of this Law are also related to this project.

- To enable to protect the consumers and users by guaranteeing imports and products are not lower than prescribed standard, and safe from health hazards. [section 3 (c)]
- To enable to protect manufacturing, distributing and importing the disqualified goods which do not meet the prescribed standard and those which are not safe and endangered to the environment. [section 3 (e)]
- The person who obtains the certificate of certification whose representative and successors shall oblige the mandatory standards. [section 29]

The Electricity Law (2014)

- No electrical business shall be operated other than the business contained in the permit by any permit holder. [section 45]
- No one shall produce, transmit, connect, contact and use the electric power without electric safety certificate. [section 47]
- No one shall connect, waste, and utilize the electric power without the permission of the permit holder. [section 52]
- No one shall cut off the electric power line, transfer electricity, destroy electrical equipment and used in any electrical business. [section 53]

Industrial Design Rights Law (2019)

The objectives of this Law are as follows:

(a)To protect the rights and interests of the owner of the industrial design and the

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inventors in accordance with this Law:

- (b)To support the development of industrial businesses by providing protection for industrial design creations;
- (c)To support the development and spread of industrial design technology.

VIII. National Planning and Economic Development Sector

The Myanmar Investment Law (2016)

- The objectives are to protect the invertors and their businesses in accordance with law, to create job opportunities for the people, to develop high functioning production, service, and trading sectors. [sections 3 (b), (c) and (e)]
- An investor who obtains permit or endorsement under this Law has the right to obtain a long-term lease of land or building from the owner if it is private land or building, or from the relevant government departments or government organization if it is land managed by the government, or land or building owned by the Union in accordance with the stipulations in order to do investment. Citizen investors may invest in their own land or building in accordance with relevant laws. [section 50 (a)]
- The Government guarantees not to nationalize any investment carrying out in accordance with the law. Except under the following conditions, the Government guarantees not to take any measures which expropriate or indirectly expropriate or is likely to effect a result in the termination of an investment:
 - (a) actually necessary for the interest of the Union or its citizen;
 - (b) non-discriminatory manner;
 - (c) measures in accordance with the applicable Laws;
 - (d) prompt, fair and adequate payment of compensation. [section 52]
- The investor shall abide by applicable laws, rules, procedures and best standards practiced internationally for this investment so as not to cause damage, pollution, and loss to the natural and social environment and not to cause damage to cultural heritage. [section 65 (g)]

The Myanmar Investment Rules (2017)

After obtaining the permit, the investor who requires environmental and social impact assessment shall submit the required performances on environmental and social impact assessments to the Commission along the course of operating business. [section 189]

IX. Transportation Sector

The Motor Vehicle Law (2015)

- No one is allowed to drive, request someone to drive, or park, motor vehicles in public places under the following conditions;
 - (a) The motor vehicle is not registered.
 - (b) The registration has been suspended, revoked or expired; the registration card is not displayed.
 - (c) The registration card has been revoked or is expired. [section 45]
- No one is allowed to drive, or allow to drive, motor vehicles in public places without risk insurance for others. This prohibition does not extend to passengers. [section 46]
- (a) No one is allowed to drive a motor vehicle in public places without carrying the driving license with him/her.
 - (b) No one is allowed to drive a motor vehicle in public places without a driving license.
 - (c) The owner of, and the person responsible for, motor vehicles are not allowed to give permission to someone without a driving license to drive in public

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places.[section 47]

- No one is allowed to do the following in public places;
 - (b) Driving above the speed limit or below the minimum speed.
 - (c) Driving a motor vehicle which endangers others.
 - (d) Driving a motor vehicle after the consumption of narcotic drugs or alcohol. [section 49]

The Motor Vehicle Rules (1989)

• No vehicles shall carry more than the number or weight of goods which is permitted according to registration. [section 138]

X. Workforce Sector

The Workmen's Compensation Act (1923)

- This law is for factories which have failed to register with the Social Security Office and to subscribe to the 2012 Social Security Law and Rules.
- Required to employees who become injured or who die in any accidents arising during and in consequence of their employment. Such compensation also must be made for diseases which arise as a direct consequence of employment, such as carpal tunnel syndrome. [section 3]

The Factories Act (1951)

Working hours

- Shall not exceed 8 working hours per day or 44 hours per week [section 59+62]
- Shall not exceed 48 hours per week for the work which has to be done continuously [section 59]
- There must be a minimum 30 minutes interval after each 5 working hours [section 63]
- The combined working hours and interval time shall not exceed 10 hours per day [section 64]
- The working days shall not exceed 6 days per week
- There must be one day holiday each week (Sunday). If Sunday service is required, there must be a substitution of another day. There must be substituted an alternative day-off. [section 61]

Overtime

- Shall not exceed more than 16 hours per week or, for continuous work, 12 hours per week
- The overtime wage shall be calculated as double the basic wage
- Permission of Factories and the General Labor Law Inspection Department must be obtained for an approval of a constant overtime policy

Calculation of Overtime Wages

- For salary earners: Overtime wage per hour = {(salary x 12 month) / 52-week x 44 (48) hrs} x 2
- For daily wages worker: Overtime wage per hour = {(daily wage x 6 day) / 44 (48) hrs} x 2
- Piece-work laborers: Overtime wage per hour = {(daily average wage x 6 day) / 44 (48) hrs} x 2

Worksite Safety and Health Measures

- The factory must be kept clean and the workspace must be situated away from drains, latrines or other things which create a bad or unhealthy smell. [section 13]
- Wastes must be disposed systematically. [section 14]
- There must be proper ventilation, light and heat. [section 15+19]
- There must be no dust or smoke in the hall or factory. [section 16]
- There must be clean drinking water in proper places for all workers. [section 20]

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- Population of workers must not be dense and there must be sufficient light. [section 19]
- The latrines must be in suitable places. [section 21]
- The generators and other auxiliary units must be kept undercover. [section 23, 24]
- There must be arrangements made for any emergency cut out of electricity service. [section 26]
- In weaving or spinning machines, any female workers and any children must not be allowed to handle. [section 28]
- Females and young workers are not allowed to lift heavy loads.
- Floors, stairs and paths must be well-built and hand rails are to be built and necessary covers must be placed. [section 34]
- Explosive and flammable substances should be covered and protected. [section 39]
- In every factory, the arrangement of escape routes and fire alarms must be kept. [section 40]

Welfare

- There must be washing and cleaning facilities for workers. [section 44+45]
- There must be sufficient seats for workers if a chance is given for sitting. [section 46]
- There must be sufficient First Aid Boxes. [section 47]
- If the workers in a factory exceed 250, doctors or nurses in clinic are to be appointed. [section 48]
- If the workers of a factory exceed 100, recreation centers and canteens are to be kept for food. [section 49]
- For factories with over 50 female workers, there must be a child nursery center available for the children under 6 year of age. [section 50]

The Leave and Holiday Act (1951)

The objectives are:

- To allow worker for leave and holiday allowances, religious or social activities with earn allowance, and benefits for Health allowances.
- Concerned workers: Daily wage workers/temporary workers/permanent workers.
- Causal Leave (6) days [section 5]
 - (a) Casual leave of 6 days with wages is to be provided
 - (b) Causal leave can be taken a maximum of 3 days at a time except in special cases
 - (c) Causal leave cannot be joined with any other leave
 - (d) Leave will be cancelled if it has not been used within a year.
- Earned Leave (10) days [section 4]
 - (a) For continuous service of 12 months and above, 10 days of 'earned leave' shall be entitled
 - (b) If the service day is not 24 days, 1 day deduction from earned Leave is made,
 - (c) Can be accumulated for up to 3 years.
- Medical Leave (30) days [section 6]
 - (a) Workers are entitled to 30 days of medical leave with full pay if 6 months service has been completed
 - (b) If 6 months service has not been completed, 'leave without pay' can be granted for medical needs
 - (c) If not taken within a year, medical leave is void or cancelled.
- Maternity Leave [section 7-A]
 - (a) 6 weeks maternity leave before confinement and at least (8) weeks after confinement

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- (b) Entitled jointly with medical leave.
- Public Holidays (21) days [section 3]
 - (a) Workers can enjoy time off with full pay
 - (b) If work is given on a public holiday, twice the rate of regular wages is required.

Constitution of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar (2008)

- The Union shall enact necessary laws to protect the rights of workers. [section 24]
- The Citizens shall enjoy equal opportunity in carrying out occupation. [section 349 (b)]
- The Union prohibits forced labor except hard labor as punishment for crime duly convicted and duties assigned by the Union in accord with law in the interest of public. [section 359]

Employment and Skill Development Law (2013)

The facts required to be included & specified in the employment agreement [section

5]

- (1) Type of employment
- (2) Probation period
- (3) Wage, salary
- (4) Location of establishment
- (5) Term of agreement
- (6) Working hours
- (7) Days-off, holidays and leave
- (8) Working overtime
- (9) Meal arrangements within working hour
- (10) Accommodation
- (11) Medical treatment
- (12) Travel arrangements to/from work
- (13) Regulations to be followed by the employee
- (14) If the employee is sent to attend training, limitation agreed by the employee to continue his duty after the training
- (15) Employee resignation and termination of establishment
- (16) Termination of agreement
- (17) Obligations under the conditions of agreement
- (18) Termination of employment agreement by the mutual understanding of employer and employee
- (19) Any other matters
- (20) Specifying, amending and adding the conditions of agreement
- (21) Miscellaneous
- Aforesaid specifications shall not be less than the benefits of existing laws
- The employer shall send a copy of the employment agreement entered into by the employer and employee to the relevant employment exchange office within the stipulated period and shall obtain its approval.
- An employment agreement concluded before the entering into force of this law shall continue to be valid until the end of the term of the original agreement.
- Counterfeiting the certificate shall be punished. [section 34]

The Minimum Wages Law (2013) and The Minimum Wages Rules (2013)

As to the preamble of this law, the objectives are:

• To fulfill the basic needs of the workers and their families who are working in commercial establishments, production and servicing establishments, agriculture and

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livestock.

• And, to develop the work performance and competitiveness of workers.

The minimum wages law was passed by parliament in late 2013 and amounts were specified/ finalized by a national tripartite committee in mid-2015. Implementation of the new wage rates was required to start on 1 September 2015.

Duties of the Employer

- 3,600 Kyats per 8-hour working day (450 Kyat/hour) shall be the minimum wage paid to skilled employees of companies with more than 15 employees in all industries, throughout all of Myanmar.
- 50% of the minimum 1,800 Kyats per 8-hour working day (225 Kyats/hour) may be paid to completely unskilled newly hired workers engaged in a training/induction program up to a maximum of 3 months.
- 75% of the minimum 2,700 Kyats per 8-hour working day (338 Kyats/hour) may be paid to newly hired employees during their 2nd 3 months of employment, regarded as a 'probationary period'.

The Social Security Law (2012) and the Social Security Rules (2014)

- The objective is benefit for sickness, maternity, death, employment injury, invalidity benefit, superannuation benefit by: giving medical treatment, providing cash benefit or granting a right to residency. [section 3]
- All establishments shall contribute to the social security fund from the salary of insured workers as follows:
 - (a) Health and social care fund: 2% from employer, 2% from employee
 - (b) Injury fund: 1% from employer
 - (c) The accepted maximum salary per month to qualify for participation in the social security fund is currently set at 300,000 kyats.
- kinds of social security funds are:
 - (a) Health and social care fund
 - (b) Family assistance fund
 - (c) Injury fund
 - (d) Invalidity benefit, superannuation benefit, and survivors' benefit fund
 - (e) Unemployment benefit fund
 - (f) Other social security fund (e.g. hosing plan).

For medical treatment and cash benefit for sickness;

- Beneficiaries have the right to take medical treatment at the permitted hospital or clinic for a period up to 26 weeks. [section 22 (a)]
- When the insured person/beneficiary is retired, 50% payment of medical treatments is entitled if social security contributions have been paid for more than 180 months. [section 29]
- Beneficiaries have the right to enjoy 60 percent of average wages, calculated against the most recent four-month working period, as a cash benefit, during a period of illness lasting up to maximum 26 weeks. [section 23]

For maternity benefits: [section 25, 26, and 27]

- (a) Benefits are allowed to be taken if the prior working period of an employee has been a minimum of one year and if there have been paid social security contributions by the worker for a minimum of six months.
- (b) Maternity leave may total six weeks before confinement and eight weeks after confinement, up to 14 weeks in total.
- (c) An additional four weeks are allowed for maternity leave if twins have been delivered

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- (d) Up to a maximum of six weeks total leave is allowed to be taken in cases of miscarriage
- (e) Full wages may be taken for prenatal examination at the rate one day per time and up to a maximum of seven times
- (f) 70% of average wages of the previous year can be taken as maternity leave compensation before the birth
- (g) An additional 50% of wages which can be taken once the child is born (additional 75% for twins, 100% for triplets). Hence, 120% of average wages will be administered for the eight weeks of maternity leave which may be taken after birth
- (h) Has the right to take leave for medical treatment for their child up until one year after birth
- (i) A father is entitled to take up to 15-days unpaid leave for infant care upon confinement of his wife.

For funeral expenses

- If a Social Security insured person passes away, his or her beneficiary is entitled to receive five times their average month's wage. This is determined as the average wage of the last four working months of the deceased person.
- The obligations of employers are:
 - (a) To inform immediately to the Social Security Office when an injury has happened to an employee. [section 54 (a)]
 - (b) To register their business in the Social Security Office within 30 days from the day of first business operations. [Rules]
 - (c) To register every newly appointed employee with the Social Security Office. [Rules]
- The employer who registered in accordance with the Social Security Law has the right to be exempted from the Workmen's Compensation Act.

The Payment of Wage Law (2016)

- Receipt of wages is made regularly when the work is completed or the time of agreed period. Unlawful deductions are not to be made.
- Resignation or own volition, dismiss or decrease of the employee shall be paid according to the provisions of section 4.

XI. Disaster Sector

Natural Disaster Management Law (2013)

- The objectives are to implement natural disaster management programs systematically and expeditiously in order to reduce disaster risks, to conserve and restore the environmental affected by natural disasters and to provide health, education, social and livelihood programmes in order to bring about living conditions for victims. [section 3 (a), (d) & (e)]
- Organization or person that has been assigned responsibility under this law: [section 13 (a)-i, ii & iii]
- Preparatory and preventive measures for natural disaster risk reduction in pre-disaster period
- Emergency responses including search and during natural disaster
- Conservation of the environment that has been affected by natural disaster
- Applying knowledge and innovation to be a habit of safety and resilience at every level from National level to the ward or village tract level [section 14 (c)]
- When the natural disaster strikes, emergency responses including search and rescue include the following: [section 17 (h), (i)]
 - Conducting emergency response including search and rescue according to the

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type of natural disaster

- Performing other duties assigned by this Law in respect of emergency responses including search and rescue.
 - Rehabilitation and reconstruction activities to be carried out after disaster include the following: [section 18 (a)]
- > Data collection and confirmation of damage and losses due to natural disaster
- Aggrieved person who has been directly affected in any of the private own properties and has been loss of life or has been affected to the member due to any of the disaster risk reduction activities is entitled to compensation in accord with the stipulations. [section 37]

XII. Labor Sector

The Labor Organization Law (2011) and The Labor Organization Rules (2012)

As to the preamble of this law, the objectives are:

- To protect the rights of the workers in accordance with section 24 of the Constitution
- To promote good relations between the employer and the worker
- To enable to workers to form an **The Settlement of Labor Disputes Law** d carry out the labor organizations systematically and independently.

Rights and Responsibilities of the Labor Organization

- The labor organizations shall have the right to carry out freely in drawing up their constitution and rules, in electing their representatives, in organizing their administration and activities or in formulating their programs
- The labor organizations have the right to negotiate and settle with the employer if the workers are unable to obtain and enjoy the rights of the workers contained in the labour laws and to submit demands to the employer and claim in accord with the relevant law if the agreement cannot be reached
- The labor organization has the right to demand the relevant employer to re-appoint a worker if such worker is dismissed by the employer and if there is cause to believe that the reasons of such dismissal were based on labor organization membership or activities, or were not in conformity with the labor laws
- The labor organizations have the right to send representatives to the Conciliation Body in settling a dispute between the employer and the worker
- In discussions with the Government between the employer and the complaining workers, the representatives of the labor organization also have the right to participate and discuss
- Have the right to participate in solving the collective bargaining of the workers
- Shall carry out peacefully the holding of meetings, strikes and the carrying out any other collective activities
- Shall assist in making agreements between the employer and the workers. [section 17 to 23]

Duties of the Employer

The employer shall:

- Recognize the labor organizations
- Allow the member of executive committee assigned by the labor organization to perform their duty not exceeding two days per month
- Shall assist as much as possible if the labor organizations requests help which is in the interest of the factory's workers. [section 29 to 31]

Prohibitions

No employer shall

Lock-out any service without the permission of relevant conciliation body

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- Lock-out any work during the settlement of dispute period
- Carry out an illegal lock-out; dismiss a worker for his membership in a labour organization or for the exercise of organizational activities or participating in a strike. [section 43+44]
- No worker shall
 - (a) Go on strike without informing in advance the relevant employer or the relevant conciliation body
 - (b) Go on strike during the settlement of dispute period
 - (c) Go on an illegal strike [section 45+46]

The Settlement of Labor Disputes Law (2012)(Amendment in 2016)

As to the preamble of this law, the objectives are:

- To safeguard the rights of workers
- To promote a good relationship between employer and workers and creating a peaceful workplace
- To obtain the rights fairly, rightfully and quickly by settling disputes between employer and worker justly.

Forming Workplace Coordinating Committee

The employer shall, in an establishment which has 30 employees and above and if there is a labor organization,

- Allow 2 nominated workers for each labor organization
- Assign employer representatives who are the same number as the representatives of the workers

If there is no labor organization,

- > Organize election of 2 representatives of the workers
- Appoint 2 representatives of the employer The term of such committees is one year.

Settlement of Dispute

- A party, employer or worker, may complain to the conciliation body.
- If he is not satisfied with the conciliation of Conciliation Body, may apply to the court. [section 23]
- The Conciliation Body shall refer the collective dispute which does not reach settlement to the relevant Arbitration Body. [section 25]
- No party shall be barred to proceed with the right to institute criminal or civil proceedings in respect of such dispute during conciliation or arbitration. [section 52]
- As a strike suspends the employment agreement temporarily, the employer shall not be liable to pay salary or allowance during such period to the workers who go on strike. [section 54]

XIII. Laws related to Occupational Health and Safety including Communicable Diseases

Occupational Safety and Health Law (2019)

The objectives of this law are:

- (a) to implement Occupational Safety and Health matters effectively in the respective industries/ businesses;
- (b) to determine the duties of relevant persons applicable under this law including employers and workers of lessen and mitigate occurrence of occupational diseases and occupational accidents;
- (c) to cause relevant persons applicable under this law, employers and workers to take precaution and prevention against occupational hazards and occupational diseases;

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- (d) to improve the productivity and health of workers by preventing the occurrence of occupational accidents and occupational diseases for their safety;
- (e) to create workplaces that are safe and good for health by prescribing the occupational safety and health standards relevant to the Union's status after considering international and regional standards; and
- (f) to support and help research activities carried out for the development of occupational safety and health matters. [section 3]
- Any person who is currently conducting or wants to conduct any industry/ business to which this law applies shall, in accordance with the stipulations, apply to the Department for registration to enable to conduct occupational safety and health matters. [section 8(a)]

XIV. Rules and Regulation in SEZ

Myanmar Special Economic Zone Law (2014)

The objectives are:

- (a) to support the main objectives of the national economic development plan;
- (b) to affect employment for the people, to promote their living standards, to promote the export of goods with the improvement of production and to increase foreign exchange earnings;
- (c) to encourage, promote and attract being for the balanced development of the industrial, economic and social sectors in the State;
- (d) to promote cooperation in industrial, economic and commercial activities, services and financial transactions between the State and other countries, and to provide the opportunities for vocational training to the citizens;
- (e) to encourage and attract domestic and foreign investments by building good foundations for the Developers and the Investors;
- (f) to promote the flow of domestic and foreign investments in the Special Economic Zone and to establish linkages in continuity among the industries in and the Special Economic Zone with the creation of new jobs. [section 4]

Myanmar Special Economic Zone Rules (2015)

- Prohibit undertaking the manufacturing, packing, or providing services for products which can cause environmental pollution. [section 52 (b)]
- Prohibit undertaking the manufacturing, selling or packing products which may cause harm to public health and the environment. [section 52 (i)]
- Prohibit repairing, decorating or polishing up used products from aboard with the purpose of using them again in the country. [section 53 (c)]
- The investor has to comply with the standards of controlling air pollution and environmental preservation. [section 55 (c)]
- The investor is responsible for the implementation of environmental preservation measures with regard to the destruction of goods. [section 110]

2.5 International Conventions, Treaties and Agreements

Myanmar has signed several international treaties related to the environment. Table 2.2 is presented a list of the conventions signed by Myanmar to date that are potentially relevant to the Project.

Table 2.2 International Treaties and Conventions

1	Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage		
2	Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer & all amendments		
3	Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants		
4	Convention on Biological Diversity		
5	Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety		
6	International Tropical Timber Agreement		
7	Ramsar Convention on Wetlands		
8	Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES)		
9	ASEAN Agreement on the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources		
10	United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification		
11	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and Kyoto Protocol		
12	Global Tiger Forum, India in August 1994		

2.6 Institutional Framework of Myanmar Government Responsible for Project

2.6.1 Myanmar Invest Commission (MIC)

The Myanmar Investment Commission is a government-appointed body which is responsible for verifying and approving investment proposals and regularly issues notifications about sector-specific developments. The MIC is comprised of representatives and experts from government ministries, departments and governmental and non-governmental bodies. It has been formed under the Foreign Investment Law and the Myanmar Citizen Investment Law. Objectives of MIC are as follows:

- To protect investors according to the new investment law promulgated by Union Hluttaw (Parliament)
- To safeguard environmental conservation
- To deeply emphasize on social impact
- To practice accounting and auditing in accordance with international standard in financial matters including transparency and accountability
- To create job opportunities
- To abide existing labor law
- To support corporate social responsibilities
- To transfer technology

The MIC issued a Notification on 30 June 1994 on the Protection of Environment stating that:

- (1) The Myanmar Investment Commission, at its meeting 8/94 held on 17 June 1994 has resolved that all projects established with the permission of the Commission shall be responsible for the preservation of the environment at and around the area of the project site. The enterprises are entirely responsible that they shall be able to control pollution or air, water and land, and other environmental degradation, and that they keep the project site environmentally friendly.
- (2) Consequently, it is hereby notified that the treatment plant, industrial wastewater treatment plant and other pollution control procedures should be promptly implemented and complies with the sanitary and hygienic rules and regulations set by the relevant authorities.
- (3) In the future proposals that are to be submitted to the Commission, either under the Union of Myanmar Foreign Investment Law or the Myanmar Citizens Investment Law, shall incorporate the provision in their contracts that they will undertake proper sewage and industrial wastewater treatment systems and other environmental control systems. The system used shall be in accordance with the rules and regulations specified by the respective development committees and local authorities.

2.6.2 Directorate of Investment and Company Administration (DICA)

The Directorate of Investment and Company Administration (DICA) was formed under the Ministry of National Planning and Economic Development on October 13, 1993.

As the primary interface between businesses and the government, DICA is mandated to promote private sector development and to boost domestic and foreign investment by creating a conductive investment climate. DICA is taking several functions

- 1. as a regulator on investment and companies,
- 2. as a company registrar,
- 3. as an investment promotion agency, and
- 4. as the Secretariat of MIC.

Furthermore, DICA is also responsible for drafting, negotiating and approving bilateral Investment Promotion and Protection Agreements and serves as a focal department for all ASEAN investment related affairs (e.g. ASEAN Comprehensive Investment Agreement, bilateral ASEAN Investment Agreements).

2.6.3 Environmental Conservation Department (ECD)

The Environmental Conservation Department, one of the departments under the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC) is responsible for implementing National Environmental Policy, strategy, framework, planning and action plan for the integration of environmental consideration into the national sustainable development process. And then to manage natural resources conservation and sustainable utilization, the pollution control on water, air and land for the sustainable environment. And also to cooperate with other government organizations, civil societies, private sectors and international organizations concerning with environmental management. The Objectives of ECD are as follows:

- 1. To implement the National Environment policy.
- 2. To develop short, medium and long term strategy, policy and planning for the integration of environmental consideration into the sustainable development process.
- 3. To manage natural resources conservation and sustainable utilization.
- 4. To manage the pollution control on water, air and land for environmental sustainability.
- 5. To cooperate with government organization, civil societies, private and international organizations for the environmental affairs.

2.6.4 Directorate of Industrial Supervision and Inspection (DISI)

Since 2 December 2011, Ministry of Industry was newly reorganized with the combination of Ministry of Industry No. (1), and Ministry of Industry No. (2) to strengthen the organizations and effective managements.

The ministry organized with two Directorates, six Enterprises and one Central Research & Development Center as follows:

- 1. Union Ministerial Office
- 2. Directorate of Industry (DI)
- 3. Directorate of Industrial Supervision and Inspection (DISI)
- 4. No. (1) Heavy Industrial Enterprise (HIE-1)
- 5. No. (2) Heavy Industrial Enterprise (HIE-2)
- 6. No. (3) Heavy Industrial Enterprise (HIE-3)
- 7. Textile Industries (TI)
- 8. Pharmaceutical and Foodstuff Industries (PFI)
- 9. Paper and Home Utility Industries (PHUI)
- 10. Central Research and Development Center (CR&DC)

One of the policies of ministry is "To initiate green industries in order to ensure sustainable development without environmental impact and to utilize energy efficiently and renewable energy". The tasks of DISI are:

- 1. To inspect the industries according to the Private Industrial Enterprise Law (1990), to fulfill their requirements and to supply for development.
- 2. To inspect and register the boilers according to the boiler law (2012).
- 3. To generate, distribute, and use the electrical power in state own, corporative or private section according to the electrical power law (2014) and also to do electrical inspection for these cases.

2.6.5 Departmental Cooperation Team

The Departmental Cooperation Team was formed to provide the field inspection of the operation of business in accordance with section 14 of the Foreign Investment Law.

The objectives of the Departmental Cooperation Team are as follow:

- 1. To enhance foreign direct investment
- 2. To facilitate business process
- 3. To make field inspection to the business operations
- 4. To provide one stop service

The structure of Departmental Cooperation Team is composed by representatives from the governmental departments:

- 5. Directorate of Investment and Company Administration
- 6. Customs Department
- 7. Department of Commerce
- 8. Directorate of Labor
- 9. Department of Immigration and National Registration
- 10. Ministry of Hotel and Tourism
- 11. Internal Revenue Department
- 12. Central Bank of Myanmar
- 13. Ministry of Electricity and Energy
- 14. Directorate of Industrial Supervision and Inspection
- 15. Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation
- 16. Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation.

2.7 Standards and Guidelines for Surrounding Environment of the Project

According to Article 10 of the Environmental Conservation Law (2012), (now MONREC set up the some environmental quality standards, with the approval of the Union Government and the Committee. (See in section 2.3.4)

As of 29 December 2015, emission guideline and target values of ambient air quality, air emission, wastewater, and noise levels were set in NEQG, while other standards have not been set yet by MONREC.

In this Project, the Project Proponent, Foxlink Myanmar Company Limited basically apply the NEQG and in case of no quantitative target values in NEQG, the quantitative target values of other country and international organizations will be referred. Each quantitative target value to be applied is described below sections.

2.7.1 Air Quality

Since there is no ambient air quality standard in Myanmar and only air emission guideline values in National Environmental Quality Emission Guidelines (NEQEGs) (2015) referred from WHO's air quality guidelines, these guideline values

shown in below table will be set as target values for both ambient and emission air quality for operation and decommissioning phases.

Table 2.3 Ambient Air Quality Guidelines for Operation and Decommissioning Phases

No.	Parameter	Averaging Period	Guideline Value (μg/m³)
1.	Nitrogen dioxide	1-year	40
		1-hour	200
2.	Ozone	8-hour daily maximum	100
3.	PM_{10}	1-year	20
		24-hour	50
4.	PM _{2.5}	1-year	10
		24-hour	25
5.	Sulfur dioxide	24-hour	20
		10-minutes	500

Source: National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (NEQG) (29 Dec 2015)

Since there is any combustion facilities designed to deliver electrical or mechanical power, steam, heat or any combination of these, it is necessary to set the target value for air emission level from combustion facilities in this project.

Table 2.4 Small Combustion Facilities Emission Guidelines

No.	Combustion Technology /Fuel	Particulate matter PM ₁₀ ^a	Sulfur dioxide	Nitrogen oxides
1.	Gas	-	-	$200^{\rm b}{\rm mg/Nm^{3c}}$
				$400^{\rm d}~{\rm mg/Nm}^3$
				$1,600^{\rm e}~{\rm mg/Nm}^3$
2.	Liquid	100	3 %	1,600-1,850 ^f
				mg/Nm ³
3.	Natural gas (3-<15 MW ^g)	-	-	$200^{\rm h}~{\rm mg/Nm}^3$
				$310^{i} \text{ mg/Nm}^{3}$
4.	Natural gas (15-<50 MW)	-	-	50 mg/Nm^3
5.	Fuels other than natural gas	-	0.5 % sulfur	200 ^h mg/Nm ³
	(3-<15 MW)			$310^{j} \text{ mg/Nm}^{3}$
6.	Fuels other than natural gas	-	0.5 % sulfur	150 mg/Nm ³
	(15-<50 MW)			
7.	Gas	-	-	320 mg/Nm ³
8.	Liquid	150 mg/Nm^3	$2,000 \text{ mg/Nm}^3$	460 mg/Nm ³
9.	Solid ^j	150 mg/Nm^3	$2,000 \text{ mg/Nm}^3$	650 mg/Nm ³

^a Particulate matter 10 micrometers or less in diameter, ^b Spark ignition, ^c Milligrams per normal cubic meter at specified temperature and pressure, ^d dual fuel, ^e compression ignition, ^f higher value applies if bore size > 400 m, ^g Megawatt, ^h Electric generation, ⁱ mechanical drive, ^j Includes biomass

Source: National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (NEQG) (29 Dec 2015)

The guideline values for air emission levels for Semiconductors and other Electronics Manufacturing Plant set in NEQG (2015) will be applied during the operation phase of the project (see in below Table 2-5).

Table 2.5 Air Emission Level for Semiconductors and other Electronic Manufacturing Plant

Ī	No.	Parameter	Guideline Values	Unit
Ī	1.	Acetone	150	mg/Nm ^{3a}

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No.	Parameter	Guideline Values	Unit
2.	Ammonia	30	mg/Nm ³
3.	Arsine and arsenic compounds	0.5	mg/Nm ³
4.	Hydrogen chloride	10	mg/Nm ³
5.	Hydrogen fluoride	5	mg/Nm ³
6.	Inorganic hazardous air pollutants ^b	0.42	mg/Nm ³
7.	Organic hazardous air pollutants ^b	20	mg/Nm ³
8.	Phosphine	0.5	mg/Nm ³
9.	Volatile organic compounds ^c	20	mg/Nm ³

^a Milligrams per normal cubic meter at specified temperature and pressure

Source: National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (NEQG) (29 Dec 2015)

2.7.2 Water Quality

According to International Water Quality Guidelines Study report published by United Nation Environment Program, there are various water quality standards and they are:

- a) Water Quality Standards
 - ❖ Water Quality Standards for Conservation of the living Environment (Rivers)
 - ❖ Water Quality Standards for Conservation of the living Environment (Lakes)
 - ❖ Water Quality Standards for Protecting Human Health (Rivers and Lakes)
- b) Ground Water Quality Standards
- c) Coastal Water Quality Standards
 - ❖ Coastal Water Quality Standards for Conservation of the Living Environment
 - ❖ Coastal Water Quality Standards for the Protection of Human Health
- d) Drinking Water Quality Standards

Although the water quality standards are widespread, for this IEE, Study GMES IEE Team selected WHO Drinking Water Standards - 2011 and also selected National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (2015) as effluent water quality standards.

Table 2.6 WHO Drinking Water Standards (2011)

No.	Parameter	Guideline Values	Unit
1.	Aluminum	0.2	mg/l
2.	Arsenic	10	μg/l
3.	Chloride	250	mg/l
4.	Copper	2	mg/l
5.	Cyanide	0.07	mg/l
6.	Manganese	0.4	mg/l
7.	рН	6.5~8.5	-

^b Industry-specific hazardous air pollutants include: Antimony compounds, Arsenic compounds, Arsine, Carbon tetrachloride, Catechol, Chlorine, Chromium compounds, Ethyl acrilate, Ethylbenzene, Elthylene glycol, Hydrochloric acid, Hydrofluoric acid, Lead compounds, Methanol, Methyl isobutyl ketone, Methylene chloride, Nickel compounds, Perchloroethylene, Phosphine, Phosphorus, Toluene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, Trichloroethylene (phased-out), and Xylenes

^c Applicable to surface cleaning processes

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No.	Parameter	Guideline Values	Unit
8.	Sulfate	250	mg/l
9.	Total Alkalinity	-	mg/l
10.	Total Dissolved Solids	600	mg/l
11.	Total Hardness	500	mg/l
12.	Total Iron	0.3	mg/l
13.	Turbidity	5	NTU

The following NEQG general guideline values will be applied for general effluent runoff emitted from utility operations, sewage treatment plant, wastewater treatment plant, and storm water runoff during the operation phase of the project.

Table 2.7 Effluent Water Standards for General Effluent Runoff for the Project

No.	Parameter	Guideline Values	Unit
1.	5-day Biochemical oxygen demand	50	mg/l
2.	Ammonia	10	mg/l
3.	Arsenic	0.1	mg/l
4.	Cadmium	0.1	mg/l
5.	Chemical oxygen demand	250	mg/l
6.	Chlorine (total residual)	0.2	mg/l
7.	Chromium (hexavalent)	0.1	mg/l
8.	Chromium (total)	0.5	mg/l
9.	Copper	0.5	mg/l
10.	Cyanide (free)	0.1	mg/l
11.	Cyanide (total)	1	mg/l
12.	Fluoride	20	mg/l
13.	Heavy metals (total)	10	mg/l
14.	Iron	3.5	mg/l
15.	Lead	0.1	mg/l
16.	Mercury	0.01	mg/l
17.	Nickel	0.5	mg/l
18.	Oil and grease	10	mg/l
19.	рН	6-9	S.U. ^a
20.	Phenols	0.5	mg/l
21.	Selenium	0.1	mg/l
22.	Silver	0.5	mg/l
23.	Sulfide	1	mg/l
24.	Temperature increases	<3 ^b	°C
25.	Total coliform bacteria	400	100 ml
26.	Total phosphorus	2	mg/l
27.	Total suspended solids	50	mg/l
28.	Zinc	2	mg/l

^a Standard unit

Source: National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (NEQG) (29 Dec 2015)

^b At the edge of a scientifically established mixing zone which takes into account ambient water quality, receiving water use, potential receptors and assimilative capacity; when the zone is not defined, use 100 meters from the point of discharge

2.7.3 Noise Levels

According to the NEQG, the noise levels are set as shown in the following table and noise prevention and mitigation measures should be taken by all projects where predicted or measured noise impacts from a project facility or operation exceed the applicable noise level guideline at the most sensitive point of reception. Noise impacts should not exceed the levels shown below, or result in a maximum increase in background levels of three decibels at the nearest receptor location off-site. Since the project is located Mingaladon Industrial Park and surrounding receptors are industrial and commercial areas, the target noise level targeted to industrial and commercial receptors will be applied during operation phase of the project.

Table 2.8 Ambient Noise Level Standards for Operation Phase

	One Hour L _{Aeq} , dB (A)		
Receptor	Day time 07:00-22:00 (10:00-22:00 for Public holidays)	Night time 22:00-07:00 (22:00-10:00 for Public holidays)	
Resident, Institutional, Educational	55	45	
Industrial Commercial	70	70	

Source: National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (NEQG) (29 Dec 2015)

Table 2.9 OHS Noise Exposure Limits for the Work Environment

No.	Noise (dBA)	Permissible exposure Noise (hours and minutes)	
1	85	16 hrs	
2	87	12 hrs 6 min	
3	90	8 hrs	
4	93	5 hrs 18 min	
5	96	3 hrs 30 min	
6	99	2 hrs 18 min	
7	102	1 hrs 30 min	
8	105	1 hr	
9	108	40 min	
10	111	26 min	
11	114	17 min	
12	115	15 min	
13	118	10 min	
14	121	6.6 min	
15	124	4 min	
16	127	3 min	
17	130	1 min	

Note: Exposures above or below the 90 dB limit have been "time weighted" to give what OHSA believes are equivalent risks to a 90 dB eight-hour exposure. [Source: Marsh (9)]

2.7.4 Light Intensity (Illumination)

Work area light intensity should be adequate for the general purpose of the location and type of activity, and should be supplemented with dedicated work station illumination, as needed.

The minimum limits for illumination intensity for a range of locations/activities appear in Error! Reference source not found.

Table 2.10 Minimum Limits for Workplace Illumination Intensity

No.	Location/Activities	Light Intensity (Lux)			
	Factories				
1.	Emergency Stairs, Warehouse	20-75			
2.	Exit/Entrance Passages	75-150			
3.	Packaging Work	150-300			
4.	Visual Work: Production line	300-750			
5.	Typesetting: Inspection Work	750-1500			
6.	Electronic Assembly, Drafting	1500-3000			
	Store				
7.	Indoors	75-150			
8.	Corridor/Store	150-200			
9.	Reception	200-300			
10.	Display Stand	300-500			
11.	Elevator	500-750			
12.	Show Window, Packaging Table	750-1500			
13.	Storefront, Show Window	1500-3000			

Source: Environment, Health and Safety (EHS) Guideline of IFC (30 April 2007)

2.8 Commitment of the Project Proponent

The project proponent, Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanamr) Company Limited will implement the following environment, social, and health consideration in order to manage and mitigation potential impacts resulted from operation of the proposed project. The list of key commitments by the project proponent is described in the following.

Table 2.11 List of Key Commitments by the Project Proponent

Field	No.	Commitment	EMP Reference	Responsibility Rohto
General	1	 The relevant Myanmar law, rules and regulations as follows will be complied with: The National Environmental Policy (1994) The Environmental Conservation Law (2012) and the Environmental Conservation rules The EIA Procedure (2015) The National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guideline (2015) Social Security Law, 2012 and Social Security Law, 2014 	Ch-2	V
	2	The project proponent follow to the National law and regulation	Ch-2	$\sqrt{}$
	3	The company will comply and implement the EMP and monitoring plan during operation	Ch-6	V
	5	The company will implement all of the	Ch-9	

		items in the list of commitments		
Air Quality	1	The target value of ambient air quality in accordance with the NEQG	Ch-2	V
	2	The target value of boiler stack and generator emission in accordance with the NEQG-small combustion facilities	Ch-2	√
	3	Monitoring of air quality will be conducted in accordance with the EMP during operation phase	Ch-5 and Ch-6	V
Water and Wastewater Quality	1	The sewage effluents and from septic tank will be sucked by hiring the septic trucks of the relevant Township Development Committee or YCDC	Ch-5 and Ch-6	V
	2	Parameter of domestic wastewater quality test report submit to ECD according to monitoring schedule	Ch-2 and Ch-6	V
Noise & Vibration Quality	1	Sufficient mitigation measures would be adopted in operation phase of proposed project to comply with noise level standards by internal regulation or NEQG.	Ch-2 and Ch-6	$\sqrt{}$
	2	In order to minimize the noise from production process, proper production, construction activities such as piling, vehicle running, D.G and Boiler running, etc., and operation time will be arrange to avoid the evening time as possible. The noise barrier system will adopt by choosing appropriate construction material and distance of production floors	Ch-5 and Ch-6	√
Land Contamination	1	Land contamination due to accidental leakage and spillage of diesel. For sewage disposal, will be disposed regular by contacting city development committee. The factory installed adequate toilets with bio-septic tanks.	Ch-5 and Ch-6	V
	2	Project Proponent will implement the mitigation measures for soil contamination effectively. Occupational awareness and training programs for operation staff would be practiced for handling and storage for materials	Ch-5 and Ch-6	$\sqrt{}$
	3	The project proponent will comply with the EMP and monitoring plan.	Ch-5 and Ch-6	V
Waste Disposal	1	Used oil and solvent residue will be collected in barrels and other hazardous wastes will be collected in polythene bags	Ch-5 and Ch-6	V
	2	All wastes must be in container or tanks	Ch-5 and	V

		clearly labeled with the words. Volumes	Ch-6	
		and time limits for storing waste on-site		
		vary by segregation category.		
Occupational Health and Safety	1	The relevant regulations/ rules of labor's rights, health and safety as follows will be complied with: The worker's Compensation Act (1923) The Factory Act (1951) The Payment Act (1936) The Leave and Holiday Act (1951, partially revised in 2014) The Labor Organization Law (2011) The Prevention and Control of Communicable Disease Law (2011) The Social Security Law (2012) The Labor Organization Rule (2012) The Employment and Skill Development Law (2013)	Ch-2	\checkmark
		(2013)Social Security Law, 2012 and Social Security Law, 2014		
	2	Provide necessary training on OSH for workers and supervise their implementation at work place. Implement of OSH programs systematically by appointing a safety officer.	Ch-5 and Ch-6	√
	3	• Precautions include vibration isolators and other engineering controls, replacing noisy equipment, good equipment maintenance, isolation of noise source and a hearing conservation program where excessive noise is present. First aid equipment should be available at the factory.	Ch-5 and Ch-6	V
	4	 Install effective exhaust ventilation and air conditioning to prevent air contamination and heat stress; if necessary. Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination; if necessary, use respiratory protection. Get medical aid if skin rashes develop; consult an allergy specialist on how to deal with sensitivity to solvents, chemicals, etc. 	Ch-5 and Ch-6	√

Emergency Risk	1	• The construction contractors have installed enough number of fire extinguisher and water receiving tank with the adequate capacity in case of fire.	Ch-5 and Ch-6	√
	2	• There has installed suitable fire- fighting system and implemented the emergency response team for the fire and natural disaster.	Ch-2, Ch-5 and Ch-6	V
Training and Education	1	The project proponent will implement the training program for new workers, other capacity building program for skill workers and emergency response training for all worker for emergency response	Ch-5 and Ch-6	V
Reporting	1	There will submit monitoring reports during operation phase regularly according to the MONREC regulation	Ch-6	V

3.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

3.1 Project Particulars of Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

Project Name: Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanamr) Co., Ltd.'s EMP Project

Project Location: Plot No. D-5, Mingaladon Industrial Park, Corner of No.3

Highway Road and Khayebin Road, Mingaladon Township,

Yangon Region, Myanmar.

Project Proponent: Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanamr) Co., Ltd.

Company Address: Plot No. D-5, Mingaladon Industrial Park, Corner of No.3

Highway Road and Khayebin Road, Mingaladon Township,

Yangon Region, Myanmar.

Contact Person: U Naing Aye
Designation: Factory Manger
Contact Numbers: +959 5149886

E-mail: naingaye@rohto.com.mm

3.2 Project Location and its Area

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Factory is located at Plot Plot No. D-5, Mingaladon Industrial Park, Corner of No.3 Highway Road and Khayebin Road, Mingaladon Township, Yangon Region, Myanmar (See Figure 3.1). The geographical coordinates of the project site are as follows:

Latitude : 16° 56′ 23″ N Longitude : 96° 9′ 15.38″ E

The area occupied is $10,004 \text{ m}^2$. The major land use of the area consists mainly of industry.

3.3 Site Description

3.3.1 Site Accessibility

The Factory is being built in Mingalardon Industrial Park (MIP), Mingalardon Township. M IP is situated lateral side of the No.3 Highway Road. Factory can be reached from Main Gate of Zone by driving along the road in straight direction until the first junction. After that turn right this junction, and drive across the one plot. Factory is situated the left hand side. (See Figure 3.1)

3.3.2 Site Boundaries and Surrounding Environment

The Rohto Factory is surrounded by:

North - TI Garment

East - Tashin Garment

South - Sunflower Lace (2)

West - Wedtex



Figure 3.1 Factory Location and Site Access in MIP and Site Boundaries and Surrounding Environment

3.4 Layout Plan

The Layout Plan of the project site shows the land use of Rohto factory. There are factory building, auxiliary area such as canteen, generator & electrical building and security gate. Factory building will be a two storey building. On the ground floor of the factory building are packing and filling area, office, chemicals store, boiler room, compressor room, maintenance office and firefighting pump room. The second floor is main production area and temporary store area. Building Lyout, 1st Floor, 2nd Layout and Drainage Layout are as shown in the following Figures.

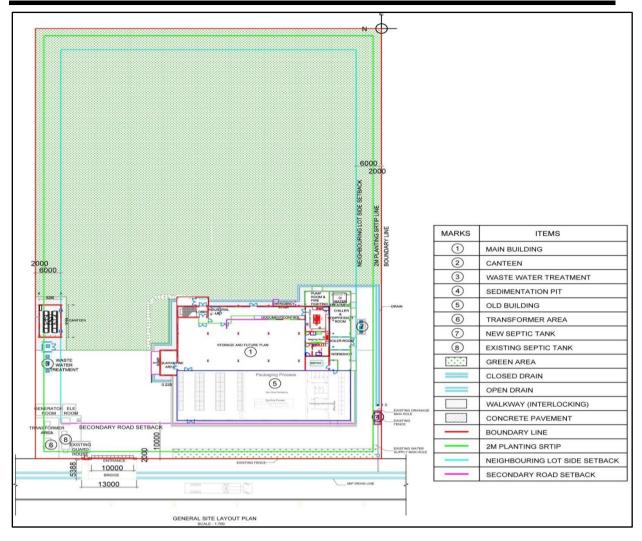
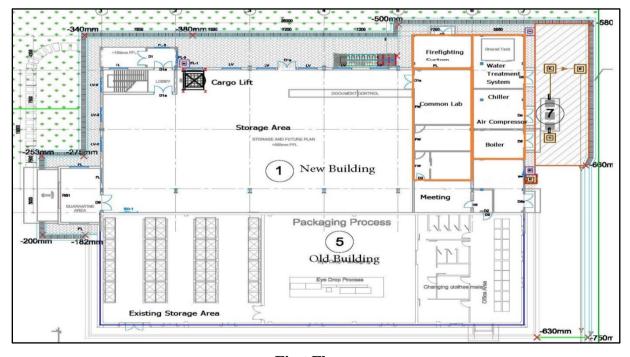
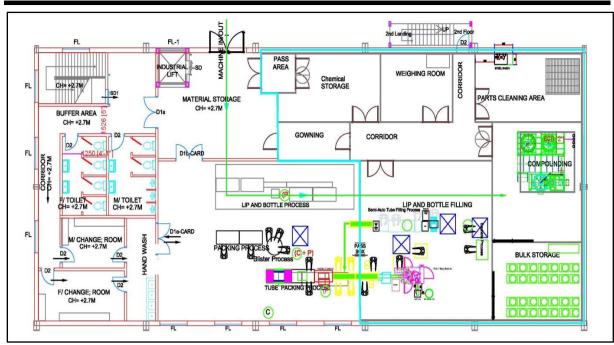


Figure 3.2 Builling Layout Plan



First Floor



Second Floor

Figure 3.3 Main Factory Building Layouts with 1st & 2nd Floors

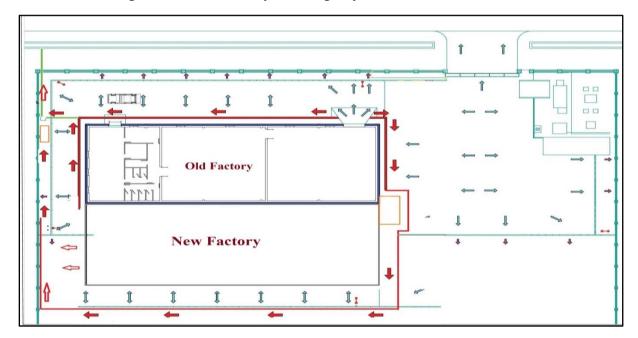


Figure 3.4 Draiage Flow Layout Plan

3.5 Investment Details

3.5.1 List of Shareholders

Table 3.1 List of Shareholders

No.	Shareholders	Address	Share Percentage
1	Rohto-Pharmaceutical Company Limited.	Osaka, Japan	98%
2	Rohto-Mentholatum (Vietnam) Company Limited.	Vietnam	2%

3.5.2 Investment Plan

Table 3.2 Detailed Investment Plan

No.	Particular	Foreign (USD Million)
1	Building	1.3
2	Machinery and Equipment to be import	1.0
3	Furniture and Fixture (Local Purchase)	0.7
4	Office Equipment and Accessories (Local	
4	Purchase)	
5	Machinery and Equipment (Local	
3	Purchase)	
	Total Investment	3.0

3.6 Employment and Working Hour

The manpower and working hour are as shown in the below.

Working Hour: 7:30 a.m. - 3:20 p.m. (7:20 hours/day)

Lunch Time: 00:30 min

Over Time: Base on Production Process Situation.

Table 3.3 List of Employees

No.	Department	Current
1	Factory Manager	1
2	Admin Department	1
3	Engineering Department	5
4	Logistics & Warehouse Department	6
5	QA Department	6
6	QC Department	2
7	Production Department	14
	Total	36

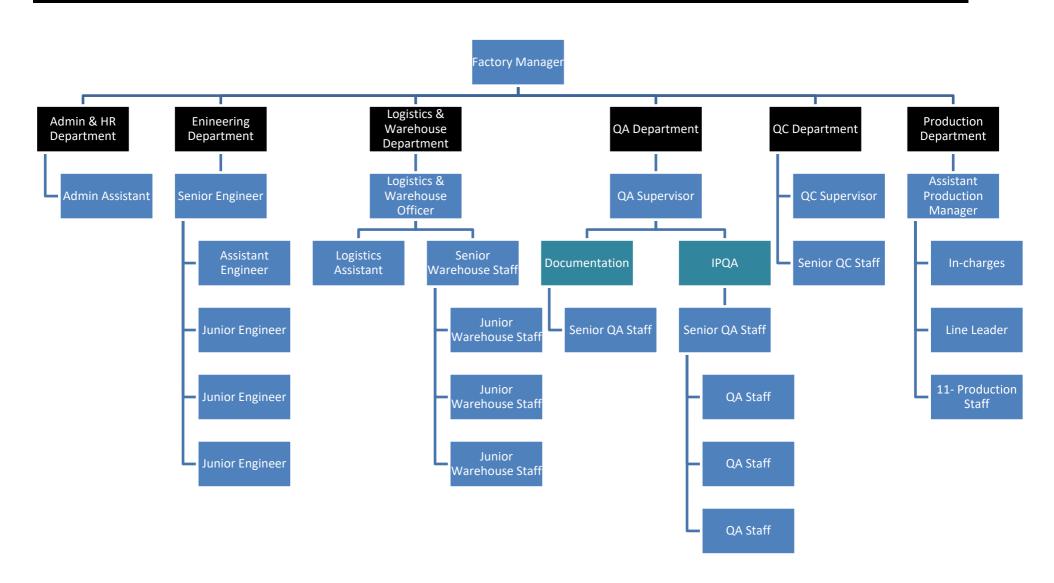


Figure 3.5 Organization Chart

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

3.7 Machineries to be used by Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

The detailed list of machineries to be used for the production process and other purposes are shown in the following table.

Table 3.4 List of Equipment to be imported

No	Item	Specification	Purpose for using	Supplier/Country Origin	Quantity	Dimension	Using Volt	Power Watt
1	Emulsify Mixer/Compounding MC	120 ~ 300 Kg	Mixing for Bulk	Shang Yuh Machine Co.,Ltd/ Taiwan	1	3370 x 3300 x 4405	3P,380V	17,200 W
2	Tube Filling & Sealing with Hot Air Type	40 ~ 60 pcs /Min	Automatic Cosmetic tube filling and sealing manufacturing	Sirius Machinery (Suzhou From China)	1	1400 x 1200 x 1800	3P,380V	7,000 W
3	Chiller	-	Supply cooling system for filling machine	Sirius Machinery (Suzhou From China)	1	650 x 500 x 900		9.4 – 40.00 kW
4	Bulk Pump	100 L, sus 316 L	Bulk transfer from ground to filling machine's hopper	Local supplier Sai Beacom (Machine From China)	1	700 x 700 x 950		200 W
5	Check Weighter/Weight Rejector	Weight range: 6 to 600 g; Scale interval: 0.05 g; Maximum Speed: 320 products/min	Automatic weight checking, rejection after tube filling	Local/China	1	1500 x 650 x 1200		350 W
6	Heating Chamber / Shrink Packing machine	Tunnel Size: 700mm X 350mm X 150mm Conveyor Speed: 0- 20M / Min	Semi auto plastic shrinking for tube cap	Local - Wintech Myanmar/China	1	830 x 430 x 250	1P, 220V	2,000 W
7	Corrugated Box Double Sealing	Min W150 x H120 mm,	Automatic packaging for	Local; China	1	1755 x 800 x 960	1P, 220V	200 W

		Max W500 x H600 mm	corrugated box					
8	Ink Jet Printer	UX-D160W	Date, Lot printing	Local supplier - Sai Beacom	1	400 x 320 x 527	1P, 220V	250 W
9	Lundary Machine	Washing and Drying		Local	2		1P, 220V	2,500 W
10	Gluing M/C	-	Plastic melting for packing	Local	2	200 x 200 x 300	1P, 220V	1,500 W
11	Boiler	300 Kg	Steam using for emulsify mixer	Local/Japan	1	1350 x 885 x 1980	3P, 380V	300 kg/ h
12	Air Compressor	DVAW-15	Air supply for required machines	-	1	1200 x 900 x 1200	3P, 380V	15,000
13	Chiller	-	Cooled water using for emulsify mixer	-	1	950 x 397 x 1010	1P, 220V	3,000
14	Water Treatment System	-	DI water using for emulsify mixer	-	1	-	-	3810 W
15	Firefighting System	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
16	Waste water treatment system	-	-	-	1	-	-	920 W
17	Generator	S275HC(S)	-	-	1	4300 x 1483 x 2145	-	275 kVA

Table 3.5 List of Existing Equipment

No	Item	Specification	Purpose for using	Supplier/Country Origin	Quantity	Dimension	Using Volt	Power Watt
1	Air Cleaner	12 ~ 20	Manual Tube cleaning	RMV / Vietnam	1	400 x 800 x 850	1P, 220V	0.25 W
2	Filling Machine	10 ~ 20 pcs/min	Semi auto cosmetic tube	New Diamond /Taiwan	1	900 x 500 x 1550	1P, 220V	370 W

			filling					
3	RMM Sealing Machine	6 ~ 10 pcs/min	Semi auto cosmetic tube sealing	Chenghao / China	1	1100 x 700 x 810	1P, 220V	2000 W
4	Direct Heat Sealer	8 ~ 10 pcs/min	Manual laminate tube sealing	Local / China	1	345 x 485 x 880	1P, 220V	350 W
5	Blister	16 ~ 20 pcs/min	Semi auto blistering	RMV / Vietnam	1	1100 x 960 x 1430	1P, 220V	3500 W
6	Ink Jet Printer	60 ~ 100 pcs/min	Date, Lot printing	Mekhaung / Vietnam	1	400 x 290 x 515	1P, 220V	210 W
7	Gluing	50 ~ 70 pcs/min	Plastic melting for packing	RMV / Vietnam	3	200 x 200 x 300	1P, 220V	1500 W
8	Hand Dryer	-	Manual plastic shrinking for tube cap	Local/ China	3	-	1P, 220V	6000 W
9	Air Compressor and Air Dryer	-		Local/ China	1	1140 x 400 x 900	3p, 380	2200 W
10	Generator (65 kVA)	MGC 65S	Power generation	Local / China	1	700 x 500 x 800	1P, 220V	65 kVA

3.7.1 Boiler

The boiler is used for the production process of ficalcream production.

Brand: Miura Output: 300kg/h

Max; Pressure: 0.98 MPa (10kgf/cm²)

Temp: $120 \sim 500 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Fuel: Diesel



Figure 3.6 Photo of Diesel Boiler

3.7.2 Air Compressor

The factory is used compress air for packing machine and other purposes.

Brand: DENAIR, Model: DVAW - 15

Working Pressure: 6 ~ 8 bar

Max; Pressure: 10 bar



Figure 3.7 Photo of Air Compressor

3.7.3 Machine for Loading and Unloading

There is 1.3 tons battery fork-lift for the loading and unloading of raw materials and products. The fuel type is electricity.

Equipment: Reach Loader (48V DC)

Model: 8FBR-13
Brand: Sumitomo
Max; Load: 1.3 Ton



Figure 3.8 Photo of Battery Fork-Lift

3.8 Raw Materials

3.8.1 Imported Amount of Raw Materials and Hazardous Statement

Annual imported raw materials amount is described in below table.

Table 3.6 Medicine Semi-Finished Goods & Raw Material List

No.	Item Name	SFG Qty
1	New V. Rohto	1200513
2	V.Rohto Cool	332555
3	V.Rohto Vitamin	79996
4	Deep Heat Rub Plus	11000
5	OXY 5	16000
6	OXY 10	15599
7	Remos I B	6515
	Total (Pcs)	1,662,178

Table 3.7 Medicine Packaging List

Item Name	Description	Used Qty-2021	
	Myanmar unit box	1,123,258	
V. Rohto	Myanmar Instruction sheet	1,123,258	
	Stack Film	149,970	

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	RMM Corrugated box	2,821		
	Unit box	306,819		
V.Rohto Cool	Myanmar Instruction sheet (Local)	306,819		
	V.Rohto Cool Corrugated Box(RMM)	769		
W.Dha-Wassein	Myanmar unit box	69,857		
V.Rohto Vitamin	Myanmar Instruction sheet	69,857		
	RMM Corrugated box	176		
	Unit box	11,001		
Deep Heat Rub Plus	Myanmar Instruction Sheet	11,001		
	Stack Film	1,099		
	Stack Film	900		
Acnes Medical Cream	Unit box	9,008		
	Instruction Leaflet	8,987		
OXY 5	Unit box	23,001		
OXY 10	Unit box	11,600		
OXY 5 / OXY 10	Instruction Leaflet	34,601		
OXY 5 / OXY 10	Stack Film	2,878		
	Unit box	6,516		
REMOS IB	Instruction Leaflet	6,516		
	Stack Film	650		
Total (Pcs) 3,281,362				

Table 3.8 Cosmetic Raw Material and Finished Goods

Item Name	Kg
Acnes Creamy Wash Bulk	26,585.03
Acnes Sealing Gel Bulk	928.12
Acnes Vitamin Cleanser Bulk	16,737.96
Acnes Oil Control Cleanser Bulk	3,171.78
Acnes Pure White Wash Bulk	1,496.77
LIPICE Sheer Color Natural Bulk	30.00
LIPICE Sheer Color Strawberry Bulk	40.00
LIPICE Sheer Color Honey Bulk	20.00
Total Bulk	49,010

Table 3.9 Cosmetic Packaging List

Item Name	Description	Used Qty- 2021
	Internal box	487
Acnes Creamy Wash 20g	Tube Box Holder	6,993
	RMM Plain Corrugated Box	105

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	Internal box	10,349
Acnes Creamy Wash 50g	Unit Shrink Film Acnes CW 50g	178,000
	Internal box	11,771
Acnes Creamy Wash 100g	Unit Shrink Film Acnes CW 100g	141,400
	RMM Corrugated box	1,178
	Unit box	86,151
Acnes Sealing Gel 9g	Instruction Leaflet	127,996
	Stack film	8,612
A G 1: G 1.10	Unit box	41,845
Acnes Sealing Gel 18g	Stack film	4,183
Acnes Foaming Wash	Common Local Sticker	2,170
	Unit box	22,798
	Sticker	0
Acens Scar Care	Instruction Leaflet	22,798
	Stack film	2,275
Acnes Sealing Gel 9g & Remos IB	RMM Common Corrugated box	268
	Use Foaming Wash Corrugated box (For Scar-Z)	79
Acnes Creamy Wash	Use Creamy Wash 50 Corrugated Box	1,037
Acnes Oil Remover Film	Common Local Sticker 50sheet	10,206
Acnes Vitamin Cream	Unit box	39,711
Acnes C10	Common Local Sticker	788
	RMM Corrugated box	6
	Internal box	6,401
	Unit Shrink Film Acnes VC 50g	112,400
Acnes Vitamin Cleanser 50g	RMM Plain Corrugated box (For Vitamin Cleanser 50g,Acnes Pure White Wash 50g,Acnes Oil Control Cleanser 50g,Selsun 50ml,Selsun 100ml)	1,329
	Internal box	6,377
	Unit Shrink Film Acnes VC 100g	76,200
Acnes Vitamin Cleanser 100g	RMM Plain Corrugated box (For Vitamin Cleanser 100g,APWWash, AOCCleanser 100g and Foaming Wash)	883
Acnes Soothing Toner	Common Local Sticker 90ml	38,780
	Stack Film	900
Acnes Medical Cream	Unit box	9,008
	Instruction Leaflet	8,987
Acnes Pure White Wash	Common Local Sticker 50g	15,344

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Acnes Pure White Wash	Common Local Sticker 100g	13,089
	Internal box	528
Acnes Pure White Wash 50g	Unit Shrink Film Acnes Pure White Wash 50g	9,600
	Internal box	804
Acnes Pure White Wash 100g	Unit Shrink Film Acnes Pure White Wash 100g	9,800
	Unit box	6,003
	Common Local Sticker 50g	3,316
Acnes Pure White Cream	Guarnatee Sticker	85,428
Aches Fure white Cleam	Divider	6,003
	Internal box	3,813
	RMM Plain Corrugated box	427
Acnes Oil Control Cleanser	Common Local Sticker 50g	18,259
Acnes Oil Control Cleanser	Common Local Sticker 100g	19,519
	Internal box	652
Acnes Oil Control Cleanser 50g	Unit Shrink Film Acnes Oil Control Cleanser 50g	21,800
	Internal box	1,630
Acnes Oil Control Cleanser 100g	Unit Shrink Film Acnes Oil Control Cleanser 100g	22,000
Hada Labo Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Cleanser 80g	Instruction sheet	11,277
Hada Labo Perfect White Arbutin Cleanser 80g	Instruction sheet	3,600
Hada Labo Perfect White Arbutin Lotion 100ml	Instruction sheet	300
Hada Labo Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Cleanser 80g	Instruction sheet	7,700
HDLB Advanced Nourish Trial set	Local Sticker	3,409
Sunplay (4) itmes	RMM Plain Corrugated box (For Sunplay Group and LipIce Sheer Color Q)	229
Super Block, Baby Mild & WhiteningUV common BlisterDome		44,154
Sunplay	Common Internal box	2,649
Sunplay	POP Label Sticker	52,929
Sunplay	Common Local Sticker 30g	56,266
	Blister Dome	8,775
Sunplay Out Going	Sticker	0
	Backcard	8,775
Cumpley Cumps Dlock	Sticker	0
Sunplay Super Block	Backcard	17,526
Cumley Dahy Mild	Sticker	0
Sunplay Baby Mild	Backcard	11,377
Sunplay Whitening UV	Sticker	0

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	Backcard	15,251
Sunplay	Common Local Sticker 70g	8,783
Sunplay Skin Aqua Clear White 25g	Local Sticker	1,546
Sunplay Skin Aqua Clear White 55g	Local Sticker	1,656
Sunplay Skin Aqua Silky White Gel 30g	Local Sticker	4,780
Sunplay Skin Aqua Silky White Gel 70g	Local Sticker	4,146
Sunplay Skin Aqua UV Tone Up Essence 50g	Local Sticker	5,167
	Instruction Leaflet	8,308
Scar Z	Unit box	8,308
	Stack Film	829
Remos IR Spray	Common Local Sticker 60ml	10,485
Remos IR Spray	Common Local Sticker 150ml	3,252
Remos IR Cream	Common Local Sticker 70g	3,677
Selsun Shampoo 50 ml	Unit box	31,122
Selsun Shampoo 100 ml	Unit box	26,922
Selsun sachet	Local Sticker	143,562
LIPICE Colorless	RMM Plain Common Corrugated box (For ASGel 18g, OXY 5, OXY 10, Scar Care, Medical Cream, Colorless, Lip On Lip, Deep Heat Rub Plus)	432
LIPICE Colorless	Common Local Sticker 4.3g	12,856
LIPICE Sheer Color	RMM Common Corrugated box	58
LIPICE Sheer Color L N S H P	Common Internal box	849
LIPICE Sheer Color	Common Blister Dome (Big Size)	25,300
LIPICE Sheer Color	Common Local Sticker 2.4g	53,157
LIPICE Sheer Color Natural	Backcard	6,322
LIPICE Sheer Color Strawberry	Backcard	11,063
LIPICE Sheer Color Honey	Backcard	7,915
LipIce Sheer Color Q	Common Blister Dome	1,360
Lipice Sheer Color Q	Common Internal Box	57
LipIce Sheer Color Q Orange Juice	Backcard	1,360
LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice series	Common Local Sticker	12,131
LipIce Sheer Color POP series	Common Local Sticker	12,147
LipIce Water Lip Citrus series	Common Local Sticker	3,526
All Unit box	Glue (kg)	90
Total (Pcs	1,875,869	

3.9 Types of Products and Production Capacity

Rotho-Menntholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd will imported and distributed many types of OTC medicines and cosmetics. Moreover, the mianly produced the facial cream .The other products are packing and distribution. The types of the product and their targeted production capacity are described below. The sale plan is 100 % for local.

Table 3.10 Types of Medicines Products and Production Capacity (Yearly)

No.	Brand	Items	Unit	Weight	Unit	Qty
1		V-Rohto 13ml	ml	15,606,669	pcs	1,200,513
2		V-Rohto Cool 12 ml	ml	3,990,660	pcs	332,555
3		V-Rohto Vitamin 13 ml	ml	1,039,948	pcs	79,996
4	Medicines	Deep Heat Rub Plus 30g	g	330,000	pcs	11,000
5	Tyredrennes	Medical Cream 18g	g	271,548	pcs	15,086
6		Remos IB 10g	g	65,150	pcs	6,515
7		OXY 5 10g	g	230,000	pcs	23,000
8		OXY 10 10g	g	115,990	pcs	11,599
	Yearly Total Balance					1,680,264

Table 3.11 Types of Cosmetic Products and Packing Capacity (Yearly)

No.	Brand	Items	Unit	Qty	Unit	Weight
1		Creamy Wash 20 g	Pcs	43,330	g	866,600
2		Creamy Wash 50g	Pcs	195,728	g	9,786,400
3		Creamy Wash 100g	Pcs	141,189	g	14,118,900
4		Soothing Toner 90ml	Pcs	49,576	ml	4,461,840
5		Sealing Gel 9g	Pcs	91,574	g	824,166
6		Sealing Gel 18g	Pcs	41,845	g	753,210
7		Foaming Wash 150ml	Pcs	2,170	g	325,500
8		Oil Remover Films	Pcs	10,197	g	134,600.40
9	A	Scar Care 12g	Pcs	17,086	g	205,032
10	Acnes	C 10 15ml	Pcs	10,403	ml	156,045
11		Vitamin Cream 40g	Pcs	54,537	g	2,181,480
12		Vitamin Cleanser 50g	Pcs	127,019	g	6,350,950
13		Vitamin Cleanser 100g	Pcs	81,900	g	8,190,000
14		Pure White Cream 50g	Pcs	6,686	g	334,300
15		Pure White Wash 50g	Pcs	9,488	g	474,400
16		Pure White Wash 100g	Pcs	19,515	g	1,951,500
17		Oil Control Cleanser 50g	Pcs	16,106	g	805,300
18		Oil Control Cleanser 100g	Pcs	16,642	g	1,664,200
19		Sheer Color Strawberry 2.4	Pcs	6,321	g	15,170.40
20	LipIce	Sheer Color Natural	Pcs	4,741	g	11,378.40
21		Sheer Color Honey	Pcs	7,915	g	18,996.0
22		Sheer Color Q Choco Mint	Pcs	1,360	g	3,264.0

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		2.4g				
23]	Colourless Apple	Pcs	1,915	g	8,234.50
24		Colourless Strawberry	Pcs	1,913	g	8,225.90
25		Colourless Lemon 4.3g	Pcs	1,339	g	5,757.70
26		LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Cherry 4g	Pcs	3,036	g	12,144
27		LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Strawberry	Pcs	3,035	g	12,140
28		LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Berry	Pcs	3,032	g	12,128
29		LipIce Sheer Color Fruit Juice Orange	Pcs	3,028	g	12,112
30		LipIce Sheer Color POP Pink 2.4g	Pcs	3,036	g	7,286.40
31		LipIce Sheer Color POP Orange	Pcs	3,037	g	7,288.80
32		LipIce Sheer Color POP Rose	Pcs	3,037	g	7,288.80
33		LipIce Sheer Color POP Red	Pcs	2,653	g	6,367.20
34		LipIce Water Lip Citrus Pure Joy 4.3g	Pcs	1,764	g	7,585.20
35		LipIce Water Lip Citrus Herb	Pcs	1,762	g	7,576.60
36		Out Going	Pcs	9,406	g	282,180
37		Super Block 30g	Pcs	7,645	g	229,350
38		Super Block 70g	Pcs	6,176	g	432,320
39		Baby Mild 30g	Pcs	7,379	g	221,370
40		Whitening UV-30g	Pcs	13,048	g	391,440
41		Whitening UV-70g	Pcs	3,812	g	266,840
42	Sunplay	Sunplay Skin Aqua Clear White 25g	Pcs	1,546	g	38,650
43		Sunplay Skin Aqua Clear White 55g	Pcs	1,656	g	91,080
44		Sunplay Skin Aqua Silky White Gel 30g	Pcs	4,780	g	143,400
45		Sunplay Skin Aqua Silky White Gel 70g	Pcs	6,146	g	430,220
46		Sunplay Skin Aqua UV Tone Up Essence	Pcs	3,167	g	158,350
47		Scar Z	Pcs	15,268	g	183,216
48	Other	Remos IR 60ml	Pcs	48,965	ml	2,937,900
49	Consumer	Remos IR 150ml	Pcs	3,492	ml	523,800
50	Products	Remos IR Cream Lemon Grass	Pcs	11,646	g	815,220

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51		Selsun Shampoo 50 ml	Pcs	35,395	ml	1,769,750
52		Selsun Shampoo 100 ml	Pcs	26,508	ml	2,650,800
53		Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Cleanser 80g	Pcs	8,085	gg)	646,800
54		Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Lotion 100ml (for normal skin)	Pcs	3,644	ml	364,400
55		Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Lotion 100ml (for oil skin)	Pcs	3,774	ml	377,400
56		Advanced Nourish Hyaluron Cream 50g	Pcs	9,106	g	455,300
57		Perfect White Arbutin Cleanser 80g	Pcs	1,993	g	159,440
58		Perfect White Arbutin Lotion 100ml	Pcs	5,277	ml	527,700
59		Perfect White Arbutin Milk 90ml	Pcs	4,357	ml	392,130
60	HADA LABO	Perfect White Arbutin Essence 30g	Pcs	3,016	g	90,480
61	Series	Perfect White Arbutin Cream 50g	Pcs	8,283	g	414,150
62		Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Cleanser 80g	Pcs	5,000	g	400,000
63		Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Lotion 100ml	Pcs	4,458	ml	445,800
64		Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Cream 50g	Pcs	4,310	g	215,500
65		Pro Anti Aging Collagen Plus Essence 30g	Pcs	2,540	g	76,200
66		HDLB Advanced Nourish Trial set (Hyaluron Cleanser 25g + Hyaluron Lotion 40ml)	Pcs	3,409		
67		HDLB Perfect White Trial set (Arbutin Cleanser 25g + Arbutin Lotion 40ml)	Pcs	3,936		
	T	otal Balance		1,265,138		









Figure 3.9 Photo of Distributed Oroducts

3.10 Resource Requirements

3.10.1 Electricity Consumption

5,000 kWh-10,000 kWh from Industrial Zone Distribution System and diesel generator (275 kVA) is used for backup if electricity will be break down.



Figure 3.10 Photo of 315 kVA Transformer



Figure 3.11 Photo of Diesel Generator (275 kVA)

3.10.2 Diesel Fuel Consumption

For diesel generator: $50 \sim 70$ L/day and for boiler: $90 \sim 100$ L/day

3.10.3 Water Requirements

The water usage of factory is received from YCDC through the MIP to factory. Water is used for production, domestic purpose and cleaning of equipment. Water requirement for operation phase are shown in the following table. The process using water is required pure water. Therfore, the focatory is carried out treating the suppling water. The installed water treatment system process is as shown in the following figure.

Table 3.12 Estimated Water Utility

Item	Type of Water	Amount
	Process water -Normal Water, DI water	3000 L
Daily Water Consumption during Operation	For other (Canteen, Office, Toilets and Housekeepingetc.) – Normal Water	1000 L
	Total	4000 L/day

3.11 Waste Generation

3.11.1 Wastewater Discharge and Treatment System

(a) Wastewater Discharge

There is wastewater from the production process and domestic wastewater will be discharged. Production wastewater from the facial wash cream mixing tanks washing. Domestic wastewater from canteen, office, factory housekeeping and toilet flushing shall be collected in septic tanks for treatment. The outlet from septic tanks and WWTP will be discharged to centralized wastewater treatment system of MIP. Storm water will directly flow to the retention canal and the drainage layout plan is as shown in Figure 3.3.

Table 3.13 Wastewater Discharged Amount

Item	Type of Water	Amount
	From Industry	2500 L
Daily Amount of Wastewater Discharge	For Others (Canteen, Office, Toilets, etc.)	1000 L
	Total	3500 L/day

(b) Wastewater Treatment System

According to the above paragraph, the process wastewater will be treated with wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) that is installed under the ground level. The process flow chart of the WWTP is as shown in the following.

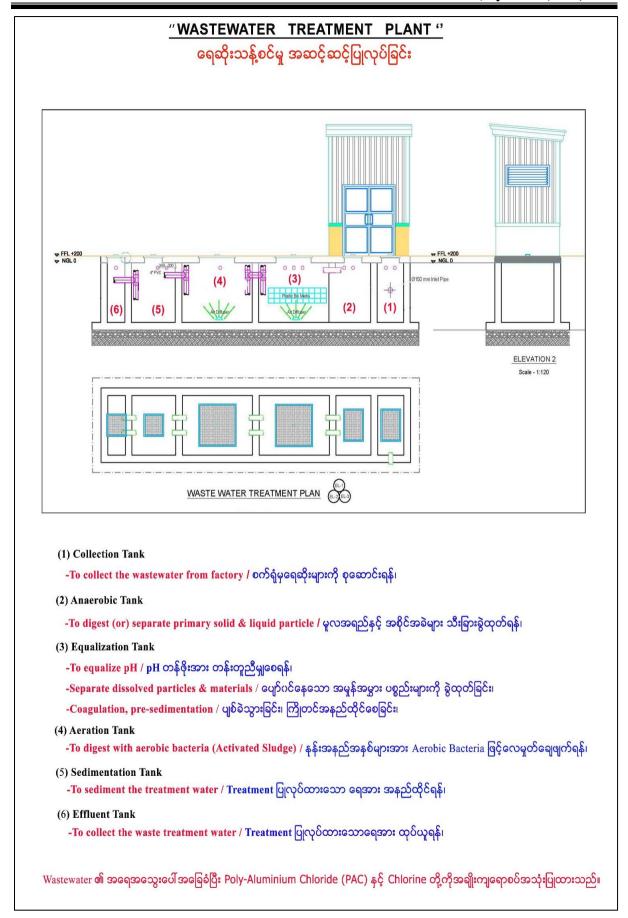
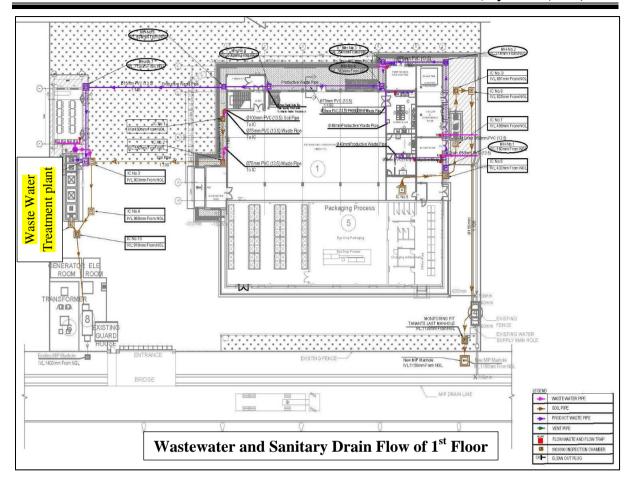


Figure 3.12 Process Flow Chart of Water Treatment System



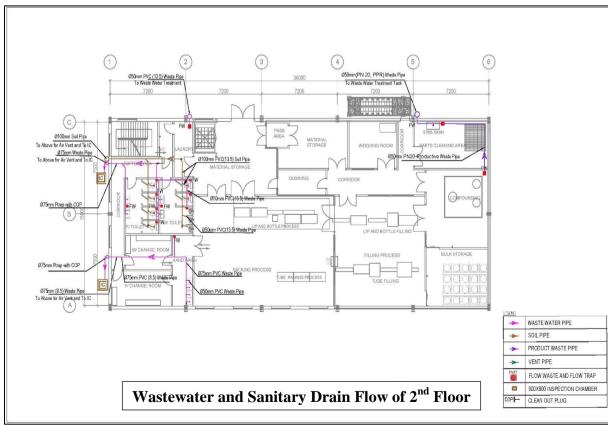


Figure 3.13 Wastewater and Sanitary Water Drain Flow Charts



Figure 3.14 Photos of Installed WWTP

3.11.2 Solid Waste Amount and Disposal System

The solid waste will be discharged from packaging materials such as paper box, wooden pallets, steel drum, paper bag, solvent contaminated wipes, off-specification product. Factory will separately collect and dispose solid waste by hazardous and non-hazardous. Currently Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. does not have hazardous waste. If generated, factory will disposal to waste collector such as Golden DOWA Ecosystem Co., Ltd or Yangon City Development Committee (YCDC).



Figure 3.15 Waste Collecting Bins of Factory

Table 3.14 Non-Hazardous Waste Amount

No.	Type of Non-Hazardous Waste	Quantity (ton/year)	Disposal System
1	Cartoon paper box	4 ~ 6 ton	
2	Plastic	0.6 ~ 1 ton	YCDC and Waste
3	Office and Canteen waste	23.04 ton	Collection Company
	Total	27.64 ton ~ 29.64 ton	

3.12 Other Facilities

3.12.1 Canteen

The factory shall provide a canteen for dinning and it is shown in Figure 3.16.



Figure 3.16 Photo of Canteen

3.12.2 Maintenance Workshop and Laboratory

The main function of maintenance workshop is making the repairing and maintenance of the machineries.

The factory has installed laboratory to check the product qualities. Main quality control (QC) checking are performed viscosity, specific gravity, highting, % strength, % molar volume, gloss etc. The tested products are collected seperatedly waste bin and disposed to Authorized Places from Government. The laboratory testing equipment is as shown in the following figures.



Figure 3.17 Photo of Maintenance Workshop and Laboratory Room

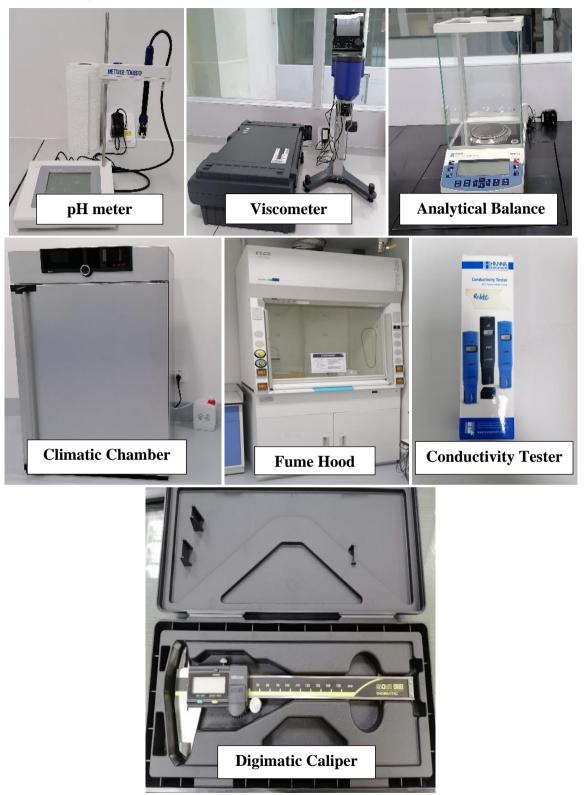


Figure 3.18 Photos of Laboratry Equipments

3.12.3 Ventilation System

The proponent shall install air-conditioning in office rooms, meeting room, control rooms and canteen. The installed air conditionings are as shown in the following figure.



Figure 3.19 Photo of Air Conditioning System

3.12.4 First Aid Kit

A first aid kit will be provided for employees. The location of first aid kit are as shown in the following Table 3.15 and provided medicines list are as shown in the following Table 3.16.

Table 3.15 Location of First Aid Kits

Building No.	Location	Quantity
Building 1	Office Area	1 kit
	Warehouse II Area	1 kit
	Down Stair (near ladder)	1 kit
Building 2	Up Stair (Material Storage Area)	1 kit
	Up Stair (Clean Room)	1 kit

Table 3.16 List of Medicines of each First Aid Kit

No.	Name of Medicine	Quantity
1	Stugin	30 tablets
2	B 6	100 tab/bot
3	B 2	100 tab/bot
4	Paracetamol	30 tablets
5	C - Vit	100 tab/bot
6	Neurobion (blue)	30 tablets
7	Omeprazole 20mg	3 strips
8	Oral Rehydration Salt	10 packs
9	Inhaler	2 pcs

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10	Dicotil	3 strips
11	Meftal Spa	3 strips
12	Mirax M (domperidone)	3 strips
13	Siloxogene	3 strips
14	Kremil S	3 strips
15	Metronidazole	3 strips
16	Deep Heat Rub Plus	1 bot
17	Betadine	1 bot
18	Methylated Spirit	1 bot
19	Alcohol Pad	1 pcs
20	Scissor small	1 pcs
21	Tourniquet	1 pcs
22	Paper Tape	1 pcs
23	Gauze	1 pcs
24	Cotton Wool	1 pack
25	2" Bandage	1 roll
26	4" Bandage	1 roll
27	Hansaplast	5 pcs

3.13 Manufacturing Procedure in Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

The following figure shows the main procedure to produce the finished goods in Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. There are two type of manufacturing process in the factory. The first one is packing with different type of tube, box, etc. and distributing of the imported products. The next process is fully production of facial wash cream production. The facial cream production steps are as shown in the following.

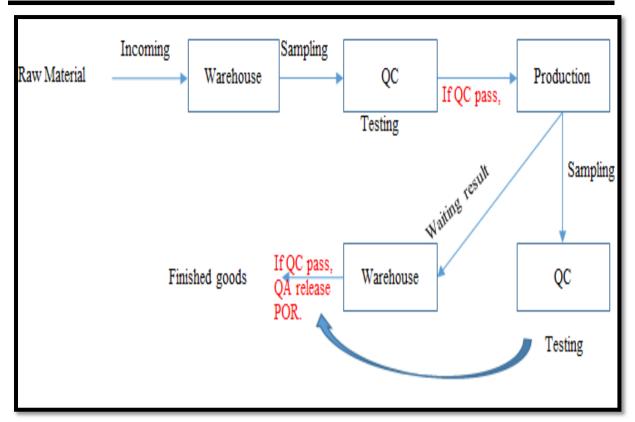


Figure 3.20 General Production Procedure of Rohto-Mentholatu (Myanmar) Co., Ltd

The related processes to the above-stated main process are also shown in Figure 3.21.

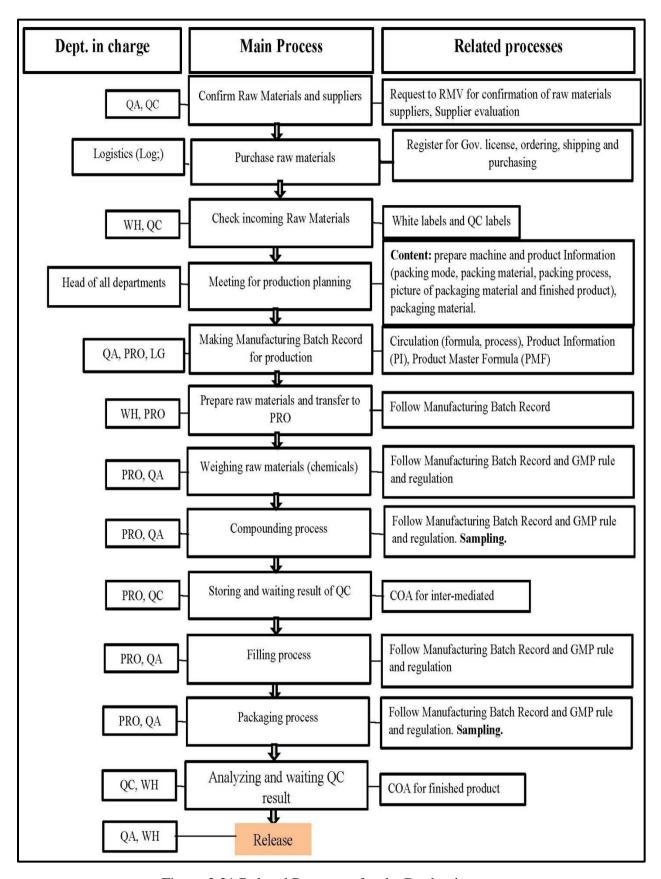


Figure 3.21 Related Processes for the Production

3.13.1 Manufacturing Process of Facial Wash Cream

In general, the manufacturing of facial wash cream is a series of unit operations using batch processes. There are few or no chemical reactions; the operations are mostly mechanical. The manufacture involves the preparing and weighing of raw materials, mixing, dispersing, thinning, and adjusting, filling of containers, warehousing and transportation.

(1) Pre- Dispersion

• The production of begins by mixing hot water and powder in a high-speed mixer. During this operation, water and powders are also added.

(2) Dispersion, Grinding and Mixing

• Following the mixing operation, additional solvent (such as glycol) is input to the mixer for the dispersion.

(3) Adjusting/Tinting

 Next, the concentrate is transferred to mixing tank where tints, glycol (usually blend of solvents) and balance additives are added. Then adjust the color and viscosity of completed mill base dispersions. This sample will be compared to the desired standard. Various combinations of powder, solvent and additives are added to the material to meet the requirements.

(4) Filtering

• Upon reaching the required consistency, the cream is filtered to remove any non-dispersed pigment.

(5) Quality Control

Quality checks are carried out for consistency, viscosity, color, etc., and
other specified properties before batch is approved for packing. Quality
control acceptance batch will be stored in the cleaning room about 24 hr.
After this period, packaging step will be started.

(6) Packaging

• The finished product (QC acceptance) is then transferred to the packaging machine. The products paste will be filled into the different types of tubes. And then, the end of tube will be closed by pressing with heat. After the tube filling, these tubes were putted into plastic bags and putted into the small paper box. Finally, these small boxes were putted in the cartoon boxes and stored at the warehouse before delivery.

The product, facial wash cream, can be either an oil-in-water or water-in-oil emulsion consisting of emollients and lubricants dispersed in an oil phase, and a water phase containing emulsifying and thickening agents, perfume, color and preservatives. Active ingredients are dispersed in either phase depending on the raw materials and the desired properties of the end product.

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Pre- Dispersion, Dispersion, Grinding and Mixing operations would be as follows:

Flake/powder ingredients, such as cetyl alcohol and stearic acid, sometimes dry blended in advance, are dispersed into the oil phase. Heating may be required to melt some of the ingredients.

- Active ingredients are dispersed in the appropriate phase.
- The water phase, containing emulsifiers and stabilizers such as Carbopol, is prepared separately.
- The two phases are then mixed to form an emulsion. This is aided by heating to between 110-185°F (45-85°C) depending on the formulation and viscosity.
- Mixing is continued until the end product is homogeneous.

A number of problems can be encountered by using conventional agitators:

- Some ingredients can form agglomerates which conventional agitators cannot break down.
- Hydration of thickening and suspending agents is one of the most difficult of all mixing operations. Agglomerates can easily form, and some ingredients require shear in order to develop their desired properties.
- When adding powdered ingredients to the vessel, partially hydrated materials can build up on the vessel wall and parts of the agitator.
- Agitators cannot easily form stable emulsions even when the oil and water phases have been heated.
- Long process times and additional equipment are often required to achieve a homogeneous product.

Using a high shear mixer not only solve these problems but also improve product quality, reduce processing times and eliminate some intermediate stages.

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4.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE SURROUNDING ENVIRONMENT

In this chapter, the existing environment, the environmental profile and secondary information for the proposed project are described. This section includes the delineation of the study areas and justifies those limits, description of the study area's socio-economic, cultural and visual, physical and biological characteristics. For the purpose of characterization and quantification of various pollutants, visits were made and detailed field studies were conducted in each category. Based on the measured values, the averages values have been taken as basis to characterize the typical pollution streams.

4.1 **Methodology for Data Collection and Analysis**

For preparation of this EMP report, there are two methodologies to collect the data to describe the current environmental and social conditions of the proposed project.

- Primary Data Collection and Analysis (Air Quality, Noise, Vibration, Water and Soil are measuring)
- Secondary Data Collection and Analysis (regional information such as climate, topography, population, economic., etc.)

4.1.1 Primary Data Collection and Analysis

The objective of the EMP baseline data collection is to present the general description of the environment as primary data collection. The methodology is designed to assess the baseline data of the environmental quality factors for "Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Company Limited" Project. Baseline environmental parameters are defined according to the guidelines, which apply to projects dedicated to the proposed project.

Environmental baseline data (primary data) such as air quality, odor nuisance and noise levels are measured by using instruments. For water quality and soil quality, samples are collected and analyzed at the GMES laboratory, ALARM Ecological laboratory and ISO tech laboratory. The results are mentioned in this Chapter.

All necessary criteria such as site selections for sampling and analysis of ambient air quality, workplace air quality, noise level, water quality and soil quality were identified by GMES.

4.1.2 Secondary Data Collection and Analysis

Some data such as socioeconomic conditions, physical/biological environment and weather data are collected from the respective websites and reviewed by the EMP study team. The baseline data of the Mingaladon Township was collected from the Township Data published by General Administration Department (GAD) in 2020.

4.2 **Environmental Baseline Situation (Primary Data)**

Green Myanmar Environmental Services Company Limited had done measuring primary data or baseline environmental parameters such as ambient and indoor air quality, water quality and soil quality on May 2021. The materials and methods of instruments used for surveying the environmental baseline data and the results are mentioned in the following section.

The water samples, tube well water, wastewaters and soil samples were collected and analyzed the results in the laboratory.

4.2.1 Air Quality

The objective of the air-quality monitoring program is to describe the baseline air quality conditions in the project area.

Dispersion of different air pollutants released into the atmosphere has significant impacts on the neighborhood air environment of a project and forms an important part of impact assessment studies.

The air quality status with respect to the project site will form the baseline information over which the predicted impacts due to the proposed project can be superimposed to find out the net (Final) impacts on air environment. Based on the final impacts of the air environment, a viable Environmental Management Plan (EMP) can be prepared.

The baseline status of the air quality can be assessed through scientifically designed air quality measuring network.

(i) Methods of Sampling and Analysis

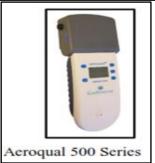
The rate of air quality was recorded automatically every one minute for gases causing air pollution (Sulfur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrogen sulfide and particulate matters, etc) to describe ambient air quality.

(ii) Materials Used for Measuring

The ambient air quality parameters such as nitrogen oxide (NO₂), sulfur dioxide (SO₂), particulate matters (PM_{2.5} & PM₁₀), ammonia (NH₃), carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide (CO), hydrogen sulfide (H₂S), methane (CH₄), wind speed, wind direction, relative humidity and temperature were measured by using **Haz-Scanner** which is a true environmental air station providing ambient air quality measurement of critical EPA criteria pollutants and air parameters.



Aeroqual is used to measure the particulate matters ($PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10}).



Mx-6 uses for oxygen, toxic and combustible gas, and volatile organic compounds (VOCs) of indoor air quality.



(iii)Selection of Sampling Location

Air quality measurement was taken at each project site. The sampling points were selected based on their locations relative to key community receptors, as well as their current or potential for impairments.

- 1) Ambient air quality at the project site was measured at only one sampling point
- 2) Workplace air quality was measured at two points

Ambient Air Quality

Different analysis methods are used for different parameters of ambient air quality as shown in the following table.

Table 4.1 Parameters Measured for Ambient Air Quality

No.	Parameters	Analysis Methods
1.	Sulfur dioxide (SO ₂)	Electrochemical sensors
2.	Nitrogen dioxide (NO ₂)	Electrochemical sensors
3.	Carbon dioxide (CO ₂)	NDIR (optional sensor)
4.	Carbon monoxide (CO)	Electrochemical sensors
5.	Hydrogen Sulfide (H ₂ S)	Electrochemical sensors
6.	Particulate matter 2.5 (PM _{2.5})	Infrared light scattering
7.	Particulate matter 10 (PM ₁₀)	Infrared light scattering

Ambient air quality at the project site was measured continuously at only one sampling point for 24 hours in the factory.

Table 4.2 Location of Ambient Air Quality Measuring Point

No.	Measuring Point	Geographic Information	Description	Remarks
1	AMP-1	16° 56' 24.02" N	Estate of	See Figure 4.1
1.	Alvii - i	96° 09' 15.06" E	Factory	

AMP = Ambient Air Quality Measuring Point



Figure 4.1 Location of Measuring Ambient Air Quality

Measuring Results

At the initial stage of the project, baseline air quality should be measured on the vicinity of the site to assess background levels of key pollutants and to differentiate between existing ambient conditions and project-related impacts in the future. Air quality is defined by the concentration of dust and pollutant gas of the ambient air.

The ambient air measuring was conducted on May 27, 2021 for the factory. The air quality measuring result for ambient air for the factory is described in Table 4.3.

Table 4.3 Measuring Results of Ambient Air Quality Baseline Data (AMP-1)

No.	Parameters	Result	Unit		suring Period	NEQG Value	Avg. Period	Remark
1	Nitrogen Dioxide	101.8	μg/m ³	24	hours	$200 \mu g/m^3$	1-hour	28/5/2021 1:54-2:54 (Peak Hour)
2	Sulphur Dioxide	0	μg/m ³	24	hours	$20 \mu g/m^3$	24-hours	
3	Particulate matter PM ₁₀	18.87	μg/m ³	24	hours	50 μg/m ³	24-hours	
4	Particulate matter PM _{2.5}	8.56	μg/m ³	24	hours	25 μg/m ³	24-hours	
5	Ozone	81.98	μg/m ³	24	hours	100μg/m ³	8-hour daily Maximum	5/27/2021 9:54 - 17:54
6	Ammonia	0	ppm	24	hours	NG	-	

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7	Carbon Dioxide	367.44	ppm	24	hours	NG	-	
8	Carbon Monoxide	0	ppm	24	hours	NG	-	
9	Volatile Organic Compound	0	ppb	24	hours	NG	-	
10	Oxygen	21	%	24	hours	NG	-	

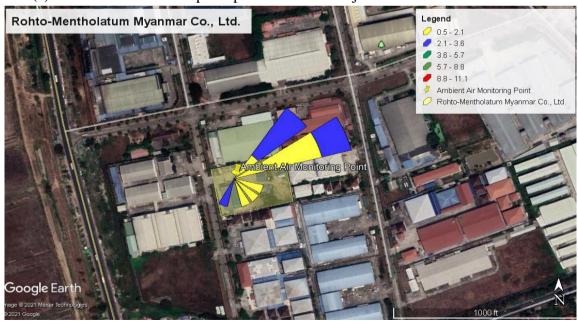
^{*}Note- NEQG-National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guideline

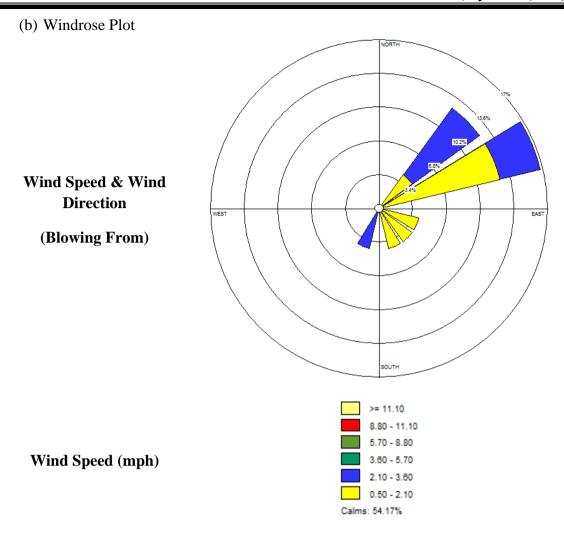
According to the above table, Nitrogen Dioxide, Sulphur Dioxide, Particulate matter PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$, Ozone) parameters of the ambient air quality are within the National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines.



Figure 4.2 Photo of Ambient Air Quality Measuring

(a) Windrose Plot superimposed over the Project Site





(c) Wind Class Frequency Distribution Chart

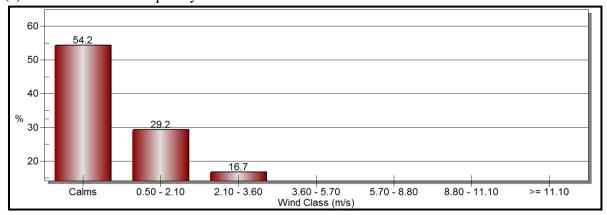


Figure 4.3 (a) Windrose Plot superimposed over the Project Site, (b) Windrose Plot, (c) Wind Class Frequency Distribution Chart

Workplace (Indoor) Air Quality

Measurements to determine the environmental conditions of working environment of the factory were carried out for short-time interval samples (one hour for each sample measurement). The instrument was measured by two technicians.

Indoor air quality was measured at two locations on May 27, 2021 inside of the factory. The locations and results are seen in Figure 4.3 and Table 4.4.

Table 4.4 Location of Indoor Air Quality Measuring Point

No.	Measuring Point	Geographic Information	Description	Remarks
1.	IAMP-1	16° 56' 23.00" N 96° 09' 15.50" E	Production Area	Saa Fianna 4.2
2	IAMP-2	16° 56' 23.50" N 96° 09' 15.40" E	Warehouse	See Figure 4.3

IMP= Indoor Air Quality Measuring Point

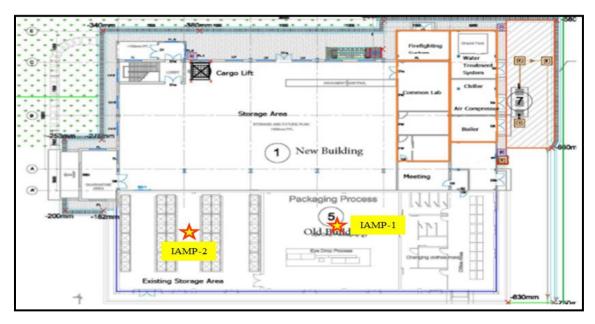


Figure 4.4 Location of Measuring Indoor Air Quality



Figure 4.5 Photos of Measuring Indoor Air Quality

Table 4.5 Indoor Air Quality Measuring Results

Monitoring Point	Description	Parameters	Unit	Monitoring Duration	Workplace air Monitoring Result	NEQG
IAMP-1	Production	PM_{10}	$[\mu g/m^3]$	1Hour	36	50

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	Area	PM _{2.5}	$[\mu g/m^3]$	1Hour	12	25
		VOC	ppm	1Hour	0	-
		PM_{10}	$[\mu g/m^3]$	1Hour	28	50
IAMP-2	Warehouse	$PM_{2.5}$	$[\mu g/m^3]$	1Hour	24	25
		VOC	ppm	1Hour	0	-

^{*}Note- NEQG-National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guideline

According to the above table, most of the particulate matters $(PM_{10} \text{ and } PM_{2.5})$ were accepted within the National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines.

4.2.2 Noise Level

Noise is one of the most undesirable and unwanted by-products of our modern life style. It may not seem as harmful as air and water pollutants but it affects human health and well-being and can contribute to deterioration of human well-being in general and can cause neurological disturbances and physiological damage to the hearing mechanism in particular. It is therefore, necessary to measure both the quality as well as the quantity of noise in and around the site.

Parameter for noise level survey was determined according to Myanmar National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines.

Noise surveys have been conducted at the project site in order to establish an acoustic baseline onto which potential impacts from the proposed project may be superimposed. Noise level measuring was also done at the same sampling points used for air quality monitoring.

(i) Methods of Monitoring and Analysis of Noise level

Measurements to determine the environmental conditions of working environment of the factory were carried out for short-time interval samples (one hour for each sample measurement). Ambient noise level monitored continuously for 24 hours.

(ii) Materials Used for Measuring

Digital Sound Level Meter measures the environmental conditions of working environment of the factory carried out for short-time interval samples (one hour for each sample measurement). Ambient noise level measured continuously for 24 hours.



Noise Level Measuring Result

The noise level measuring points are same with air quality measuring point and result are presented in Table 4.6 and Table 4.7. Indoor noise level measuring point and result are described in Figure 4.7 and Table 4.8.

Table 4.6 Noise Level Monitoring Points

No.	Monitoring Point	Geographic Information	Description	Remarks
1	ANMP	16° 56' 24.02" N 96° 09' 15.06" E	Estate of Factory	See Figure 4.7
2	INMP-1	16° 56' 23.00" N 96° 09' 15.50" E	Production Area	Saa Eigura 4.7
3	INMP-2	16° 56' 23.50" N 96° 09' 15.40" E	Warehouse	See Figure 4 7

^{*}Note-ANMP-Ambient Noise level Measuring Point, INMP-Indoor Noise level Measuring Point

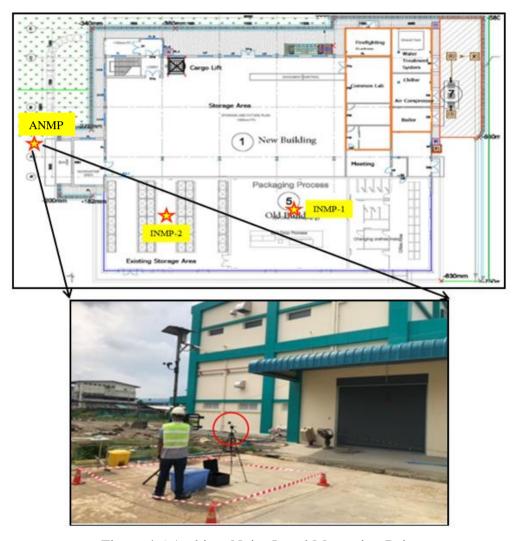


Figure 4.6 Ambient Noise Level Measuring Point

Table 4-7 Ambient Noise Level Measuring Result

			NEQG			
Point	Period	Results	Residential, Institutional, Educational	Industrial, Commercial		
ANMP	Day Time	68	55	70		
ANMP	Night Time	54	45	70		

The factory are located in industrial park, the observed values are compared with the guidelines for industrial area. The observed values of the ambient noise levels for daytime and night time are within the limit of Guidelines. Therefore, the human and the environment cannot be affected by the noise.

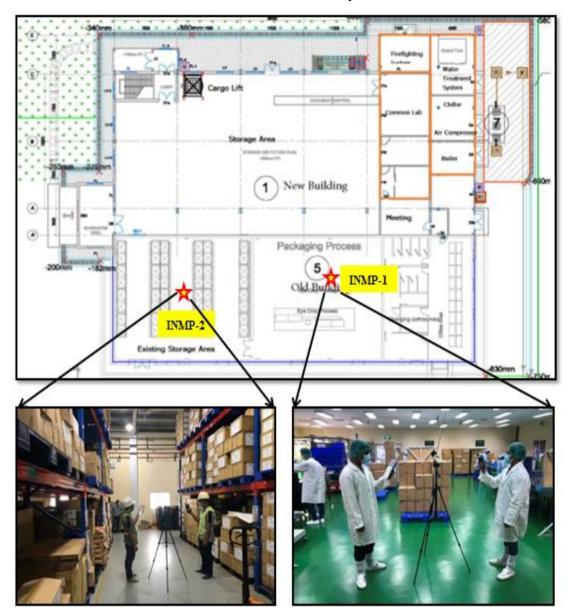


Figure 4.7 Indoor Noise Level Measuring Points

Table 4.7 Indoor Noise Level Measuring Result

No.	Indoor Noise Level Measuring Points	Description	Noise Measuring Results (Duration = 1hr) (dB[A])	OHS Guidelines (8 hr) (dB[A])
1.	INMP-1	Production Area	70.2	90
2.	INMP-2	Warehouse	62.1	90

The factory are located in industrial park, the observed values are compared with the OHS Guideline. The observed values of the Indoor Noise level for daytime and night time are within the limit of Guidelines. Therefore, Noise level value was within the acceptable conditions.

4.2.3 Vibration Level

Methods of study

The ground vibration intensity was measured in terms of peak particle velocity (PPV) to evaluate its potential damage. Which is corresponds to an indicator of the structural damage, largely depending on the maximum charging, the distance between blast and measuring point and the characteristics of the medium.

The three axes (directions) of measurement,

- The longitudinal (back to forth) (sometimes called "radial", frequency distribution of a given vibration)
- Transverse (vibration in the side by side) and
- Vertical (up and down) vectors are always measured and reported separately.

One reason for this is that they have different degrees of importance in causing damage. Structures are built to withstand vertical forces. For that reason, vibrations along the vertical vector are usually of lesser importance in causing damage, though not always benign.

Vibrations in both the longitudinal and transverse vectors have the potential for causing shear in the home structure, which is a major contributor to damage effects. When in shear, different parts of the house move at different speeds or even in different directions, which can cause cosmetic cracking or even structural damage. Vibration standards often do not take into account directly these differences in damage potential between vibration direction components, simply specifying the same limits for all three axes of measurement.

Continuous mode can be set at continuous or self-triggering mode. Preset value is generally set at 0.1-mm/sec trigger level. Depending on the sensitivity of buildings, trigger value will be changed after discussion with site engineer.

Materials Used for Measuring

Vibration Monitoring will be conducted using an Instantly Blast Mate Series III or Mini Mate Plus. Both indicator systems have identical process of preparation, installation and data retrieving.



Table 4.8 Guideline for Vibration

<u>DIN 4150</u>							
Type of Structure	Peak P	Particle Velocity (m	nm/sec)				
Frequency	Acceptable Level	Acceptable Level Moderate level Extreme Level					
Commercial and Industrial Building (Type-1)	20	20 ~ 40	40 ~ 50				
Dwellings (Type-2)	5	5 ~ 15	15 ~ 20				
Ancient and Historic Buildings (Type-3)	3	3 ~ 8	8 ~ 1 0				

Reference: DIN 4150:Part3 "Structural Vibration in Buildings" Guideline on Limit of Vibration

Vibration Level Measuring Result

The Vibration level measuring point are same with ambient air quality measuring point and result are presented in Table 4.9 and Figure 4.8.

Table 4.9 Vibration Level Monitoring Points

No.	Monitoring Point	Geographic Information	Description	Remarks
1	VMD	16° 56' 24.02" N	Estate of	Coo Eiguno 4 9
1	VMP	96° 09' 15.06" E	Factory	See Figure 4.8

^{*}Note-VMP-Vibration level Measuring Point



Figure 4.8 Vibration Level Measuring Point

Table 4.10 Vibration Level Measuring Result

Instrument ID	Date		Maximum Peak Peak particulate (mm/s)	Current Threshold mm/s	Remark
VM	27/5/2021	28/5/2021	0.6	0.5	Max: PVS on 27 th , May 2021, 5:24 PM

Remark: Vibration level is less than threshold limit 0.1mm/sec not recorded the data

The factory are located in industrial park, the observed values are compared with the guidelines for industrial area. The measurement results is acceptable limits. Therefore, the human and the environment cannot be affected by the vibrtaion.

4.2.4 Water Quality

Selected water quality parameters of surface water and ground water have been studied for assessing the water environment and evaluating the anticipated impact of the proposed project.

The purpose of this study is to:

- Assess the water quality characteristics for critical parameters,
- > Predict impact on water quality by this project and related activities and
- > Suggest appropriate mitigation measures.

Description of Sampling Point

The outline of sampling points is mentioned in Table 4.11. The photos of conducting field survey at each sampling points are mentioned in Figure 4.9.

Table 4.11 Outline of Sampling Points

No.	Monitoring Points	Description	Geographic Information	Collecting date
1.	WMP-1	Water quality from MIP	16° 56' 24.36" N 96° 9' 17.17" E	27.5.2021
2.	WMP-2	Inside drain water quality of the factory	16° 56' 22.15"N 96° 9' 15.07"E	27.5.2021

Note: WMP-Water Quality Monitoring Point



Figure 4.9 Water Quality Monitoring Points

Table 4.12 Result of Water Quality (WMP-1)

				Minimum	Drinking Water Stand		er Standards
No.	Parameters	Unit	Analysis Value	Measurement Range of Methods	WHO (2011)	EPA (Spring 2012)	Indian Specification (IS:10500,2012)
1.	Aluminum	mg/l	0.09	0.01	0.2	0.2	0.03
2.	Arsenic	mg/l	0	0.005	0.01	0.01	0.01
3.	Chloride	mg/l	14	5	250	250	250
4.	Copper	mg/l	ND	0.5	2	1	0.05
5.	Cyanide	mg/l	ND	0.01	0.07	0.2	0.05
6.	Manganese	mg/l	ND	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.1
7.	pН	-	7.4	0.1	6.5~8.5	6.5~8.5	6.5~8.5
8.	Sulfate	mg/l	4.2	2	250	250	200
9.	Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	mg/l	68	5	,	-	200
10.	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	260	1	600	500	500
11.	Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/l	61	5	500	-	200
12.	Total Iron	mg/l	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3
13.	Turbidity	NTU	6.7	0.01	5	-	1

ND - Not Detected

According to the lab result, turbidity of WMP-1 are higher than the WHO drinking water standards, it is found that these parameters are within the standards after treatment expect the turbidity values.

Table 4.13 Result of the Drain Water Quality of the Factory

No.	Parameters	Unit	Analysis Value	Minimum Measurement Range of Method	NEQG - General Application
1.	5-day Biochemical Oxygen	mg/l	ND	30	50
2.	Ammonia	mg/l	0.34	0.01	10
3.	Arsenic	mg/l	0	0.005	0.1
4.	Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	ND	30	250
5.	Chromium (Hexavalent)	mg/l	0.11	0.02	0.1
6.	Chromium (Total)	mg/l	0.16	0.02	0.5
7.	Copper	mg/l	ND	0.5	0.5
8.	Cyanide (Total)	mg/l	ND	0.01	1
9.	Iron	mg/l	0.1	0.1	3.5
10.	Nickel	mg/l	ND	0.2	0.5

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11.	Oil and Grease	mg/l	ND	5	10
12.	pH	-	7.58	0.1	6~9
13.	Phenol	mg/l	0.22	0.1	0.5
14.	Sulfide	mg/l	ND	0.04	1
15.	Temperature	.C	27	1	<35
16.	Total Phosphorus	mg/l	0.14	0.02	2
17.	Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	24	1	50
18.	Zinc	mg/l	ND	0.02	2

ND - Not Detected

According to the lab result, pH values from WMP-2 (inside drain water quality of the Factory) are higher than the guideline values. The other parameters are within the limits.

4.2.5 Soil Quality

In order to monitor the soil quality, soil samples both of the factory premises were taken and tested at GMES laboratory. The location points are tabulated in Table 4.14 and Figure 4.10. The analysis results of the parameters are presented in the Table 4.15.

Table 4.14 Locations of Soil Sampling Point (SSP)

No.	Sampling Points	Geographic Information	Description	Remarks
1.	SSP	16° 56' 23.7"N 96° 9' 18.3"E	Estate of the factory	See Figure 4.10

Note: SSP-Soil Sampling Point



Figure 4.10 Photo of Taking Soil Sample inside the Factory Premises

Table 4.15 Results of Soil Quality

No.	Parameters	Unit	Analysis Value	Minimum Measurement Range of Methods
1.	Aluminum	mg/kg soil	0.1	0.05 mg/kg soil
2.	Arsenic	mg/kg soil	0	0.025 mg/kg soil
3.	Chloride	g/kg soil	0.67	0.025 mg/kg soil
4.	Copper	mg/kg soil	ND	2.5 mg/kg soil
5.	Cyanide	mg/kg soil	ND	0.05 mg/kg soil
6.	Extractable Acidity	cmol/kg soil	4.25	0.25 cmol/kg soil
7.	Manganese	mg/kg soil	1.85	1 mg/kg soil
8.	P - Alkalinity	mmol/l extract	0	0.2 mmol/l extract
9.	pН	-	6.42	0.1
10.	Total Alkalinity	mmol/l extract	3.1	0.2 mmol/l extract
11.	Total Iron	mg/kg soil	0.5	0.5 mg/kg soil

ND: Not Detected

4.3 Natural Environment/ Physical Components (Secondary Data)

Physical environment essentially illustrates baseline conditions of topography, geology, soil, climate, surface water and ground water of the project area, where necessary, of proposed project regardless of an assessment study. The secondary data collection is based on September 2020 General Administration Department of Mingalardone Township.

4.3.1 Study Area (Mingaladon Township)

The proposed project (study area) which is located in Mingaladone Industrial Park (MIP), Mingaladon Township has mentioned in project description in detail. Mingaladon Township is located in the northern district of Yangon Region, Myanmar.

It occupies an area of 41.69 square miles. The location of the township is between north latitude 17° 03' and 17° 04' and between east longitude 96° 08' and 96° 15'.

The township shares border with

- Hlegu Township and North Okkalapa Township in the east,
- Shwepyitha Township and Insein Township in the west,
- Mayangone Township in the south, and
- Hmawbi Township and Hlegu Township in the north.

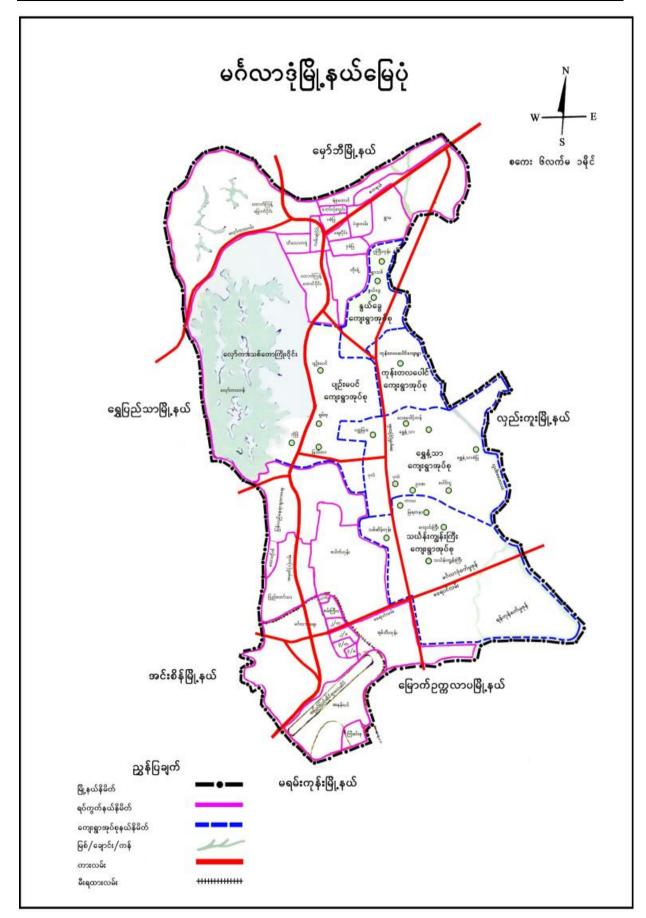


Figure 4.11 Map of Mingaladon Township

4.3.2 Climate

The climate of the Mingaladon Township is a tropical monsoon climate. The highest temperature is 39 °C and lowest temperature is 15.5°C. The following table shows the yearly rainfall data and temperature of Mingaladon Township.

Table 4.16 Annual Rainfall Data and Temperature at Mingaladon Township

	Year	Rainfall		Temperature	
No.		Rainy Days	Total Rainfall (inches)	Summer (°C)	Winter (°C)
		Kamy Days	Total Kalilian (inches)	Highest	Lowest
1	2017	117	101.93	39	15.5
2	2018	81	79.07	39	15.5
3	2019	135	132.85	38	15.8
4	2020	80	80.07	39	15.8

Source: www.gad.gov.mm

4.3.3 Topography

Ranged from south to north, Ngwe Yah Mountains is located in the western part of the Mingaladon Township. The Lawga Lake is situated at the western border near Shwepyitha Township and the rest areas are plains.

4.3.4 Geology

Yangon Region, excluding the Coco Islands in the Bay of Bengal, forms largely a flat terrain in the area of the Gulf of Mottama, except for low hills or ridges formed of upper Tertiary strata. Noticably high areas of the Region are the southern end of the Bago Yoma near Phaunggyi, and its farther southward extension of isolated low hills and ridges like those near Hlawga Lake, the Shwedagon pagoda Hill in Yangon City itself, and the ridge or rolling hills southeast of Thanlyin.

The mainland part of the Yangon Region is bordered on the west by the Ayeyawady Region, on the north and east by Bago Region and on the south by the Gulf of Mottama. The Coco islands, forming an outerarc ridge located in the Bay of Bengal, some 270 miles southwest of Yangon, is also part of the Yangon Region.

Being largely a flat alluvium-covered terrain with no notable economic mineral potential, Yangon Region has not attracted much of the attention of the geologists from the mineral prospect point of view. The geological succession of the Yangon Region is shown in Table 4.17.

Laterite for use as road material is now being quarried at Wanetchaung, between Hmawbi and Taikkyi, north of Yangon.

Table 4.17 Geological Succession of the Yangon Region

Age	Unit
Quaternary	Younger Alluvium
	Unconformity
	Older Alluvium
	Unconformity

Age	Unit
Upper Miocene-Pliocene	Irrawaddy Formation
	Unconformity
Miocene	Pegu Group (upper part only)
	Unconformity
Cretaceous-Eocene	Indoburman Flysch (in Coco islands only)

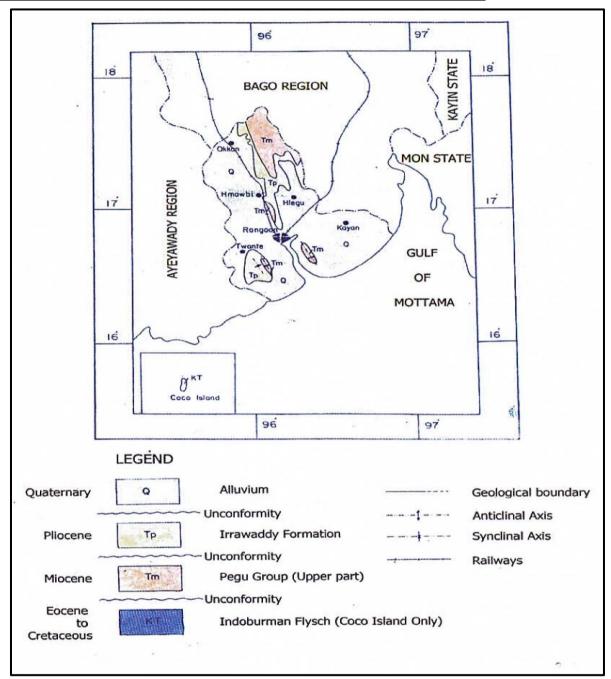


Figure 4.12 Geological Map of Yangon Region

4.3.5 Soil

There are several soil types in Yangon Region:

meadow soils and meadow alluvial soils,

- clay and clay swampy soils,
- swampy soils,
- lateritic soils,
- yellow brown forest soils,
- dune forest and beach sand,
- mangrove forest soils,
- saline swampy meadow and gray soils.

Of them, mostly found soil types in the project area are (1) meadow soils and meadow alluvial soils, and (2) lateritic soils. Soil map of Yangon is shown in Figure 4.13.

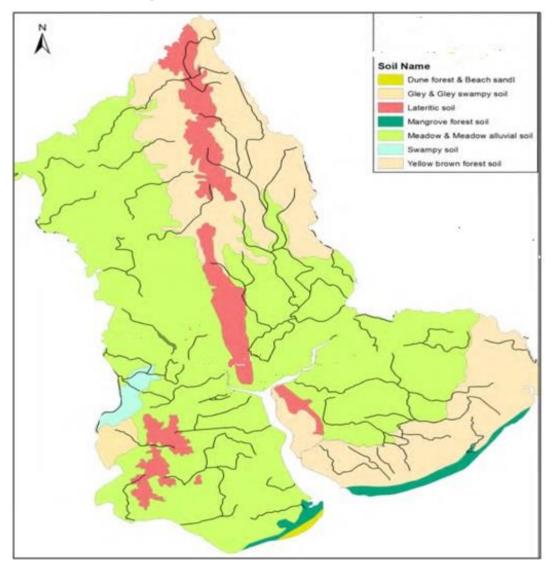


Figure 4.13 Soil Map of Yangon

4.3.6 Hydrology

Mingaladon Township has a few rivers and creeks flowing in that Barla Creek flows about 12 miles from north to south and about 8 miles from west to east. Its water depth is about 12 feet in rainy season and about 3 feet in summer and vessels/boats cannot travel in it.

4.4 Biological Components (Secondary Data)

The ecological information was received from the general administrative department of the Mingaladon Township.

4.4.1 Natural Vegetation (Flora)

The vegetation such as teak, pyinkadoe, thit-mar, nipa palm and mangroves are found in Mingaladon Township.

4.4.2 Wildlife (Fauna)

There is no wildlife in Mingaladon Township.

4.5 Socio-Economic Components (Secondary Data)

4.5.1 Population and Communities

Mingaladon Township is composed of 27 quarters and 5 village tracts that is composed of 20 villages. There are 52,749 households and 284,929 populations. The female population is slightly higher than male according to the general administration department in 2020. In the township, most of the people are 94.19% Burmese and population by national ethnic group that are lived in Mingaladon Township describes in Table 4.18.

Table 4.18 Population by National Ethnic Group

No.	Ethnicity	No. of Persons	Percentage (%)
1.	Kachin	519	0.19
2.	Kayah	205	0.07
3.	Kayin	3,829	1.34
4.	Chin	2,352	0.86
5.	Mon	1,630	0.57
6.	Burmese	268,368	94.19
7.	Rakhine	3,441	1.21
8.	Shan	468	0.16
	Total	284,922	98.68

Table 4.19 Population by Foreigner

No.	Ethnic Race	No. of Persons	Percentage (%)
1.	Chinese	282	0.06
2.	Indian	3,711	0.33
3.	Pakistanis	1	0.01
4.	Bangladeshis	17	0.07
5.	Others	-	-
	Total	4,011	1.47

Table 4.20 Population by Sex

No.	Living Area	Male	Female	Total
1.	Living on town	73,840	85,807	159,647
2.	Living in country	53,146	72,136	125,282
Total		126,986	157,943	284,929

4.5.2 Religion

In the township, most of the people are Buddhist and the other religious groups are shown in following Table 4.21

Table 4.21 Religious Groups of Ethnic in Mingalardon Township

No.	Religious Group	No. of Persons
1.	Buddhist	271,159
2.	Christian	3,859
3.	Hindu	4,012
4.	Islam	5,899
5.	Others	-
Total		284,929

4.5.3 Education Attainment

According to the secondary data from General Administration Department, there are 9 basic education high schools, 3 sub high schools, 7 middle schools, 6 sub middle schools, 2 post primary schools, 25 primary schools, 24 pre-primary school and 22 monastery education schools.

4.5.4 Connectivity

The selected project location has well connectivity and accessibility through road and air.

Air: Nearest airport is Yangon airport which is located around 5 km from.

Road: The project is easily approachable from No.3 Main Road.

4.5.5 Health Facility

Mingalardone Township has 5 hospitals, 11 clinics and 5 rural health care centers.

4.5.6 Economy

Mingardone Township is one of the central economic township in Yangon. It is also an industrial town that composed of Yangon Industrial Zone, Mingalardone Industrial Zone and Pyinmapin Industrial Zone. It has the best communication due to existing of Yangon-Pyi Road and No.3 Main Road.

4.5.7 Land Use

The following Table 4.22 describes the land use classification of Mingalardone Township.

Table 4.22 Land Use of Mingalardone Township

No.	Types of Land	Area (acres)
1.	Net Cultivation Area	4,285
	(i) Paddy land	2,839
	(ii) Farmland for crop	-
	(iii)Cultivated Island	-

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No.	Types of Land	Area (acres)
	(iv)Orchard	1,446
	(v) Hillside	1
2.	Vacant Land Area	53
	Paddy land	2,596
	Farmland for crop	ı
	Cultivated land	ı
	Orchard	88
	> Hillside	ı
3.	Grazing Ground	
4.	Industrial Land	54
5.	Urban Land	3,983.189
6.	Rural Land	3,431.11
7.	Others	7,526.301
8.	Reserved Forest and Protected Forest Area	7,175
9.	Wild forest	-
10.	Virgin Soil area	174
11.	Non-cultivated area	-
	Total	26,681.60

4.5.8 Workforce

There are 218,232 persons, who can be worked. Among them, 192,145 persons are employees but 26,087 persons are jobless. So, the percentage of jobless in Mingalardone Township is 12 %.

Table 4.23 Workforce of Mingalardone Township

No.	Types of Job	No. of Persons
1.	Government Employee	42,495
2.	Services	6,100
3.	Agriculture	2,854
4.	Breed	154
5.	Trading	25,549
6.	Factory / Workshop Employee	7,325
7.	Fishing	14
7.	Random Worker	36,425
8.	Others	164,013
	Total	284,929

5.0 ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND HEALTH IMPACTS ASSESSMENT AND MITIGATION MEASURES

5.1 Nature of Impact

The existing environmental conditions have been described in the Chapter 4. In the present chapter, the impacts of the project on the environment have been predicted. Impacts on various environmental attributes during construction as well as operation phase, and also mitigation measures for these impacts have been discussed.

The identification and assessment of impacts has been carried out by considering the proposed proposal activities in terms of construction and operation stages. The impact of the activities will be on physical, biological, socio-economic and cultural resources. The impacts generated are both beneficial as well as adverse. The environmental impacts have been identified for a number of issues based on the analysis of the environmental baseline information and activities that are to be undertaken (during construction and subsequent operation phases). The possible adverse impacts from the proposal during the construction and operation stages are presented as following.

5.2 Impact Assessment Methodology

The significance of the aspects/ impacts of the process were rated by using a matrix derived from Plomp (2004) and adapted to some extent to fit this process. These matrixes use the consequence and the likelihood of the different aspects and associated impacts to determine the significance of the impacts. The significances of the impacts were determined through a synthesis of the criteria below:

5.2.1 Probability

Probability describes the likelihood of the impact actually occurring as follow: The weights are assigned to each attribute:

Table 5.1 Rating for Probability

Attribute	Description	Weight
Improbable	The possibility of the impact occurring is very low, due to the circumstances, design or experience.	1
Probable	There is a probability that the impact will occur to the extent that provision must be made therefore.	2
Highly Probable	It is most likely that the impact will occur at some stage of the development.	4
Definite	The impact will take place regardless of any prevention plans, and there can only be relied on mitigation actions or contingency plans to contain the effect.	5

5.2.2 Duration

Duration is described the extend of the impact affected.

Table 5.2 Rating for Duration

Attribute	Description	
Short term	The impact will either disappear with mitigation or will be	1

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	·	
	mitigated through natural processes in a time span shorter than any of the phases.	
Medium term	The impact will last up to the end of the phases, where after it will be mitigated.	3
Long term	The impact will last for the entire operational phase of the project but will be mitigated by direct human action or by natural processes thereafter.	4
Permanent	Impact that will be non-transitory. Mitigation either by man or natural processes will not occur in such a way or in such a time span that the impact can be considered transient.	5

5.2.3 Scale

Scale is the physical and spatial size of the impact as follow:

Table 5.3 Rating for Scale

Attribute	Description		
Site	The impacted area extends only as far as the activity, e.g. footprint.	1	
Local	The impact could affect the whole, or a measurable portion of the above mentioned properties.	2	
Regional	The impact could affect the area including the neighboring residential areas.	3	

5.2.4 Magnitude/ Severity

Magnitude/ severity determine does the impact destroy the environment, or alter its function.

Table 5.4 Rating for Magnitude or Severity

Attribute	Description	
Low	The impact alters the affected environment in such a way that	2
Low	natural processes are not affected.	2
Medium	The affected environment is altered, but functions and processes	6
	continue in a modified way.	6
High	Function or process of the affected environment is disturbed to the	8
	extent where it temporarily or permanently ceases.	8

5.2.5 Significance

Significance is an indication of the importance of the impact in terms of both physical extent and time scale, and therefore indicates the level of mitigation required.

Significance (Si) = (Duration (D) + Scale (S) + Magnitude (M)) x Probability (P)

Table 5.5 Rating for Significance

Attribute	Description Weight		
Nagligible	The impact is non-existent or unsubstantial and is of no or little	< 20	
Negligible	importance to any stakeholder and can be ignored.	< 20	
The impact is limited in extent, has low to medium intensi			
Low	whatever its probability of occurrence is, the impact will not	< 40	
	have a material effect on the decision and is likely to require		

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	management intervention with increased costs.	
Moderate	The impact is of importance to one or more stakeholders, and its intensity will be medium or high; therefore, the impact may materially affect the decision, and management intervention will be required.	
High	The impact could render development options controversial or the project unacceptable if it cannot be reduced to acceptable levels; and/ or the cost of management intervention will be a significant factor in mitigation.	

6.0 ENVIRONMNETAL MANAGEMENT PLAN AND MONITORING PLAN

The development and implementation of an effective environmental management plan is hindered by weak institutional capacity for effective environmental management and protection, low environmental regulatory enforcement, and shortage of financial resources and qualified personnel in the environmental field.

6.1 Environmental Management Plan for the Proposed Project

The implementation of an environmental management plan of the proposed project could enhance environmental conditions. The objectives of this plan are to reduce the waste volume, recover recyclable material, achieve better quality of the products, and develop the recycling.

The training workshops having some objectives for environment pollution control will be also opened for the locals. Training workshops are required to increase environmental awareness of all individuals concerned with the project (operation, and closing phases of mitigation and monitoring) and to train the workers who will be involved in the facility operation.

Table 6.1 Environmental Management Plan for Operation Phase

Environmental Component	Location	Management Plan
Air		
Dust Emission	Storage Area, Mixing and weighting, Production line, Dust collector, Collection Pipeline	 Install good ventilation system and dust emission system Regular checking of dust collector Regular maintenance of dust collector Regular checking of dust collection pipeline Careful handling and weighing of the powder
Gaseous & VOC Emission	Boiler Stack, Dust and VOCcontrol equipment, exhaust, Ventilator, collection pipeline	 Regular checking of emission stack and monitoring according to schedule Regular checking of filter and replace the filter Regular maintenance the collection system and ventilation system Regular checking of connecting pipeline
Odor	Storage Area, WWTP, Production Area, Waste Disposal	 Covering the collection pond and waste collection bin Check and maintain the ventilation system

		D 11 DDC
	<u> </u>	Provide PPE
Wastewater and V		
Wastewater	WWTP	 Wastewater from the factory must be directed to the own wastewater treatment plant and treated wastewater will be discharged to Zone's WWTP. Oil/water separators, skimmers or other methods should be employed to minimize oil contaminated storm water discharge. No discharge of untreated wastewater outside the plant and check inlet and outlet of own WWTP. Regular maintenance of the own WWTP
Ground water	Site Premise	 No extraction of ground water However, record the water consumption regularly.
Storm water	Strom water drain outlet	 Separate drainage system for storm water. Provide and install screen at the storm drain outlets to restrict the movement of solid waste into the storm drain system while allowing the storm water to enter. The screen should be cleaned and/or replaced as necessary. Whenever possible, storm water should be diverted away from materials manufacturing, storage and other areas of potential storm water contaminants.
Sewage Waste	Septic tank	 Regular checking of septic tank Dispose the authorize agency.
Noise & Vibration	1	• Dispose the authorize agency.
Noise & vibration	Diesel generator	• Decaylor sheeking and maintanenes of the D.C.
from machineries	Dieser generator	Regular checking and maintenance of the D.GShould install the sound proof wall
(such as D.G set) and operation	Production Area	• Regular checking and maintenance of the production equipments
Land Contaminat	ion	
Accidental spillage and Leakage of oil,fuel and other chemicals	Chemical storage and oil storage area and fuel storage area	 Drip pans and drum storage platforms should be used to hold containers of fluids that are used at the facility. Cloths should be placed underneath the drip pans and drum storage platforms to catch and soak up slop spillage. Once the task is completed, the pans and platforms should be immediately cleaned and stored in a designated and easily accessible location. The cloths should be stored with the drip pans. Each drip pan should be used to contain only one type of fluid while in use and prior to cleaning. This will avoid the accidental mixing of incompatible fluids (i.e., acids, and caustics). Residues and cleaning waters from drip pans must be properly placed in designated containment tanks for

		 storage prior to ultimate disposal or disposed of in an approved oil/water separator as pretreatment. Ultimate disposal should be in compliance with Zone Committee or ECD requirements. It is the responsibility of the supervisor and environmental supervisor to ensure that employees and contractors use drip pans and drum storage platforms.
Waste Disposal		
Hazardous WasteStorageCleaningDisposal	Disposal Yard, Cleaning Area	• On-Site Hazardous Waste Storage All waste, hazardous or not, must be contained to prevent it from blowing away and from leaching into surface or groundwater. Hazardous waste must be in containers or tanks clearly labeled with the words "Hazardous Waste". Volumes and time limits for storing hazardous waste on-site vary by generation category.
		 Cleaning and Drying of Hazardous Waste Cleaning and drying of inorganic pigments bags and drums allow them to be disposed as hazardous wastes. Disposal Hazardous waste must be disposed at permitted waste facility such as DOWA/ YCDC. Record amount of waste regularly.
Non-hazardous Waste Storage Cleaning Disposal	Disposal Yard, Cleaning Area	 Ensure the waste is nonhazardous On-Site Nonhazardous Waste Management. Management methods may include tarping, shrouding, berming, and all other BMPs, while storing on-site. The objective is containment. On-site Nonhazardous Waste Storage. Non-hazardous waste needs to be removed from on-site at regular intervals to prevent release to the environment, and to avoid additional permit requirements. Nonhazardous waste and unused product must be contained to prevent discharge to the air, or runoff to surrounding land or water. Disposal Non-hazardous waste disposed at permitted waste facility such as Yangon City Development Committee. Record amount of waste regularly.
Other	1	•
Occupational Health and Safety	Plant Premises	• Ensure necessary facilities are provided according to Factories Act.

		 Regular medical checkup for workers. Give the OHS training for new workers regularly. Record the accident and injuries.
Community Health and Safety	Local	 Regular maintenance of the vehicles To remind the driver for controlling the high speed driving. Transportation of raw material must be done according to the MSDS transportation procedure. Record the accident and injuries.
Social Consideration	Plant Premise and Local	 Provide CSR fund regularly Creation of Job Opportunities Regular conducting of employee social welfare program.
Risk Assessment	Plant premises	 Regular training and exercises for all staff regarding firefighting and other emergency response. The propose project is designed in compliance with relevant rules and regulations for emergency risk of fire. And then, emergency exits, fire hydrants and extinguisher boxes in a certain distance are considered in design of those facilities. To check fire fighting equipments daily.
Training and Education	Employee	 Management should provide all employees with regularly scheduled Best Management Practices seminars and discussions relating to pollutants and pollution prevention. The training should emphasize procedures, BMP techniques and supervisory responsibility and accountability. Subcontracting firms should be strongly encouraged to participate in the BMP training program. New employees should be made aware of BMPs on the first day of work and be regularly reminded of them.

Table 6.2 Environmental Management Plan for Closing Phase

Environmental Component	Location	Management Plan
Air		
Dust Generation	Closing site and road (in front of the site)	Spraying of water wherever required
Gaseous Emission from working vehicles	Heavy machineries and D.G set	Ensure checking of vehicular emission and obtaining pollution under control
Water and Wastewater		

Ground Water	Closing site	No extraction of groundwater
Surface water	Closing site	No disposal of any wastewater outside the plant and the
sources		retaining channel.
		Regular checking of septic tank
		• Dispose the authorize agency such as YCDC.
Drinking Water	Closing site	Arrange purified drinking water
Requirement		
Wastewater from	Closing site	• Ensure proper sanitation and drainage. No direct
Workers' camp		wastewater discharge in water bodies or the retaining
		channel.
		• The sanitation wastewater should be disposed to the
		authorize agency.
Noise & Vibration		
Noise & vibration	Closing activities,	• Ensure machineries meeting noise and vibration level
from machineries	Heavy machines	standards
and construction	and D.G set	Checking the machineries performance regularly
activities Land		
Land	Closing site	Preserve the excavated topsoil to be used for green-
Development	Closing site	belt development
Waste Disposal	<u> </u>	oon development
Hazardous Waste	Disposal Yard	• All waste, hazardous or not, must be contained to
such as thinner,		prevent it from blowing away and from leaching into
oil, and chemical		surface or groundwater.
		Hazardous waste must be in containers or tanks clearly
		labeled with the words "Hazardous Waste", volumes
		and time limits for storing hazardous waste on-site vary
		by generator category.
		• Cleaning and drying of inorganic pigments bags and
		drums have to be disposed as hazardous wastes.
		• Hazardous waste disposed at permitted waste facility
		such as DOWA/ YCDC.
		Record amount of waste regularly.
Nonhazardous	Disposal Yard	Non-hazardous waste needs to be removed from on-site
waste such as		at regular intervals to prevent release to the
construction		environment, and to avoid penalty.
waste, plastic		• Nonhazardous waste must be contained to prevent
		discharge to the air, or runoff to surrounding land or
		water.
		Nonhazardous waste will be recycled to the authorized
		solid waste manufacturing company
		Record amount of waste regularly.
Others		
Occupational	Closing site	Ensure necessary facilities according to Factories Act
Health and Safety		Record the accident and injuries
Community	Local	Ensure necessary facilities
Health and Safety		• To remind the driver for controlling the high speed
	<u> </u>	- 10 femilia die arrei for condoming die mgn speed

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		driving.
		• Record the accident and injuries.
Social	Local	• Creation of job opportunities.
Consideration		V 11
Emergency Risk	Closing site	Maintain all safety Provisions
		Make tool box meeting daily
		• Check PPE

6.2 Chemical Management Plan

6.2.1 Registration of Chemicals and SDS

All hazardous chemicals which are produced, stored, used or handled need registration with local agencies. Rohto will ensure permit or license to obtain the permit of procurement, storage and use. Rohto will maintain a daily registry of inventory of the chemical/ hazardous substances for production. All hazardous substances must have safety data sheet (SDS). A master-list of SDS for all hazardous substances that are produced, stored, used or handled are registered by individual department and submitted to Administrative Officer for compilation.

Respective work area will maintain a file containing all SDS of the hazardous substances used in the area. SDS can point identification of substance and the company, hazard identification, composition of ingredients, first aid measures, fire-fighting measures, accidental release measures, handling and storage, exposure controls and personal protection, physical and chemical properties, stability and reactivity, toxicological information, ecological information, disposal considerations, transportation information, regulatory information and other information.

There are 67 chemicals registered for operation and SDSs are attached in Appendix. Among these, the company is searching suppliers for four chemicals, Fragrance Pure Green Tiv 11-4955, Frangrance Elcondor 0518, Frangrance Lovely Cream R0760660 and MG-60. Hence, their SDSs are not available now. But, these chemicals will be stored and maintained according to following instructions along with the other chemicals.

Table 6.3 Lists of Chemical

No.	Brand Name	Chemical Name		
1	1,3-Butylene Glycol[1,3-BG] Cosmetic	Dutylana Clysol		
1	quality/ 1-3-butylene Glycol P	Butylene Glycol		
2	AEROSIL® 200	Silica		
3	AJIDEW® ZN-100	Zinc PCA		
4	Alpiniawhite	Butylene Glycol 69.9%, Water (Aqua) 29.9%,		
4	Alpiniawnite	Alpinia Katsmadai Seed Extract 0.2%.		
5	AMILITE® GCK-12H	Potassium Cocoyl Glycinate 20%, Potassium		
3	AMILITE® GCK-12H	Cocoate 10%, Water 70%		
6	AMILITE® GCS-12K	Sodium N-Cocoyl Glycinate 30%, Water 70%		
7	AMISOFT® LK-11 (F)	Potassium Lauroyl Glutamate		
8	AMISOL LDE-G	LAURAMIDE DEA		

9	AMPHITOL 20HD	Lauryl hydoxysultaine 30%, sodium chloride and water
10	Bengara T-1000	CI77492
11	Dibutylhydroxytoluene (BHT)	Dibutylhydroxytoluene (BHT)
12	CARBOPOL(R) AQUA SF-1 POLYMER	Acrylate copolymer 30%, Water 70%
13	Caustic Soda Micropearls	Sodium Hydroxide
14	Citric Acid Anhydrous BP98 (100-300 Mesh)	Citric Acid
15	C-MATE / C-MATE (EXP-J)	Magnesium Ascorbyl Phosphate
16	CUTINA® AGS	Glycol Distearate
17	Dehyton KE T	Cocamidopropyl Betaine, Preservatives (Methylchloroisothiazoline (and) Methylisothiazolinone: approx. 8ppm)
18	Dehyton® KE-AS	Cocamidopropyl Betaine 30%, Water 70%
	•	Potassium Laureth Phosphate 40%, Water
19	DERMALCARE(R) MAP L-213/K	60%
20	DIPOTASSIUM GLYCYRRHIZINATE	Dipotassium glycyrrhizinate
21	Clewat N	Disodium EDTA
22	DL-alpha-Tocopheryl Acetate	Tocopheryl Acetate
23	Palmac 98-16 Flakes (Palmitic acid)	Palmitic acid (C16H32O2)
24	Lauric Acid Palmac 98-12 (Flakes)	Lauric acid (C12H24O2) 99-100%
25	Myristic Acid Palmac 98-14 (Flakes)	Myristic acid(C14H28O2)
26	Stearic Acid Palmac 98-18 (Flakes)	Stearic acid(C18H36O2)
27	EMERSENSE® AM 8025	Palmkernelamide DEA
28	Escalol TM 567 UV filter	Oxybenzone Ozybenzone
29	Ethanol (Absolute/ 99.5%)	Ethanol (Absolute)
30	FD & C Red No.40 Powder (Allura Red)	CI 16035
31	FD & C Yellow No.5 Powder	CI 19140
32	Fragrance Citrus 046.623	Benzyl Acetate
33	Fragrance Pure Green Tiv 11-4955	Fragrance
34	Frangrance Elcondor 0518	Fragrance
35	Frangrance Lovely Cream R0760660	Fragrance
	Glycerine 99.5% USP / Refined Glycerine	
36	99.7% min USP37, Kosher Certified	Glycerin
37	Green No.501 (Oxide Green SC)	CI77288
38	HYALURONSAN HA-LQ RS/ Hyaluronate IW120B	Sodium Hyaluronate
39	Isopropylmethylphenol	Isopropyl methylphenol
40	Merquat TM 550 polymer	Polyquaternium-7
41	Metabeads Microwax Green 28/60	Cera Microcristallina
42	Methyl paraben / Ueno Methyl Paraben NF	Methyl Paraben
43	Niacinamide PC	Niacinamide
44	NIKKOL MGS-ASEV	Glyceryl Monosterate
45	NIKKOL MYS-2V	PEG-2 Stearate
46	OLIVE OIL	Olea Europaea (Olive) Fruit Oil
47	ORAMIX TM L 30	Water 68.7%, Sodium Lauroyl Sarcosinate 30%, Lauric acid 1%, sodium benzoate 0.1%, Sodium Chloride 0.1%, Tetra Sodium EDTA 0.1%

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48	Panthenol (Dexpanthenol)/ D-Panthenol (EXP-J)	Panthenol
49	Potassium Chloride	Potassium Chloridde
50	Potassium Hydroxide Flake 90%	Potassium hydroxide 90%, Water 10%
51	Propyl paraben / Ueno Propyl Paraben NF	Propyl Paraben
52	PURAC® BF/P41	L-lactic acid 19.5%, Sodium lactate 46%, Water 34.5%
53	PURAC® HiPure 90	L-lactic acid
54	Pyridoxine Hydrochloride	Pyridoxine Hydrochloride
55	REWODERM LI S 80	PEG 200 Hydrogenated Glyceryl Palmmate 50%, PEG 7 Glyceryl Cocoate 20%, Water 30%
56	Salicylic Acid	Salicylic Acid
57	Sodium Ascorbyl Phosphate	Sodium Ascorbyl Phosphate
58	Sodium Chloride	Sodium chloride
59	Sodium Metabisulfite	Sodium Metabisulfite
60	SORBITOL KAO (Sorbitol solution 70%)	Sorbitol 70%, Water 30%
61	Stearyl Glycyrrhetinate	Stearyl Glycyrrhetinate
62	Superox-C TM AF	Glycerin 22.5%, Water 75%, Terminalia Ferdinandiana Fruit Extract 2.5%
63	TEXAPON® N 70 T	Sodium Laureth Sulfate 70%, Water 30%
64	TINOGARD® TL	Benzotriazolyl Dodecyl p-Cresol
65	MG-60 (Tornare)	Maltooligosyl Glucoside 47% Hydrogenated Starch Hydrolysate27% Water 26%
66	Vitamin A Oil (Vitamin A-Palmitate 1.0 Mio	Retinyl Palmitate, Helianthus Annuus
	IU/G stabilized with Tocopherol)	(Sunflower) Seed Oil, BHT
67	Yukinoshita Liquid MB	Saxifraga Sarmentosa Extract 2.5%, Butylene Glycol, Water
68	Zinc Gluconate	Zinc Gluconate

6.2.2 Labelling and Warning Signs

Labelling

- All packed containers containing hazardous chemicals shall be labeled in accordance with GHS (Globally Harmonized System).
- The label will indicate the identity of the chemical, its hazards and the precautions to take.
- Original labels may only be removed or modified in that container is no longer to be used for holding that hazardous substance and has been emptied and cleaned to remove any residual substance

Warning Signs

According to WSH (Workplace Safety and Health) Law all employees who are required to handle the hazardous substances must be aware of the hazards and the precautionary measures.

• Warning signs or notices specifying the nature of the danger of the hazardous substances will be prominently displayed in areas where such substances are used or handled.

6.2.3 Handling, Transportation and Storage

Handling

- Avoid aerosol formation.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and eye/face protection.
- Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.
- Keep container tightly sealed.
- Ensure that there is no crystallized product in the container before use.
- Processing machines must be fitted with local exhaust ventilation.
- Protection against fire and explosion:
- Risk of self-ignition when a large surface area is produced due to fine dispersion.
- Soiled textiles / cleaning rags / adsorbents and Silica are capable of selfignition and should be wetted with water and must be disposed of in a safe manner.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Avoid all sources of ignition:

• Heat, sparks, open flame. If exposed to fire, keep containers cool by spraying with water

Transportation

Whenever hazardous substances are transported within or outside Rohto, precautionary measures should be taken to ensure that the potential risks are communicated to persons who will come into contact with the hazardous substances during transportation. This can be accomplished through

- Marking and labeling of packages or containers to indicate the hazards of the consignment.
- The relevant information can be included in the transport documents, and by placing or sticking placards on the transport units i.e., vehicles and containers. These labels should conform to the Prevention of Hazard from Chemical and Related Substances Rules.
- The vehicles should be equipped with appropriate firefighting appliances and
- Drivers should be trained in the safe transport of Hazardous Substance as well as in dealing with emergency situations.

Loading, unloading and transfer operations are prone to accidents, and should be managed properly.

- Safe work procedures (SWP) should also be established and carried out in order to avoid unnecessary risks.
- Control measures such as understanding of SWP and conducting RA (Risk Assessment) should be implemented to reduce the risks.

Storage

- All hazardous substances will be stored separately
- Installed fire extinguisher.
- Flammable substances must be stored in cool condition and away from the direct sunlight.
- All hazardous substances inventory must be maintained to-date. (e.g., Daily Production Report and Chemical inventory list).
- Design of storage facilities are based on statutory requirements, safety data or other technical information (International standards should be followed where applicable).

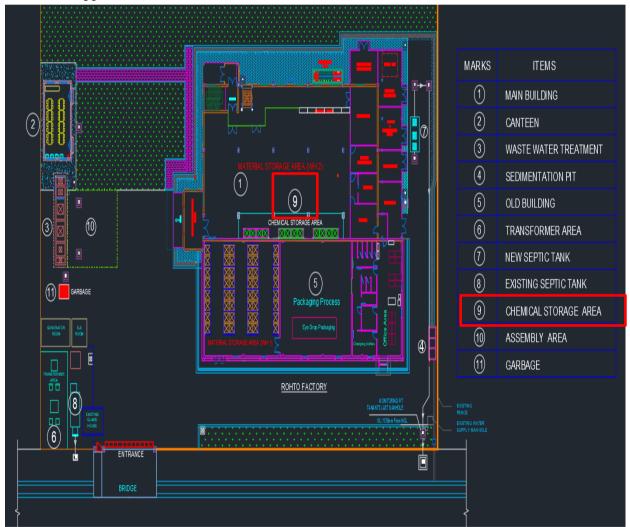


Figure 6.1 Chemical Raw Storage Area

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6.2.4 Identification of Hazardous Chemicals

Most of the chemicals used in this factory are liquid and powder. The hazardous identification, type, location used and CAS Registry Number (CASRN) are described in following table.

Table 6.4 Identification of Hazardous Chemicals

No.	Brand Name	Chemical Name	CAS No.	Туре	Hazard	Non- Hazard	Quantity (Kg/ year)	Location used
1	1,3-Butylene Glycol[1,3-BG] Cosmetic quality/ 1-3- butylene Glycol P	Butylene Glycol	107-88-0	Liquid	-	X	11,686	Warehouse II
2	AEROSIL® 200	Silica	7631-86-9 (Silica) 112945-52-5	Powder	-	X	30	Warehouse II
3	AJIDEW® ZN-100	Zinc PCA	15454-75-8	Powder	Hazard - Corrosive	-	1	Warehouse II
4	Alpiniawhite	Butylene Glycol 69.9%, Water (Aqua) 29.9%, Alpinia Katsmadai Seed Extract 0.2%.	107-88-0, 7732- 18-5, 1002122- 29-3	Liquid	-	X	1	Warehouse II
5	AMILITE® GCK-12H	Potassium Cocoyl Glycinate 20%, Potassium Cocoate10%, Water 70%	301341-58-2, 61789-30-8	Liquid	-	X	3,540	Warehouse II
6	AMILITE® GCS-12K	Sodium N-Cocoyl Glycinate 30%, Water 70%	90387-74-9, 7732-18-5	Liquid	-	X	1,560	Warehouse II
7	AMISOFT® LK-11 (F)	Potassium Lauroyl Glutamate	89187-78-0	Flake	-	X	1,397	Warehouse II
8	AMISOL LDE-G	LAURAMIDE DEA	120-40-1	Waxy mass	Hazard - Health	-	1,862	Warehouse II
9	AMPHITOL 20HD	Lauryl hydoxysultaine 30%, sodium chloride and water	- 13197-76-7 - 76447-14-5	Liquid	Hazard - Irritation and environment	-	140	Warehouse II
10	Bengara T-1000	CI77492	- 51274-00-1	Powder	Hazard - Health	-	1	Warehouse II

11	Dibutylhydroxytoluene (BHT)	Dibutylhydroxytoluene (BHT)	128-37-0	Powder	Hazard - irritation & environment	-	5	Warehouse II
12	CARBOPOL(R) AQUA SF-1 POLYMER	Acrylate copolymer 30%, Water 70%	Mixture	Liquid	-	X	1,320	Warehouse II
13	Caustic Soda Micropearls	Sodium Hydroxide	1310-73-2, 497- 19-8, 7732-18-5	Hygroscopic solid	Hazard - Corrosive	-	447	Warehouse II
14	Citric Acid Anhydrous BP98 (100-300 Mesh)	Citric Acid	77-92-9	Crystalline solid	Hazard - irritation	-	12	Warehouse II
15	C-MATE / C-MATE (EXP-J)	Magnesium Ascorbyl Phosphate	113170-55-1	Powder	Hazard - Health	-	6	Warehouse II
16	CUTINA® AGS	Glycol Distearate	91031-31-1	Beads	-	X	180	Warehouse II
17	Dehyton KE T	Cocamidopropyl Betaine, Preservatives (Methylchloroisothiazoli ne (and) Methylisothiazolinone: approx. 8ppm)	147170-44-3	Liquid	Hazard - corrosive	-	1	Warehouse II
18	Dehyton® KE-AS	Cocamidopropyl Betaine 30%, Water 70%	Mixture	Liquid	Hazard - corrosion	-	3,120	Warehouse II
19	DERMALCARE(R) MAP L-213/K	Potassium Laureth Phosphate 40%, Water 60%	Mixture Poly,alpha dodecyl,omega hydroxy- ,phosphate,pota ssium salt - 58318-92-6 Tripotassiumph osphate - 7778- 53-2	Liquid	Hazard - corrosion	-	720	Warehouse II

			2- (Dodecyloxy)et hanol - 4536- 30-5					
20	DIPOTASSIUM GLYCYRRHIZINATE	Dipotassium glycyrrhizinate	272-296-1	Powder	-	X	78	Warehouse II
21	Clewat N	Disodium EDTA	139-33-3	Powder	Hazard - irritation/ Environment	-	33	Warehouse II
22	DL-alpha-Tocopheryl Acetate	Tocopheryl Acetate	7695-91-2	Liquid	-	X	339	Warehouse II
23	Palmac 98-16 Flakes (Palmitic acid)	Palmitic acid (C16H32O2)	57-10-3	Solid	-	X	15,573	Warehouse II
24	Lauric Acid Palmac 98-12 (Flakes)	Lauric acid (C12H24O2) 99-100%	143-07-7	Solid	Hazard - Irritation	-	7,796	Warehouse II
25	Myristic Acid Palmac 98-14 (Flakes)	Myristic acid(C14H28O2)	544-63-8	Solid	-	X	11,583	Warehouse II
26	Stearic Acid Palmac 98-18 (Flakes)	Stearic acid(C18H36O2)	57-11-4	Waxy solid	-	X	5,784	Warehouse II
27	EMERSENSE® AM 8025	Palmkernelamide DEA	Mixture	Liquid	Hazard - Corrosive, Environment	-	480	Warehouse II
28	Escalol™ 567 UV filter	Oxybenzone	205-031-5 (EC no.)	Powder	Hazard - Physical (Combustible	-	6	Warehouse II
29	Ethanol (Absolute/99.5%)	Ethanol (Absolute)	925-93-9	Liquid	Hazard - Health, Physical & Irritation	-	466	Warehouse II
30	FD & C Red No.40 Powder (Allura Red)	CI 16035	Substance 25956-17-6	Powder	-	X	1	Warehouse II

31	FD & C Yellow No.5 Powder	CI 19140	1934-21-0	Powder	-	X	1	Warehouse II
32	Fragrance Citrus 046.623	Benzyl Acetate	140-11-4	Liquid	Hazard - Health, irritation, physical and environment	-	140	Warehouse II
33	Fragrance Pure Green Tiv 11-4955	Fragrance		Liquid	Hazard - Environment		30	Warehouse II
34	Frangrance Elcondor 0518	Fragrance		Liquid	Hazard - Health, irritation		18	Warehouse II
35	Frangrance Lovely Cream R0760660	Fragrance		Liquid	Hazard - Health, irritation		240	Warehouse II
36	Glycerine 99.5% USP / Refined Glycerine 99.7% min USP37, Kosher Certified	Glycerin	Mono- constituent substance	Liquid	-	X	26,290	Warehouse II
37	Green No.501 (Oxide Green SC)	CI77288		Powder	-	X	5	Warehouse II
38	HYALURONSAN HA-LQ RS/ Hyaluronate IW120B	Sodium Hyaluronate	9067-32-7	Powder	Hazard - Health	-	96	Warehouse II
39	Isopropylmethylphenol	Isopropyl methylphenol	3228-02-2	Granular crystal	Hazard - irritation	-	81	Warehouse II
40	Merquat [™] 550 polymer	Polyquaternium-7	Mixture	Liquid	-	X	384	Warehouse II
41	Metabeads Microwax Green 28/60	Cera Microcristallina	63231-60-7	Solid	-	X	30	Warehouse II
42	Methyl paraben / Ueno Methyl Paraben NF	Methyl Paraben	99-76-3	Powder	Hazard - Environment	-	100	Warehouse II

43	Niacinamide PC	Niacinamide	98-92-0	Powder	Hazard - irritation	-	1,201	Warehouse II
44	NIKKOL MGS-ASEV	Glyceryl Monosterate	11099-07-3	Solid	Hazard - Health	-	480	Warehouse II
45	NIKKOL MYS-2V	PEG-2 Stearate	106-11-6	Solid	-	X	7,543	Warehouse II
46	OLIVE OIL	Olea Europaea (Olive) Fruit Oil	8001-25-0	Liquid	-	X	2,940	Warehouse II
47	ORAMIX™ L 30	Water 68.7%, Sodium Lauroyl Sarcosinate 30%, Lauric acid 1%, sodium benzoate 0.1%, Sodium Chloride 0.1%, Tetra Sodium EDTA 0.1%	Mixture	Liquid	Hazard - Irritation, corrosive	-	300	Warehouse II
48	Panthenol (Dexpanthenol)/ D- Panthenol (EXP-J)	Panthenol	81-13-0	Liquid	-	X	1	Warehouse II
49	Potassium Chloride	Potassium Chloridde	7447-40-7	Powder	-	X	279	Warehouse II
50	Potassium Hydroxide Flake 90%	Potassium hydroxide 90%, Water 10%	KOH - 1310- 58-3 H20 - 7732-18- 5	Solid	Hazard - Toxic, Corrosive, Physical hazard - elease of heat. Environment al hazard.	-	8,821	Warehouse II
51	Propyl paraben / Ueno Propyl Paraben NF	Propyl Paraben	94-13-3	Powder	Hazard - environment (acute)	-	33	Warehouse II
52	PURAC® BF/P41	L-lactic acid 19.5%, Sodium lactate 46%,	Mixture S-lactic acid -	Liquid	Hazard - Irritation	-	12	Warehouse II

		Water 34.5%	79-33-4 (W=18 - 61%) Sodium (S)- Lactate - 867- 56-1 (W=18 - 39%) or Potassium (S)- Lactate - 996- 31-6 (W=45- 47%)					
53	PURAC® HiPure 90	L-lactic acid	79-33-4	Liquid	Hazard - Corrosion	-	1	Warehouse II
54	Pyridoxine Hydrochloride	Pyridoxine Hydrochloride	58-56-0	Powder	-	X	1	Warehouse II
55	REWODERM LI S 80	PEG 200 Hydrogenated Glyceryl Palmmate 50%, PEG 7 Glyceryl Cocoate 20%, Water 30%	Mixture	Liquid	-	X	300	Warehouse II
56	Salicylic Acid	Salicylic Acid	69-72-7	Solid	Hazard - Health, corrosion, irritation	-	1	Warehouse II
57	Sodium Ascorbyl Phosphate	Sodium Ascorbyl Phosphate	66170-10-3	Powder	-	X	1	Warehouse II
58	Sodium Chloride	Sodium chloride	7647-14-5	Solid	Hazard - Irritation	-	270	Warehouse II
59	Sodium Metabisulfite	Sodium Metabisulfite	7681-57-4 (Sodium metabisulfite), 7631-90-5	Crystalline granules	Hazard - Health, Irritation	-	6	Warehouse II

			(Sodium bisulfite)					
60	SORBITOL KAO (Sorbitol solution 70%)	Sorbitol 70%, Water 30%	Mixture D-Sorbitol - 50- 70-4 Water - 7732- 18-5	Liquid	-	Х	660	Warehouse II
61	Stearyl Glycyrrhetinate	Stearyl Glycyrrhetinate	13832-70-7	Powder	-	X	1	Warehouse II
62	Superox-C TM AF	Glycerin 22.5%, Water 75%, Terminalia Ferdinandiana Fruit Extract 2.5%	Glycerin - 56- 81-5, Water - 7732-18-5, Terminalia Ferdinandiana Fruit Extract - 1176234-54-0	Liquid	-	X	1	Warehouse II
63	TEXAPON® N 70 T	Sodium Laureth Sulfate 70%, Water 30%	Mixture	Paste	Hazard - corrosion	-	1,560	Warehouse II
64	TINOGARD® TL	Benzotriazolyl Dodecyl p-Cresol	2440-22-4	Liquid	Hazard - Environment	-	3	Warehouse II
65	MG-60 (Tornare)	Maltooligosyl Glucoside 47% Hydrogenated Starch Hydrolysate27% Water 26%		Liquid	-	X	420	Warehouse II
66	Vitamin A Oil (Vitamin A-Palmitate 1.0 Mio IU/G stabilized with Tocopherol)	Retinyl Palmitate, Helianthus Annuus (Sunflower) Seed Oil, BHT	Mixture Vitamin A palmitate - 79- 81-2 D,L-alpha- Tocopherol - 10191-41-0 Sunflower oil -	Liquid	Hazard - Health, irritation	-	1	Warehouse II

67	Yukinoshita Liquid MB	Saxifraga Sarmentosa Extract 2.5%, Butylene Glycol, Water	8001-21-6 Mixture Water - 7732- 18-5 1,3-Butanedial - 107-88-0 Saxifraga stolonifera, ext.	Liquid	-	X	1	Warehouse II
68	Zinc Gluconate	Zinc Gluconate	- 164288-53-3	Powder	-	X	1	Warehouse II

6.2.5 Chemicals Risk Control Measure

It is imperative to conduct risk analysis for all the projects where hazardous materials, either as raw material or the product are handled. In regard to chemicals, a hazard is a set of properties that are associated with the chemical that may cause adverse effects to organisms or the environment.

Hazardous chemicals pose many risks upon the people, property and environment of the workplace and it is very important that a methodical risk management process is in place to mitigate the risks associated with hazardous chemicals. The risk assessment is required for use and storage of large quantities of hazardous substances to establish health and safety zones to prevent knock-on effects of neighboring hazardous installations and protect the public from fire, explosion, toxic fumes dispersal hazards, detrimental effects on health and chemical contamination.

Administrative Control

No hazardous substances or dangerous goods is authorized to be purchased or used

- The proposed uses and storage of each substance has been risk assessed and approved in accordance with national rules and regulation.
- The risk assessment is documented and its recommendations for management are implemented through incorporation into standard operation procedures and other internal documents, where appropriate.
- Chemicals and fuels are reassessed based on the certain conditions and/ or changes.
- Control measures identified by the risk assessments are to be implemented.
- Where a significant risk is identified, the control measures must be implemented prior to use of the chemicals.
- Labeling is an important control measure for the transportation, storage, handling and disposing of chemicals. All containers of chemicals, products and waste materials are to be labeled correctly.

Furthermore, dangerous goods cabinets are to be kept in good condition and appropriately signed. The following requirements must be met or exceeded.

- Storage base is impermeable
- Storage is away from storm-water drains, pits and surface waters
- Storage is undercover, wherever practicable and
- Equipment is in place to allow immediate recovery of spilt material.
- Installation of adequate firefighting system.
- Spill kits are to be regularly checked to ensure they are restocked in a timely manner. The type of spill kits prescribed is to be appropriate for the chemicals, fuels and classes of dangerous goods stored at the location.

Engineering Control

Rohto will install and control the pollution control facilities. There are:

- 1) Dust collector with activated carbon filter for the dust and VOC emission control.
- 2) Wastewater treatment plant for the industrial wastewater quality control
- 3) Fire extinguishers, hose reel, hydrant, alarm system, smoke detector and automatic firefighting pump for the fire protection.
- 4) Forklift, Hand Pallet, trolley, cargo lift are used for chemical handling

6.2.6 Safe Work Procedures (SWP) and Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

The Head of Sections and Supervisors (Person In-charge) are responsible to develop and maintain the SWP such as to follow the existing emergency response plan, evacuation plan, etc, but employees executing the works are to report for any work deficiency in the SWP for continuous improvement purposes. It includes the safety and health precautions which are to be taken during the course of work, and the use of personal protective appliances.

The primary objective of using PPE is to protect the employees against the entry of hazardous chemicals into the body through inhalation or through skin contact. It is supplementary to engineering control measures. PPE should be selected appropriate to the hazardous nature of the chemical operation, and should be properly used and maintained. Inappropriate PPE, or PPE improperly used or maintained may do more harm than good.

Rohto's Management are responsible for ensuring their employees are provided with appropriate PPE and received appropriate training in the use, maintenance and replacement of the PPE.

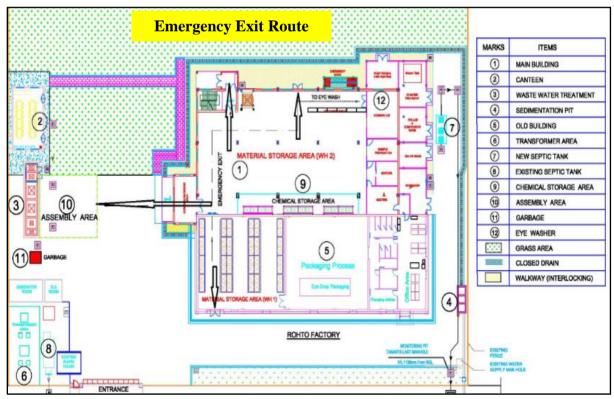


Figure 6.2 Emergency Route Map

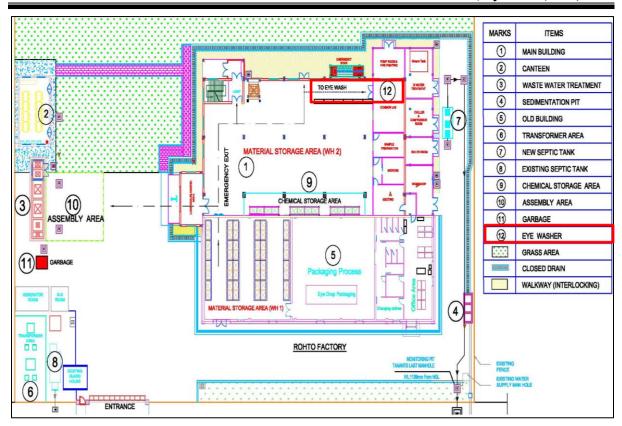


Figure 6.3 Location of Eye Washer, Chemical Spill Kit

5.3 Adverse Impacts and Mitigation Measures

According to the production process steps such as Mixing, compounding, granulation, formulation and filling, the following are the impacts may be caused.

- (a) Impact on Air Quality,
- (b) Impact of Noise,
- (c) Impact on Water Quality,
- (d) Impact on Land Contamination
- (e) Impact of Waste Disposal
- (f) Impact of Transporation, Storage, Handling, Utlizing and Disposal System of Chemicals
- (g) Impact of Occupational Health and Safety
- (h) Impact of Communities Health and Safety
- (i) Energy Consumption
- (j) Water Consumption
- (k) Emergency Risk

All of the impacts during operation phase are not affected directly to local communities.

Moreover, closing activites such as wall and floor destroying, steel structure take off, take off material transport and the equipment will be in modular form which will be

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assembled on-site with the help of cranes and special trucks. The following are the impacts may be caused.

- (a) Impact on Air Quality,
- (b) Impact of Noise,
- (c) Impact on Water Quality,
- (d) Impact on Land Contamination
- (e) Impact of Waste Disposal
- (f) Impact of Occupational Health and Safety
- (g) Impact of Communities Health and Safety
- (h) Emergency Risk

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Table 6.5 Summary of Adverse Environmental Impacts and Mitigation Measures for Operation Phase

Impacts	Sources	Components	Impact Significant (D+S+M)xP=S	Mitigation Measures peration Phase	Residual Impact (D+S+M)xP=S
Impacts on Air Quality	Manufacturing process Auxiliary Diesel Engine, Boiler and Vehicles Wastewater Treatment Plant Fugutive Source (Storage Area and Cleaning Proccess)	VOC, PM CO, CO ₂ , SO ₂ , NO _x , PM VOC, Odor VOC, Odor and PM	(4+1+6)x5 = 55 (Moderate) (1+2+2)x5 = 25 (Low) (4+1+6)x4 = 44 (Moderate) (4+1+6)x5 = 55 (Moderate)	 Mitigation Measures for Emission from Manufacturing Process To reduce odor and volatile emissions to prevent environmental nuisance: Maintain adequate ventilation and hygiene to reduce the generation of odor. Control any exhaust emissions from vehicles to prevent objectionable odors / fumes off-site. Maintain good housekeeping and cleaning practices. Use mechanical ventilation systems and activated carbon filters or scrubbers to prevent the release of any uncontrolled and objectionable odors from buildings or rooms. Volatile liquids (solvents or oil) must be stored in a covered container and kept cool to prevent evaporation into the environment. Regularly maintain any emission control equipment such as bag filter as per manufacturers' instructions. Immediately replace or repair any emission control equipment that is blocked, frayed, leaking or not functioning within specifications. Spare bags and filters must be kept on-site. To maintain dust emission Control dust generation so that particles do not move off- 	(4+2+2)x2 = 14 (Negligible) (1+1+2)x2 = 8 (Negligible) (4+1+2)x2 = 14 (Negligible) (4+1+2)x2 = 14 (Negligible)

site. Dusts may also contain hazardous materials and contaminate air, soil and waters.
Immediately clean up material spilt on traffic areas before vehicle movement can move it.
 Regularly collect and place in a sealed bag any floor sweepings (including spectator areas), dust, powder waste or absorbent clean up materials, before disposing in a covered waste bin.
• Use wet/dry vacuum cleaners with dust filters for general cleaning of the factory floors instead of sweeping and hosing with water.
• To minimize dust emissions and potential contaminants from exposed surfaces
Mitigation Measures for Emission from Auxiliary Diesel Generator, Boiler and Vehicles
Regular check and maintenance the D.G, boiler & Vehicles and use premium grade diesel to reduce the gas pollution.
• And D.G is only used for temporary electricity back such as the emergency lighting, fire pump running and CCTV if the electricity temporary off.
Boiler will be regularly meintenacne and checking and testing the gases emission.
Boiler should be equipped gases control equipement such as water sprinklier.
Mitigation Measures for Emission from Wastewater Treatment Plant
 Operate the wastewater treatment plant to meet applicable national requirements and internationally accepted guidelines;

				Where necessary, consider alternate aeration technologies	
				or process configurations to reduce volatilization.	
				The design and operation of the selected wastewater	
				treatment technologies should avoid uncontrolled air	
				emissions of volatile chemicals from wastewaters.	
				Control System for Fugitive Emission of the Project	
				• Storage of all solvents / liquid chemicals/ oil/ fuel will be	
				in drums only Hence storage area will not be a source of	
				fugitive emission.	
				Fugitive emission due to traffic movement will be	
				controlled by providing paved internal roads, regular	
				cleaning of internal roads, proper maintenance of vehicles, etc.	
Impact of	Manufacturing	Noise level,	(4+2+2)x5 = 40	A high standard of maintenance will be practiced for plant	$(4+1+2)x^2 = 14$
Noise Level	process	dB (A)	(4+2+2)x3 = 40 (Moderate)		(4+1+2)XZ = 14 (Negligible)
TOISC LEVEI	process	ub (A)	(Wioderate)	machinery and equipment, which helps to avert potential	(regligible)
				noise problems.	
				All preventive measures such as regular operation and	
				maintenance of pumps, motors, and compressor should be	
				carried out and enclosures will be provided to abate noise	
				levels at source.	
				Compliance with noise control norms will be given due	
	Auxiliary Diesel	Noise level,	(1+2+6)x5 = 45	importance at the time of purchase of various equipment	(1+2+2)x4 = 20
	Engine and	dB (A)	(Moderate)	and it will be mentioned while placing the purchase	(Low)
	Boiler			orders and guarantee for noise standards will be sought	
				from suppliers.	
				Toconstruct sound proof wall for boiler room	
				All the noise generating equipment will be designed /	
				operated to ensure that noise level does not exceed 70 dB	
				(A) at plant boundary as per the requirement of NEQG	
				Standard.	
				Stanuaru.	

Impacts on	Storm Water	TSS, metals,	(4+2+6)x5 = 60	•	Noise monitoring will be done on yearly basis to evaluate the noise level in premises and near the equipment. And D.G is used the emergency fire pump running and CCTV if the electricity temporary off. And then monitoring must carry out with NEQG standard.	(1+1+6)x2 =16
Water Quality	Storm water	petroleum hydrocarbons, Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons, coliform, etc.	(Moderate)	•	An appropriate water management system is used, including, for example, sustainable drainage systems for receiving site runoff to reduce the impact of runoff on nearby water courses of retaining cannel; Hazardous or potentially polluting materials (such as fuel, oil or chemicals used or produced by the process) are sited on an impervious base away from water, properly bundled and kept locked when unattended;	(Negligible)
				•	Separate containment and drainage provided for site runoff, loading/unloading and processing areas (the latter in particular may need specialized treatment before release);	
	Industrial Wastewater	BOD, COD, TDS, TSS, Oil	(4+2+6)x5 = 60 (Moderate)	•	Oil interceptors or drip trays are used in vehicle parking areas, and are inspected and cleaned regularly;	(1+1+6)x2 = 16 (Negligible)
		and Grease		•	A risk assessment is carried out for each substance to be used, produced or stored on site, and the appropriate containment measures installed; and	. 2 5
	Sewage Water Ground and Surface Water	(4+2+6)x12 = 24 (Low)	•	An Emergency Plan is formulated and tested through exercises to ensure that procedures to prevent or mitigate impacts due to accidents or spillages are in place and operate effectively.	(1+1+6)x1 =8 (Negligible)	
			(Low)	•	Where storm water treatment is deemed necessary to protect the quality of receiving water bodies, priority should be given to managing and treating the first flush of storm water runoff where the majority of potential	

Land Contamination	Ianufacturing process ground water pollution Soil and ground water pollution water pollution	(3+2+6)x2 = 26	 contaminants tend to be present; When water quality criteria allow, storm water should be managed as a resource for meeting water needs at the facility; Sludge from storm water catchments or collection and treatment systems may contain elevated levels of pollutants and should be disposed in compliance with ECD or zone management committee's regulatory requirements, in the absence of which disposal has to be consistent with protection of public health and safety, and conservation and long-term sustainability of water and land resources. And then monitoring must carry out with NEQG standard. Contamination of land should be avoided by preventing or controlling the release of hazardous materials, hazardous wastes, or oil to the environment. appropriate designs for buildings/structures on site; appropriate screening for visual impacts; effective stabilization of altered landforms so as to minimize soil erosion and the potential for water pollution from suspended solids; adequate bunding or containment measures are installed throughout the site, particularly in chemical storage and transfer areas, to minimize risk of soil contamination; use of drip trays under stationary machinery to prevent oil and grease contaminating soil and groundwater Concrete flooring will be over laid with epoxy flooring which is a non-porous self-leveling material which will prevent any spillage from penetrating the floor surface. Factory had covered concrete floor. 	(1+1+2)x2 = 8 (Negligible) $(1+1+2)x2 = 8$ (Negligible)
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Impacts of Waste Disposal	Hazardous Wastes	Water and soil pollution Water and soil	(4+2+6)x5 = 60 (Moderate) (4+2+6)x5 = 60	Collection Hazardous wastes or non-hazardous waste are collected by using about 200 Lit Mild Steel Bins which are arrange with different color for the different type of wastes collection. Storage	(1+1+2)x4 = 16 (Negligible)
	Wastes	pollution	(Moderate)	Above stated solid wastes will be stored separately in the "Solid Waste Storage Area" within the factory premises. All wastes, hazardous or not, must be contained to prevent it from blowing away and from leaching into surface or groundwater. - On-Site Hazardous Waste Storage Hazardous waste must be in containers or tanks	(Negligible)
	Domestic Wastes	Water and soil pollution	(4+2+6)x5 = 60 (Moderate)	clearly labeled with the words "Hazardous Waste". Volumes and time limits for storing hazardous waste on-site vary by generator category. On-Site Nonhazardous Waste Storage Non-hazardous waste needs to be removed from onsite at regular intervals to prevent release to the environment, and to avoid additional permit requirements. Nonhazardous waste and unused product must be contained to prevent discharge to the air, or runoff to surrounding land or water. Disposal Hazardous waste will be handed over to agencies authorized by ECD or Zone Mangemnt Team monthly such as DOWA/YCDC. Nonhazardous waste will be handed over to solid waste collection agencies authorized by ECD or Zone Mangemnt Team monthly such as YCDC.	(1+1+2)x4 = 16 (Negligible)

Impact of Chemicals Transportation, Storage, Using, Handling and	Transportation Manufacturing process	Spillage and explosion OHS for Handling and Using, VOC, PM	(3+3+2)x2 = 16 (Negligible) (5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)	 Hazardous chemicals must be stored and transported carefully according to specific regulatory requirements covered by transport legislation, and work health and safety (WHS) legislation. avoid transporting with food, water or other reactive 	(1+3+2)x2 = 12 (Negligible) (3+1+2)x4 = 24 (Low)
Disposing	Handling, (Moderate) VOC, PM, Soil contamination, explosion		 follow the separation and segregation rules for transporting mixed classes of hazardous chemicals (those classified as dangerous goods) secure hazardous chemicals on the vehicle so they can't move or fall 	(3+1+2)x4 = 24 (Low) $(3+1+6)x4 = 40$	
	Disposal	Soil contamination, VOC, PM	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)	 keep a record of the chemicals you are carrying separate foodstuffs from chemicals make sure you have the required signs and equipment for the vehicle make sure the driver of the vehicle has the correct license and is trained in emergency procedures To carry the chemicals with authorized cargo company and to follow the transportation instruction stated in MSDS. To take care of loading and unloading. Provide the Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) such as glass, gloves and carbon filter mask for chemicals handling workers and production workers and also provide training and other awareness programs. Install the adequate ventilation systems. Install dust collector with activated carbon systems 	(3+1+6)x4 = 40 (Moderate)

				 Factory coated concrete floor to protect leakage and spillage all around the Factory Area. Installed effective own WWTP Need permit from authorized committee to storage or transport chemicals by air, sea, inland waterways, road or rail. Store raw materials separately according to explosion hazardous (EH) level and install effective firefighting system such as overheard automatic water sprinkler, smoke 	
Impact on	Manufacturing	Occupational	(5+1+8)x4 = 56	detector and self standalone type fire extinguisher with powder or foam. • Observe according to the material safety data sheet (MSDS).	(3+1+6) x2 = 20
Occupational Health and	process & storage	Health and Safety	(3+1+8)x4 = 30 (Moderate)	Materials handling Precautions include engineering/ergonomic controls such as materials handling side (rollers include and platforms).	(3+1+6)
Safety	In the lacquer preparation	Exposure to high temp. & heat-stress	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)	as materials handling aids (rollers, jacks and platforms) and mechanical equipment (conveyors, hoists and fork-lift trucks), non-skid floors, personal protective equipment (PPE) such as safety shoes and proper training in manual lifting and other materials handling techniques. Chemical hazards Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination	(3+1+6) x2 = 20 (Low)
	Grinding and mixing,	Chemicals	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)		(3+1+6) x2 = 20 (Low)
	Solvent storage and handling	Fire	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)		(3+1+6) x2 = 20 (Low)
	Pigments /dyes storage area	Dust Explosion	(5+1+8)x4 = 56 (Moderate)	 Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination; if necessary, use respiratory protection. Protect the skin of the hands (with chemical-resistant gloves) when contact with solvents and chemicals; use soaps for cleaning the skin of the hands, at the end of the 	(3+1+6) x2 = 20 (Low)

				work.	
				• Get medical aid if skin rashes develop; consult an allergy specialist on how to deal with sensitivity to solvents, chemicals, etc.	
				• Install eye washer at every nearest chemical using area and first aid room.	
				• Install effective firefighting equipment such as extinguisher, alarm system, hose wheel and hydrant at everywhere, pump house and fire alarm control panel.	
				Physical Agents	
				• Precautions include vibration isolators and other engineering controls, replacing noisy equipment, good equipment maintenance, isolation of noise source and a hearing conservation program where excessive noise is present.	
				Accident	
				• First aid equipment should be available at the site. A number of the permanent personnel on the site should have the skills necessary to use the equipment.	
				• Factory has separately arranged walking way and production area with yellow line.	
Impact on Community Health and Safety	Manufacturing process	Community Health and Safety	(3+1+6)x1 = 10 (Negligible)	Traffic safety should be promoted by all project personnel during displacement to and from the workplace, and during operation of project equipment on private or public roads. The following measures must implement to-	(1+1+2)x1 = 4 (Negligible)

	Transportation vehicle	Community Health and Safety	(3+3+6)x2 = 24 (Low)	 Emphasize the safety aspects among drivers; Improve the driving skills and requiring licensing of drivers; Adopt the limits for trip duration and arranging driver rosters to avoid overtiredness; Avoid dangerous routes and times of day to reduce the risk of accidents; Use the speed control devices (governors) on trucks, and remote monitoring of driver actions. (if possible and needed) To carry the chemicals with authorized cargo company and to follow the transportation instruction stated in MSDS. 	(1+3+2)x2 = 12 (Negligible)
Impact of Energy Consumption	Manufacturing Process	High electricity consumption	(4+3+6)x5 = 65 (High)	Conservation of Electricity There are several methods that can be employed to help conserve electricity and these include:	(4+2+6)x2 = 24 (Low)
	D.G Set	Diesel fuel consumption	(4+3+2)x5 = 45 (Moderate)	 Install energy and water meters to measure and control consumption throughout the facility; Implementing good housekeeping measures such as turning off equipment and lights when not in use; Use LED lights and/ or lower wattage lamps; Using more efficient equipment when replacing old equipment (such as motors and heating units); Installation of inverter Installation of timers and thermostats to control heating and cooling; and Preventative maintenance of operational processes and pipes so as to improve efficiency and minimize losses. 	(4+2+2)x2 = 16 (Negligible)

				Minimizing Diesel Fuel Consumption Minimizing of diesel fuel consumption can also reduce the emission of gases, solid waste and as well as operation cost. Diesel fuel consumption can be reduced by the use of high efficiency diesel generator sets.	
Impact of Water Consumption	Manufacturing Process Drinking and other	High water consumption High water consumption	(4+3+2)x4 = 36 (Moderate) (4+3+2)x2 = 18 (Negligible)	Reducing Process Water Used The several production modifications that may be employed to reduce water consumption are as follows. • allow the storage level of recovered water tanks to fluctuate, thereby using storage capacity and maintaining full tanks may be lead to overflow and waste; • recover water from process stages and reuse where possible; • installation, monitoring and control of water meters at various sections of the operation; • stopping water flow during breaks; • installation of flow control valves and an automatic valve to interrupt the water supply when there is production stoppage; • All staff should be trained and made aware of water conservation practices, and a management system implemented to continue to review and improve water consumption. Reducing Clean in Place (CIP) Water Used Washing of equipment is a significant use of water. Methods for optimizing CIP may include: • use a closed system for cleaning operations;	(3+2+2)x4 = 28 (Low) (1+2+2)x2 = 10 (Negligible)
				• use low-volume high-pressure washers, or use equipment	

				for mixing water jet and a compressed air stream which will reduce water consumption by 50-75% when compared to a low-pressure system; • controlling the rinsing water flow, which is often higher than specified or may vary due to pressure fluctuations in the water supply system; • Optimize cleaning-in-place (CIP) plants and procedures to avoid unnecessary losses of water and cleaning chemicals (e.g. by saving water from the last rinse for use as the first rinsing water in the next CIP cycle).	
Emergency Risk	Plant Site	Flood Risk	(1+2+2) x1 = 5 (Negligible)	 Regular training and exercises for all staff regarding firefighting and other emergency response. The propose project is designed in compliance with relevant rules and regulations for emergency risk of fire. And then, emergency exits, fire hydrants and extinguisher 	(1+1+2) x1 = 4 (Negligible)
		Fire Risk	(1+2+6) x4= 36 (Low)	 those facilities. To check firefighting equipment regularly. To prevent major accidents related to the fires and 	(1+2+2) x2 = 8 (Negligible)
		Earthquake Risk	(1+2+2) x1 = 5 (Negligible)	explosions at the facility, Fire Safety Master Plan identifying major fire risks, applicable codes, standards and regulations, and mitigation measures should be prepared by a suitably qualified professional. This Master Plan should include fire prevention, detection and alarm systems, compartment plan, fire suppression and control, emergency response plan, and operation and maintenance plan.	(1+1+2) x1 = 4 (Negligible)

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Table 6.6 Summary of Adverse Environmental Impacts and Mitigation Measures for Closing Phase

Impacts	Sources	Components	Impact Significant (D+S+M)xP=S	Mitigation Measures	Residual Impact (D+S+M)xP=S
			(Closing Stage	
Impacts on Air Quality	Plant site	TSP, PM	(1+1+6)x5 = 40 (Moderate)	Generation of Dust (TSP & PM) The following dust control measures are recommended during the construction phase of the project: Site Boundary and Entrance	(1+1+6)x4 = 32 (Low)
				 Vehicle washing facilities including a high pressure water jet shall be provided at every discernible or designated vehicle exit point; and 	
				• The area at which vehicle washing takes place and the section of the road between the washing facilities and the exit point shall be paved with concrete, bituminous or hard core material.	
				Loading, unloading or transfer of dusty materials	
				• All dusty materials should be sprayed with water immediately prior to any loading or transfer operation so as to maintain the dusty material wetting.	
				Debris Handling	
				• Any debris should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or stored in a debris collection area sheltered on the top and the three sides.	
				• Before debris is dumped into a truck, water should be sprayed so that it remains wet when it is dumped.	
				Site Clearance	
				• All demolished items shall be covered by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the	

				three sides within a day of demolition.	
	Vehicles, heavy machine and diesel generator running	NO _x , SO ₂ , CO, CO ₂ , PM	(1+1+2)x5 = 20 (Low)	 Generation of Gases and Particulates Vehicles and D.G Set Running All vehicles have their engines turned off while parked on the site or unnecessary conditions. Regularly check and well-maintained the engine of vehicles and other machines. 	(1+1+2)x2 = 8 (Negligible)
				Use fuel oil with low sulfur content.	
Impacts of Noise	Closing activities such as wall and floor destroying	Noise	(1+2+6)x5 = 45 (Moderate)	Mitigation at Working Time(4) Limiting site construction activities/ closing activities to the working hours (7:00 am to 4:00 pm) and noisy	(1+2+6)x4 = 36 (Low)
	Vehicles Movements, heavy machine and diesel generator	Noise	(1+2+2)x5 = 25 (Low)	activities to morning hours (8:00 am to 12:00 am). (5) Whenever feasible, schedule different noisy activities (e.g., blasting and earthmoving) to occur at the same time, since additional sources of noise generally do not add a significant amount of noise.	(1+2+2)x4 = 20 (Low)
	running			(6) Avoid nighttime activities. Mitigation at the Source	
				(4) Usage of quiet, properly maintained equipment or machinery in good condition.	
				(5) All noisy machines and equipment should be fitted with noise muffler or silencers.	
				(6) Sensitization of truck drivers to switch off vehicle engines while offloading materials avoid running of vehicle engines or hooting especially.	
				Mitigation along the Path	
				(3) Install temporary noise barrier - a 2 m high temporary wall or pile of excavated material between noisy activities	

				and noise-sensitive receivers during construction work.(4) Provide adequate PPE such as ear muffs, ear plugs etc. to workers at all activities/ locations.	
Impact of Vibration	Closing activities such as wall, floor destroying, heavy machine and diesel generator running	Vibration	(1+1+2)x5 = 20 (Low)	 Mitigation at Design Consideration (3) Route heavily loaded trucks away from residential streets, if possible. Select streets with fewest homes, if no alternatives are available. (4) Operate earthmoving equipment on the construction/closing lot as far away from vibration-sensitive sites as possible. Mitigation at Operation Sequences (3) Earthmoving and ground-impacting operations so as not to occur in the same time period. Unlike noise, the total vibration level produced could be significantly less when 	(1+1+2)x4 = 16 (Negligible)
				each vibration source operates separately. (4) Avoid nighttime activities. People are more aware of vibration in their homes during the nighttime hours. Mitigation by using Alternative Methods	
				(3) Avoid impact pile driving where possible in vibration- sensitive areas. Drilled piles or the use of a sonic or vibratory pile driver causes vibration levels where the geological conditions permit their use.	
Impacts on Surface Water Quality	Wastewater dispose from Closing work Temporary Septic Tank, Chemical and	suspended sediments, metals, petroleum hydrocarbons, Polycyclic	(1+2+6)x5 = 45 (Moderate)	(4) Avoid vibratory rollers and packers near sensitive areas. Muddy water that is generated as a result of closing activities will be managed through site contractor. As a part of the contract it will be mandatory for the contractor to ensure that any dewatering/ discharge or other activity that has the potential to impact storm water is approved prior to commencement of closing activities. It will be ensured that	(1+2+2)x4 = 20 (Low)

Import on	Oil/Lubricant storage area due to leakage and spillage	Aromatic Hydrocarbons, coliform, etc.	(1 + 2 + 6)v = 45	dewatering/ discharges will be collected, as possible, and utilized for dust suppression to reduce the need for other water. The contractor must ensure potential pollutant sources including material stockpiles, oil or chemical loading/ unloading and storage areas, fuelling tanks, and equipment maintenance, washing and storage areas are properly managed to prevent discharge into the storm water system. Stockpiles must be protected by use of silt fencing, covers, or other appropriate containment to prevent the migration of sediment into the storm water system. Oil and chemical storage, as well as fuel tanks, must be properly contained to prevent the migration of contaminants into the storm water. Equipment will be routinely inspected for leaks and any spills shall be properly cleaned so as not to impact the storm water. Any unplanned discharge events or spills must be reported according to the monitoring plan and the contractor will do the cleanup, disposal and notification events. Discharging sanitary waste to the ground is prohibited, and therefore suitable facilities or portable toilets will be provided.	(1+2+2)v4 - 20
Impact on Contamination of Soil and Ground Water	Wastewater dispose from closing work, Temporary Septic Tank, Chemical and	5011	(1+2+6)x5 = 45 (Moderate)	Maintain all vehicles and machinery to prevent spill of fuel oil and hydraulic oil. Avoid washing down oil spill with water because this will only help percolate oil underground. Soak oil spill and then dispose the soak at approved disposal site. Pave vehicles and cranes parks and	(1+2+2)x4 = 20 (Low)

	Oil/Lubricant storage area due to leakage and spillage Closing Activities	Ground water	(1+2+2)x5 = 20 (Low)	collect run off; bund the fuel depot to prevent spreading of spilled oil. For disposal of domestic wastewater construct a small septic tank together with soak pit to collect the sewage.	(1+2+2)x2 = 10 (Negligible)
Impact of Waste Disposal	Temporary Septic Tank, Waste Disposal Yard, Waste such as trim waste, plastic bags	Waste disposal	(1+2+6)x5 = 45 (Moderate)	All unused or surplus building materials can be sold to other who needs it. The large majority of debris can be also put up for sale since most can be reused or recovered. Even left over broken bricks, gravel, sand etc. can be sold and then structure steel frame and roof material from closing work. Avoid open burning of debris. Discipline workers for good house-keeping practice; demand the building contractor to do this and ask him to take responsibility for the conducts of his construction workers. Best practices for waste disposal are to store the waste in the designated area, to strict the schedule of disposing solid waste, to use the solid waste in the land level adjustments in the landfill area, to provide the facilities for proper handling and storage of construction materials, and to use the durable, long-lasting materials that will not need to be replaced as often, to purchase of perishable construction materials such as paints incrementally, to use the building materials that have minimal packaging and also to use the materials containing recycled content. And then, contractor must do the following activities Waste stored in designated area. Strict schedule of disposing the water. Can be used in the land level adjustments in the landfill area. All wastes must disposed belong to ECD or Zone Mangmement Committee's regulation.	(1+2+6)x2 =18 (Moderate)

Impact on Occupational Health and Safety	Closing activities such as wall and floor destroying, material cutting, Heavy machine running, Chemical handling	Occupational Health and Safety, Accident	(1+1+8)x4 = 40 (Moderate)	The construction contractor has been carries out solid waste collecting at every morning 8:30 to 10:00 and temporary disposed designed area. Finally, temporary stored wastes are disposed to Yangon city development committee every week. **Air Pollution Affect** • Providing the PPE* • Water spraying, to reduce speed of vehicles and machines running for the reducing the particulates matters • Air Quality measuring • Regular maintenance of vehicles and machines **Nosie and Vibration Affect** • Providing the PPE* • Providing the shift working system for worker working near the noisy • Noise and Vibration measuring • Regular maintenance of vehicles and machines	(1+1+6)x2 = 16 (Negligible)
				Providing the shift working system for worker	
				Noise and Vibration measuring	
				D.G set will be placed with the Sound proof wall	
				 Vibrated machines will be placed with solid concrete foundation. 	
				Protection the Working Area Accident	
				Providing the First Aid, medicines and training	
				Providing the PPE and Giving the PPE using training Assigning the Sofety Officer who systematically	
				• Assigning the Safety Officer who systematically implement OHS plan to protect the OHS for workers.	
				 Providing the emergency contact phone number 	
				Designation the speed limit for vehicles and machines	
				Installing the eyes washer for contacting the	
				hazardous materials.	
				Providing the safety sign and give training for the	

				worker for understanding this sign purposes. Protecting infectious Diseases Systematically cleaning for Toilets and septic tanks and regular disposing to City Development Committee Systematically disposing the food waste at designated area, designated waste disposal yard, covering the waste bin and regularly disposing City Development Committee Providing the dinning area and give instruction to eat the designated area Providing the medical check-up and appropriate medicals for worker to protect infectious diseases	
Impact on Community Health and Safety	Decommission material transport vehicles come and go	Community Health and Safety, Accident	(1+3+6)x4 = 40 (Moderate)	 Air Pollution Affect Water spraying the project site Raw material transportation is systematically covering, Water spraying the vehicles wheel before leave from the project site Regular maintenance of vehicles and machines Noise and Vibration Affect Avoiding the noisy work activities at night time Noise and Vibration measuring Regular maintenance of vehicles and machines D.G set will be placed with the Sound proof wall Vibrated machines will be placed with solid concrete foundation. Protection the Working Area Acident Providing the First Aid, medicines and training at nearest local residents. Providing the emergency contact phone number at 	(1+3+2)x2 = 12 (Negligible)

				 nearest local residents. Designation the speed limit for vehicles and machines Inspection the driver license have or not and drivers are driving the car types according to their licenses types. Avoiding transportation of construction and closing materials at the traffic peak hours and school starting and ending times. Protecting infectious Diseases Systematically cleaning for Toilets and septic tanks and regular disposing to City Development Committee Avoiding the waste disposal at nearest villages waste disposal yard and regularly disposing City Development Committee Providing the dinning area and give instruction to eat the designated area Providing the medical check-up and appropriate medicals for worker to protect infectious diseases 	
Emergency Risk	Closings site	Flood Risk	(1+2+2)x1 = 5 (Negligible)	Regular training and exercises for site staff regarding firefighting and other emergency response.	(1+1+2)x1 =4 (Negligible)
		Fire Risk	(1+2+6)x2 = 18 (Negligible)	• The propose project is designed in compliance with relevant rules and regulations for emergency risk of fire.	(1+1+2)x2 = 4 (Negligible)
		Earthquake Risk	(1+2+2)x1 = 5 (Negligible)	And then, emergency exits, fire hydrants and extinguisher boxes in a certain distance are considered in design of those facilities.	(1+1+2)x1 =4 (Negligible)
				To check firefighting equipment daily.	

6.2.7 Waste Disposal

- All Managers/Department Head/Supervisors shall be responsible for ensuring that all hazardous substances are disposed in an appropriate manner as required by regulations and the SDS.
- Improper handling of waste may cause pollution an endanger the safety and health of the workers.
- Work practices and procedures shall comply with local regulations or EMP report for the disposal of solid, liquid and/or gas wastes.
- Documentation must be maintained for waste collection, storage, recycling /disposal and frequency in each of the waste categories identified, if available.
- All employees will be provided with suitable PPE that will adequately control exposure to injury or harm from waste material.
- The hazardous waste that generate from operation shall be governed by a hazardous waste management system. This includes:
- proper labeling of waste according to the national codes,
- proper waste
- storage and treatment facilities,
- proper waste transport
- disposal facilities by licensed or toxic waste collectors, and
- proper emergency action plan to deal with any accidental release of hazardous waste.

6.2.8 Training

Employees undergo an internal SDS training and seven waste training. Due to the nature of the business, Best Management Practices (BMP) structures are in constant need of repair, replacement, inspection and cleanup. Employees must be aware of the purpose of BMP procedures or structures and how they should be implemented or maintained. To have educated and trained employees who are familiar with BMPs for the facility and understand the purpose of BMPs and prevention of pollution.

- Management should provide all employees with regularly scheduled Best Management Practices seminars and discussions relating to pollutants and pollution prevention.
- The training should emphasize procedures, BMP techniques and supervisory responsibility and accountability.
- Subcontracting firms should be strongly encouraged to participate in the BMP training program.
- New employees should be made aware of BMPs on the first day of work and be regularly reminded of them.

No.	Training Course	Target Group	Frequency
1	Basic firefighting	All employee	Annually
2	How to handle with the chemicals	Manager/ Supervisor/	Occasionally
	substances (Storage, Handing, Spill	Operator	

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	Control, Disposal)		
3	Emergency case response	Manager/ Supervisor	Monthly
5	HSE for Management	Manager and HSE team	Annually
6	Related Laws and Regulations about HSE	Manager and HSE team	Annually
7	Safety knowledge about working with electrical equipment	Operator/ Supervisor	Occasionally
8	Forklift driving safety	Forklift driver/ Supervisor	Occasionally
9	Truck driver safety	Truck driver	Occasionally
10	Personal protective equipment (PPE): Type and their function	All employee	Annually
11	Fist aids	All employee	Annually
12	Technique for control zero accident in the workplace (SS, KYT, SOP)	Manager/ Supervisor/ Operator	Annually
13	Yearly evacuation training	All employee	Annually

SDS Training

Employees in Rohto undergo an internal SDS training by U Naing Aye (Factory Manager). The training course includes -

- Hazardous chemical safety knowledge, control, storage and handling of chemical
- Brief explanation the information for all 16 sections included in SDS
- Explain the Chemical information (plan to use) reflected with SDS





Figure 6.4 Photo Record of SDS Training

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Figure 6.5 SDS Training Course and Attendance List

Waste Training

Employees in Rohto undergo an internal waste training by U Naing Aye (Factory Manager). The training course includes –

- Share the 7 waste (Mudra) procedures with power point.
- Share the topic with respective examples.

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Figure 6.6 Photo Record of Seven Waste (Mudra) Training

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Figure 6.7 Waste Training Course and Attendance List

6.3 Greenbelt Development

The greenbelt is a strip of land provided on the periphery of a factory for the special purpose of limiting the impact of a factory on the surrounding area. Thus, promotion of tree

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plantation around industrial establishment came to be known as green belt. The land contained in the green belt is to be used for carrying out the agricultural activities.

There will be all efforts for improving the environmental quality of the plant through tree planting in organized manner. The trees will be planted inside the plant in vacant areas, along the boundary walls in rows to develop a wide green belt and also in dust- prone area along with vacant area for landscaping including gardening.

Purposes:

- 1. Protect and develop natural or semi natural environments; and
- 2. Improve air quality within industrial areas.
- 3. To protect the Noise dispersion from the factory premise.

Advantages:

- 1. Green belts are compensatory plantation to restore the ecological balance.
- 2. Green belts insure a minimum distance between the industrial sources of pollution and the receptors/ residential areas, prone to the health hazards of industrial pollution.
- 3. Green belts can absorb the air and water pollution caused by the industry. For example, Noise can be decreased by up to 10 decibels by green belts.
- 4. Trees not only assimilate carbon dioxide and release oxygen but also play an important role in trapping some obnoxious gases and particulate matters in the air. Hence green belt functions both as filter and sink for contaminants.
- 5. Green belts can improve the local microclimate. These occur mainly through their influence on wind, temperature and humidity.

Plants / trees selected for green belt area

For the development of greenbelt, plants having simple big leaves are preferred with compound or pinnate leaves. Native trees are preferable.

The plants are suitable for green belt development based on gaseous exchange capacity of foliage which is ascertained by various characteristics and hence the following aspects are important while selecting the plant species:

- 1. The species should be fast growing and having thick canopy cover
- 2. It should be perennial and evergreen and should have large area index
- 3. It should be indigenous and suitable to local climatic conditions
- 4. It should be efficient in absorbing pollutants without significant effects on plant growth
- 5. It should be fruit yielding trees, if possible, especially in wasteland areas.

6.4 Occupational Health and Safety

The manufacture of OTC medicines and cosmetic involves a variety of processes that present with medical hazards. Safety initiatives are hence introduced to limit hazard exposures and promote workplace safety. Occupational hazard is the risk, harm, or danger that an individual is exposed to at the workplace, whereas occupational diseases result from such exposures to the individual. During work periods, workers are faced with a variety of

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hazards almost as numerous as the different types of work, including chemicals, biological agents, physical factors, and adverse ergonomic conditions. These are responsible for a variety of health consequences. The utilization of chemical substances and their derivatives has brought immense benefits to manking. However, the production, storage and transportation of these substances can pose risks to people and the environment, and at the same time it has had negative impacts on human health and safety.

6.4.1 Hazards and Their Prevention of the Factory

In general, the major hazards associated with the paint and coatings manufacture involve:

- materials handling;
- toxic, flammable or explosive substances; and
- physical agents such as electrical shock, noise, heat and cold

6.4.1.1 Materials Handling

The manual handling of boxes, barrels, containers and so forth which contain the raw materials and finished products are major sources of injury due to improper lifting, slips, falls, dropping containers and so on. Precautions include ngineering/ergonomic controls such as materials handling aids (rollers, jacks and platforms) and mechanical equipment (conveyors, hoists and fork-lift trucks), non-skid floors, personal protective equipment (PPE) such as safety shoes and proper training in manual lifting and other materials handling techniques.

6.4.1.2 Chemical Hazards

Chemical Hazards	Preventative Plan
• Exposure to vapors of oil, chemcials and related powder can cause irritation and demerge to eyes and mucous membranes, to the respiratory and digestive tracts, and to the skin. Exposure to organic substances may damage the nervous system	 Install effective exhaust ventilation and ear conditioning to prevent air contamination and heat stress; if necessary, use odor neutralizing chemicals. Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination; if necessary, use respiratory protection.
• exposure to VOC in storage areas and/or during the cleaning of the manufacturing installations	• Install effective exhaust ventilation and air conditioning to prevent air contamination and heat stress; if necessary, use odor neutralizing chemicals.
• Exposure to various components of paints may cause irritation of eyes and the respiratory tract.	• Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination; if necessary, use respiratory protection.
• Skin exposure through contact with solvents and various components of paints can cause dermatitis. Hazard of dermatitis or eczema when working with pigments that contain chrome and cobalt.	• Protect the skin of the hands and eyes with chemical-resistant gloves and glasses respectively when in contact with solvents and chemicals; use soaps for cleaning the skin of the hands, at the end of the work.

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sensitivity to solvents, chemicals, etc.

Exposure to pigment dust during grinding Install effective exhaust ventilation and air and mixing, while preparing the paints. conditioning to prevent air contamination; if necessary, use respiratory protection. Install effective exhaust ventilation and air Exposure to organic substances may cause allergic reactions such as irritation of the conditioning to prevent air contamination and respiratory tract and of eyes and skin. heat stress; if necessary, use odor neutralizing chemicals. Install effective exhaust ventilation to prevent air contamination; if necessary, use respiratory protection Protect the skin of the hands and eyes with chemical-resistant gloves glasses and respectively when in contact with solvents and chemicals; use soaps for cleaning the skin of the hands, at the end of the work. Get medical aid if skin rashes develop; consult an allergy specialist on how to deal with

6.4.1.3 Physical Agents

Noise hazards can be associated with the use of ball and pebble mills, high-speed dispersers, vibrating screens used for filtering and so forth. Precautions include vibration isolators and other engineering controls, replacing noisy equipment, good equipment maintenance, isolation of noise source and a hearing conservation program where excessive noise is present. Other hazards include inadequate machine guarding, a common source of injuries around machinery. Electrical hazards are a particular problem if there is not a proper lockout/tagout program for equipment maintenance and repair. Burns can result from hot varnish cooking vessels and spattering materials and from hot melt glues used for packages and labels.

The consequences of not following these practice guidelines can be fatal as control of these occupational hazards present at work and the safety measures necessary in paint production factories is the key to reducing the risk of injury, the common negative health symptoms and illness among workers in this industry.

6.4.1.4 Ventilation

Ventilation is an example of an engineering control method in which workplace hazard can be eliminated or reduced to acceptable levels. The use of personal protective equipment should not be the primary means to control exposure to paint and other material, unless substitution, engineering or administrative controls are not feasible.

A wide variety of volatile solvents are used in paint manufacture, including aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons, alcohols, ketones and so forth.

Exposure to solvent vapors can occur during thinning in solvent-based paint manufacture; during can filling in all solvent-based coatings; and during manual cleaning of process equipment with solvents. Precautions include enclosure of process equipment, LEV for thinning and can filling operations and respiratory protection and confined-space procedures for cleaning vessels.

Ventilation is one of the most effective methods for controlling solvent vapors and dusts generated by paint manufacturing by either supplying or exhausting air. There are two main types of ventilation methods:

- general ventilation (or dilution ventilation) and
- local exhaust ventilation

General Ventilation

The term general ventilation is used to describe a ventilation system that supplies and exhausts large volumes of air from work areas. This method is effective when you want to dilute low concentrations of vapor or dust to acceptable levels. Examples of general ventilation systems are the use of natural drafts through open windows and doors, roof ventilators, or mechanical fans or blowers mounted in roofs, walls or windows.

General ventilation should only be considered in the following situations to control for air contaminants generated during operation:

- When small quantities of air contaminants are being released into the work environment at fairly uniform rates;
- When there is sufficient distance between worker and the contaminant source to allow sufficient air movement to dilute the contaminant to safe levels;
- When only contaminants of low toxicity are being used;
- When there is no need to collect or filter the contaminants before the exhaust air is discharged to the outside;
- When there is no possibility of corrosion or other damage to equipment from the diluted contaminants in the work environment

One disadvantage of general ventilation is that it is very difficult to provide sufficient dilution where the worker is performing the work. For this reason, local exhaust ventilation is the better choice for controlling exposure to toxic substances. General ventilation should not be used to control activities that generate toxic dusts, vapors or fumes. Designing general ventilation for a work area will require careful planning and assistance from a ventilation engineer or a health and safety professional.

Local Exhaust Ventilation

The term local exhaust ventilation refers to a ventilation method that contains or "captures" contaminants at their source of generation before they escape into the work environment and to the worker. A typical local exhaust ventilation system consists of a hood (captures the contaminant), ducts

(transports the contaminant away from the work area), an air cleaner if required (cleans the contaminants from the air) and a fan (moves the air with the contaminant away from the work area to outside). Paint spray booths and dust collection systems are good examples of local exhaust ventilation.

Local exhaust ventilation system is used to control hazardous substances in paint. Even with local exhaust ventilation, the use of personal protective equipment, such as a respirator, may still be required when the ventilation is not adequately controlling the exposure.

6.5 Natural Hazards Preventation

6.5.1 Earthquake

Earthquake Prevention

Earthquakes cannot be prevented but can be reduced the potential damages:

- Development of possible warning indicators.
- Land-use regulations.
- Building regulations.
- Relocation of communities.
- Public awareness and education programs.

Education Program

The program aims to promote a nationwide culture of mitigation, by

- providing people with basic information on earthquake risk,
- demonstrating how to secure potentially dangerous objects in workplaces, and
- outlining key safety actions in the event of disaster.

Measures for Earthquake Risk Reduction

For better understanding of all the possibilities of earthquake risk reduction, it is important to classify them in terms of the role that each one of them could play.

Therefore, in the pre-earthquake phase, preparedness, mitigation and prevention are concepts to work on. Post-disaster, immediate rescue and relief measures including temporary sheltering soon after an earthquake until about 3 months later and re-construction and re-habilitation measures for a period of about six months to three years need to follow.

To encapsulate, the most effective measures of risk reduction are predisaster mitigation, preparedness and preventive measures to reduce vulnerability and expeditious, effective rescue and relief actions immediately after the occurrence of the earthquake.

Depending upon the calamity and its consequences, strategies can also be divided into long term (five to fifteen years), medium term (one to five years) and short term (to be taken up immediately in high risk areas).

Since it has been realized that earthquakes kill people mostly because of faulty constructed buildings, the task of reducing vulnerability of structures and buildings will be the key to earthquake risk reduction. Also, pre-disaster

preparedness through a post-earthquake response plan, including training of the concerned personnel in various roles, is considered essential for immediate and effective response after an earthquake occurrence. The major action points are highlighted in the following paragraphs.

Pre-Disaster Preventive Measures

a) Long-term measures

- Re-framing buildings' codes, guidelines, manuals and byelaws and their strict implementation.
- Tougher legislation for highly seismic areas.
- Incorporating earthquake resistant features in all buildings at high-risk areas.
- Making all public utilities like water supply systems, communication networks, electricity lines etc. earthquake-proof.
- Creating alternative arrangements to reduce damages to infrastructure facilities.
- Constructing earthquake-resistant community buildings and buildings (used to gather large groups during or after an earthquake) like schools, hospitals, prayer halls, etc., especially in seismic zones of moderate to higher intensities.
- Supporting R&D in various aspects of disaster mitigation, preparedness and prevention and post-disaster management.
- Evolving educational curricula in architecture and engineering institutions and technical training in polytechnics and schools to include disaster related topics.

b) Medium term measures

- Retrofitting of weak structures in highly seismic zones.
- Preparation of disaster related literature in local languages with dos and don'ts for construction.
- Getting communities involved in the process of disaster mitigation through education and awareness.
- Networking of local NGOs working in the area of disaster management.

Earthquake Emergency Action Plan

Preparing for an Earthquake:

Earthquakes cannot be predicted. The following are best practices to prepare for earthquakes.

- Pick "safe places". A safe place could be under a sturdy table or desk or against an interior wall away from windows, bookcases or tall furniture that could fall on you.
- Practice drop, cover, and hold-on in each safe place. Drop under a sturdy
 desk or table and hold on to one leg of the table or desk. Protect your eyes
 by keeping your head down. Practice these actions so that they become an
 automatic response.

- Practice these safe earthquake procedures (i.e., drop, cover, and hold-on) at least twice a year. Frequent practice will help reinforce safe behavior. When an earthquake or other disaster occurs, many people hesitate, trying to remember what they are supposed to do. Responding quickly and automatically may help protect you from injury.
- Make a plan for workers to follow in the event of an earthquake and be sure that it includes the following precautions:
 - Wait in your safe place until the shaking stops, then check to see if you are hurt. You will be better able to help others if you take care of yourself first, and then check the people around you. Move carefully and watch out for things that have fallen or broken, creating hazards. Be ready for aftershocks.
 - ➤ Be on the lookout for fires. Fire is the most common earthquakerelated hazard, due to broken gas lines, damaged electrical lines or appliances, and previously contained fires or sparks being released.
 - ➤ If you must leave a building after the shaking stops, use the stairs, not the elevator, and look for falling debris. Earthquakes can cause fire alarms and fire sprinklers to go off. You will not be able to rule out whether there is a real threat of fire, and the elevators may have been compromised. Always use the stairs.
 - ➤ If you're outside in an earthquake, stay outside. Move away from buildings, trees, streetlights and overhead lines. Crouch down and cover your head. Many injuries occur within ten feet of the entrance to buildings. Bricks, roofing and other materials can fall from buildings, injuring persons nearby. Trees, streetlights and overhead lines may also fall, causing damage or injury.
- Inform workers of the plan and discuss earthquakes with workers. Everyone in your workplace should know what to do if an earthquake occurs. Discussing earthquakes ahead of time helps reduce fear and anxiety and lets everyone know how to respond.
- Get training. Take a first-aid class. Get training on how to use a fire extinguisher. Keep your training current. Training will help you to keep focused and know what to do when an earthquake occurs.
- Perform a workplace survey, especially if you are in an area with a high risk of earthquakes, to identify potential hazards to workers if an earthquake occurs. Look for furniture or materials that could fall and strike workers or block means of egress, or cause a release of hazardous materials, or otherwise affect the health and safety of workers as a result of utility loss or system/structural failure.

Equipping

• Get emergency supply kits and keep them in shelter locations.

Training and Exercises

- Ensure that all workers know what to do in case of an earthquake.
- Practice earthquake and evacuation plans on a regular basis.
- Update plans and procedures based on lessons learned from exercises.

Develop an Emergency Action Plan

A disorganized evacuation can result in confusion, injury and property damage. An emergency action plan is critical. An emergency action plan checklist can assist this process.

When to evacuate:

If emergency response authorities indicate specifically to do so.

If emergency response authorities indicate there is time to do so.

If you can reach a safe location before an event is expected to occur.

When environmental conditions would not expose evacuees to a dangerous environment.

Evacuation plans should include:

- Conditions under which evacuation would be necessary (considering the above information);
- When sheltering in place may be a better alternative;
- A clear chain of command and designation of the person in workplace authorized to order an evacuation;
- Specific evacuation procedures, including routes and exits;
- Designation of which, if any, workers will remain after an evacuation alarm to shutdown critical operations or perform other duties before evacuating; and
- Special equipment for workers, including personal protective equipment and respiratory protection (e.g., escape respirators), if needed.

6.5.2 Flood Risks

Flood Emergency Response Plans

(i) Plan Details and Operation

Develop a tiered action plan for the Flood emergency response plan. Each level should be well developed and thought out as to the time frame and exposure that exists. Keep in mind time frames can change rapidly depending on threat development.

- 1. Watch
- 2. Warning
- 3. Action
- 4. Recovery

At each level develop actions, steps and activities that must be taken and assign those to specific individuals and teams.

1. Watch

- Fill fuel tanks serving emergency generators and other vital services
- Verify dewatering pumps are in service and working
- Verify outside drains and catch basins are clean
- Verifying all fire protection systems are in service
- Inspect and ensure proper staging of emergency equipment in safe locations
- Discuss with staff the flood potential ensure proper staffing and equipment

- Dry run critical tasks
- Check in with local emergency services and any recovery companies
- Stay in contact with service providers on status and potential future needs

2. Warning

- Protect or relocate vital business records
- Remove all loose outdoor storage or equipment
- Anchor portable buildings or trailers to the ground
- Secure outdoor storage or equipment that cannot be moved
- Start the installation of manual protection systems such as flood gates
- Raise critical equipment off floor
- Move critical equipment from below grade areas
- Initiate an orderly shutdown of equipment and systems that rely upon normal power.
- Turn off fuel gas services.
- Turn off non-essential electrical systems.

3. Action

- Monitor systems installed to prevent flooding
- Ensure fueling is maintained for pumps/generators
- Monitor drains for proper flow and remove blockage
- Monitor interior of buildings for water seepage or leaks
- Ensure back flow prevention is operating and valves are closed where needed.
- Maintain Safety of Staff

4. Recovery

- Work with service providers to aid in cleaning and recovery
- Survey extent of damage and develop a strategic plan or priorities to restore the most important areas or processes first.
- Initiate clean-up operations when safe to do so
- Utilize additional personnel and specialized contractors and vendors to help speed the clean-up and recovery operations.
- Have all utilities checked by qualified personnel before use
- Contact utility companies to restore services
- Verifying all fire protection systems are in service

(ii) Flood Protection

1. Ensure there is a reliable method of Receiving Flood Warnings

Protection designed to mitigate flood hazards can be grouped into three categories:

- Passive
- > Active
- > Manual
- Examples of passive protection include:
 - Grading
 - > Berms

- > Fixed flood walls
- Permanent physical barriers to direct water away
- ➤ Automatic flood gates (hydrostatic)
- > Levees
- Examples of active protection include:
 - Mechanical de-watering methods (e.g. sump pumps serving basement levels, truck docks, and similar low lying areas).
- Examples of manual protection include:
 - ➤ Flood gates/shields or flood barriers (set in place when heavy rain or storm is anticipated).
 - Sand bags

6.5.3 Fire Prevention and Control

In an industry the potential danger of fire breaking out is always there due to the handling of chemicals and other combustible / flammable substances. But for any fire to take place, the following three elements are essential:-

- Air
- Fuel (chemicals, combustible materials)
- Heat (spark, flame, etc.)

If any one of the elements is absent then a fire cannot take place. Under normal circumstances, air and fuel are bound to be present in a work area. As such, critical care should be exercised to see that no unauthorized source of ignition is present or allowed to be present in the work area. Following are few causes that can lead to fire:

- Incompatible chemicals reacting with each other producing heat
- Spontaneous ignition of some substances (e.g., oily rags exposed to sunlight)
- Runaway reactions
- Electrical short circuits
- Sparks generated due to static electricity
- Smoking at unauthorized places
- Storage of different kinds of wastes together.
- Maintain good housekeeping
- Prompt disposal of wastes without allowing them to accumulate
- Segregation of different types of wastes during storage
- Adherence to SOPs while handling flammable solvents and hazardous chemicals
- Proper earthing and bonding of equipment to dissipate static charges
- Carrying personal lighters, matches are strictly prohibited
- All hot work jobs to be carried out only when authorized on a work permit

Storing Chemicals

The products require special storage protocols so that they do not become a danger to those working with them, to those working near them or to the general public.

Flammability

Many of the substances used in the Paint production are flammable; therefore, the following general precautions should be taken when storing these products.

- (1) Store products in a cool environment;
- (2) Store products away from ignition sources;
- (3) Seperately store raw material according to flammability
- (4) Do not store incompatible products side by side;
- (5) Mark storage locations with signs/warnings;
- (6) Have easy access to fire extinguishers;
- (7) Fire extinguishers should be appropriate for the products being stored (see MSDS);
- (8) Stored products should not block isles or exits.

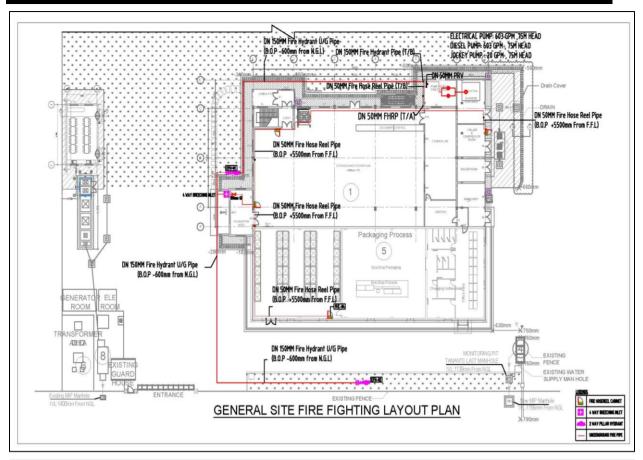
6.5.4 Fire Fighting and Control

The command structure will be set up for quick response and efficient handling of emergency and carrying out corrective emergency measures without panic and confusion.

The Site will be equipped with suitable type of fire extinguishers and after thorough assessment areas, activities will be earmarked and fire extinguishers will be provided at strategic locations. The contact number of nearest fire tender will be made available with security, and project manager and person responsible for Environment, Health and Safety (EHS). The escape and exit route for the plant will be marked and installed for proper directions. Regular training will be imparted to all the concerned so that in the event the fire occurrence, the concerned workers could assess type of fire and select appropriate type of extinguisher and extinguish the fire.

- Site is equipped with suitable type of fire extinguishers that are provided at strategic locations
- A fire hydrant network is also available to fight a major fire
- Get to know the location of the firefighting equipment in your department as well as escape route in case of an emergency
- When a fire occurs, assess type of fire and select appropriate type of extinguisher and put it off provided you are site's firefighting squad member or confident of using the extinguisher
- Do not forget simultaneously raise an alarm by shouting or through your colleague or by any other means (e.g., manual call point, fire bell, phone, etc.)
- Remember that speed is essential in fighting a fire. Most fires start small and are as confined if you act promptly and if you know what to do.

Rohto factory has provided fire extinguishers, fire hydrants, automic running firefighting pump and electrical alarm panel. The detail firefighting system layout plans of the Factory is as shown in following figures.



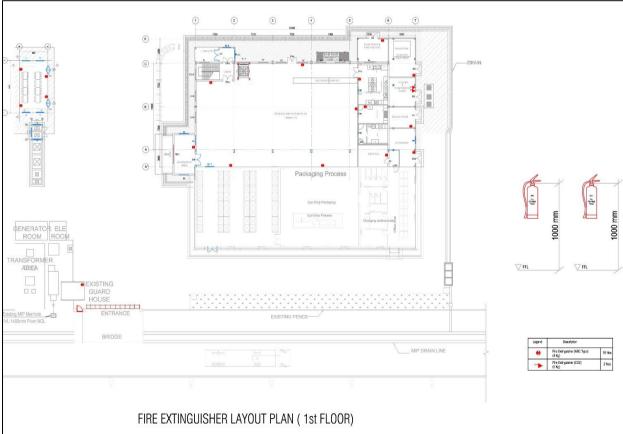


Figure 6.8 Firefighting Layout Plans

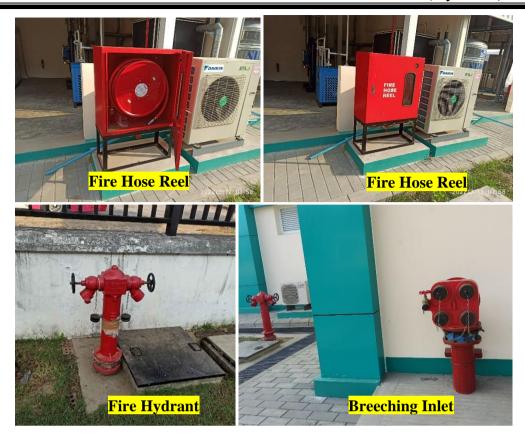




Figure 6.9 Firefighting Equipments and Installation Systems

6.6 Emergency Response Plan (ERP)

In order to reduce risks and dangers to employees, they must understand the Standard Operating Procedure of the equipment and facilities. In addition, the company has made the emergency plan to help reduce losses in individuals, properties, and environment after event of danger. The Personnel and Administration Department has been responsible for emergency plan preparation as well as specifying responsible persons in case of:

- fire incident,
- accidence from working, and
- chemical leakage
- flood and earthquake risks, etc.

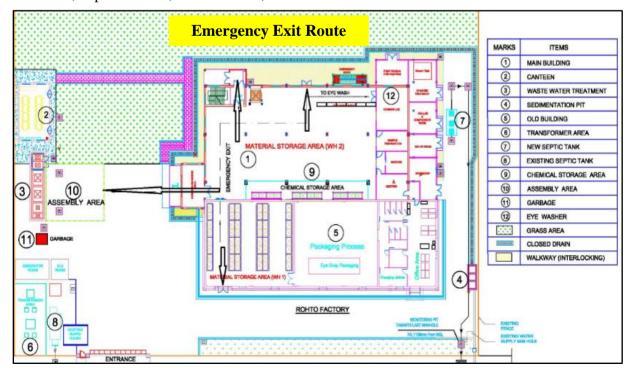
In determining this emergency plan, the company has set work team and Factory Manager is the team leader for cooperation and control of work team as follows:

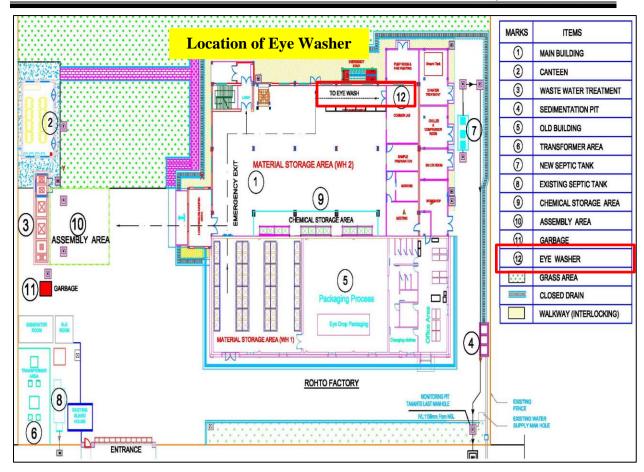
- Incident Alleviation Team
- Equipment Removing Team
- Electrical Equipment Control Team
- Employee Evacuation Team
- First-Aid Team
- Vehicle/Communication Team
- Environmental Impact Reduction Team

After the occurrence of accidence or emergency incident, the meeting has been set to stipulate work plan in analysis, prevention and recovery as follows:

- 1. Plan of Relief Work
- 2. Recovery and Transformation Plan
- 3. Accident Recurrence Prevention Plan
- 4. Employee Training Plan

From the guidelines for analysis, correction, prevention, alleviation of above emergency incident as well as inspection as determined in Occupational Health and Safety, the company has taken the testing result for analysis on the trend of pollution occurrence conditions. If the testing result tends to continuously approach the danger limit, the company will determine to create correction/improvement project for better working method as well as machines. In case that the neglect on use of personal protective equipment, the company will stipulate punishment measure as well as educate the employees on wearing necessity during operation. According to this execution, the company has realized on environmental protection for no impact from the company production process toward the community making coexistence of factory and community and creating stable growth on better living conditions. Workers will be made aware of who to contact in case of an emergency such as fire, accidents, explosion etc., these include;





6.7 Environmental Monitoring Plan

Environmental monitoring and audits will be undertaken during the operation and closing phase to check that the environmental management measures are being satisfactorily implemented and that they are delivering the appropriate level of environmental performance.

The proponent is committed to adhere to the environmental monitoring parameters in terms of location, schedule and responsibilities as provided in Table 6.5.

Table 6.7 Monitoring Parameters, Location and Schedules for Closing and Operation Phase

Environmental Parameters	Monitoring Item Location		Frequency	Responsibilities
	Clo	sing Phase		
Air quality	 Recorded TSP, Particulate Recorded the machineries maintenance Recorded dust emission activities Recorded traffic 	Closing site	Monthly	Construction Contractor
Soil quality	Chemical and toxic material emission/	Closing site	Monthly	Construction Contractor

Water quality	leakage status from storage area • Other possible leakage of chemicals due to the vehicular movement and bitumen mixing Checking	Closing site	Monthly	Construction
1	temporary septic tank and disposed system, temporary drain		·	Contractor
Water Use	Daily amount of	Closing site	Daily	Construction
NI-i	water use	C1:: 4 -	Observation	Contractor
Noise and Vibration	Intensity	Closing site	Monthly	Construction
Waste Disposal	 Recorded disposal amount of solid wastes and sewage of the workers Checking the waste storage area 	Areas around workers quarters	Daily Observation	Contractor Construction Contractor
	 Recorded disposal amount of construction wastes, compliance with the disposal requirements Separate hazardous and No-hazardous Checking the waste storage area 	Closing site	Weekly	Construction Contractor
Employment	Number of people	Closing site	Monthly	Construction
Other Social	employed CSR activities	Monitoring	Monthly	Contractor Construction
Considerations	record	team	Wionuny	Contractor
Occupational Health and Safety	Safety activities, Record of accident and OHS training and activities,	Workers	Monthly	Safety Supervisor

Community Health and Safety Emergency risk	 Record of worker argument and conflict Record of accident on rord Recorded of training for driver and worker Accident record, safety, and its response plan, Training 	Local residents Closing site	Upon conditions Monthly	Safety Supervisor Safety Supervisor
		ation Phase	1	
Air Quality	Particulate matter, TVOC, CO, CO ₂ , NO ₂ , SO ₂	Ambient air	Bi-annual	Factory Manager and HSE officer
	Particulate matters, TVOC	Processing area such as mixing area, WWTP, storage area, Exhaust stack	Bi-annual	Factory Manager and HSE officer
	Satck Emission Gases	Boiler and Generator Satck	Bi-annual	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Wastewater Quality	pH, oil & grease, suspended solid, BOD, COD, color and Temperature,	Surface sources (drains), EQ tank, sedimentatio n tanks, oil/ water separators, effluent, inlet and outlet of WWTP	Monthly (basic 7 parameters)	Factory Manager and HSE officer
	Recorded of Treated water quality of NGQG General Parameters	Outlet of WWTP	Bi-nnually	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Waste Disposal	Recorded disposal amount	Plant premises	Monthly	Factory Manager and HSE officer

	of plastic, drum, paper box, sludge from WWTP Check collection system Check storage Separation of waste type (Hazardous & No-hazardous)			
Soil Contamination	Spill and leakage of oil, chemical and fuel, wastewater treatment area	Plant premises, chemical storage area, fuel storage area, generator room,	Monthly	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Noise and Vibration	Noise & Vibration level	Plant premises, workplaces area	Bi-annually and upon complaint	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Odor	Inspection of ventilation condition	Factory and storage buildings	Monthly	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Hazardous and Chemical Substance	 Record of type hazardous/ chemical substance Check and record handling and using Check storage area Check disposal system Recod of the usuing amount 	Factory and storage buildings	Monthly	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Greening Plan	Record of gardening area condition	Plant premises	Bi-annually	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Landscape	Record of landscape condition	Plant premises	Bi-annually	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Local Water Use	 Quality check Temp, pH, Oil & grease, SS, COD, BOD Record usage of water consumption 	Inspection Pit	Monthly	Factory Manager and HSE officer
Occupational Health and Safety	 Record of accident and record of occupation/ safety training, 	Plant premises	Occasionally weekly and as occasionally	HSE officer

	• Check PPE and		monthly	
	safety plan			
	• Record complaints from workers			
		Plant	Annually	HSE officer
	• Each employee medical checkup	premises	Aillually	TISE Officer
	record.	premises		
	Medical checkup			
	plan			
Machineries	• WWTP	Plant premise	Monthly and	Factory Manager
Maintenance	Dust and VOC	and all	necessary	and maintenance
	control equipment	working area	time	employee
	and their related			
	equipment such as			
	pumps, pipeline,			
	filters			
	• D.G set and Chiller			
	and Air Con			
	• Transportation			
	vehicles such as loader, forklift and			
	other			
	• Recorded the			
	maintenance			
	activities			
	Recorded the			
	machineries using			
	time			
Community Health	 Record of accident 	Local	Occasionally	HSE officer
and Safety	• Record of	residents		
	complaints from			
	communities			
	• Training record for			
	drivers and			
Other Social	security	Monitoring	Annually	HR Manger
Considerations	Recod CSR planRecord local	team	Annually	THE Manger
	employment status			
Emergency Risks	Record of	Plant premise	As	HSE officer
	emergency case of	Tant promise	occasionally	
	accident and its		monthly	
	response plan			
	• Check the			
	Hazordous			
	chemical handling			
	and its managment			
	• Check fire safety			
	facilities			
	 Firefighting 			

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Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

	Training			
Transboundary or	Activity Implement	Plant premise	Annually	All responsible
Global issues				person

The Project will carry out impact monitoring at the end of project period to assess the implementation of mitigation measures and check their effectiveness.

Monitoring of emissions plays an important part in environmental management. It can be beneficial in some instances to perform continuous monitoring. This can lead to rapid detection and recognition of irregular conditions and can give the operating staff the possibility to correct and restore the optimum standard operating conditions as quickly as possible.

Emission monitoring by regular spot checking in other cases will suffice to survey the status and performance of equipment and to record the emission level. In general, the frequency of monitoring depends on the type of process and the process equipment installed, the stability of the process and the reliability of the analytical method. The frequency will need to be balanced with a reasonable cost of monitoring.

6.8 Corporate Social Responsibilities

CSR budget will be based on the profitability or financial performance of the company and is allotted as some percentage (%) of the annual profit. According to the financial policy of the company, the company will use for it.

The company will allocate the following activities for CSR budget.

- Scholarship Program for Education and Knowledge Sharing Program
- Social Welfare
- Vocational Training for Job Opportunities
- Health and Safety Sector
- Road and Infrastructural sector
- Environmental Management and Monitoring Program

6.9 Environmental Budget

The project is going in operation phase when this EMP report was prepared. Thus estimated environmental budget was more emphasized for operation phase. Cost for implementation of EMP is included in the project cost. The Project will carry out impact monitoring during operation. The budget for these phases was estimated based on annually and also current servicing price (2022). Table 6.6 is presenting an estimated cost required for operation phase monitoring.

Table 6.8 Estimated Costs for Operation Phase Monitoring

No.	Environmental Measures	Responsible Agency	Executing Agency	Cost Estimate LS or per unit (Kyats)	Total Cost per year (Kyats)	
Meas	Measures During Operation Phase					
1	Water quality monitoring	Rohto	Laboratory	300,000	1,200,000	
	Number of locations: 2					
	Measurements per year: 2					
	Total Quantity of units = $2 x$					

	2 = 4				
2	Ambient air quality	Rohto	Third Party	1,000,000	2,000,000
	monitoring				
	Number of locations: 1				
	Measurements per year: 2				
	Total Quantity of units = $1 x$				
	2=2				
3	Workplace air quality	Rohto	Third Party	800,000	6,400,000
	monitoring				
	Number of locations: 4				
	Measurements per year: 2				
	Total Quantity of units = $4 x$				
	2 = 8				
4	Stack Emission	Rohto	Third Party	350,000	1,400,000
	Number of locations: 2				
	Measurements per year: 2				
	Total Quantity of units = $2 x$				
	2 = 4	D - 1-4 -	This I Deutee	100,000	1 000 000
5	Workplace and Ambient	Rohto	Third Party	100,000	1,000,000
	Noise monitoring Number of locations: 5				
	Measurements per year: 2				
	Total Quantity of units = $5x$				
	2 = 10				
6	Vibration monitoring	Rohto	Third Party	500,000	1,000,000
	Number of locations: 1				
	Measurements per year: 2				
	Total Quantity of units $= 1x$				
	2=2				
				Sub-total	13,000,000
	T	Miscellar	ieous	1 _	
1	Wastewater Management			Lump sum	500,000
2	Air Pollution Control			Lump sum	500,000
3	Solid Waste Management			Lump sum	700,000
4	Noise Pollution Control			Lump sum	2,000,000
5	Greening Plan			Lump sum	200,000
6	Sign board on safety			Lump sum	1,000,000
7	2 7 7			Lump sum	100,000
8	3			Lump sum	500,000
9	Personal Protective Equipment			Lump sum	500,000
10	Training			Lump sum	500,000
			M. 4.1. G.3	Sub-total	6,500,000
			Iotal = Sub-1	total + Sub-total	19,500,000

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7.0 PUBLIC CONSULTATION AND INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

7.1 **Purpose**

Public consultations on environmental management programs are designed to provide a real understanding of industry issues and the aim is to make the public aware of the environmental impact of industrial operations and the increase in job opportunities caused by industry. By participating in the consultation process with anyone affected by the proposed project, the business community will be able to resolve any issues that may arise in advance.

7.2 Methodology and Approach

Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd. has taken the meeting with the relevant government organizations and the vicinity of the factory.

7.3 Consultation Meeting with Relevent Government Organization and **Negibouring Factory**

For the reporting of environmental management plan, the purpose of consultation meeting is to inform and request comments about of the project to the local community. There were 16 persons attended to the meeting, responsible person of Industry Zone Management Committee, relevant to the government organization, responsible person from the vicinity of the factory, responsible persons of the factory and third party organization at 16.10.2021. There were received 6 comments in the meeting. The facts of public consultation meeting were shown in Table 7.2. The attendance lists are attached in Appendix (11) and also suggestion sheets in Appendix (12).











Figure 7.1 Consultation meeting with the relevant government organization and the vicinity of the factory

Table 7.1 Summary of discussion in the meeting

No.	Participants	Explanations/ Responses of Factory
1	Daw Nyo Lin Htet – Deputy Officer	U Kyaw Soe Win- Managing Director
	Yangon Region (North district),	(Green Myanmar Environmental
	Environmental Conservation Department	Services Co., Ltd)
	• An environmental team must be formed	• There were need to hire skilled staff
	at the factory.	such as Pollution Control Manager or
	• There should be providing Trainings	Safety Officer in their factories.
	Program and the environmental	These employees need to take care of
	awareness to the workers by the team.	the occupational safety and
	• For more information on environmental	environmental protection of the
	conservation, please visit the	employees in the relevant factories.
	Department of Environmental	Participants were also encouraged to
	Conservation's website and social media	submit comments on the suggestion
	pages.	letter if they did not wish to do so in
	• The guidelines set by the Department of	person.
	Environmental Conservation should be	
	followed.	
	• Emphasis should be placed on health	
	care for employees working in the	
	factory.	
	• It is recommended that the required	
	business licenses for the factory business	
	be submitted to the relevant department	
	for approval.	

Table 7.2 Description of suggestion letter from the meeting

No.	Comments				
1	U Aung Thu				
	Good environmental management arrangements.				
2	Daw May Myo Shwe				
	It is good to run no plastic programs and CSR activities.				
3	U Thet Myo Htike				
	• In the future plan, the waste water treatment system should be regularly maintained				
	as there will be mixing process and cleaning process in the production of facial				
	wash products.				
4	Daw Zin Mar Hlaing				
	No comments				
5	Ma May Chan Khaing				
	Follow to the laws and regulations issued by the government.				
6	Daw Nyo Lin Htet				
	• There should be described to the staff health planning in the CSR process of the				
	EMP report				
	• Disseminate environmental awareness to staff and access to environmental				
	awareness on the Environmental Conservation Department - Yangon Region				
	Facebook.				

7.4 Recommendations on Suggestions and Comments from the Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

The following responses from the factory to public comments are shown in Table 7.3 below. The Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. Recommendations on the suggestions and comments are set out in Appendix (13) of the Environmental Management Plan Report.

Table 7.3 Summary of Comments and Recommendation

No.	Comments	Recomendation
1	 An environmental team must be formed at the factory. There should be providing Trainings Program and the environmental awareness to the workers by the team. 	Educating factory workers about environmental issues. Trainings are being provided.
	 For more information on environmental conservation, please visit the Department of Environmental Conservation's website and social media pages. The guidelines set by the Department of Environmental Conservation should be followed. 	We are following the guidelines set by the Environmental Conservation Department.
	• Emphasis should be placed on health care for employees working in the factory.	• We have been providing care in conjunction with local clinics and social welfare clinics for the health of the staff working in the factory.

2	 It is recommended that the required business licenses for the factory business be submitted to the relevant department stores for approval. Good environmental management 	 Business licenses required for the factory business, depending on the township; By region It is being submitted to the relevant departments for permission and is being implemented. True
	arrangements.	True
3	• It is good to run no plastic programs and CSR activities.	Our company provides CSR activities; No plastic programs are being implemented.
4	• In the future plan, the waste water treatment system should be regularly maintained as there will be mixing process and cleaning process in the production of facial wash products.	 Waste water treatment system is being implemented and detailed procedures and guidelines will be developed and followed to prevent environmental damage when producing facial wash products.
5	• Follow to the laws and regulations issued by the government.	• Comply with government laws and regulations.
6	 There should be described to the staff health planning in the CSR process of the EMP report Disseminate environmental awareness to staff and access to environmental awareness on the Environmental Conservation Department - Yangon Region Facebook. 	 We will follow. Employees will be encouraged to share this information. We will also visit the Environmental Conservation Department - Yangon Region Facebook.

8.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

So recapitulate it can be said that the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) of Rohto-Meantholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd., focuses specifically on the required environmental management measures or creating environmentally friendly workplace. An EMP has been carried out for the factory according to the requirement of the proponent as it has been made mandatory but MONREC.

The important output is presented in the EMP of Rohto-Meantholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. thus the factory management can take proper mitigation steps against adverse environmental impacts by following this EMP. The necessary measure to mitigate impact regarding different environmental parameter such as Air, Water, waste chemical, handling, noise level has been proposed in this EMP.

However, in the case of Rohto-Meantholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. all necessary implementation measures to mitigate adverse environmental and health and safety impacts have already been taken to meet National Environmental Quality Standards. On the other, the plant has positive impacts in terms of employment in the operation phase. Further, this will indirectly help in boosting up the national economic condition through foreign investment. An outline of EMP has been given in the present report to mitigate/ enhance the impacts, which occurs during operation phase of the plant.

According to the impact evaluation, all of the impacts are localized. Based on the evaluation of the significance of impacts, these are the summary of findings.

For *operational phase*, most of the activities and their impacts could result moderate and minor risks, except fire hazard. Although the final plastic product poses a little danger, the raw plastic materials are highly flammable and high risk of fire.

But after implementation of mitigation measures, the residual risk of fire is low and it would be acceptable. For *decommissioning phase*, the only concern is noise pollution and it could pose as major risk. But after implementing the mitigation measures, the residual impact will likely to be low risk and it would be acceptable.

8.1 Recommendation

This is recommendation that:

- All appropriate environmental management measures detailed in this report, together with any other environmental management commitments should be implemented throughout the entire life of the factory.
- Solid wastes (waste food) & liquid wastes need to dispose according to rules and regulation.
- Workers should be provided proper training & it should be ensured that workers use PPE during plant operation.

The proponent is devoted to implement and follow Environmental Management Plan and Monitoring Plan is approved by the relevant authorities. The implementation of the EMP will be followed by annual environmental review and necessary corrective action. As a result of this, the implementation of the proposed project could not deteriorate the environment in any ways.

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

APPENDICES

Appendix (1): Instruction Letter of Environmental Conservation Depertment Letter to take Environemntal Compliance Report

CONSERVATION

တိုင်းဒေသကြီးညွှန်ကြားရေးမှူးရုံး ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာန ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး ရန်ကုန်မြို့

အမှတ် ၁၀(ဂျေ)၊ ၅၅ လမ်း(ကုန်သည်လမ်း နှင့် ကမ်းနားလမ်းကြား)၊ ဗိုလ်တထောင်မြို့နယ်၊ Post Code–11161 ဖုန်း – ဝ၁ ၈၂၀၃၈၃၈၊ ဖက်စ် – ဝ၁ ၈၂၀၃၈၃၉၊ အီးမေးလ် – ygnecd.moecaf@gmail.com

> စာအမှတ်၊ရက-၁/၃/၄(အီးအိုင်အေ)(၂၁<u>၂၃</u> /၂၀၂၀) ရက်စွဲ၊ ၂၀၂၀ ပြည့်နှစ် ၊ ဇူလိုင်လ **၂၅** ရက်

သို့

မန်နေဂျာ Rohto – Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. အမှတ် (ဒီ–၅)၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံစက်မှုဇုန်

မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး

အကြောင်းအရာ။ Rohto – Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. ၏ ဓာတုပစ္စည်းနှင့်ဆက်စပ် ပစ္စည်းများ သိုလှောင်ခြင်း၊ တင်သွင်းခြင်း၊ သယ်ယူပို့ဆောင်ခြင်း၊ လက်ဝယ် ထားရှိခြင်း၊ အသုံးပြုခြင်း လုပ်ငန်းများနှင့်ပတ်သက်၍ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ

သဘောထားမှတ်ချက် ပြန်ကြားခြင်း

ရည်ညွှန်းချက်။ Rohto – Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. ၏ ၁၄–၇–၂၀၂၀ ရက်စွဲပါ စာအမှတ်၊ RMM– Fact; 011/2020

၁။ အကြောင်းအရာပါကိစ္စနှင့်ပတ်သက်၍ Rohto – Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. မှ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံစက်မှုဇုန်၊ အမှတ် (ဒီ–၅) တွင် အကောင်အထည်ဖော် ဆောင်ရွက်လျက်ရှိသည့် ဓာတုပစ္စည်းနှင့်ဆက်စပ်ပစ္စည်းများ သိုလှောင်ခြင်း၊ တင်သွင်းခြင်း၊ သယ်ယူပို့ဆောင်ခြင်း၊ လက်ဝယ်ထားရှိခြင်း၊ အသုံးပြုခြင်း လုပ်ငန်းများနှင့်ပတ်သက်၍ လုပ်ငန်း လိုင်စင်လျှောက်ထားနိုင်ရေးအတွက် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာန၏ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ သဘောထားမှတ်ချက် ရယူရန် လိုအပ်ပါသဖြင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ သဘောထားမှတ်ချက် ပြန်ကြားပေးနိုင်ပါရန် ရည်ညွှန်းပါစာဖြင့် ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေး ဦးစီးဌာနသို့ တင်ပြတောင်းခံလာပါသည်။

၂။ ရည်ညွှန်းပါစာဖြင့် တင်ပြလာသည့် စီမံကိန်းအဆိုပြုလွှာအပေါ် စိစစ်တွေ့ ရှိချက်များအရ Rohto – Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. ၏ OTC Medicine နှင့် ဆေးဘက်ဝင်အလှကုန် ပစ္စည်းများ ထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်းလုပ်ငန်းအတွက် ဓာတုဗေဒလုပ်ငန်းလိုင်စင် လျှောက်ထားခြင်းဖြစ်ကြောင်း စိစစ်တွေ့ ရှိရပါသဖြင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်းအပိုဒ် (၂၄)အရ စီမံကိန်းအဆိုပြုသူအနေဖြင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (Environmental Management Plan – EMP) ရေးဆွဲဆောင်ရွက်ရန် လိုအပ်ကြောင်း စိစစ်တွေ့ ရှိရပါသည်။

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၃။ သို့ဖြစ်ပါ၍ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံစက်မှုဇုန်၊ အမှတ် (ဒီ-၅) တွင် အကောင်အထည်ဖော် ဆောင်ရွက်လျက်ရှိသည့် Rohto–Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. အနေဖြင့် အောက်ဖော်ပြပါအချက်များအား လိုက်နာအကောင်အထည်ဖော် ဆောင်ရွက်ရန် လိုအပ် ပါကြောင်း သဘောထားမှတ်ချက် ပြန်ကြားအပ်ပါသည် –

- (က) Rohto Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd. ၏ OTC Medicine နှင့် ဆေးဘက်ဝင် အလှကုန်ပစ္စည်းများ ထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်းလုပ်ငန်း စီမံကိန်းတစ်ခုလုံးအတွက် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင် စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (Environmental Management Plan – EMP) ရေးဆွဲရန်နှင့် အဆိုပါအစီရင်ခံစာအတွင်း အဆိုပြုလုပ်ငန်းတွင် ထည့်သွင်းအသုံးပြုမည့် ဓာတုပစ္စည်း နှင့် ဆက်စပ်ပစ္စည်းများကို သိုလှောင်ခြင်း၊ တင်သွင်းခြင်း၊ သယ်ယူပို့ဆောင်ခြင်း၊ လက်ဝယ်ထားရှိခြင်း၊ အသုံးပြုခြင်း လုပ်ငန်းများကြောင့် ဖြစ်ပေါ်လာနိုင်သည့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်နှင့်လူမှုရေးထိခိုက်မှုများနှင့် ၎င်းထိခိုက်မှုများအားအနည်းဆုံးဖြစ်စေရေး အတွက် ဆောင်ရွက်ထားရှိမည့် အစီအစဉ်များအား တပေါင်းတစည်းတည်း ထည့်သွင်း ရေးဆွဲ၍ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာနသို့ ပေးပို့တင်ပြရန်၊
- (ခ) ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံခန့်ခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (EMP) အစီရင်ခံစာပြုစုခြင်းကို စီမံကိန်းအဆိုပြုသူ (လုပ်ငန်းရှင်) ကိုယ်တိုင် (သို့မဟုတ်) တတိယပုဂ္ဂိုလ် သို့မဟုတ် အဖွဲ့အစည်းကို ခန့်အပ်ဆောင်ရွက်နိုင်ရန်၊
- (ဂ) တတိယပုဂ္ဂိုလ် (သို့မဟုတ်) အဖွဲ့ အစည်းအား ခန့်အပ်၍ ဆောင်ရွက်မည်ဆိုပါက ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာနတွင် လုပ်ငန်းလိုင်စင် ရယူထားသော ပုဂ္ဂိုလ် (သို့မဟုတ်) အဖွဲ့ အစည်းစာရင်းအား www.ecd.gov.mm/?q=third-party တွင် ဝင်ရောက်ကြည့်ရှု ခန့်အပ်ဆောင်ရွက်နိုင်ရန်၊
- (ဃ) စီမံကိန်းနှင့်ပတ်သက်သည့် ဝိုင်ရှင်ပြောင်းလဲခြင်း၊ အစီရင်ခံစာတွင် ဖော်ပြပါရှိသည့် ထုတ်လုပ်မှုပမာဏထက် ပိုမိုထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်း၊ လုပ်ငန်းလည်ပတ်မှု ဒီဇိုင်းများ ပြောင်းလဲခြင်း၊ လုပ်ငန်းတည်နေရာ ပြောင်းလဲခြင်း၊ လုပ်ငန်းရပ်ဆိုင်းခြင်း (သို့မဟုတ်) ပိတ်သိမ်းခြင်းများ ပြုလုပ်မည်ဆိုပါက မပြုလုပ်မီ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင် ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာနသို့ တင်ပြသွားရန်၊
- (c) စီမံကိန်းဝန်းကျင်တွင် နေထိုင်သော ဒေသခံပြည်သူများ၏ ဆန္ဒနှင့်သဘောထားများ ကို ရယူဆောင်ရွက်ရန်။

ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး

မိတ္တူကို

်တိုင်းဒေသကြီးဦးစီးဌာနမှူး၊ စက်မှုကြီးကြပ်ရေးနှင့်စစ်ဆေးရေးဦးစီးဌာန၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး ရုံးလက်ခံ၊ မျှောစာတွဲ၊ အမှုတွဲချုပ်

Appendix (2): MIC Permit



The Myanmar Investment Commission

PERMIT

Permit No. 532/2012



The Myanmar Investment Commission issues this Permit under Section 10 of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar Foreign Investment Law -

Name of Promoter MR. MASAYA SAITO (a) (b) Citizenship JAPANESE (c) Address 1-7-25-914, HIRANO-HIGASHI, HIRANO-KU, OSAKA, JAPAN (d) Name and Address of principal organization ROHTO PHARMACEUTICAL CO.,LTD. 1-8-1, TATSUMI-NISHI, IKUNO-KU, OSAKA 544-8666, JAPAN (e) Place of incorporation JAPAN Type of business in which investment is to be made MANUFACTURING AND MARKETING OF OTC MEDICINES & COSMETICS (g) Place(s) at which investment is permitted PLOT NO. D-5, MINGALADON INDUSTRIAL PARK, MIGALADON TOWNSHIP, YANGON REGION Amount of foreign capital US \$ 12.438 MILLION (h) Period for bringing in foreign capital WITHIN TEN YEARS FROM THE (i) DATE OF ISSUANCE OF MIC PERMIT Total amount of capital (Kyat) EQUIVALENT IN KYAT OF US \$ 12.438 (i) Permitted duration of investment 36 YEARS (k) Name of the economic organization to be formed in Myanmar..... (1) ROHTO-MENTHOLATUM (MYANMAR) CO.,LTD.

Chairman

The Myanmar Investment Commission

	မြန်မာနိုင်ငံ ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံမှု ကော်မရှင် ခွင့်ပြုမိန့် တ် <u>၅၃၂/၂၀၁၂</u> ၂၀၁၂ ခုနှစ်၊ ဒီဇင်ဘာလ-၃၁ ရက်
ပြည <u>်</u> ဤခွင့်ပြုမိန့်ဂ	ထောင်စုသမ္မတ မြန်မာနိုင်ငံတော် နိုင်ငံခြား ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံမှု ဥပဒေ ပုဒ်မ (၁၀) အရ ၇ို မြန်မာနိုင်ငံ ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံမှု ကော်မရှင်က ထုတ်ပေးလိုက်သည် -
(က)	ကမကထပြုသူ၏အမည် MR. MASAYA SAITO
(ə)	မည်သည့် နိုင်ငံသား JAPANESE
(0)	နေရပ်လိပ်စာ 1-7-25-914, HIRANO-HIGASHI, HIRANO-KU, OSAKA, JAPAN
(ဃ)	ပင်မအဖွဲ့အစည်းအမည်နှင့် လိပ်စာ ROHTO PHARMACEUTICAL CO.,LTD. 1-8-1, TATSUMI-NISHI, IKUNO-KU, OSAKA 544-8666, JAPAN
(c)	ဖွဲ့ စည်းရာအရပ် JAPAN
(0)	ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံမှုပြုလုပ်မည့်လုပ်ငန်းအမျိုးအစား ဆေးဘက်ဝင်အလှကုန်ပစ္စည်းများ ထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်းနှင့် ဖြန့်ဖြူးရောင်းချခြင်းလုပ်ငန်း
(æ)	ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံမှုပြုလုပ်ခွင့်ပြုသည့်အရပ်ဒေသ(များ) မြေကွက်အမှတ် ဒီ-၅ မင်္ဂလာဒုံ စက်မှုဇုန်၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး
(@)	နိုင်ငံခြားမတည်ငွေရင်း အမေရိကန်ဒေါ် လာ ၁၂.၄၃၈ သန်း
(മ്യ)	နိုင်ငံခြားမတည်ငွေရင်းယူဆောင်လာရမည့်ကာလ ကော်မရှင်ခွင့်ပြုမိန့် ရရှိပြီး (၁၀)နှစ် အတွင်း
(ည)	စုစုပေါင်း မတည်ငွေရင်းပမာဏ (ကျပ်) အမေရိကန် ဒေါ်လာ ၁၂.၄၃၈ သန်း နှင့် ညီမျှသော မြန်မာကျပ်ငွေ
(<u>c</u>)	ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံခွင့်ပြုသည့် သက်တမ်း ၃၆ နှစ်
(g)	မြန်မာနိုင်ငံတွင်ဖွဲ့ စည်းမည့်စီးပွားရေးအဖွဲ့ အစည်းအမည်
J	ROHTO-MENTHOLATUM (MYANMAR) CO.,LTD.
P.	
	දි ගීදි
	မြန်မာနိုင်ငံရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံမှု ကော်မရှင်

Appendix (3): Company Registration



ကုမ္ပဏီမှတ်ပုံတင်လက်မှတ် Certificate of Incorporation

ရိုဟ်တို မန်သိုလတမ်(မြန်မာ) ကုမ္ပဏီလီမိတက် ROHTO-MENTHOLATUM (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED Company Registration No. 106149046

မြန်မာနိုင်ငံကုမ္ပဏီများအက်ဥပဒေ ၁၉၁၄ ခုနှစ် အရ ရိုဟ်တို မန်သိုလတမ်(မြန်မာ) ကုမ္ပဏီလီမိတက် အား၂၀၁၂ ခုနှစ် စက်တင်ဘာလ ၁၄ ရက်နေ့တွင် အစုရှယ်ယာအားဖြင့် တာဝန်ကန့်သတ်ထား သည့် အများနှင့်မသက်ဆိုင်သောကုမ္ပဏီ

အဖြစ် ဖွဲ့စည်းမှတ်ပုံတင်ခွင့် ပြုလိုက်သည်။ This is to certify that

ROHTO-MENTHOLATUM (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED was incorporated under the Myanmar Companies Act 1914 on 14 September 2012 as a Private Company Limited by Shares.

4-6

ကုမ္ပဏီမှတ်ပုံတင်အရာရှိ Registrar of Companies

ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံမှုနှင့်ကုမ္ပဏီများညွှန်ကြားမှုဦးစီးဌာန

Directorate of Investment and Company Administration



Former Registration No. 106FC/2012-2013

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"



"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"



Appendix (4): Company Registration of Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd.



ကုမ္ပဏီမှတ်ပုံတင်လက်မှတ် Certificate of Incorporation

စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှု ကုမ္ပဏီလီမိတက် GREEN MYANMAR ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES COMPANY LIMITED Company Registration No. 110299931

မြန်မာနိုင်ငံကုမ္ပဏီများအက်ဥပဒေ ၁၉၁၄ ခုနှစ် အရ စိမ်းလန်းမြန်မာ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ ဝန်ဆောင်မှု ကုမ္ပဏီလီမီတက် အား ၂ဝ၁၂ ခုနှစ် အောက်တိုဘာလ ၃ ရက်နေ့တွင် အစုရှယ်ယာအားဖြင့် တာဝန်ကန့်သတ်ထား သည့် အများနှင့်မသက်ဆိုင်သောကုမ္ပဏီ အဖြစ် ဖွဲ့စည်းမှတ်ပုံတင်ခွင့် ပြုလိုက်သည်။

This is to certify that

GREEN MYANMAR ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES COMPANY LIMITED

was incorporated under the Myanmar Companies Act 1914 on 3 October

2012 as a Private Company Limited by Shares.





Registrar of Companies

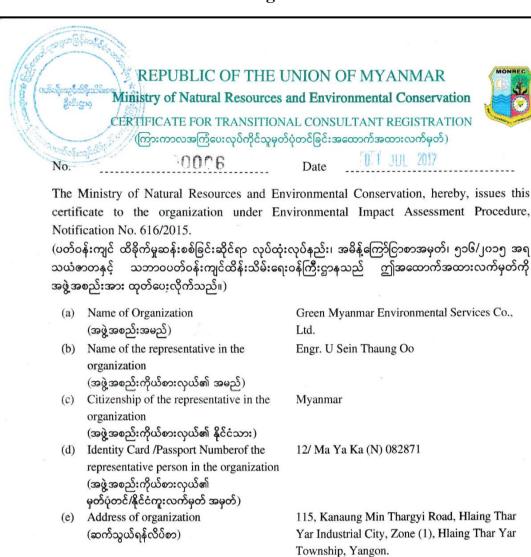
ရင်းနှီးမြှုပ်နှံမှုနှင့်ကုမ္ပဏီများညွှန်ကြားမှုဦးစီးဌာန

Directorate of Investment and Company Administration



Former Registration No. 2744/2012-2013

Appendix (5): Certificate for Transitional Consultant Registration of Organization



gmescompany@gmail.com, 09 5122448

(f) Type of Consultancy (အကြံပေးလုပ်ကိုင်မှုအမျိုးအစား)

ncy Organization

(g) Duration of validity(သက်တမ်းကုန်ဆုံးရက်)

31 March 2018

သက်တစ်ဆော်နော်နှင့်ခြင်း
The VALIDITY of this certificate is extended for one year from (1.4.2018) to (31.3.2019) ကိုလက်မှတ်အား (၁-၄-၂၀၁၈) ရက်နေ့မှ (၃၀.၃-၂၀၁၈) ရက်နေ့အထိ တစ်နှစ်အက်တစ်း တိုမြှင့်သည်။

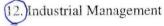
1.3:01. 2010

Director General
Environmental Conservation Department

Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation

Areas of Expertise Permitted (ခွင့်ပြုသည့် ကျွမ်းကျင်မှုနယ်ပယ်များ)

- 1. Air Pollution Control
- 2. Facilitation of meeting
- 3. Meteorology, Modeling for Air Quality
- 4. Risk Assessment and Hazard Management
- 5 Socio-Economy
- 6. Water Pollution Control
- 7. Waste Management
- 8. Chemical Engineering Plant Design
- 9. Chemical Engineering Process Design
- Chemical Engineering, Laboratory Analysis for water and waste water
- 11. Environmental Management





EXTENSION သက်တစ်းတိုးမြှင့်ခြင်း The VALIDITY of this certificate is extended for six months from (1.7.2021) to (31.12.2021) ကိုလက်မှတ်အား(၁-၅-၂၀၂၁) ရက်နေ့မှ (၁၁-၁၂-၂၀၂၁) ရက်နေ့အထိ (၆) လသတ်တစ်းတိုးမြှင့်သည်။ For Director General (Soe Naing, Director) Environmental Conservation Department



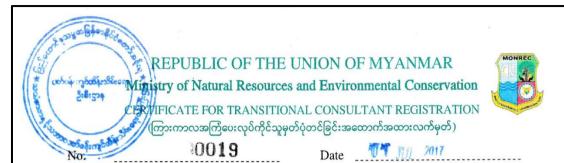
EXTENSION (သက်တမ်းတိုးဖြင့်ခြင်း)
The VALIDITY of this certificate is extended
for one year from (1.1.2022) to (31.12.2022)
ဤလက်မှတ်အား(၁-၁-၂၀၂၂) ရက်နေ့မှ (၃၃-၁၂-၂၀၂၂)
ရက်နေ့အသိ တစ်နှင့် သက်တမ်းကို ြင့်သည်။

For Director General (Soe Naing, Director)

Environmental Conservation Department

EXTENSION သက်တမ်းတိုးမြှင့်ခြင်း The VALIDITY of this certificate is extended for one year from (1.1.2020) to (31.12.2020) ဤလက်မှတ်အား(၁-၁-၂၁၂၀) ရက်မန္မဟု (၃၁-၁၂-၂၁၂၀) ရက်နေ့အထိ တစ်နှစ်သွက်တမ်းတိုးမြှင့်သည်။ For Director General (Soe Naing, Director) Environmental Conservation Department

Appendix (6): Certificate for Transitional Consultant Registration of Personal



The Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation, hereby, issues this certificate to the person under Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure, Notification No. 616/2015.

(ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်း၊ အမိန့်ကြော်ငြာစာအမှတ်၊ ၅၁၆/၂၀၁၅ အရ ဤအထောက်အထားလက်မှတ်ကို သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာနသည် သယံဧာတနှင့် လူပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အားထုတ်ပေးလိုတ်သည်။)

Name of Consultant

Engr. U Kyaw Soe Win

(အကြံပေးပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အမည်)

Myanmar

Citizenship (b) (နိုင်ငံသား)

(d)

Identity Card / Passport Number

12/ Ou Ka Ta (Naing) 038453

(c) (မှတ်ပုံတင်/နိုင်ငံကူးလက်မှတ် အမှတ်)

Address (ဆက်သွယ်ရန်လိပ်စာ) No. 135, Kanaung Min Thargyi Road, Hlaing Thar Yar Industrial City, Zone(1), Hlaing Thar Yar

Township, Yangon

gmescompany@gmail.com

ksw1963@gmail.com, 09 5081451

Organization (e) (အဖွဲ့အစည်း)

Green Myanmar Environmental Services Company

Limited

Type of Consultancy (f) (အကြံပေးလုပ်ကိုင်မှုအမျိုးအစား) Person

Duration of validity (g)

31 March 2018

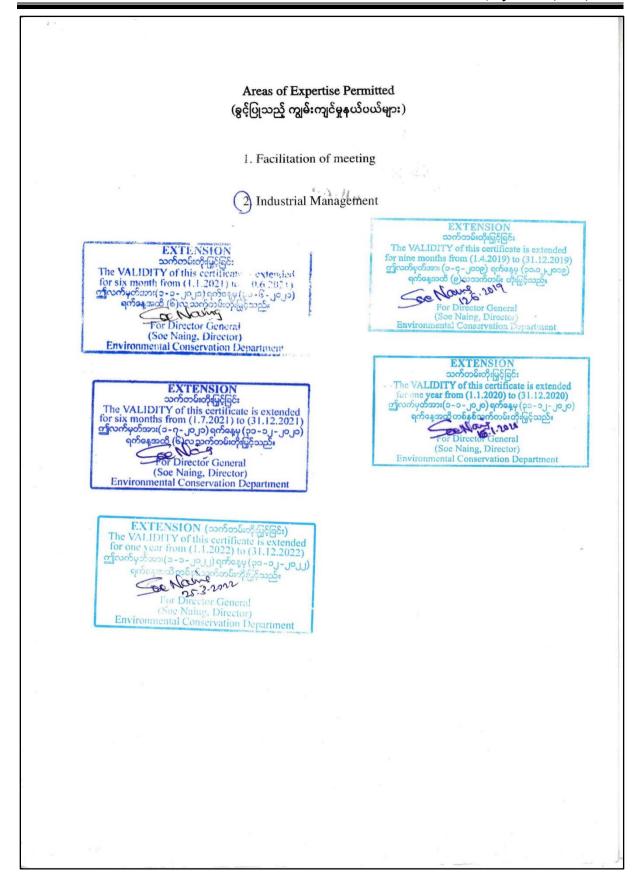
(သက်တမ်းကုန်ဆုံးရက်)

Director General

Environmental Conservation Department

Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation

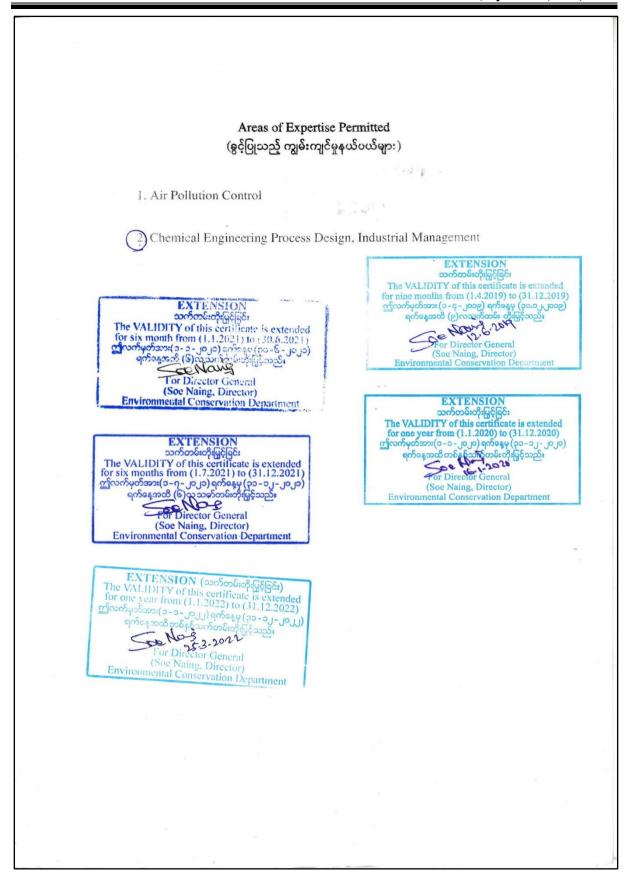
"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"



		Konto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) C			
No.	Manustry of Natural Reso CERTIFICATE FOR TRANS (ကြားကာလအကြဲပေးလုပ်ကို)0023	THE UNION OF MYANMAR purces and Environmental Conservation SITIONAL CONSULTANT REGISTRATION ကိုင်သူမှတ်ပုံတင်ခြင်းအထောက်အထားလက်မှတ်) Date			
The Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation, hereby, issues this					
		onmental Impact Assessment Procedure, Notification			
	616/2015.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			
(00	ာီဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဆိုင်ရာ * \$	လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်း၊ အမိန့်ကြော်ငြာစာအမှတ်၊ ၅၁၆/၂၀၁၅ အရ သိမ်းရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာနသည် ဤအထောက်အထားလက်မှတ်ကို			
		သမ်းရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာနသည် ဤအထောက်အထားလက်မှတ်ကို			
လူပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အားထုတ်ပေးလိုက်သည်။)					
(a	Name of Consultant (အကြံပေးပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အမည်)	Engr. U Sein Thaung Oo			
(b	o) Citizenship (နိုင်ငံသား)	Myanmar			
(0	ldentity Card / Passport Number (မှတ်ပုံတင်/နိုင်ငံကူးလက်မှတ်အမှတ်)	12/ Ma Ya Ka (N) 082871			
(6) Address	No. 17/D, Aung Theikdi Yeik Thar, Mayangone			
8	(ဆက်သွယ်ရန်လိပ်စာ)	Township, Yangon.			
		gmescompany@gmail.com, seinthaungoo@gmail.com 09 5122448			
(e	Organization (အဖွဲ့အစည်း)	Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co.,Ltd.			
(f) Type of Consultancy (အကြံပေးလုပ်ကိုင်မှုအမျိုးအစား)	Person			
(9	_	31 March 2018			
	(သက်တမ်းကုန်ဆုံးရက်)				
	EXTENSION	Director General			
		Environmental Conservation Department			

Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"



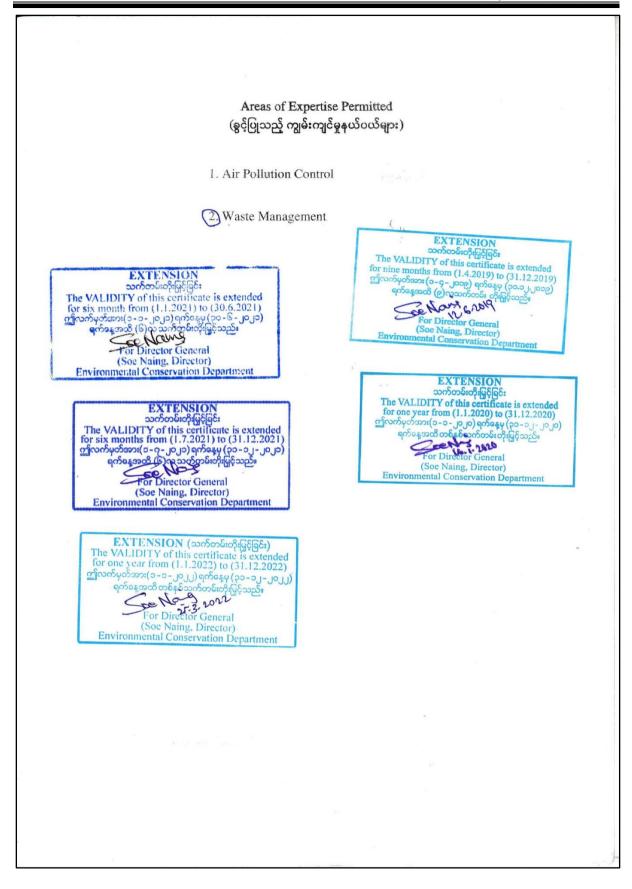
Co., Ltd.

		Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar)		
Carlo	Ministry of Natural Resource CERTIFICATE FOR TRANSITIO ကြားကာလအကြံပေးလုပ်ကိုင်သူ	E UNION OF MYANMAR es and Environmental Conservation ONAL CONSULTANT REGISTRATION မှတ်ပုံတင်ခြင်းအထောက်အထားလက်မှတ်)		
No.		Date 77 101 787		
The Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation, hereby, issues this certificate to the person under Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure, Notification No. 616/2015. (ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်း၊ အမိန့်ကြော်ငြာစာအမှတ်၊ ၅၁၆/၂၀၁၅ အရ သယံဧာတနှင့် သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာနသည် ဤအထောက်အထားလက်မှတ်ကို လူပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အားထုတ်ပေးလိုက်သည်။)				
(a)	Name of Consultant	Engr. Daw Khin Swe Aye		
3.00	(အကြံပေးပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အမည်)			
(b)	Citizenship	Myanmar		
*	(နိုင်ငံသား)			
(c)	Identity Card / Passport Number	12/Sa Kha Na (N) 017708		
	(မှတ်ပုံတင်/နိုင်ငံကူးလက်မှတ် အမှတ်)			
(d)	Address	14 B, Wai Lu Wun Main Street, Sanchaung,		
# 2	(ဆက်သွယ်ရန်လိပ်စာ)	Yangon.		
	0 11	khinsweaye.daw@gmail.com, 09 5015475		
(e)	Organization	Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co.,Ltd.		
	(အဖွဲ့အစည်း)			
(f)	Type of Consultancy	Person		
94.00	(အကြံပေးလုပ်ကိုင်မှုအမျိုးအစား)			
(g)	Duration of validity	31 March 2018		
	(သက်တမ်းကုန်ဆုံးရက်)			
	EXTENSION သက်တစ်းတိုးဖြင့်ခြင်း The VALIDITY of this certificate is extended for one year from (1.4.2018) to (31.3.2019) ရက်နေအထိ တစ်နှစ်သက်တစ်း တိုးဖြင့်သည်။ နေအထိ တစ်နှစ်သက်တစ်း တိုးဖြင့်သည်။ For Director General (Soe Naing, Director)	signal and		

Director General

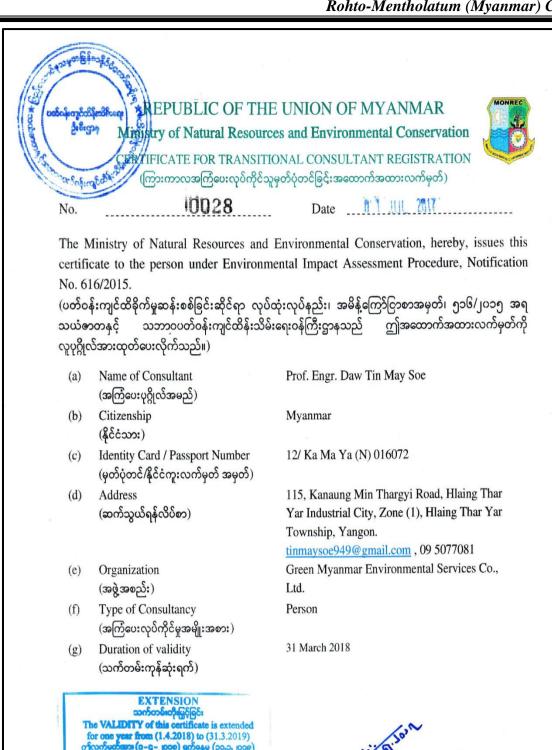
Environmental Conservation Department Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"



"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

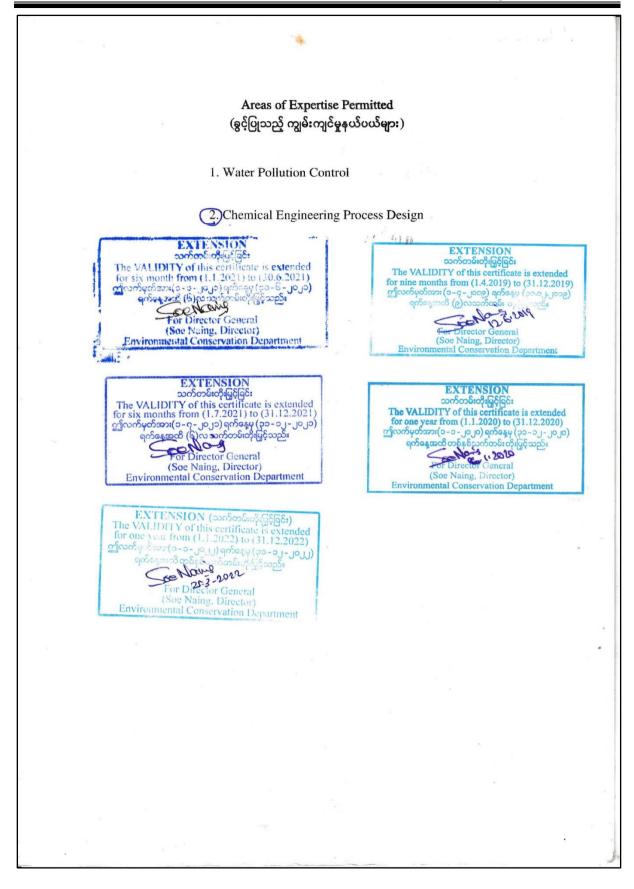


Director General

Environmental Conservation Department

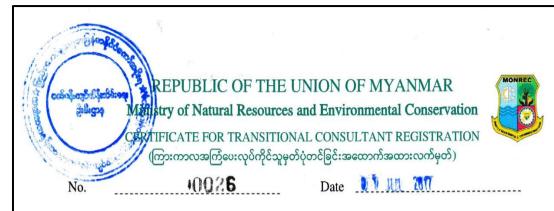
Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"



"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



The Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation, hereby, issues this certificate to the person under Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure, Notification No. 616/2015.

(ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်း၊ အမိန့်ကြော်ငြာစာအမှတ်၊ ၅၁၆/၂၀၁၅ အရ သယံဧာတနှင့် သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာနသည် ဤအထောက်အထားလက်မှတ်ကို လူပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အားထုတ်ပေးလိုက်သည်။)

(a) Name of Consultant U Myo Myint (အကြံပေးပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အမည်)

(b) Citizenship Myanmar (နိုင်ငံသား)

(c) Identity Card / Passport Number 12/ Pa Ba Ta (N) 015315

(မှတ်ပုံတင်/နိုင်ငံကူးလက်မှတ်အမှတ်) (d) Address 115, Ka (ဆက်သွယ်ရန်လိပ်စာ) Industri

115, Kanaung Min Thargyi Road, Hlaing Thar Yar Industrial City, Zone (1), Hlaing Thar Yar Township, Yangon.

gmescompany@gmail.com, 09 2012723

(e) Organization (အဖွဲ့အစည်း)

Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co.,Ltd.

(f) Type of Consultancy (အကြံပေးလုပ်ကိုင်မှုအမျိူးအစား) Person

(g) Duration of validity

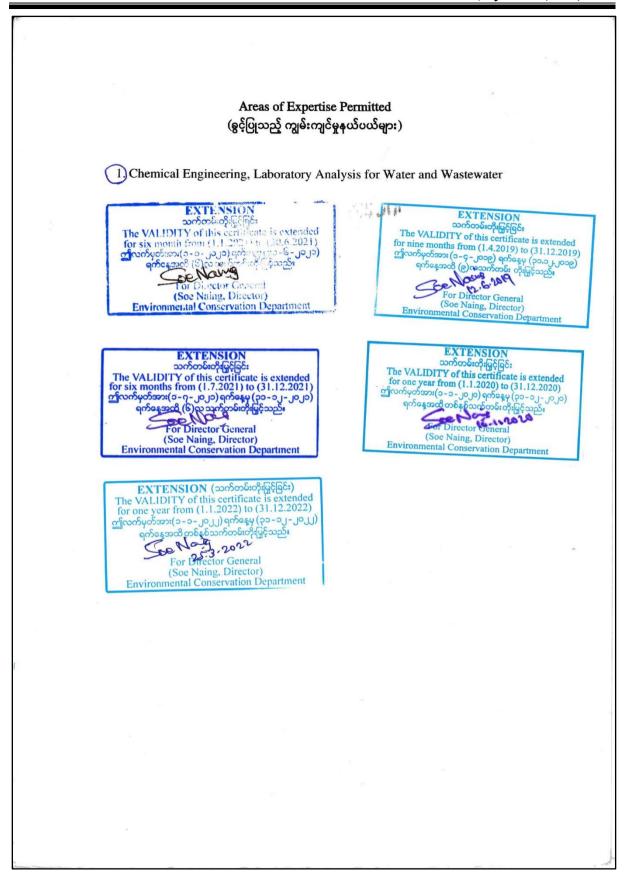
31 March 2018

(သက်တမ်းကုန်ဆုံးရက်)

27.Q. COM

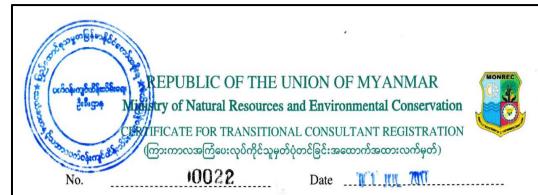
Director General

Environmental Conservation Department
Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation



"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



The Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation, hereby, issues this certificate to the person under Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure, Notification No. 616/2015.

(ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်း၊ အမိန့်ကြော်ငြာစာအမှတ်၊ ၅၁၆/၂၀၁၅ အရ ဤအထောက်အထားလက်မှတ်ကို သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာနသည် သယံဧာတနှင့် လူပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အားထုတ်ပေးလိုက်သည်။)

Name of Consultant

Daw Khin Shwe Htay

(အကြံပေးပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အမည်) Citizenship

Myanmar

(b) (နိုင်ငံသား)

Identity Card / Passport Number 12/ Tha Ga Ka (N) 008808

(မှတ်ပုံတင်/နိုင်ငံကူးလက်မှတ် အမှတ်) (d) Address

No. 115, Kanaung Min Thargyi Road, Hlaing Thar Yar Industrial City, Zone (1), Hlaing Thar Yar Township, (ဆက်သွယ်ရန်လိပ်စာ) Yangon

shwehtay.khin@gmail.com, 09 5032910

Organization (e) (အဖွဲ့အစည်း)

Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co.,Ltd.

Type of Consultancy

Person

(အကြံပေးလုပ်ကိုင်မှုအမျိူးအစား) Duration of validity

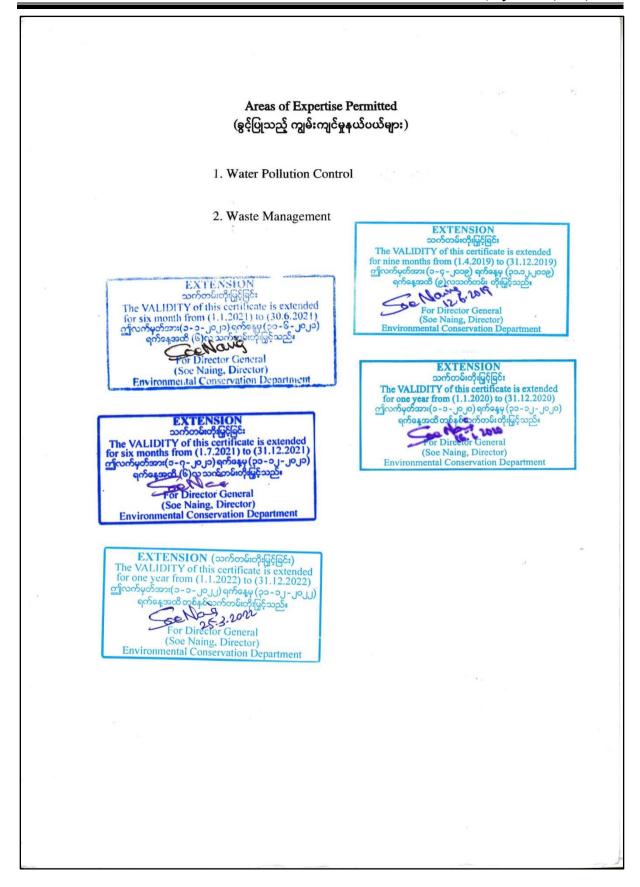
31 March 2018

(သက်တမ်းကုန်ဆုံးရက်)

Director General

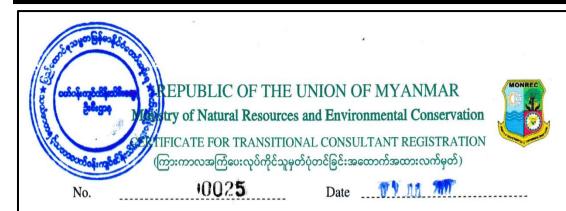
Environmental Conservation Department

Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation



"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



The Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation, hereby, issues this certificate to the person under Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure, Notification No. 616/2015.

(ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိခိုက်မှုဆန်းစစ်ခြင်းဆိုင်ရာ လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်း၊ အမိန့်ကြော်ငြာစာအမှတ်၊ ၅၁၆/၂၀၁၅ အရ သဘာဝပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာနသည် ဤအထောက်အထားလက်မှတ်ကို လူပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အားထုတ်ပေးလိုက်သည်။)

Name of Consultant U Khin Aung (အကြံပေးပုဂ္ဂိုလ်အမည်)

Citizenship (b) Myanmar (နိုင်ငံသား)

Identity Card / Passport Number 12/ Ma Ya Ka (N) 047032 (မှတ်ပုံတင်/နိုင်ငံကူးလက်မှတ်အမှတ်)

115, Kanaung Min Thargyi Road, Hlaing Thar Yar Address (d) (ဆက်သွယ်ရန်လိပ်စာ) Industrial City, Zone (1), Hlaing Thar Yar Township, Yangon.

khinaung1@gmail.com, 09 43066741

Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co.,Ltd. Organization (e) (အဖွဲ့အစည်း)

Person

Type of Consultancy (f) (အကြံပေးလုပ်ကိုင်မှုအမျိုးအစား)

Duration of validity

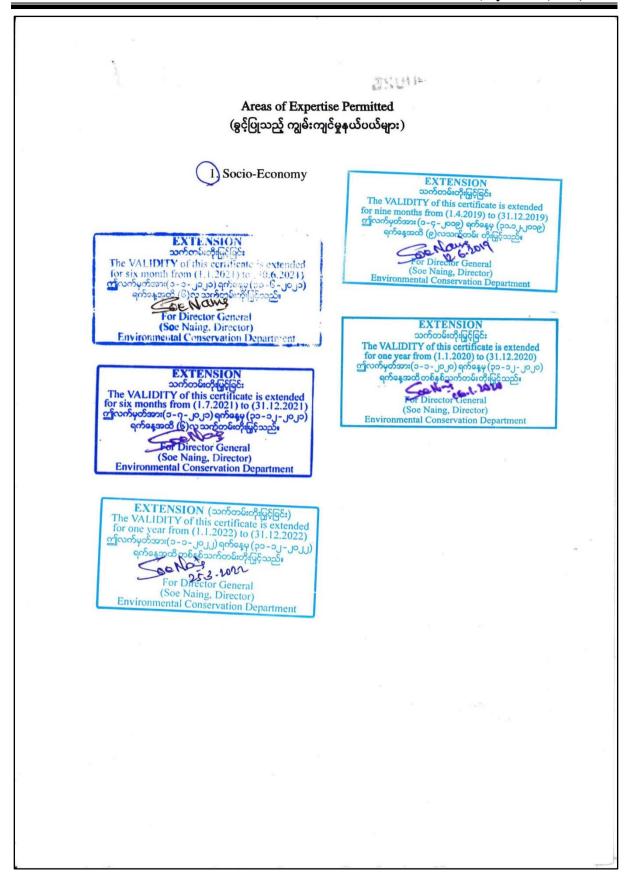
31 March 2018 (သက်တမ်းကုန်ဆုံးရက်)

EXTENSION

Director General

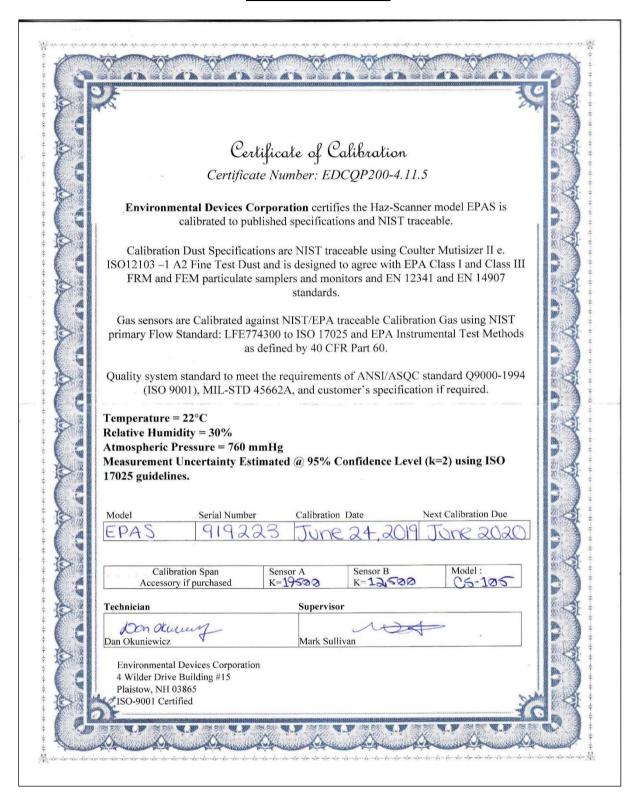
Environmental Conservation Department Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"



Appendix (7): Calibration Certificates of Instruments

Haz-Scanner (EPAS)



Noise Level Meter



Head Office - SH-B5(4), Malikha Housing, Yadanar Road, 14/Bawamyint Quarter (Fingaligyun Town Ph: 01-856 6717, 856 0135, 856 9732, 09 - 502 5972, Hot Line: 09 - 730 87709, 09 - 492 25984, 09 - 261 9850 Branch Office - No. (13/7), Mya Sandar Road, Between 26 x 27 & 62 x 63 Street, Mandalay. Ph. 28 109 100 678 505

Yangon, Myanmar.

To

Green Myanmar Environmental Service

Calibration Date: 18/2/2019

Service Certificate

We here by certified that Sound Level Meter, GM 1356, S/N- CX: 1294184 is servicing

by Amigos Service and Technical Support Department(Amigos International Co., Ltd).

Ywet Nu Nge Senior Engineer (Incharge) Amigos International Co., Ltd

Vibration Meter

Certificate number: 0 KVM 1 5 1 8

Issue date: 21/07/2020

(DDMM/YYYY)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Customer name: Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd.

Product type: TRI-AXIAL GROUNDBORNE VIBRATION METER

Model name : VM = 5 6 Serial number : 3 4 3 9 0 0 6 9

Calibration date: 04/06/2020 (DD/MM/YYYY)

Ambient condition: Temperature 23 °C Relative Humidity 69 %

We hereby certify that the above product was tested and calibrated according to the prescribed RION procedures, and that it fulfills all requirements of the product specifications.

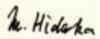
The measuring equipment and reference devices used for testing and calibrating this unit are managed under the RION traceability system and are traceable according to official Japanese standards and official standards of countries belonging to the International Committee of Weights and Measures.

RION primary standards

Model	Model number	Controlled number	Cal due date
Digital multimeter	3458A	MY45051584	07/2020
Universal counter	53230A	MY50004233	03/2021
Function generator	33210A	MY48004949	04/2021

RION working standards

Model	Model number	Controlled number	Cal due date
Digital multimeter	34401A	DM-1297	4/2021
Attenuator	TPA-302	AT-1114	4/2021
Frequency Response Analyzer	FRA5095	FA-1038	6/2020
Function generator	33120A	SY-1155	7/2020



Manager, Quality Assurance Dept.

3-20-41 Higashimotomachi, Kokubunji, Tokyo 185-8533, Japan



20200706-1

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

MIX-6

Calibration Certificate

Calibration Date: 12/9/2021 Part Number: Job Number: 180710

3-Cell Lithium Battery Pack Battery: Assigned User: Green Myannar Environmental Services

1807109-001 Instrument SN: MX6-0000R211 Setup Date: 7/12/2018 Setup Technician: IW Created By: inet

	the second secon	Gas Type	Factor	Span Gas	Span Reserve	Passed/Failed	Gas Alert	Alarm Low	Alarm High	Alarm TWA	Alarm STEL
170907н079	LEL	Pentane	Pentane	25.00	136.00%				20.00		N/A
1806060033	PID	Isobutylene		100.00	193.60%	Passed	0.00	100.00	200.00	100.00	200.00

Sensor SN	Sensor Type	Cal Date/Time	Cylinder ID	Cylinder Exp	Zero Cylinder	Id Zero Cylinder Exp
170907H079	LEL	12/9/2021 1:21:22 PM (GMT+06:30)	236817BC318096	2/26/2022	Fresh Air	N/A
1806060033		12/9/2021 1:19:23 PM (GMT+06:30)			Fresh Air	N/A

: Green Myanmar Co.,Ltd. Next Calibration Due Date is June 2022. Email: saikhinnyunt@pangolin.com.mm. Contact Number: 01-667159, 09-401624520



Combustion Analyzer



www.kane.co.uk

Kane International Ltd

Kane House, 11 Bessemer Road, Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire, Al.7 1GF, UK UK: 0800 059 0800 Int: +44 (0) 1707 375550 Fax: +44 (0) 1707 393277 Email: sales@kane.co.uk

Certificate of Calibration

Issued by: Kane International Limited

Date of Issue: 19/11/2019

Certificate No: T1233A

Ambient Conditions:

Temperature: 21.9 °C.

Humidity: 46.0%R.H.

Barometric Pressure: 1014.1 mbar.

Customer:

Lee Hung Scientific Pte Ltd

Description:

Kane945

Serial No./Ident:

094619400

Our ref:

332391-1-1

Equipment Traceability	Certificate No.	Dated
CO Gas 980 ppm	143485SG	25/01/19
02 Gas 0.0%	1196099	24/07/18
O2 Gas 10.04%	145377	05/01/18
NO Gas 977 ppm	19/032354	17/10/19
SO ₂ Gas 1504 ppm	256006	15/01/18
Pressure DWT 15-1000 mbar	K16314	26/03/19
Thermocouple Simulator TS2	T1022A	14/06/19

TEST METHOD

Gas: The test gas from a certified cylinder is delivered via a nominal 5mbar regulator to the analyser with the analyser pump on.

Pressure: The applied pressure signal is generated by a dead-weight tester with measurements taken at increasing pressure.

Temperature: The test signal is a voltage generated from a thermocouple simulator with values taken from the International Thermocouple Reference Tables, BS EN 60584-1:1996.



www.kane.co.uk

Kans International I tri

Kane House, 11 Bessemer Road, Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire, AL7 1GF, UK IIIV: nann nan nann IInr: +44 (0) 1707 375550 Fax: +44 (0) 1707 393277 Email: sales@kane.co.uk

Certificate of Calibration

issued by: Kane International Limited

Certificate No: T1233A

Applied	Gas Value		Instrument	Reading
-00	0	ppm	0	ppm
CO	980	DDM	981	ppm
Oz	n	k.	0.0	8
0,	10.0	R	10.0	B
NO	0	ppm	٥	ppm
NO	977	ppm	976	ppm
60	0	ppm	Ó	ppm
SO2	1504	ppm	1501	ppm
Applied Pr	ressure Valu	10	Instrument	Reading
	0	mbar	0.00	mbar
P1	100	mle a.u	100.0	mhar
Applied Ten	nperature Va	slue	Instrument	Reading
	0	°C	0.2	°C
Flue (T1)	100	°C	100.3	*C
	500	°C	500.3	°C

Uncertainties assigned to the above measurements are:

Goo: 12 % of reading +2 LSD.

Pressure: ±0.05 % of reading +1 LSD.

Temperature: ±1 °C.

Signature:

Date:

19/11/2019

Aeroquel



Aeroqual Limited

460 Rosebank Road, Avondale, Auckland 1026, New Zealand. Phone: +64-9-623 3013 Fax: +64-9-623 3012 www.aeroqual.com

Calibration Certificate No. 46372

Calibration Date: 19 Oct 2020 10:26

Model: Carbon Monoxide 0-100ppm GSE

Serial No: ECN-1510201-007

Environmental Conditions

Temperature

25.2 90

Relative Humidity

25.0 %

Measurements

Calibration Standard /ppm	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
AQL Sensor (Mean) /ppm	0.0	50.2	0.0	0.0
AQL Sensor (Std. Dev) /ppm	0.000	0.060	0.000	0.000

^{*}The Mean and Standard Deviation are calculated from three consecutive readings.

Calibration Standard

This sensor was calibrated against a certified mixture of carbon monoxide in synthetic air diluted with zero air using mass flow controllers with calibrations traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

QC Approval:

Takao Yamasaki

Date:

19 Oct 2020

Appendix (8): Land Lease Agreement

Sub-Lease Agreement Mingaladon Industrial Park

This Sub-Lease Agreement (hereinafter referred to as the "Agreement") is made at Yangon, on the 31 day of December, 2012

Mingaladon Industrial Park Co., Ltd., located at Corner of No. 3 Highway Road and Khayebin Road, Mingaladon Township, Yangon, The Republic of the Union of Myanmar. (hereinafter referred to as the "Lessor") on the one part.

ROHTO PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD., located at 1-8-1, Tatsuminishi, Ikunoku., Osaka, Japan.(hereinafter referred to as the "Lessee") on the other part;

(The Lessor and the Lessee are hereinafter jointly referred to as the "Parties", including any successors by law to replace the "Parties" independently referred to as the "Party".)

NOW, HEREBY MUTUALLY AGREES AS FOLLOWS;

Chapter 1. The Scope of the Agreement

Plot No.D-5 as per the plan attached hereto as Exhibit A, which shall be deemed as an integral part hereof, the land with the total area of 10,004.00 square-meter (hereinafter referred to as the "Land"),in the Mingaladon Industrial Park (hereinafter referred to as "MIP"), for the purpose of Manufacturing of Cosmetics & other health care products for the period commencing from the issuing date of the Physical Delivery Receipt pursuant to Clause 1.2 below and ending on the date 7th February, 2048 (hereinafter referred to as the "Lease

1 Sy 5.11



1.3 Any costs and expenses, which relates to the execution of this Agreement, of the Land and/or the Lessee's business in the MIP shall be borne by the Lessee

Chapter 2. Warranty and Representation

person duly authorised under the relevant laws and has the right power, sound financial

Chapter 3. Payment Terms

3.1 In consideration for the Lessee's right to take on the lease of the Land, the Lessee shall pay the Lessor land use premium (hereinafter referred to as the "Land Use Premium") totally amounting to US\$ 480,192.00 (United States Dollars Four Hundred and Eighty Thousand One Hundred and Ninety Two only) as follows:

The booking fee which has already been received by the Lessor under the Provisional Allotment amounting to US\$ 48,019.20 (United States Dollars Forty Eight Thousand Nineteen and Cents Twenty only) (hereinafter referred to as the "First Instalment") shall be paid appropriated for the First Instalment of 10% (ten percent) of the Land Use Premium on the date of signing of this Agreement.

b. SECOND INSTALMENT

Within 30 days after signing of this Agreement, 50% (fifty percent) of the Land Use Premium amounting to USS 240,096.00 (United States Dollars Two Hundred and Forty Thousand Ninety Six only) shall be paid to the Lessor (hereinafter referred to as the "Second Instalment") failing which Lessor shall have the right to terminate this Agreement at its own discretion and the First Instalment shall be forfeited.

2 Myse Dy S.11

40% (forty percent) of the Land Use Premium amounting to US\$ 192,076.80 (United States Dollars One Hundred and Ninety Two Thousand Seventy Six and Cents Eighty only) (hereinafter referred to as the "Final Instalment") shall be paid to the Lessor by the Lessee either within 4 (four) months after signing of the Agreement or upon the Lessor's issuing of the Receipt whichever comes earlier, failing which the Lessor shall have the right to terminate this Agreement at its own discretion and the First Instalment and the Second Instalment shall be forfeited.

3.2 Each instalment of the Land Use Premium shall only be deemed to be received by the Lessor at the bank designated by the Lessor.

Chapter 4. Annual Land Rent and Other Fees

In addition to the above consideration, the Lessee shall pay the annual land rent (hereinafter referred to as the "Land Rent") on yearly basis at the rate of USS 0.30 (thirty cents)per year per one square meter, i.e. USS 3,001.20 (United States Dollars Three Thousand One and Cents Twenty only) stipulated in Clause 1 herewith as well as the Management Fees and Utility Charges (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Fees") to be paid in accordance with the estate conditions of the Mingaladon Industrial Park (hereinafter referred to as the "Additional Conditions") attached hereto as Exhibit C. The Lessee shall pay the Land Rent to the Lessor each year not latter than the 5th day of December

The Lessee hereby acknowledges and accepts the right of the Lessor to review and change the rate of the Land Rent at the end of every 5 (five) year period at a rate of no more than 15% (fifteen percent) of the previous rate.

6.1 Whenever the cadastral surveying has been done and found that there A Whence the clausest and expressions are storing into sections and some than the time is a change of area of the Land which does not conform to the area as stipulated in the Agreement, the Lessor shall inform the Lessee thereof to pay and the Lessee agrees to pay the . new amount of the Land Use Premium, the Land Rent and the Fees, based on the adjusted area of the Land from the subsequent date of such notification.

6.2 Subject to Clause 4 hereof, the Lessee and the Lessor agree that the balance of the Land Use Premium, the Land Rent and the Fees for the adjusted part of Land



measured by the Lessor during the period from the commencement date of the Lesse Period to the date of the notification by the Lessor to the Lessee pursuant to the first paragraph of this Clause 4 shall not be paid or reimbursed.

Chapter 5. Event of Default

If at any time and for any reason, the Lessee be in default in any payment of Clause 7. It is any time and to any reason, the Lessoe agrees to pay the Lessor the the Land Use Premium, the Land Rent and the Fees, the Lessee agrees to pay the Lessor the delayed interest at the rate of 18% (eighteen percent) per year for the unpaid portion of the Land Use Premium, the Land Rent and the Fees, as the case may be, until the date on which the payment is actually remitted and credited to the bank account of the Lessor stipulated in Clause 3.2.

Chapter 6. Security of Annual Land Rent

Clause 8.

8.1 The Lessee agrees to provide a security deposit (hereinafter referred to as the "Security") to the Lesseo on the date of the signing of this Agreement by means of cash deposit (hereinafter referred to as the "Cash Deposit") equivalent to the amounts of the Land Rent stipulated in Clause 4.1 and Clause 5 amounting to US\$ 3,001.20 (United States Dollars Three Thousand One and Cents Twenty only).

8.2 If the Lessee, having received the Lessor's notice after causing any damages and/or losses to the Lessor or being in default of the Land Rent and the Fees caused by the Lessoe, the Lessoe grees that the Lessor is entitled to deduct the amount due from the Cash Deposit.

8.3 If the amount of the Cash Deposit falls below the full amount as prescribed in Clause 8.1 for whatsoever reason, the Lessee shall increase the amount of the Cash Deposit to attain such full amount within 45 (forty five) days from the date of the notification by the Lessor.

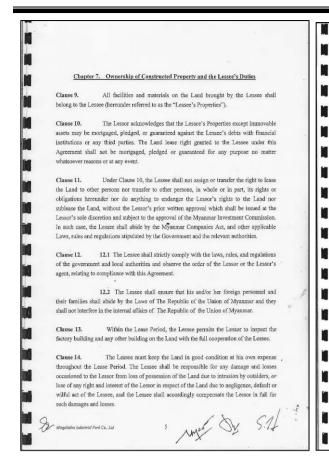
8.4 If the Land Rent is changed by the Lessor pursuant to Clause 5 of the Agreement, the Lessee shall increase the amount of the Cash Deposit to attain such full , amount within 45 (forty five) days from the date of the notification by the Lessor.

8.5 The Security shall be returned to the Lessee with no interest thereon only if and when this Agreement expires or is terminated and all of the obligations of the Lessee have been deemed to be completed by the Lessee.



"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



The Lessee shall bear all taxes, duties and fees charged by the government or local authorities throughout the Lease Period on or relating to the payment of the Land Use Premium, the Land Rent or the Fees and/or its business on the Land.

Should the Lessor suffer damages for whatever reason, directly or indirectly, arising from the performance or non-performance by the Lessee, or its employee agents, servants or visitors in relation to its business in MIP, the Lessee shall be liable for and all make full compensation for such damages of whatson

17.1 The Lessee shall complete the construction of the factory building on the Land within the period of 2 (two) years or any longer period approved by the Lessor from the date of the commencement of the Lease.

17.2 Should the Lessee fail to complete the construction work within such period, the Lessee agrees that this event shall constitute a breach of this Agreement, and the Lessor reserves the right to terminate this Agreement pursua and the Lessor shall have the right to re-enter into the said Land.

Clause 18. During the construction of the factory building on the Land, the Lessee shall agree to permit the Lessor or his agent to inspect the construction at all times. The Lease shall provide convenience and cooperative support and follow the Lessor's advice. Should the Lessor consider that any construction is not in accordance with the detailed Additional Conditions, the Lessor is entitled to instruct the Lessee to correct the construction and the Lessee shall make best efforts to observe the Lessor's instruction. If the Lessor considers that the said faults involve an essential element, the Lessor shall have the right to instruct the Lessee to stop the construction immediately. Any delay or damage arising therefrom cannot be claimed by any event for the extension of the construction period and/ or for reimbursement by the Lessor. Should the plan or the details of construction involve any fault the Lessee agree to let the Lessor decide and such decision shall be final.

The Lessee shall strictly abide by the Additional Conditions and other rules and conditions which shall be attached as an integral part of this Agreement. The Lessee shall comply in full with all the clauses contained therein. In the event of the Lessee's failing to do so, the Lessor shall serve a notice demanding the Lessee to observe and perform in cordance with the Agreement and the Additional Conditions within a specified period, and if the Lessee still fails to perform fully within that period, the Lessor shall sanction the Lessee in accordance with the codes mentioned in the Additional Conditions, and the Lessor shall have the right to terminate the Agreement at its sole discretion and to claim and receive from the Lessee all damages incurred directly or indirectly therefrom

In the event of Lessee's failing to perform in accordar apart from default of payment as specified in Chapter 5, the Lessor shall send a letter of notice to the Lessee demanding observance of the agreement within a specified period, and if the Lessee still does not fully perform within such period, then the Lessor shall have the right to terminate the Agreement at its sole discretion and to claim and receive from Lessee all damages incurred directly or indirectly therefrom.

Chapter 8. Arbitration

21.1 If any dispute arises out of this Agreement or any other agreement or document executed in connection with this Agreement, the Parties hereto shall consult with each other in good faith in order to settle such dispute amicably.

21.2 In the event that such dispute can not be settled amicably, it shall be settled in The Republic of the Union of Myanmar by Arbitration, through two arbitrators, each one of whom shall be appointed by each Party. Should the arbitrators fail to reach an agreement, then such dispute shall be referred to an Umpire nominated by those arbitrators.

The decision of the arbitrators or the Umpire shall be final and binding upon both Parties.

21.3 The Arbitration proceedings shall in all respects conform to the Myanmar Arbitration Act, 1944 (Myanmar Act IV, 1944) or any subsisting statutory modification thereof. The venue of Arbitration shall be in Yangon, The Republic of the Union of Myanmar. The Arbitration fees shall be borne by the losing Party

Chapter 9. Termination

22.1 Should the Agreement be terminated for one of the following

(a) Breach of condition of this Agreement by the other Party without rectification within 30 (thirty) days from the written notification of the other Party,

(b) Force Maieure persisting for more than 6 (six) months after the occurrence thereof, (c) Incapability of implementing the original aims and object of the Lessec,

the Lessee agrees to stop operations immediately and remove all Lessee's Properties mentioned in Chapter 7 from the Land within 30 (thirty) days from the date of termination and return the Land to the Lessor in good condition. If the Lessee fails to do so, the Lessee agrees to pay the Lessor daily damages calculated as follows;

Land Rent per year at the time of the termination x 20

Until the Lessee shall have duly completed such removal and return. Regarding removal of the Lessee's Properties, the Lessee shall bear all related costs of such removal.

22.2 If the Lessce fails to remove such Lessee's Properties or cannot complete the removal, the Lessee shall permit the Lessor to remove such Lessee's Properties and the Lessee shall bear all expenses and damages as mentioned in Clause 22.1 until the day which is deemed by the Lessor as the day of complete removal. In no event shall the Land Use Premium specified in Clause 3 be decreased or refunded due to the termination of the

Chapter 10. Notice

Clause 23. Any notice or other communication required to be given or sent hereunder shall be in English and be left or sent by prepaid registered post (airmail, if overseas) or telex or electronic mail or facsimile transmission or international courier to the Party concerned at its address given underneath describing the names and addresses or such address as the Party concerned shall have notified in concurrence with this Clause to the other

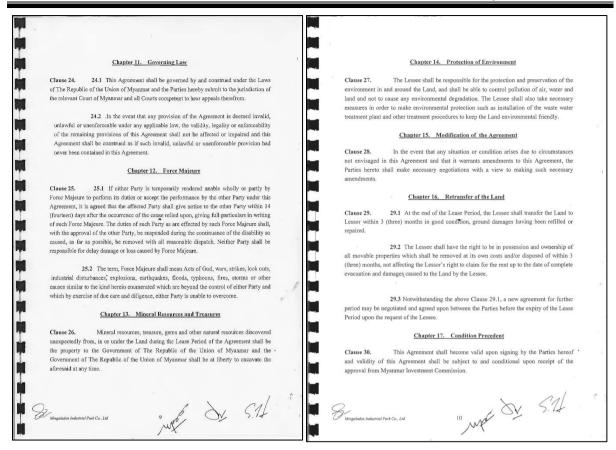
Lessor : Name : Mingaladon Industrial Park Co., Ltd.

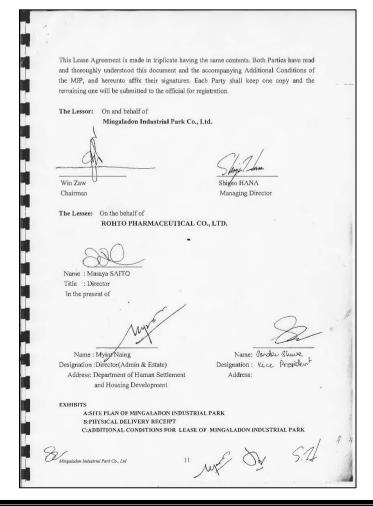
Address : Corner of No.3 Highway Road and Khayebin Road, Mingaladon Township, Yangon, The Republic of the Union of Myanmar

Name: ROHTO PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD.

s just Sit :

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

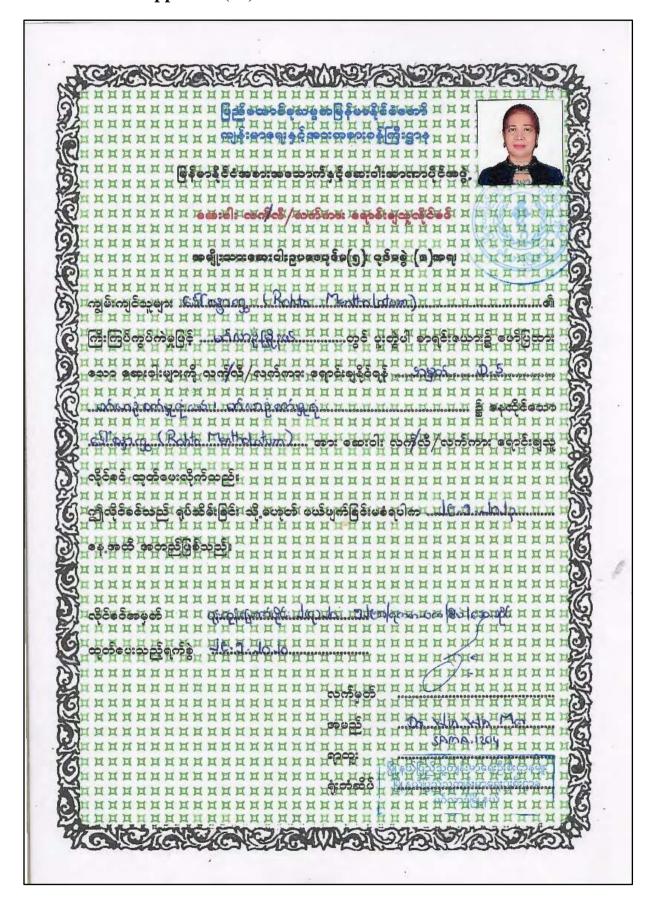




Appendix (9): Electrical Inspection License

S. C.	A EEE	စက်မှုဝန်ကြီးဌာန ကြီး စက်မှုကြီးကြပ်ရေးနှင့်စစ်ဆေးရေးဦးစီးဌာန လျှပ်စစ် – စစ်ဆေးရေးဌာန				
	အမှတ် – ၁၉၂၊	ကမ္ဘာအေးဘုရားလမ်း၊ ဗဟန်းမြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်မြို့				
	လျှပ်စစ်ဓာတ်အားအသုံး	ပြုခြင်းဆိုင်ရာ အန္တရာယ်ကင်းရှင်းကြောင်းလက်မှတ်				
	လက်မှတ်အမှတ်စဉ် <u>E</u>	1/YD-664/10-2021				
အော ထုတ်	ဆးရာတွင် လျှပ်စစ်ဥပဒေ ဆိုင်စ က်ဖော်ပြပါ နေရာဒေသ၌ လျှပ်စစ် ဝဲပေးလိုက်သည်။	၃၂(ဃ) တွင် ပြဋ္ဌာန်းချက်အရ လျှပ်စစ်ဓာတ်အား အသုံးပြုခြင်းလုပ်ငန်းဂ ရာ လုပ်ထုံးလုပ်နည်းများနှင့် ကိုက်ညီကြောင်း စစ်ဆေးတွေ့ရှိရသဖြ ဓာတ်အားအသုံးပြုခြင်း လုပ်ငန်းကို အန္တရာယ်ကင်းရှင်းကြောင်း လက်မှဂ				
Oll	လျှပ်စစ်ဓာတ်အားအသုံးပြုခြင်း					
	(က) သတ်မှတ်ဗို့အား	900/J20 8				
	(ခ) လုပ်ငန်းအမျိုးအမည်	ဆေးနှင့်အလှကုန်ပစ္စည်းထုတ်လုပ်ငန်း Rohto Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co.,Ltd				
	(ဂ) ခွင့်ပြုဝန်အား	172 HP+ 50 KVA (Generator)				
اال	နေရာဒေသ	ദ്വേത്യ				
	*	အမှတ်(ဒီ–၅)၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံစက်မှုဇုန် ၊				
		မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၊				
(5)	လက်မှတ်ထုတ်ပေးသည့်ရက်	JG . oc . g _L				
(9)	လက်မှတ်ကုန်ဆုံးသည့်ရက်	Jg. 20 . JoJJ				
	(ကျောဘက်တွင် ဖော်ပြထားသော စည်းကမ်းချက်များကို လိုက်နာရပါမည်။) မှတ်ချက်။					
		စစ်ဆေးရေးမျှုး ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး လျှပ်စစ်စစ်ဆေးရေးဌာန				

Appendix (10): Retail and Whole Sale License



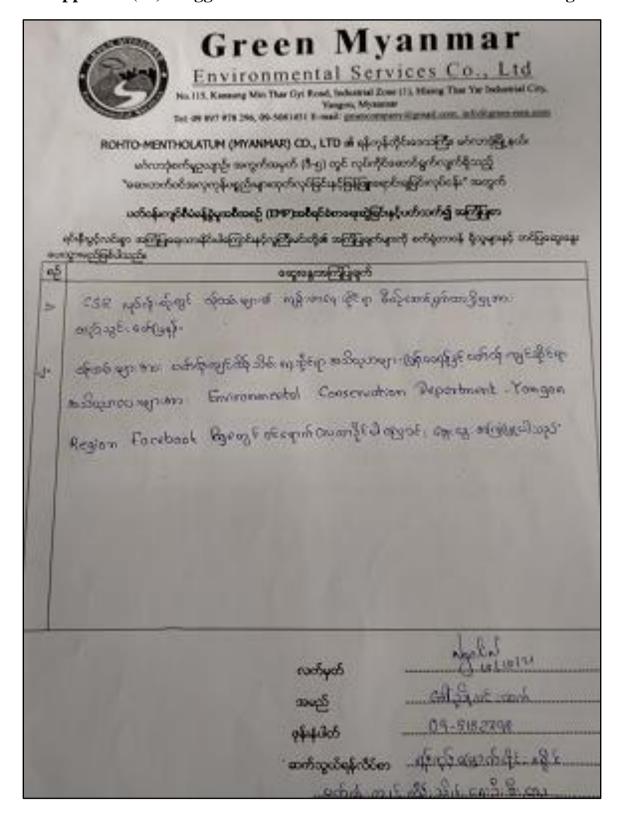
Appendix (11): Attendee list of Public Consultation Meeting

ବ୍	E No.115, Tel: 09 8 န်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊ မင်္ဂလာဝုံ	Green Myanma nvironmental Services Co., Kanaung Min Thar Gyi Road, Industrial Zone (1), Hlaing Thar Yar In Yangon, Myanamar 197 978 296, 09-5081451 E-mail: gmescompany@gmail.com. info@g မြို့နယ်၊ မင်္ဂလာခုံစက်မှဥယျာဉ်ရှိ	Ltd ndustrial City, gmes-mm.com
	ඉහපටගරිගරිපහද	ကုန်ပစ္စည်းများထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်းနှင့် ခြန်မြူးရောင်းခြေင်း လုပ်ငန်း" အတွ ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီနှစ့်နွဲမှုအစီအစဉ်	က်
	အဓီရင်စံတစ	ရေးဆွဲခြင်းနှင့်ပတ်သက်၍ ဆွေးနွေးပွဲသို့တက်ရောက်သူများတရင်း	
		ရက်စွဲ ။ 🕡 ၂၀၂၁ ခုနှစ်၊ ဒေဘဝ	က်တိုဘာလ (၁၆)ရက်
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٥	မေါ်ညိုလ€:ထက်	ခဲ့တို့က် အ ျေး ၊ ရန်ကုန်မြောက်ပြီး အိုင် ၊ ECD	nyolini
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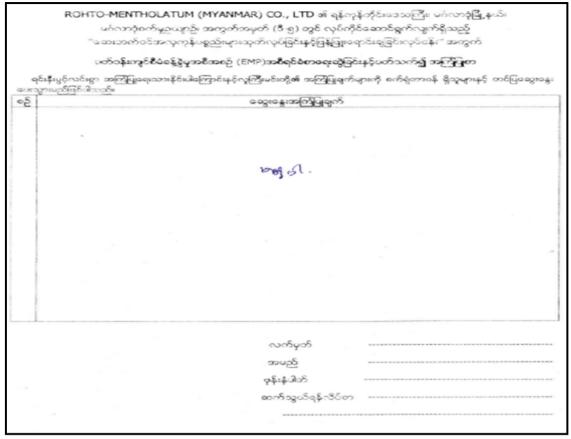
Environmental Management Plan-EMP Report "Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

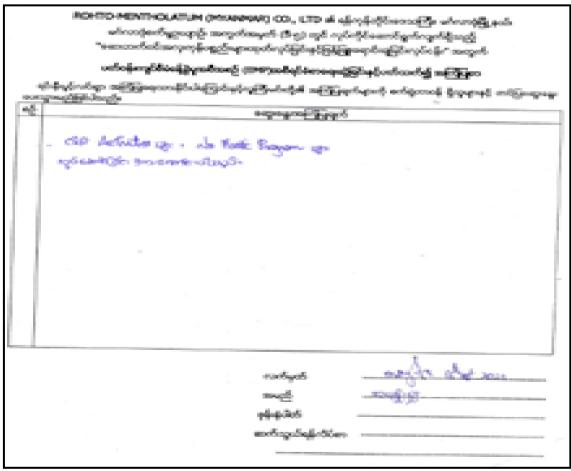
q	E n No.115, K Tel: 09 89 န်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြိ ဆေးဘက်ဝင်အလူ	Freen Myanma vironmental Services Co., Canaung Min Thar Gyi Road, Industrial Zone (1), Hlaing Thar Yar Ind Yangon, Myanmar 7 978 296, 09-5081451 E-mail: gmescompany@gmail.com, info@gm နယ်၊ မင်္ဂလာဗုံစက်မှုဥယျာဉ်ရှိ	Ltd ustrial City, es-mm.com
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Appendix (12): Suggestion ltter from Public Consultation Meeting



"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"





Environmental Management Plan-EMP Report "Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

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ecco	င်းနှီးမွင့်လင်းစွာ ဘူးမည်ဖြစ်ပါသ	အကြံပြုငေ ည်။	ုးသားနိုင်းပါ <u>ကြေ</u>			များကို စက်ရုံတာဝန်	ရှိသူများနှင့် တင်ပြစ	වේගේ
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				စုန်းနံ	2.6	Characteristics	-	

	မင်္ဂလာခဲ့စက်မှုဥယျာဦး အကွ	ინთყინ (შ-ე) თვნ ი	ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊ မင်္ဂလာစုံမြို့နယ်၊ ပုပ်ကိုင်ဆောင်ရွက်လူက်ရှိသည့် ဖြူရောင်းရဖြင်းလုပ်ငန်း" အတွက်
451			တွေဖြင်းနှင့်ပတ်သက် ၍ အကြံပြုတ ဖွဲ့ရက်များကို စက်ရုံတာဝန် ရှိသူများနှင့် တင်ပြင်ဆွေးမွှေး
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Environmental Management Plan-EMP Report "Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

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	စီပံပန့်ခွဲမှုတစ်တလုံး (EMP)တစ်လုံးဝဲကဝရးဆွဲပြင်း	
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	ROHTO-MENTHOLATUM (MYANMAR) CO., LTD ၏ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံစက်မှုဥယျာဉ်၊ အကွက်အမှတ် (ဒီ-၅) တွင် လုပ်ကိုင်ဆောင်ရွက်လျှက်ရှိသည့် "ဆေးဘက်ဝင်အလှကုန်ပစ္စည်းများထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်းနှင့်မြန့်ပြူးရောင်းရခြင်းလုပ်ငန်း" အတွက်
	ဟာ်ဝန်းကျင်စိမ်ဝန်းခွဲမှုအစီအစဉ် (EMP)အစီရင်စံတရေးခွဲခြင်းနှင့်ဟာ်သက်၍ အကြံပြုတ င်းနီးမွင့်လင်းစွာ အကြံပြုရေးသားနိုင်းပါကြောင်းနှင့်လကြီးမင်းတို့၏ အကြံပြုတွင်းတွင် စည်းတာနှင့် မိန်းတွေနှင့် မ
စည်	ပွားမည်ဖြစ်ပါသည်။ မညာများနှင့် တင်ပြင်ဆွေးနွေး ဆွေးနွေးအကြံပြုရက်
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Appendix (13): Requesting Letter form GMES to Project Proponent for Suggestion Letter on Public Consultaion Meeting



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တာဝန်ခံ ROHTO-MENTHOLATUM (MYANMAR) CO., LTD အကွက်အမှတ် (ဒီ-၅)၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံစက်မှုဥယျာဉ်၊ မင်္ဂလာဒုံမြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီး။

ရက်စွဲ - ၂၀၂၁ ခုနှစ်၊ နိုဝင်ဘာလ (🕠 ရက်

အကြောင်းအရာ၊

ROHTO-MENTHOLATUM (MYANMAR) CO., LTD ၏ "ဆေးဘက်ဝင် အလှကုန်ပစ္စည်းများထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်းနှင့်ဖြန့်ဖြူးရောင်းချစြင်းလုပ်ငန်း" စက်ရုံ အတွက် အများပြည်သူများ၏ အကြံပြုချက်များ ညှိနိုင်းပြန့်ကြား ပေးပါရန်ကိစ္စ။

အထက်အကြောင်းအရာပါကိစ္စနှင့်စပ်လျဉ်း၍ Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd. နှင့် ROHTO-MENTHOLATUM (MYANMAR) CO., LTD တို့သည် အကွက်အမှတ် (ဒီ-၅) မင်္ဂလာခံ့စက်မှုဥယျာဉ်၊ မင်္ဂလာခံ့မြို့နယ်၊ ရန်ကုန်တိုင်းဒေသကြီးရှိ "လေးဘက်ဝင် အလှကုန်ပစ္စည်းများ ထုတ်လုပ်ခြင်းနှင့်ဖြန့်ဖြူးရောင်းချခင်းလုပ်ငန်း" စက်ရုံအတွက် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်စီမံနေ့နွဲမှုအစီအဝဉ် (Environmental Management Plan - EMP) အစီရင်ခံစာ ရေးဆွဲပေးရန် သဘောတူတချုပ် ချုပ်ဆိုခဲ့ကြပါသည်။ အစီရင်ခံစာတွင် အများပြည်သူသဘောထားရယူခြင်းနှင့် သတင်းအချက်အလက်များ ထုတ်ပြန်ခြင်းခေါင်းစဉ်အတွက် ရေးသားဖော်ပြရန် ၂၀၂၁ ခုနှစ် အောက်တိုဘာလ (၁၆)ရက်နေ့တွင် အများပြည်သူများနှင့်၎င်း တွေဆုံညှိနိုင်း အကြံပြုချက်များ ရယုခဲ့ပါသည်။ ယင်းအကြံပြုချက်များကို ဖတ်ရှ လေ့လာခဲ့ရာတွင် ဖော်ပြပါ အချက်များကို ROHTO-MENTHOLATUM (MYANMAR) CO., LTD မှ ပြန်လည်ရှင်းလင်းပေးစေလိုပါသဖြင့် ဖြေရှင်းပေးရမည့် မေးခွန်းများကို အောက်တွင် ဖော်ပြထားပါသည်။

(က) အများပြည်သူများနှင့်တွေဆုံဆွေးနွေးပွဲမှအကြံပြုရက်များ

- ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဆိုင်ရာအဖွဲ့ကို စက်ရုံ တွင် ဖွဲ့စည်းထားရန်နှင့် ၎င်းအဖွဲ့အစည်း အနေဖြင့်
 ပတ်ဝန်းထိန်းသိမ်းစောင့်ရှောက်မှုဆိုင်ရာ များနှင့်ပတ်သက်၍ စက်ရုံဝန်ထမ်းများကို အသိ ပညာပေးခြင်း၊
 သင်တန်းများ ပို့ချခြင်းများကို လုပ်ဆောင်သင့်ပါကြောင်း၊
- ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာနမှ ချမှတ်ထားသော လမ်းညွှန်ချက်များအတိုင်း လိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက် သင့်ပါကြောင်း၊
- စက်ရုံတွင် လုပ်ကိုင်နေ့ကြသော ဝန်ထမ်းများအတွက် ကျန်းမာရေးစောင့်ရှောက်မှုဆိုင်ရာများကို အလေးထား ဆောင်ရွက်သင့်ပါ ကြောင်း၊
- စက်ရုံလုပ်ငန်းအတွက် လိုအပ်သော လုပ်ငန်းလိုင်စင်များကို သက်ဆိုင်ရာဌာနဆိုင်များသို့ တင်ပြ၍
 ခွင့်ပြုချက်တောင်းခံပြီး လိုက်နာ လုပ်ဆောင်သင့်ပါကြောင်း အကြံပြုအပ်ပါသည်။
- ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုဆိုင်ရာစီစဉ် ဆောင်ရွက် ထားရှိမှုများကောင်းမွန်ပါသည်။

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

- Future plan တွင် Facial wash product များ ထုတ်လုပ်ရာတွင် Mixing process နှင့် cleaning process
 များ ရှိလာမည် ဖြစ်သဖြင့် waste water treatment system အား ပုံမှန်ပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုများ
 လုပ်ဆောင်သင့် ပါသည်။
- CSR activities များ ၊ No plastic program များ လုပ်ဆောင်ခြင်းအားဖြင့် ကောင်းမွန်ပါသည်။
- အစိုးရမှထုတ်ပြန်ထားသော ဥပဒေနှင့်စည်းမျဉ်း များအတိုင်း လိုက်နာ ဆောင်ရွက်ပေးပါရန်။
- CSR လုပ်ငန်းစဉ်တွင် ဝန်ထမ်းများ၏ ကျန်းမာရေးဆိုင်ရာ စီစဉ် ဆောင်ရွက် ထားရှိမှုအား ထည့်သွင်းဖော်ပြရန်။
- ဝန်ထမ်းများအား ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေး ဆိုင်ရာ အသိပညာများ ဖြန့်ဝေရန်နှင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင် ဆိုင်ရာ အသိပညာပေးများအား Environmental Conservation Department – Yangon Region Facebook တွင် ဝင်ရောက်လေ့လာနိုင်ပါကြောင်း ဆွေးနွေးအကြိပြုသည်။

လေးစားစွာဖြင့်

26/11/202

မိတ္တူကို -ရုံးလက်ခံ Kyaw Soe Win Managing Director Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd.

Appendix (14): Response and Recommendation on the Suggestion from PCM



		ခပ ်းမည့်အစီအစဉ် ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂ ၂
_	အကြံပြရက်ဆန္ဒသဘောထားများ	သောင်ရွက်ပေးမည့်အစီအစဉ်
(0	n) အများပြည်သူများနှင့်တွေဆုံဆွေးနွေးပွဲမှအကြံပြ	ရြက်များ
•	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဆိုင်ရာအဖွဲ့ ကို စက်ရုံ တွင် ဖွဲစည်းထားရန်နှင့် ၎င်းအဖွဲ့အစည်း အနေဖြင့် ပတ်ဝန်းထိန်းသိမ်းစောင့်ရှောက်မှုဆိုင်ရာ များနှင့်ပတ်သက်၍ စက်ရုံဝန်ထမ်းများကို အသိ ပညာပေးခြင်း၊ သင်တန်းများ ပို့ချခြင်းများကို လုပ်ဆောင်သင့်ပါကြောင်း။	ပါလျှဘစ်ည္က မ ရေား မိုင္ဂ သလုသ လူ၍ ဆက္လရိုဝန်က ရင် ရော လုပ် နာသ သည်ဆင်က (မိုင်း) သည်တော်နိုင်ရသည် မြေလ (လုပ် နာသ ပလုဆင်က (မိုင်း) သည်တော်နှင့် များ ထို ချလေး (လျှ လုပ် ပလုဆင်း လျှင် ထိုနှင့် (မိုင်း) ထို ချလေး (လျှ လုပ် ပလုဆင်း လျှင် ထိုနှင့် (မိုင်း) လုပ် (မိုင်း) လုပ် (မိုင်း) (
•	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေးဦးစီးဌာနမှ ချမှတ် ထားသော လမ်းညွှန်ရက်များအတိုင်း လိုက်နာ ဆောင်ရွက် သင့်ပါကြောင်း၊	30000 100 mg 20 1 20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
•	စက်ရုံတွင် လုပ်ကိုင်နေကြသော ဝန်ထမ်းများ အတွက် ကျန်းမာရေးစောင့်ရှောက်မှုဆိုင်ရာ များကို အလေးထားဆောင်ရွက်သင့်ပါကြောင်။	ေလျပို့ မာလရေးလုပ်ကိုမိုး မသျက်ရ ရှိသော လုပ်မာမ်းများ အနီ ကျန်း မာလရေးလုပ် ဒေသနှဲ့ ဂျသေး ခန်း ဗနား၊ လျမှု ၾကို ရေး အေးများ ခွင့်သက်စဉ္စပတ်၍ အောင်ရောက်၍ ပေး လုပ်လုပ်ပါသည်။
•		ကိုန်ဆုံး ကါလည်ဂျဘဘာ့။ မေး ယုံမြော်ဆော့သက်လေသည် ေ ကြယ္ခရာ လေရိုလူလေသုံငြင်း သလုံဆိုင်သည် ေ ကြယ္ခရာ လန္တေလျှင်း သိုင္တေသည် ေ ကြယ္ခရာ လန္တေလျှင်း မေဒိလုံ ကြဲစာရသော မင်္ကား မြင့်ဆိုင္ လန္တေလျှင်း မေဒိလုံ ကြဲစာရသည့်။
•	ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုဆိုင်ရာစီစဉ် ဆောင်ရွက်ထားရှိမှုများကောင်းမွန်ပါသည်။	95m5d10025~
•	Future plan တွင် Facial wash product များ ထုတ်လုပ်ရာတွင် Mixing process နှင့် deaning process များ ရှိလာမည် ဖြစ်သဖြင့် waste water treatment system အား ပုံမှန်ပြုပြင်ထိန်းသိမ်းမှုများ လုပ်ဆောင်သင့် ပါသည်။	Alecy ed: 33 I under the Brings and off the state of the
•	CSR activities များ ၊ No plastic program များ လုပ်ဆောင်ခြင်းအားဖြင့် ကောင်းမွန် ပါသည်။	By bot company some can activities and plantic proposed up: allowed and posed to the proposed and the propos
	ရေးဆိုင်ရာ စီစဉ် ဆောင်ရွက်ထားရှိမှုအား	
	ထည့်သွင်းဖော်ပြရန်။ ဝန်ထမ်းများအား ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ထိန်းသိမ်းရေး ဆိုင်ရာ အသိပညာများ မြန့်ဝေရန်နှင့် ပတ်ဝန်းကျင်ဆိုင်ရာ အသိပညာပေးများအား Environmental Conservation Department – Yangon Region Facebook တွင်	พุท: (บุรีกษณ์ บุรีอาสุร สีเขาสาร ครั้งสู่: บางลุร พ. ยาริสา อุริบร์สรัชกาลส์: Environmental Conservation Department
	 Yangon Region Facebook တွင ဝင်ရောက်လေ့လာနိုင်ပါကြောင်း ဆွေးနွေး အကြံပြသည်။ 	- Yousen Realin Parchark on Engerno

Appendix (15): Laboratory Analysis Reuslts of Water



Tel: 09 897 978 296, 09-5081451 E-mail: info@gmes-mm.com

Project Name: : Rohto-Mentholatum

(Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

Sample ID: 1 Municipal water

Date of Collection: 27.5.2021

Sampling Location: Plot No. D-5, Mingaladon Latitude: N 16' 56' 22.15"

Industrial Park (MIP)

Date of Arrival at Lab: 27.5.2021

Longitude: E 96' 9' 15.07" Date of Issue of Results: 10.6.2021

Laboratory Analysis Results of Ambient Water

	Labor ato	I y ZXIII	nysis ites	uits of Amor	distribution in professional contraction	
Sr. No.	Parameters	Unit	Analysis Value	Minimum Measurement Range of Method	National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (2015) General Application	National Environmental Quality (Emission) Guidelines (2015) Sugar Manufacturing
1.	5-day Biochemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	<30	30	50	50
2.	Ammonia	mg/l	0.34	0.01	10	.=
3.	Arsenic	mg/l	0	0.005	0.1	=
4.	Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	<30	30	250	250
5.	Chromium (Hexavalent)	mg/l	0.11	0.2	0.1	-
6.	Chromium (Total)	mg/l	0.16	0.02	0.5	
7.	Copper	mg/l	ND	0.5	0.5	-
8.	Cyanide (Total)	mg/l	ND	0.01	i a	-
9.	Iron	mg/l	0.1	0.1	3.5	-
10.	Nickel	mg/l	ND	0.2	0.5	-
11.	Oil and Grease	mg/l	<5	5	10	10
12.	pH	1=0	7.58	0.1	6~9	6~9
13.	Phenol	mg/l	0.22	0.1	0.5	1-1
14.	Sulfide	mg/l	ND	0.04	1,	X#4
15.	Temperature	.C	27	1	<35	<35
16.	Total Phosphorus	mg/l	0.14	0.02	2	2
17.	Total Suspended Solids	mg/l	24	1	50	50
18.	Zine	mg/l	ND	0.02	2	1

*ND-Not Detected

Analyzed By

Approved By

Daw Tun Eaindra Soe Technician (Laboratory)

U Thet Min Paing In-Charge (Laboratory)

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



Tel: 09 897 978 296, 09-5081451 E-mail: info@gmes-mm.com

Project Name: Rohto-Mentholatum

Sample ID: 1 Municipal water

Date of Collection: 27.5.2021

(Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

Sampling Location: Plot No. D-5, Mingaladon Latitude: N 16' 56' 24.36" Industrial Park (MIP)

Date of Arrival at Lab: 27.5.2021

Longitude: E 96' 9' 17.17"

Date of Issue of Results: 10.6.2021

Laboratory Analysis Results of Water

				Minimum	D	rinking Water S	Standards
Sr. No.	Parameters	Unit	Analysis Value	Measurement Range of Methods	WHO (2011)	EPA (Spring 2012)	Indian Specification(IS:10 500,2012)
1.	Aluminum	mg/l	0.09	0.01	0.2	0.2	0.03
2.	Arsenic	mg/l	0	0.005	0.01	0.01	0.01
3.	Chloride	mg/l	14	5	250	250	250
4.	Copper	mg/l	ND	0.5	2	1	0.05
5.	Cyanide	mg/l	ND	0.01	0.07	0.2	0.05
6.	Manganese	mg/l	ND	0.2	0.4	0.05	0.1
7.	pH	12	7.4	0.1	6.5~8.5	6.5~8.5	6.5~8.5
8.	Sulfate	mg/l	4.2	2	250	250	200
9.	Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	mg/l	68	5	-	2	200
10.	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	260	1	600	500	500
11.	Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/l	61	5	500	-	200
12.	Total Iron	mg/l	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3
13.	Turbidity	NTU	6.7	0.01	5		1

*ND-Not Detected

Analyzed By

Approved By

Daw Tun Eaindra Soe Technician (Laboratory) U Thet Min Paing

In-Charge (Laboratory)

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





Laboratory Technical Consultant: U Saw Christopher Maung
B.Sc Engg: (Civil), Dip S.E(Delft) Lecturer of YIT (Retd). Consultant (Y.C.D.C), LWSE 001.
Former Member (UNICEF, Water quality monitoring & Surveillance Myanmar)

WTL-RE-001 Issue Date - 01-12-2012 Effective Date - 01-12-2012 Issue No - 1.0/Page 2 of 2

W0621 032

WATER QUALITY TEST RESULTS FORM

Client	Mentho Latum (Myanmar) Co.,Ltd.
Nature of Water	Municipal Water
Location	N - 16°56' 24.36", E - 96°9' 17.17"
Date and Time of collection	27.5.2021
Date and Time of arrival at Laboratory	2.6.2021
Date and Time of commencing examination	3.6.2021
Date and Time of completing	5.6.2021

Results of Water Analysis

WHO Drinking Water Guideline (Geneva - 1993)

Temperature (°C)		°C	
Fluoride (F)		mg/l	1.5 mg/l
Lead (as Pb)		mg/l	0.01 mg/l
Arsenic (As)		mg/l	0.01 mg/l
Nitrate (N.NO ₃)		mg/l	50 mg/l
Chlorine (Residual)		mg/l	
Ammonia Nitrogen (NH ₃)		mg/l	
Ammonium Nitrogen (NH ₄)	4 (40)	mg/l	
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)		mg/l	
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)		mg/l	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		mg/l	
(5 days at 20 °C)	=		
Cyanide (CN)	Nil	mg/l	0.07 mg/l
Zinc (Zn)		mg/l	3 mg/l
Copper (Cu)	Nil	mg/l	2 mg/l
Silica (SiO ₂)		mg/l	-

Remark: This certificate is issued only for the receipt of the test sample.

Tested by

Signature:

Name:

Zaw Hein Oo B.Sc (Chemistry)

Sr.Chemist ISO TECH Laboratory Approved by

Signature:

Name:

Soe Thit

B.B. (Civil) 1980,

Technical Officer
ISO TECH Laboratory

(a division of WEG Co.,Ltd.)

No.18. Lanthit Road, Nanthargone Quarter, Insein Township, Yangon, Myanmar.
Ph: 01-640955, 09-73225175, 09-30339681, 01-644506, E-mail: isotechlaboratory@gmail.com, Website: weg-myanmar.com

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





Laboratory Technical Consultant: U Saw Christopher Maung
B.Sc Engg: (Civil), Dip S.E(Delft) Lecturer of YIT (Retd). Consultant (Y.C.D.C), LWSE 001.
Former Member (UNICEF, Water quality monitoring & Surveillance Myanmar)

WTL-RE-001 Issue Date - 01-12-2012 Effective Date - 01-12-2012 Issue No - 1.0/Page 1 of 2

W0621 032

WATER QUALITY TEST RESULTS FORM

Client	Mentho Latum (Myanmar) Co.,Ltd.
Nature of Water	Municipal Water
Location	N - 16°56' 24.36", E - 96°9' 17.17"
Date and Time of collection	27.5.2021
Date and Time of arrival at Laboratory	2.6.2021
Date and Time of commencing examination	3.6.2021
Date and Time of completing	5.6.2021

Results of Water Analysis

WHO Drinking Water Guideline (Geneva - 1993)

рН	7.4		6.5 - 8.5
Colour (True)		TCU	15 TCU
Turbidity	9	NTU	5 NTU
Conductivity		micro S/cm	
Total Hardness	42	mg/l as CaCO ₃	500 mg/l as CaCO ₃
Calcium Hardness		mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Magnesium Hardness		mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Total Alkalinity	58	mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Phenolphthalein Alkalinity		mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Carbonate (CaCO ₃)		mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)		mg/l as CaCO ₃	
Iron	0.36	mg/l	0.3 mg/l
Chloride (as CL)	12	mg/l	250 mg/l
Sodium Chloride (as NaCL)		mg/l	
Sulphate (as SO ₄)	10	mg/l	500 mg/l
Total Solids		mg/l	1500 mg/l
Total Suspended Solids		mg/l	
Total Dissolved Solids	69	mg/l	1000 mg/l
Manganese	Nil	mg/l	0.05 mg/l
Phosphate		mg/l	
Phenolphthalein Acidity		mg/l	
Methyl Orange Acidity		mg/l	
Salinity		ppt	

Remark: This certificate is issued only for the receipt of the test sample.

Tested by Signature:

Name:

Zaw Hein Oo

B.Sc (Chemistry)

Approved by

Signature: Name:

Soe Thit B.E (Civil) 1980,

Sr.Chemist

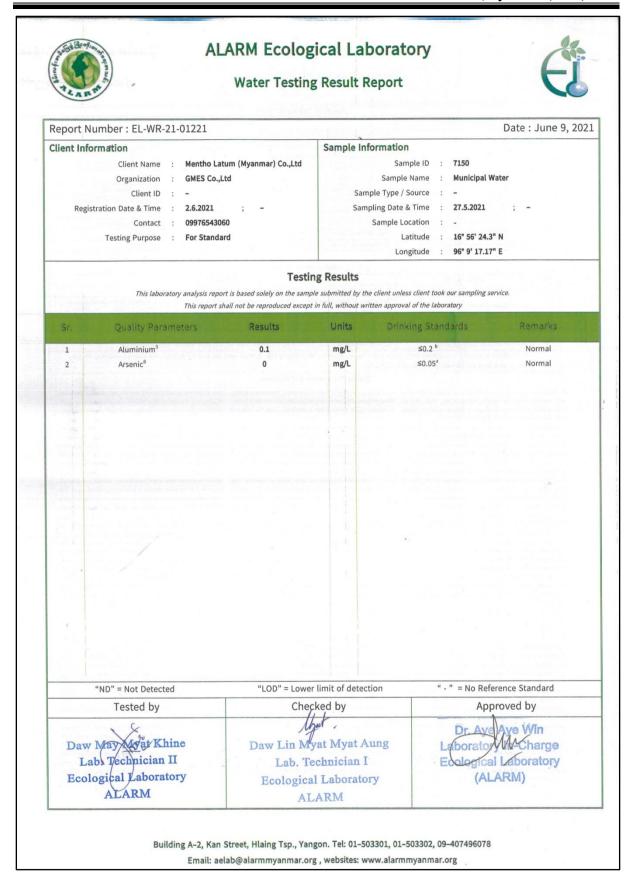
Technical Officer ISO TECH Laboratory

(a division of WEG Co.,Ltd.)SO TECH Laboratory

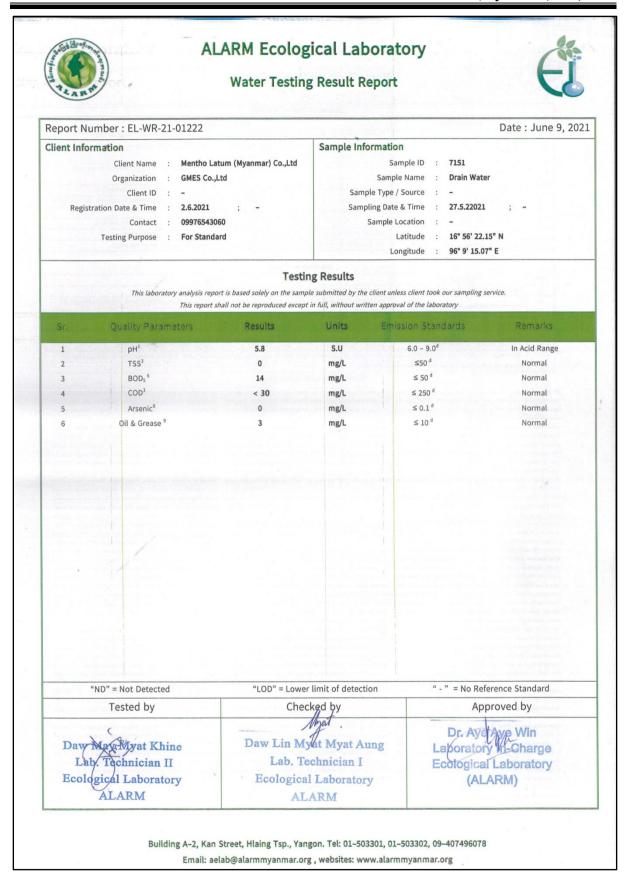
No.18. Lanthit Road, Nanthargone Quarter, Insein Township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Ph: 01-640955, 09-73225175, 09-30339681, 01-644506, E-mail: isotechlaboratory@gmail.com, Website: weg-myanmar.com

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"



"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"



Appendix (16): Laboratory Analysis Result of Soil



Green Myanmar Environmental Services Co., Ltd

No.115,Kanaung Min Thar Gyi Road, Industrial Zone (1),Hlaing Thar Yar Industrial City, Yangon, Myanmar

Tel: 09 897 978 296, 09-5081451 E-mail: info@gmes-mm.com

Project Name: : Rohto-Mentholatum

(Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

Sampling Location: Plot No. D-5, Mingaladon Industrial Park (MIP) Sample ID: SS-1 (augas)

Latitude: N 16' 56' 23.7" Date of

Date of Collection: 27.5.2021

Date of Arrival at Lab: 27.5.2021

Date of Issue of Results: 10.6.2021

Laboratory Analysis Results of Soil

Longitude: E 96' 9' 18.3"

Sr. No.	Parameters	Unit	Analysis Value	Minimum Measurement Range of Methods
1.	Aluminum	mg/kg soil	0.1	0.05 mg/kg soil
2.	Arsenic	mg/kg soil	0	0.025 mg/kg soil
3.	Chloride	g/kg soil	0.675	0.025 mg/kg soil
4.	Copper	mg/kg soil	ND	2.5 mg/kg soil
5.	Cyanide	mg/kg soil	ND	0.05 mg/kg soil
6.	Extractable Acidity	cmol/kg soil	4.25	0.25 cmol/kg soil
7.	Manganese	mg/kg soil	2.85	1 mg/kg soil
8.	P - Alkalinity	mmol/l extract	0	0.2 mmol/l extract
9.	рН	-	6.42	0.1
10.	Total Alkalinity	mmol/l extract	3.1	0.2 mmol/l extract
11.	Total Iron	g/kg soil	0.0005	0.0005 g/kg soil

*ND-Not Detected

Analyzed By

Approved By

Daw Tun Eaindra Soe Technician (Laboratory)

U Thet Min Paing In-Charge (Laboratory)

Appendix (17): Safety Data Sheets of Using Chemicals in Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Preparation Date 2010/04/16
Revision Date 2010

Skin Contact

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Wash with soap and water.
Immediately cell a doctor.
If skin irritation or rash cours, get medical advice and attention.
Eye Contact.

Eye Contact.

Eye Contact.

Eye Contact.

Eye Contact.

Ingestion

In

Prevention Measures for Secondary
Accidents

Prevention Measures for Secondary
Accidents

Removes all ignition sources promptly. (Prohibition of smoking, sparks, and filames in the surrounding area).
Isolate flammables (such as wood, paper, and oil) from the leakage.
Prevent flowing into drain, sewage, basement, and closed area.

Section 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE
Handling

Provide ventilation system and use recessary personal protective equipment as described in Section 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION*.

Prevaidors for Safe
Do not hardle surfal all safety precautions have been severed as a well-ventilated place.
Avoid release to the environment.
Do not get in eyes, on sikin or on clothing. Ventilate the exhaust to leap the concentration in the air below the exposure limit.

Obtain special instructions before use.
Use properly by reading "Precautions for Use" labeled on the container before use or disposal.
Wash hand theroughly after handling.
Exhibit use of heats, sparks, and fire in the surrounding area.
Do not contact breather or wallow.
Do not expose to temperatures exceeding appropriate temperature.
Do not breathe dust and films.

Prevents Handling of Refer to 'Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY'.

Wash hand theroughly after handling.

Prevents temperature with such manners as tumbling down, falling, exposing to shock, or undirective temperature and the substances of Mixtures.
Specific Hyrigene.

Storage Precautionary
Statements

Storage Precaudionary
Conditions for Safe
Storage for should have penetration-proof construction against deargerous goods.
The storage floor should have penetration-proof construction against deargerous goods in other provided to catch any spills.
The roof of a storage facility should be made of a non-combustible material.

The storage facility should be designed with fire-proof construction and beams should use a non-combustible material.

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

1.3-Butylene Glycol [1.3-BG], DAICEL CORPORATION, 13BG E11, 2018/03/12, 5/7 Specific Gravity (Density) Solubility Partition Coefficient: n-Octanol/Water Auto-Ignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature 1.004g/cm3 (20°C) ≥50%(20°C, pH6.1) log Kow=-0.29(calco Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY Reactivity Chemical stability Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage. Possibility of Hazardous Reaction Contact(React) with strong oxidizers may cause fire Cortactureact) with strong extracers may cause the and explosions. Fire, heat, incompatibles. Fire, heat, incompatibles. Strong exidizers, strong alkalis and chemicals react with hydroxyl groups (e.g. isocyanate). Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may form when heated to decomposition. Conditions to Avoid Incompatible Substances or Mixtures Hazardous Decomposition Products Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Acute Toxicity Oral Skin Corrosion/Irritation Not classified; LD50=22800mg/kg (Rat)
Not classified; Skin irritation test (4hr 0.5ml rabbit) not irritating P.I.I=0 Cumulative skin irritation test (28-days, guinea pig) : not irritating Respiratory sensitization: No data available. Skin sensitization: Not classified; skin sensitization test (Guinea Pig Maximization Test) : negative. Skin photosensitivity test (guinea pig) : negative Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity Ames test; negative, Dominant lethal test (rodents) (TG478): negative Carcinogenicity
Reproductive Toxicity
Specific target organ toxicity
(single exposure)
Specific target organ toxicity
(repeated exposure) No data available Section 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Hazard to the aguatic environment (acute hazard) Hazard to the aguatic environment (long-term hazard) Not classified: LOSO-100ms/L (96hr, Oryzias latipes), EOSO > 100ms/L (16hr, Daphnia magna), EOSO > 1000ms/L (17hr, Agas)
Not classified; Since not water-insoluble (water solubility 2-lng/L), and acute toxicity is Not classified; Since (16hr, 16hr), and acute toxicity is Not classified; Since (16hr, 16hr), and Eoso (16hr), and E

Bio accumulative Potential
Hazard to the ozone layer

Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Residual Waste

Commission a waste disposal company, or a local public body who are licensed by local or regional government.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regulations and standards by the respective local government.

When commissioning the disposal to a disposal company, notify the danger and toxicity thoroughly to the company.

Contaminated Container and Packaging

Contaminated Container and Packaging

Contaminated Container and Packaging

Regulatory

Figure 1 in July

Recycle containers after cleaning or carry out the discosal under the related laws and regulations and the standards of the local governments.

Not applicable

Transport in bulk according to MARPOL

ATS 78 Arres. II and the standards of the local governments.

Not applicable

Pagilicable

Not applicable

13-Butylene Giycol [13-80], DAICEL CORPORATION. 1380,E11. 2016/93/12. 7/7

Other Property

Notice to Reader: To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate.

However, neither the above named susplien roa and it is obsidiaries assumes any fability whatsoeve for the accuracy or completeness of information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the information containe herein.

All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution.

Although cortain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

SDS number: 1120002810 Revision date : 2017/08/21 Trade name : AEROSIL® 200 AEROSIL SAFETY DATA SHEET BSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMP AEROSIL® 200 1120002810 NIPPON AEROSIL CO., LTD P.O. Box 7015, Shinjuku-Monolith 13F 3-1, Nishi-Shinjuku 2-chome, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 163-0913, Japan Quality Assurance Division +81-59-345-3291 +81-59-346-4657 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION Flammable Solids not classified Spontaneous combustion solids not classified Sportaneous combustion solids not classified solid-fleating Substances which, in contact with one classified not classified accurate Toacity (Ora1) not classified Acrule Toacity (Ora1) not classified not classified Carule Toacity (Permal) solid solid properties and classified not classified not classified of Carrinogenicity not classified not classified for Carrinogenicity not classified not classified solid properties appear to classified not classified solid properties of the Abarradous to the aquatate environment (accurde) not classified interest or "not applicable" or "classification not possible") not dust explosive Health Hazard Environmental Hazard Dust explosion class Composition/information on ing Substance or Mixture Chemical name CAS number 7631-86-9 (silica) , 112945-52-5 (Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline free) ≥ 99.9% (Based on ignited material under 2hours at 1000°C) 4. FIRST AID MEASURES In case product dust is released:

Possible discomfort: coagh, sneezing
More victure into the fresh air.

Wash off with pleasery of vacter and soap.

Possible discomfort is due to foreign substance effect.

Rims throughly with plenty of varder keeping eyelid open.

In case of persistent discomfort: Consult an ophthalmologic
Cleam mouth with vater and drinks alrewards plenty of war
After absorbing large amounts of substance.

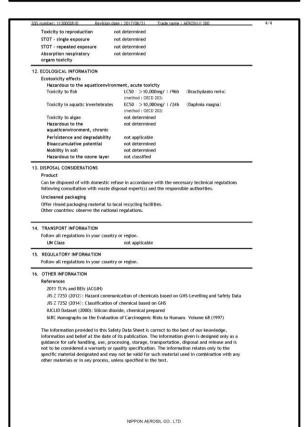
In case of discomfort: Supply with medical care.

No hazards which require special first aid measures. In case of skin contact In case of eye contact Notes to physician 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES Suitable extinguishing media All extinguishing substances suitabl Specific hazards during fire fighting NIPPON AEROSIL CO., LTD

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

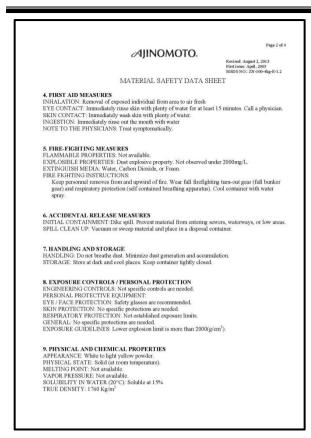
None known		
None known		
Further information		
	should not enter drainage systems, soil, or stretches of water.	
	etaining facilities for water used to extinguish fire. ed fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with	
local regulations.		
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURE	s	
Personal precautions	Use personal protective equipment.	
Environmental precautions	Do not allow entrance in sewage water, soil stretches of water, groudwater, drainage systems.	
Methods for cleaning up	Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation.	
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	M	
Handling		
Safe handling advice	If necessary: Local ventilation.	
Advice on protection against		
Take precautionary measures	against static discharges.	
Storage		
Requirements for storage ar	eas and containers	
Keep in a dry place.		
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONA	L PROTECTION	
Limit Values		
ACGIH	TLV-TWA 10mg/m3 (2011)	
Personal protective equipment		
Respiratory protection	No special protective equipment required.	
Hand protection	If dust occurs: Dust mask with P2 particle filter Wear protective gloves made of the following materials: material,	
Hand protection	wear protective gloves made of the following materials: material, rubber, leather.	
	The material thickness and rupture time data do not apply to non- solute solids / dusts.	
Eye protection	Safety glasses with side-shields.	
Skin and Body protection	If dust occurs: basket-shaped glasses No special protective equipment required.	
Hygiene measures	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash face and/or hands before break and end of work.	
	To ensure ideal skin protection: use super fatted soaps and skin	
	cream for skin care.	
	Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.	
Protective measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.	
	If there is the possibility of skin/eye contact, the indicated	
	hand/eye/body protection should be used.	
	If workplace exposure limits are exceeded and/or larger amounts are released (leakage, spilling, dust) the indicated respiratory protection should be used.	
9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPE		
Information on basic physical a		
Appearance	Form: powder / Color: white / Odor: odorless	
Odour	odourtess	
Odour threshold	not applicable	
pH Melting point / range	4.0~4.5 (4% suspension) not applicable	

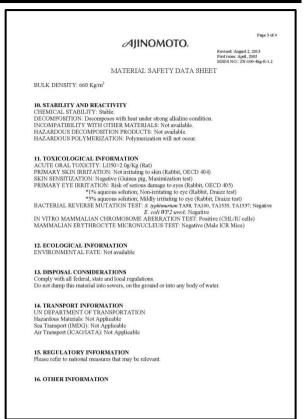
	number: 1120002810 Revision	date: 2017/08/21	Trade name : AFROSIL® 200	3/4
	Boiling point / range	not applicable		
	Flash point	not applicable		
	Evaporation rate	not applicable		
	Flammability	not applicable		
	Upper explosion limit	not applicable		
	Lower explosion limit	not applicable		
	Vapor density	not applicable		
	Density	ca. 2.2 g/cm3	(20°C)	
	Water solubility	>1mg/l		
	Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	not applicable		
	Autoinflammability	not determined		
	Thermal decomposition	>2000°C		
	Viscosity	not applicable		
	Other information			
	Ignition temperature	not applicable		
	Minimum ignition energy	not determined		
	Maximum Explosion Pressure	not determined		
_	maximum explosion rressure	not determined		
10.	STABILITY AND REACTIVITY			
	Reactivity	No dangerous rea	ction known under conditions of normal use.	
	Chemical reactivity		ommended storage conditions.	
	Condition to avoid	Operations that o		
	Incompatible materials	Hydrofluoric acid	and strong bases	
	Hazardous decomposition products	None known.		
11	TOYICOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
11.	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Acute oral toxicity	LD50(Rat) : >		
11.	Acute oral toxicity	(method : litera	ture)	
11.		(method : litera LD50(Rabbit) : >	ture) 5,000 mg/kg	
11.	Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity	(method : litera LD50(Rabbit) : > (method : litera	ture) 5,000 mg/kg ture)	
11.	Acute oral toxicity	(method : litera LD50(Rabbit) : >! (method : litera LC0 (Rat) : 0.1	ture) 5,000 mg/kg ture) 39 mg/t/4h	
11.	Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity	(method : litera LD50(Rabbit) : >! (method : litera LC0 (Rat) : 0.1 (method : literatur corrosion : no	ture) 5,000 mg/kg ture) 139 mg/t/4h of maximum concentration attainable in experiments) determined	
11.	Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation	(method : litera LD50(Rabbit) : >! (method : litera LC0 (Rat) : 0.! (method : literatur corrosion : no irritation : Ra	ture) 5,000 mg/kg ture) 139 mg/L/4h w/maximum concentration attainable in experiments) determined bobit / not irritating (method : literature)	
11.	Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious Eye Damage/irritation	(method : litera LD50(Rabbit) : > (method : litera LC0 (Rat) : 0.1 (method : literatur corrosion : no irritation : Ra Rabbit / not irrita	ture) (000 mg/kg ture) 19 mg/l/4h 97 mg/l/4h et determined bet a contration attainable in experiments) bet not irritating (method : literature) withing (method : literature)	
11.	Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation	(method : litera LD50(Rabbit) : > (method : litera LC0 (Rat) : 0.1 (method : literatur corrosion : no irritation : Ra Rabbit / not irrita respiratory : no	ture) 5,000 mg/kg ture) 19 mg/I/Ish 19 mg/I/Ish 10 eterminen concentration attainable in experiments) ceterminen 5,001 mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/m	
11.	Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious Eye Damage/irritation Respiratory or Skin sensitization	(method : litera LD50(Rabbit) :>! (method : litera LC0 (Rat) : 0.1 (method : literatur corrosion : no irritation : Rai Rabbit / not irrita respiratory : no sensitization : no	ture) 5,000 mg/kg ture) 19 mg/I/Ish 19 mg/I/Ish 10 eterminen concentration attainable in experiments) ceterminen 5,001 mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/m	
11.	Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious Eye Damage/irritation Respiratory or Skin sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity	(method : litera LD50 (Rabbit) :>! (method : litera LC0 (Rat) : 0.1 (method : literatur corrosion : no irritation : Ra Rabbit / not irrit respiratory : no sensitization : no not determined	ture) 5,000 mg/kg ture) 19 mg/I/Ish 19 mg/I/Ish 10 eterminen concentration attainable in experiments) ceterminen 5,001 mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/m	
11.	Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious Eye Damage/irritation Respiratory or Skin sensitization	(method : litera LD50(Rabbit) :>! (method : litera LC0 (Rat) : 0.1 (method : literatur corrosion : no irritation : Rai Rabbit / not irrita respiratory : no sensitization : no	ture) 5,000 mg/kg ture) 19 mg/I/Ish 19 mg/I/Ish 10 eterminen concentration attainable in experiments) ceterminen 5,001 mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/m	
11.	Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious Eye Damage/irritation Respiratory or Skin sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity	(method : litera LD50 (Rabbit) :>! (method : litera LC0 (Rat) : 0.1 (method : literatur corrosion : no irritation : Ra Rabbit / not irrit respiratory : no sensitization : no not determined	ture) 5,000 mg/kg ture) 19 mg/I/Ish 19 mg/I/Ish 10 eterminen concentration attainable in experiments) ceterminen 5,001 mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/m	
11.	Acute oral toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious Eye Damage/irritation Respiratory or Skin sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity	(method : litera LD50 (Rabbit) :>! (method : litera LC0 (Rat) : 0.1 (method : literatur corrosion : no irritation : Ra Rabbit / not irrit respiratory : no sensitization : no not determined	ture) 5,000 mg/kg ture) 19 mg/I/Ish 19 mg/I/Ish 10 eterminen concentration attainable in experiments) ceterminen 5,001 mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/mg/m	

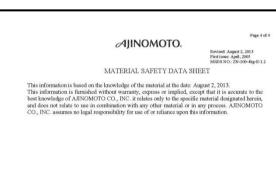


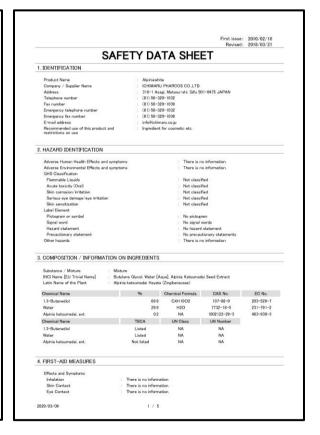


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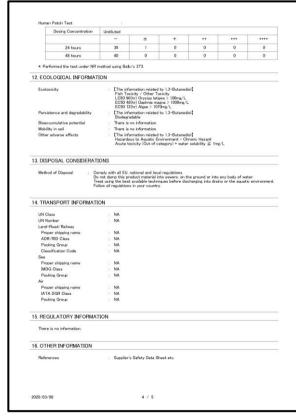


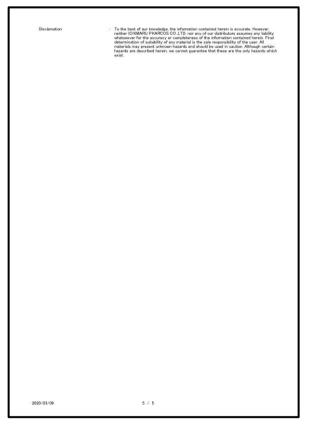


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"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



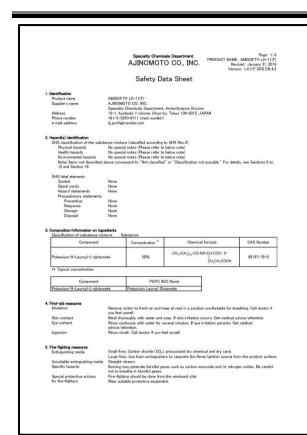
A Repidental relation measures
Personal processions,
protective equipment and
Environmental precautions
Methods and interests for
Containment and
environmental precautions
Personal processions
Methods and interests for
Containment and
environmental precautions
Personal processions
Personal processio

11. Teuloslogical information
Acute tracisity Oral
Oran
Outse (Oran)
No data available.
Sain controllor / invasion
Sain controllo

16. Other information
The information is this document to bessed on the present state of our toxonology and its applicable to the product with regard to securious which present the control of the contr

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





11. Taxioological information
Acute toxicity Oral
Densel
General Version | LK115-505-ER 4.2

Please refer to Section 16.
No data evaluate.
Side convolum / instanton
Please refer to Section 16.
Service, sye demand / way instanton
Please refer to Section 16.
General mutagenicity Please refer to Section 16.
No date available.
Specific target organ toxicity
Officered exposured
Assistant barrier No deta evaluate.
No date available.

14. Other information

The information in this document is based on the present state of our incodedge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety presentors.

The data blown here are those of "AMSOFTE LK-11," a similar product of AMSOFTE LK-11(S).

Light 2.0 a lyc (Br electric occurred in all groups)

Historical review motion (Rubbias)

Bis insuritation (Bulbias)

For details of the tests desorbed on this section, please refer to "Suffey data (AMSOFT LK-11)."

References:

* ACGIN-TLV (2009)

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Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





AMBOL LIEGG
Code No. 10200701

C

Date: January 17, 2019 Vor. 1.3 ACGIH(2008) : TWA 1 mg/m3(IFV) (Diethanolamine) ty measures Install eye wash and safety shower in the area where this product is stored or handled. Seal the equipment or install local exhaust to prevent exposure. ctive organization

Hand protection

Hand protection

Sign and body protection

Sign and body protection

Photocure deching:

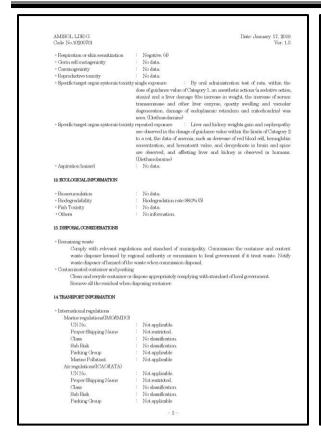
Sign and body protection

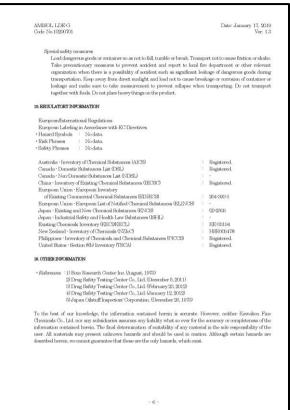
Protective deching: · Hygier enic measures

Do not eat or drink when using this product. Wash hand thoroughly after handling. Physical state
Color
Odor
PH
Melting point
Boiling point
Boiling point
Flash point
Evaporation rate
Explosion firmt
Vanor pressure
Vanor pressure White to light vellow Slight characteristic odor 9.0-10.7 (1%) No data. No data. No data. 191℃ (Cleveland open cup) Bulk density
 Specific gravity
 Solubility in water
 / organic solvents cts:044=0.967 Sparingly Soluble Very soluble in Ethyl alcohol and Ether. No data. No data. 173mPa·s(50°C) Reactivity
 Chemical stability
 Possibility of hazardous reaction
 Incompatible materials
 Hazardous decomposition products rat LD50 7760mgfkg (1) Acute toxicity(vapours)

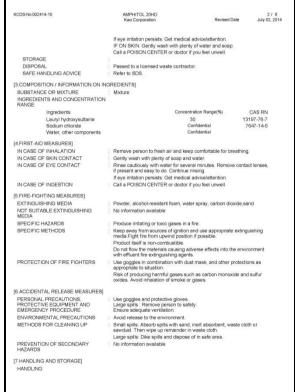
Acute toxicity(dust and mists)

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"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

CCDS-No 002414-10	AMPHITOL 20HD Kao Corporation	3 / 6 Revised Date July 02, 201	
TECHNICAL MEASURES	: Facilities storing or utilizing this me eyewash facility and a safety show	naterial should be equipped with an wer.	
PRECAUTIONS	: No information available		
SAFE HANDLING ADVICE	IG ADVICE : Use an adequate vertilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use personal protective equipment as required.		
STORAGE			
SUITABLE STORAGE CONDITIONS SAFE PACKAGING MATERIALS	Store container tightly closed in w No information available	ell-ventilated place.	
8.EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL	PROTECTION]		
ENGINEERING MEASURES	Facilities storing or utilizing this ma eyewash facility and a safety show		
LIMIT VALUES	Use an adequate ventilation.		
ACGIH (TLV)	Not established		
OSHA (PEL)	: Not established		
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT			
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	: Use as appropriate to situation.		
HAND PROTECTION	: Rubber gloves		
EYE PROTECTION	: Safety glasses		
SKIN AND BODY PROTECTION	: Full-body suit		
HYGIENE MEASURES	: No information available		
19 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERT	(IFS)		
APPEARANCE	1201		
PHYSICAL STATE	: Liquid		
COLOUR	: Light yellow clear		
ODOUR	: Characteristic odour		
pH	: 6 - 8 (1% solution	n)	
SPECIFIC TEMPERATURES / TEMPER AT WHICH CHANGES IN PHYSICAL ST	FATE OCCUR		
BOILING POINT	: No information available		
MELTING POINT	: -10.5 °C (13.1 °F)		
FLASH POINT FLAMMABILITY OR EXPLOSIVE PROP	: Not applicable		
FLAMMABILITY OR EXPLOSIVE FLAMMABILITY OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS		vailable LOWER LIMIT : No information	
VAPOUR PRESSURE	: No information available		
VAPOUR DENSITY	: No information available		
DENSITY (SPECIFIC GRAVITY)	: 1.108 g/mL (25 °C) 1.098 g/mL (40 °C) 1.087 g/mL (60 °C)	(104 °F)	
SOLUBILITY	1.007 YHIL (00 0)	(140 F)	
WATER SOLUBILITY	Soluble		
SOLVENT SOLUBILITY	: No information available		
PARTITION COEFFICIENT: n- OCTANOL / WATER (log Pow)	: No information available		
AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE	: No information available		
	: No information available		
DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE ODOUR THRESHOLD	: No information available		

KCDS-No 002414-10	AMPHITOL 20HD Kao Corporation		Revised Date	4 / 6 July 02, 2014
EVAPORATION RATE	: No information avail			
FLAMMABILITY (SOLID,GAS)	: No information avail			
VISCOSITY	29 mPa.s (24 mPa.s (19.5 mPa.s (25 °C) (40 °C) (60 °C) (77 °F) 104 °F) 140 °F)	
OTHER DATA	: No information avail		140 17)	
[10.STABILITY AND REACTIVITY]				
CHEMICAL STABILITY	: No information avail	able		
POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS	: No self-reactivity.			
CONDITIONS TO AVOID	: No information avail	able		
INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS	: No information avail			
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	: No information avail	able		
OTHERS	: No information avail	able		
[11.TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION]				
ACUTE TOXICITY				
Oral				
INFORMATION ON PRODUCT Dermal	: Rat, LD50 : > 2000 i	ng/kg		
INFORMATION ON PRODUCT	: No information avail	able		
INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS Inhalation	: No information avail	able		
INFORMATION ON PRODUCT	: No information avail	able		
INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS	: No information avail	able		
SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION				
INFORMATION ON PRODUCT	: Rabbit, undiluted, 4 Not classified	nours semi-occlud	ed application test (OEC	D404):
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION				
INFORMATION ON PRODUCT	: Rabbit, undiluted, O	ECD405 : Categor	y 2A	
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITIZATION RESPIRATORY	ON			
INFORMATION ON PRODUCT	: No information avail	able		
INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS SKIN	: No information avail	able		
INFORMATION ON PRODUCT	: Guinea pig, Guinea	Pig Maximization 1	Test : Negative	
MUTAGENICITY (GERM CELL MUTAGE	NICITY)			
INFORMATION ON PRODUCT			37,TA1538, WP2uvrA) :	Negative
INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS CARCINOGENICITY	: No information avail	able		
INFORMATION ON PRODUCT	: No information avail	able		
INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS	: No information avail	able		
IARC	: Not listed			
NTP	: Not listed			
EU	: Not listed			
OSHA	: Not listed			
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY				
INFORMATION ON PRODUCT	: No information avail	able		

INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY
SINGLE EXPOSURE
INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
REPEATED EXPOSURE
INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
OTHER INFORMATION
RECOTOXICITY
REPEATED EXPOSURE
INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
OTHER INFORMATION
RECOTOXICITY
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INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
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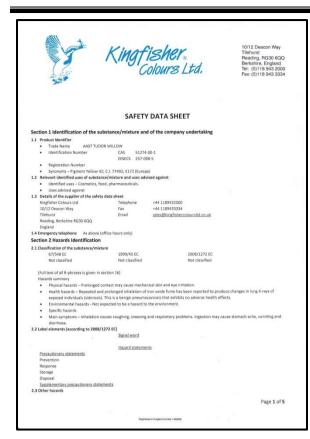
KDDS-No 002414-10

AMP-NTOL 204D
Kao Corporation
Revised Date
July 02, 2014

KAO Corporation is not able to check up the regulatory information in regard to the substances in your country or respontherefore we request this matter would be filled by your responsibility.

[16.OTHER INFORMATION]
REFERENCE
Safety data sheet for chemical products - Part 1: Content and order of sections (SSO 11014-1)
-International Chemical Safety Cards (CSC) (Compiler's Guide) (1994)
-To the best of the manufacturer's incovering the information on your safety Cards (CSC) (Compiler's Guide) (1994)
-To the best of the manufacturer's incovering the information on your safety cards (CSC) (Compiler's Guide) (1994)
-To the best of the manufacturer's incovering the information only infered products of the information only infered in the secure or or compilerenses of the information on your highlight on sessures any liability/including liability for any direct, incidental, consequently, or other changes) with respect to the accuracy or compilerenses of the information only infered in the specified materials used in combination with another in a particular process, or under unsual conditions. Determination of materials was present unknown begands and should be used with appropriate audion. The manufacturer cannot and does not guarantee that the hazards described herein are the only ones that exist.

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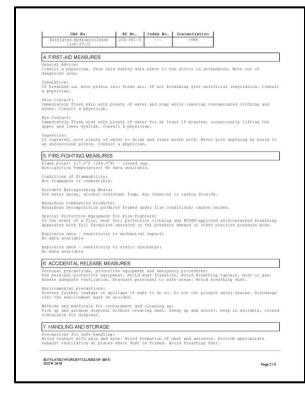
Components	Type	Value
Dust	TWA 8h Long term exposure	
	Total inhalable	10 mg/m³
	Respirable	4 mg/m ^a
8.2 Exposure controls		
	ly to generate dust, fume or mist spray, LEV should	be employed.
Personal protection equipmen		
	ar chemical splash goggles, face shield or safety gla	
		, footwear and protective clothing for risk of exposure.
	If engineering controls do not keep airborne conce	
	st be worn which is appropriate for the airborne co	ncentration levels encountered.
 Thermal hazards. Not as 		
		andling material before eating, drinking or smoking.
		lours often have a de-moisturising action on skin. It is
	kers use a good quality moisturiser after work.	
		ing controls may be necessary to ensure that processing
	h the requirements of environmental protection le	gislation. Pigments are generally not classified for
	ue to low water solubility.	
Section 9 Physical and chen	nical properties	
9.1 Information on basic physical	and chemical properties	
Appearance - Yellow powder		
Odour - Musty odour		
Odour threshold		
pH (10% dispersion) 3.5-7.0		
Melting/freezing point - NA		
Initial boiling point - ND		
Flash point - NA		
Evaporation rate - NA		
Flammability (solid, gas) - NA		
Flammability limit (lower %) -	NA .	
Flammability limit (upper %) -	NA .	
Vapour pressure - NA.		
Vapour density - NA		
Relative density - Approx. 4 g.	/ml	
Solubility (water) - Insoluble		
Partition coefficient (n-octano		
Auto-ignition temperature - N		
Decomposition temperature -	180°C	
Viscocity - NA		
Explosive properties - NA		
Oxidising properties - ND		
9.2 Other information – Bulk dens		
Section 10 Stability and Rea		
10.1 Reactivity - Above 180°C beg	ins transition to red iron oxide	
10.2 Chemical stability		
Material is stable under non		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous react		
10.4 Conditions to avoid - None k		
	minium dust, calcium hypochlorite, hydrazine, ethy	lene oxide, caesium carbide.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition pr		
Section 11 Toxicological info	ormation	
11.1 Information on toxicological	effects	
Substance		
 Acute toxicity – See spec 	ific data.	
	- See specific data - test results on analogous prod	uct,
	e specific data – test results on analogous product.	

	Respiratory/skin sensitisation – See specific data	a.
	Germ cell mutagenicity - ND	
	Carcinogenicity - ND	
	Reproductive toxicity - ND	
•	STOT-single exposure - ND	
	STOT-repeated exposure - ND	
•	Aspiration hazard - ND	
	Information on likely routes of exposure	
	Ingestion	
		or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
	Skin contact Eye contact - Dust may irritate the eyes.	
12	Symptoms	
	Specific data	
	Components	Test results
	Yellow Iron Oxide	Acute oral LD _{Sc} > 5000 mg/kg (rat)
		Inhalation LC _{so} (2 weeks) > 195 mg/m [†] (rat)
		Skin/eye irritation. Non irritating.
		Skin sensitization. Non sensitizing (guinea pig)
Section	n 12 Ecological Information	
		uciscus idus); OECD202 Acute EC ₁₀ > 100 mg/l (Daphnia magna 48h)
12.2 Per	rsistance and degradability – Not expected to be raccumulative potential - ND	
	bility in soil - Insoluble in water, so mobility will b	se low.
	sults of PBT or vPvB assessment - Does not conta	
12.6 Oth	her adverse effects – None known	
Section	n 13 Disposal considerations	
	aste treatment methods	
	Product waste. Dispose of in accordance with lo	regulations
		even after container is empty. Empty containers should be taken to an approved
	waste handling site for recycling or disposal.	even over container is empty. Empty containers should be taken to an approve
		e. If a waste code is assigned by the end user (see EU Waste type list 2000/532/EC),
	disposal should be in cooperation with the dispo	
Section	n 14 Transport information	
	comments - Not considered dangerous for transp	and automos
seneral	ADR	IMDG
	RID	ICAO
	ADN	UN Number
	IATA	UN Proper shipping name
	Environmental pollutant	Packaging Group
	Other	144-9-9-144
Section	n 15 Regulatory information	
	ety, health, environmental regulation/legislation	a consilie for autotanea (autoure
15.1 581	Regulation (EC) Nº 2000/2037 Substances that of	
	Regulation (EC) Nº 2000/2037 Substances that of Regulation (EC) Nº 2004/856 Persistent organic	
	Regulation (EC) Nº 2008/689 Export/import of c	
•	Regulation (EC) Nº 2006/1907 REACH, Listed	langerous chemicals. Not listed.
•	Regulation (EC) Nº 2006/1907 Article 59(1) SVH	C candidate list - Not listed
15.2 Ch	emical safety assessment	c candidate list. — Not listed
	n 16 Other Information	
•	List of abbreviations NA Not applicable ND No data at this	time NK Not known #Most recent revision
	PPE Personal protective equipment References	LEV Local exhaust ventilation
•	Full text of any statements or R-phrases or H-ph	
Ů		rases
•	Issue Date March 2013	Page 4 of 5
		Page 4 01 3

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

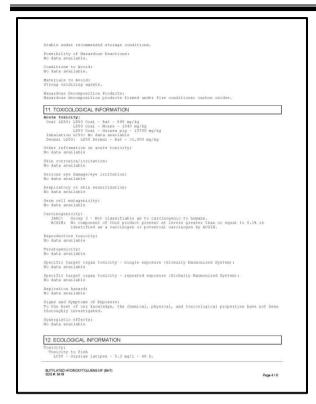


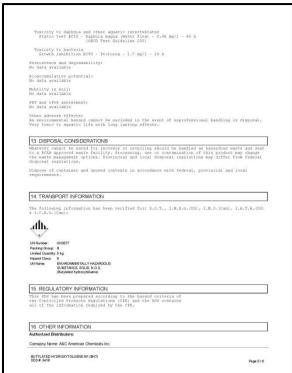


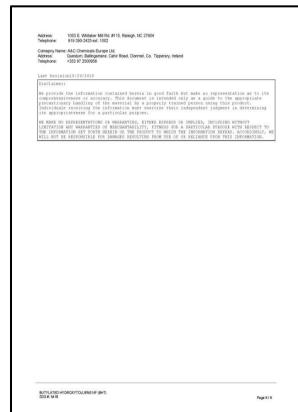




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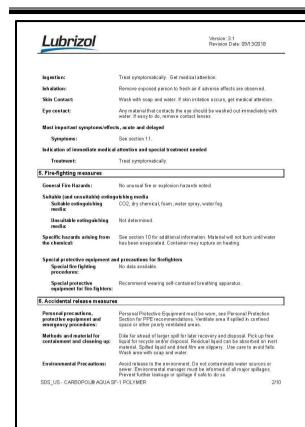


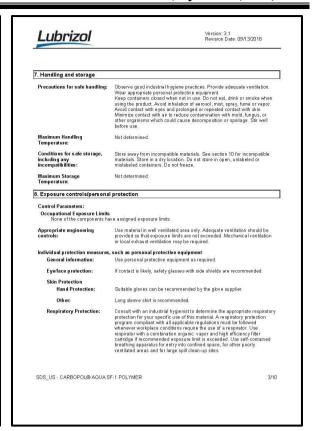


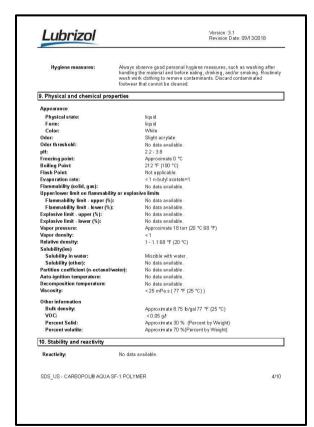


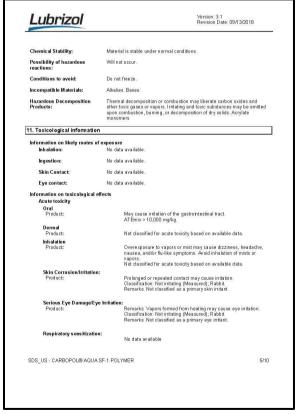


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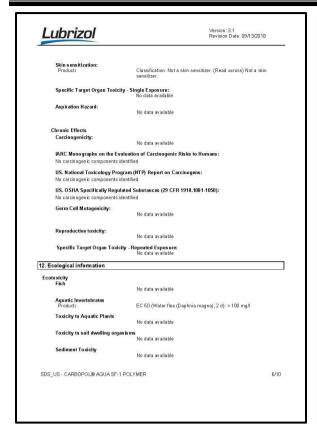


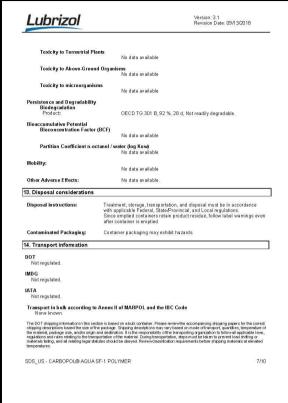


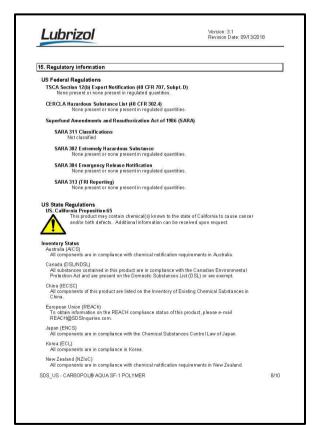


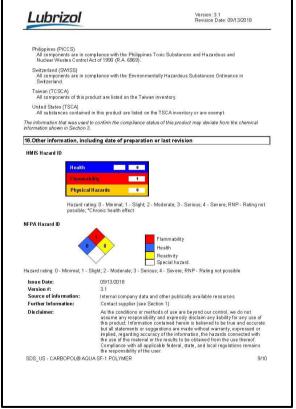


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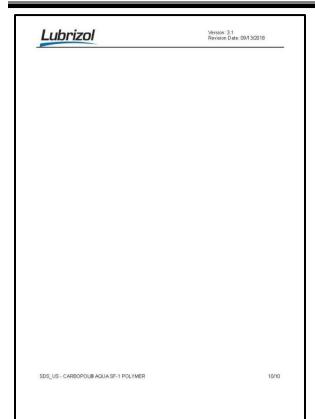


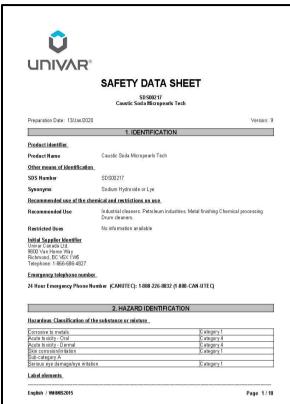




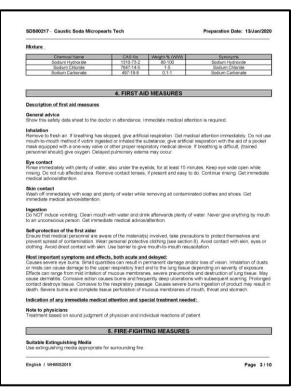


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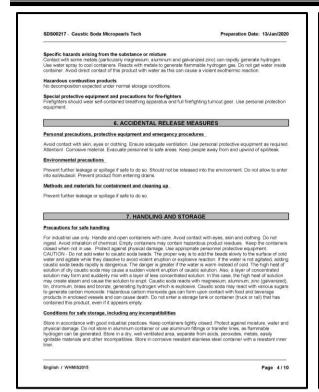








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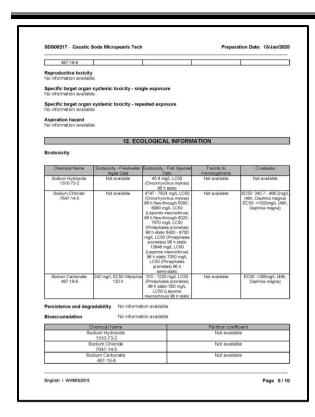


	8. EXPO	SURE CONTI	ROLS/PERSO	ONAL PROTE	CTION	
Control parameter	rs					
Exposure Limits						
					-	
Chemical Name	Alberta OEL	British Columbia OEL	Ontario	Quebec OEL	Exposure Limit - ACGIH	Immediately Dangerous to Li or Health - IDL
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	Ceiling: 2 mg/m ¹	Ceiling: 2 mg/m ³	CEV: 2 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 2 mg/m ¹	2 mg/m ³ Ceiling	10 mg/m ³
Sodium Chloride 7647-14-5	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Sodium Carbonate 497-19-8	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Consult local authorit	ies for recommend	ded exposure limits				
Appropriate engir	eering controls	e				
Engineering contr	ols					
Localized ventilatio		d to control dust	levels. Provide li	ocal exhaust to m	neet TLV require	ments if makin
solutions or grindin	g up and mist or	dust is generate	d. Ventilation far	cilities should be	corrosion resista	int.
Individual protect	on measures,	such as persona	al protective eq	uipment		
Eve/face protection						
Close fitting chemic		s with faceshield				
Hand protection						
Appropriate chemic	al resistant glov	es should be wor	n. Nitrile gloves	. Neoprene glove	s. Rubber glove	6.
Skin and body pro	tection					
Skin contact should	be prevented #	hrough the use of	suitable protect	tive clothing, glov	es and footwear	selected for
				en both to durabi	lity as well as pe	rmeation
conditions of use a			ng.			
conditions of use a	apron. Rubber I	DOUGH I FO GIOTH				
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR					
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote	ction		se an appropriat	e NIOSH-approv	ed respirator	
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote If exposure exceed	ction		se an appropriat	e NIOSH-approv	ed respirator.	
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote If exposure exceed General hygiene of	ction s occupational e	exposure limits, u				
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote If exposure exceed General hygiene of Avoid contact with:	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo	exposure limits, u	ble gloves and	eye/face protection	n. Do not eat, di	
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote if exposure exceed General hygiene of Avoid contact with when using this pro-	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo educt. Remove a	exposure limits, u thing. Wear suita and wash contam	ble gloves and e	eye/face protection	n. Do not eat, di	efore re-use.
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote if exposure exceed General hygiene of Avoid contact with when using this pro- Contaminated work	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo iduct. Remove a colothing should	exposure limits, u thing. Wear suita and wash contam I not be allowed o	ble gloves and o inated clothing a out of the workpli	eye/face protection and gloves, includes ace. Regular clea	n. Do not eat, di ling the inside, b ining of equipme	efore re-use. int, work area
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote if exposure exceed General hygiene of Avoid contact with when using this pro- Contaminated work	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo iduct. Remove a colothing should	exposure limits, u thing. Wear suita and wash contam I not be allowed o	ble gloves and o inated clothing a out of the workpli	eye/face protection and gloves, includes ace. Regular clea	n. Do not eat, di ling the inside, b ining of equipme	efore re-use. int, work area
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote If exposure exceed General hygiene of Avoid contact with:	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo iduct. Remove a colothing should ommended. Was	exposure limits, u thing. Wear suita and wash contam I not be allowed o th hands before t	ble gloves and a inated clothing a out of the workpl oreaks and imme	eye/face protection and gloves, includence. Regular clear ediately after ham	in. Do not eat, di ling the inside, b ining of equipme dling the product	efore re-use. int, work area
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote if exposure exceed General hygiene of Avoid contact with a when using this pro- Contaminated work	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo iduct. Remove a colothing should ommended. Was	exposure limits, u thing. Wear suita and wash contam I not be allowed o th hands before t	ble gloves and a inated clothing a out of the workpl oreaks and imme	eye/face protection and gloves, includes ace. Regular clea	in. Do not eat, di ling the inside, b ining of equipme dling the product	efore re-use. ent, work area
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote if exposure exceed General hygiene of Avoid contact with when using this pro- Contaminated work and clothing is reco	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo iduct. Remove a colothing should immended. Was	thing. Wear suita and wash contam in not be allowed on the hands before b	ble gloves and o inated clothing a sut of the workpli preaks and imme	eye/face protection and gloves, includence. Regular clear ediately after ham	in. Do not eat, di ling the inside, b ining of equipme dling the product	efore re-use. int, work area
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote if exposure exceed General hygiene of Avoid contact with when using this pro- Contaminated work and clothing is reco-	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo iduct. Remove a colothing should immended. Was	thing. Wear suita and wash contam in not be allowed on the hands before b	ble gloves and o inated clothing a sut of the workpli preaks and imme	eye/face protection and gloves, includence. Regular clear ediately after ham	in. Do not eat, di ling the inside, b ining of equipme dling the product	efore re-use. int, work area
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conditions of use a resistance. Rubber resistance. Rubber flexiposure exceed General hygiest Avoid contains the whole using this procontainmant on the Appearance Physical state Color Odor	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo sduct. Remove a c clothing should mmended. Was 9. P sic physical an	thing. Wear suita and wash contam not be allowed of the hands before be CHYSICAL AN dichemical proposal Solid White	ble gloves and of inated clothing a ut of the workpli reaks and imme	eye/face protection and gloves, includence. Regular clear ediately after ham	in. Do not eat, di ling the inside, b ining of equipme dling the product	efore re-use. ent, work area
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber Respiratory prote If exposure exceed General hydiene charact with when using this pro Contaminated worth and clothing is reco- linformation on ba Appearance Physical state Color	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo sduct. Remove a c clothing should mmended. Was 9. P sic physical an	exposure limits, u thing. Wear suita and wash contam i not be allowed o sh hands before b PHYSICAL AN id chemical prop Solid White	ble gloves and of inated clothing a ut of the workpli reaks and imme	eye/face protection and gloves, includence. Regular clear ediately after ham	in. Do not eat, di ling the inside, b ining of equipme dling the product	efore re-use. ent, work area
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber resistance. Rubber flexiposure exceed General hygiest Avoid contains the whole using this procontainmant on the Appearance Physical state Color Odor	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo sduct. Remove a c clothing should mmended. Was 9. P sic physical an	thing. Wear suita and wash contam not be allowed of the hands before be CHYSICAL AN dichemical proposal Solid White	ble gloves and of inated clothing a ut of the workpli reaks and imme	eye/face protection and gloves, includence. Regular clear ediately after ham	in. Do not eat, di ling the inside, b ining of equipme dling the product	efore re-use. ent, work area
conditions of use a resistance. Rubber resistance. Rubber flexiposure exceed General hygiest Avoid contains the whole using this procontainmant on the Appearance Physical state Color Odor	ction s occupational e considerations skin, eyes or clo sduct. Remove a c clothing should mmended. Was 9. P sic physical an	thing. Wear suita and wash contam not be allowed of the hands before be CHYSICAL AN dichemical proposal Solid White	ble gloves and of inated clothing a ut of the workpli reaks and imme	eye/face protection and gloves, includence. Regular clear ediately after ham	in. Do not eat, di ling the inside, b ining of equipme dling the product	efore re-use. ent, work area

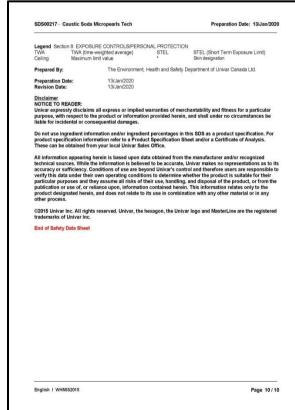


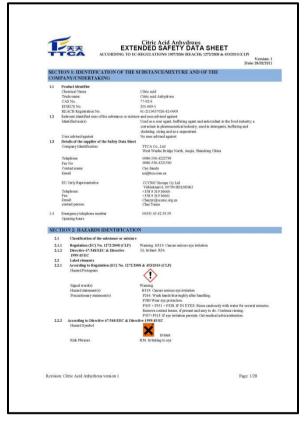
Version commencement and the	TORE AN ANIMAL MARKET		
destruction of lung tissue.	Corrosive to the respiratory	/ passage	
Eye contact Causes severe eye burns	. Small quantities can result	t in permanent damage and/or i	loss of vision.
Skin contact May cause dermatitis. Co Prolonged contact destro	rrosive action causes burns ys tissue. Causes severe bu	and frequently deep ulceration urns.	s with subsequent scarring.
Ingestion Severe burns and comple swallowed.	te tissue perforation of muc	cous membranes of mouth, thro	at and stomach, Harmful if
Information on toxicolo	gical effects		
Symptoms No additional information	available.		
Numerical measures of	toxicity		
Acute toxicity			
The following values are ATEmix (oral) ATEmix (dermal)	e calculated based on cha 330.00 mg/kg 1369.00 mg/kg	pter 3.1 of the GHS documen	ıt .
Unknown acute toxicity	No information av	vailable	
Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	= 325 mg/kg (Rat)) = 1350 mg/kg (Rabbit) Not available
Sodium Chloride 7647-14-5	= 3 g/kg (Rat)	> 10 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 42 g/m³ (Rat) 1 h
Sodium Carbonate 497-19-8	= 4090 mg/kg (Rat) Not available	Not available
Skin corrosion/irritation		and frequently deep ulceration irns.	
Prolonged contact destroy	irritation		
Prolonged contact destroy Serious eye damage/eye Causes severe eye burns Respiratory or skin sen:	. Small quantities can result	t in permanent damage and/or	loss of vision.
Prolonged contact destroy Serious eye damage/eye Causes severe eye burns	. Small quantities can result	t in permanent damage and/or	loss of vision.
Prolonged contact destroy Serious eye damage/eye Causes severe eye burns Respiratory or skin sen: No information available. Germ cell mutagenicity	. Small quantities can result	t in permanent damage and/or l	loss of vision.
Prolonged contact destroy Serious eye damagefeyt Causes severe eye burns Respiratory or skin sen: No information available. Germ cell mutagenicity No information available. Carcinogenicity No information available. Cherncal Name	Small quantities can resultitization ACGIH	IARC NTS	P OSHA
Prolonged contact destroy Serious eye damage/eye Causes severe eye burns Respiratory or skin sen No information available. Germ cell mutagenicity No information available. Carcinogenicity No information available. Chemcal Name Sodium Hydroside 1310-732	Small quantities can result sitization ACGIH Not available	IARC NTE	P OSHA nable Not avadable
Prolonged contact destroy Serious eye damageley Causes severe eye burns Respiratory or skin sem No information available. Germ cell mutagenicity No information available. Carcinogenicity No information available. Chemical Name Sodium Hydroxode	ACGIH Not available Not available	IARC NTS	P OSHA Not available Not available Not available

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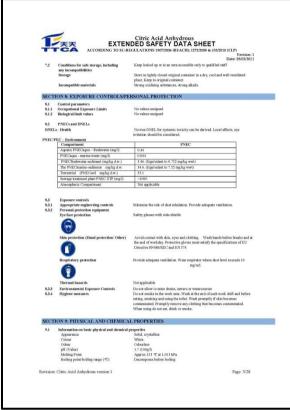




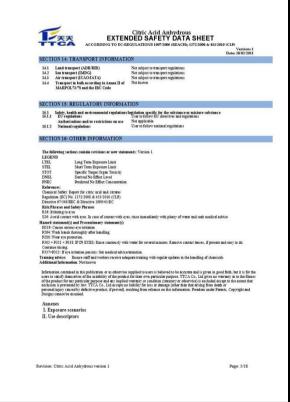


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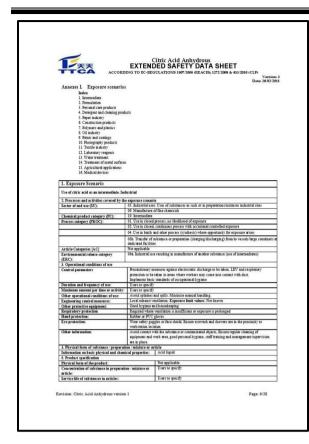


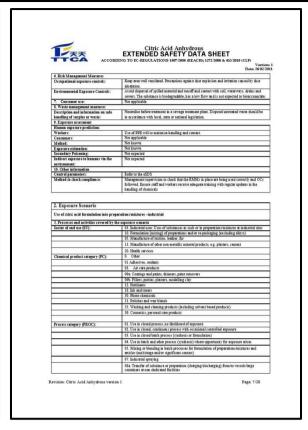






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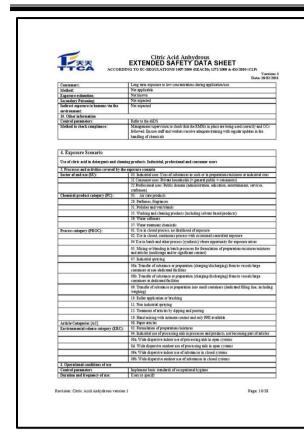


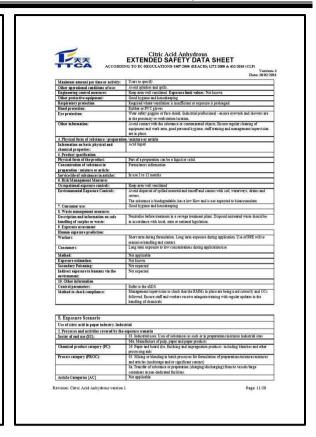






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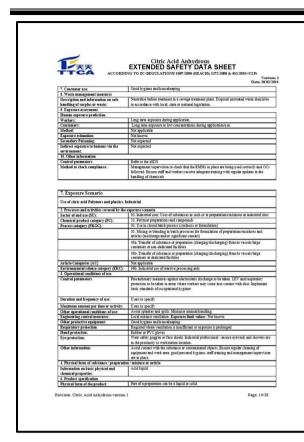


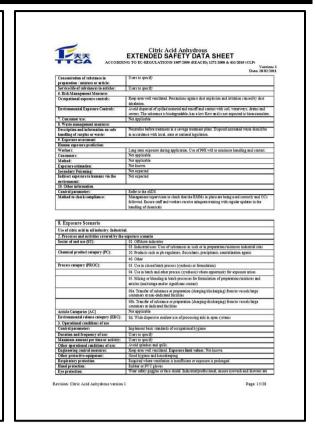


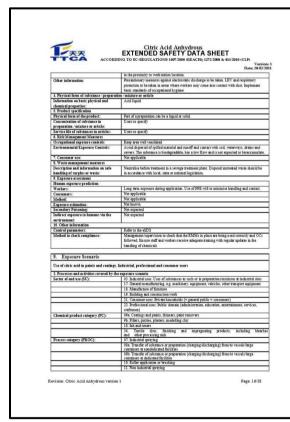




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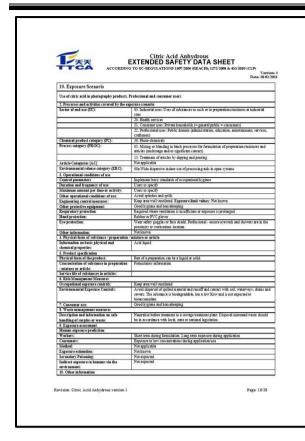


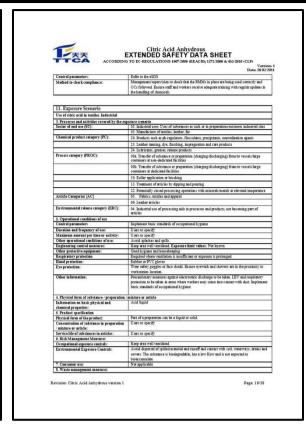


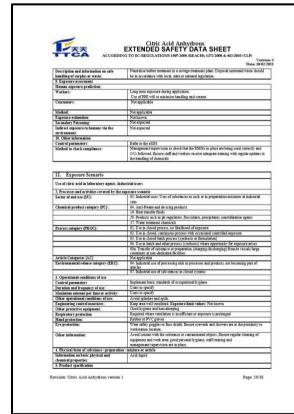


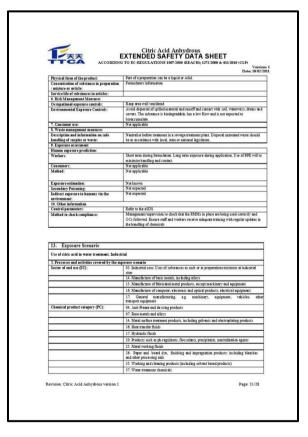


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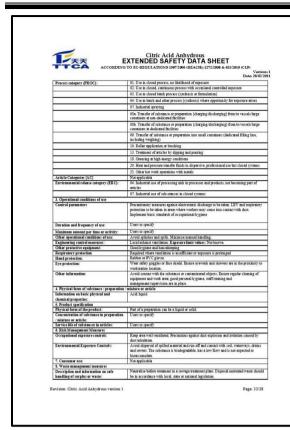


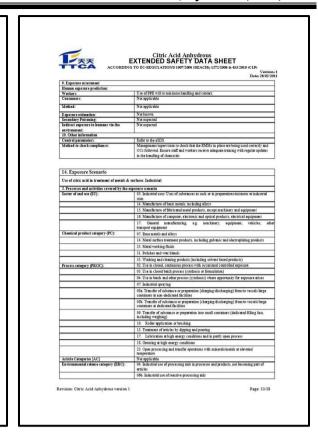


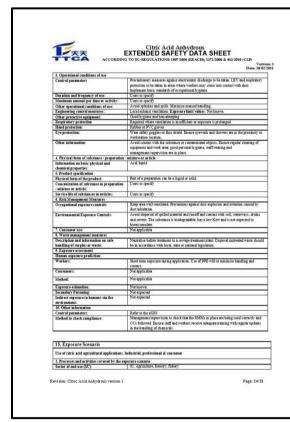




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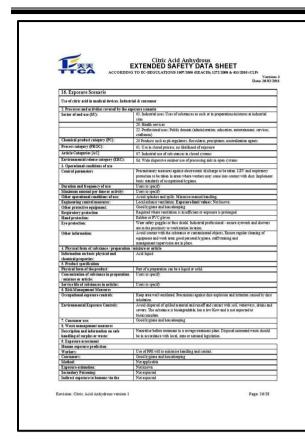


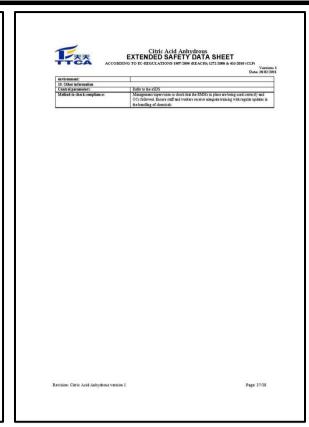


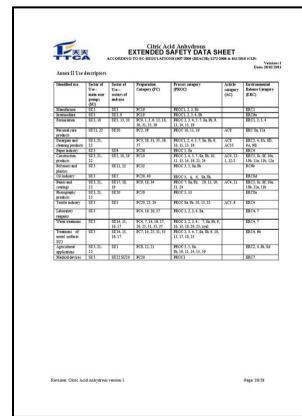


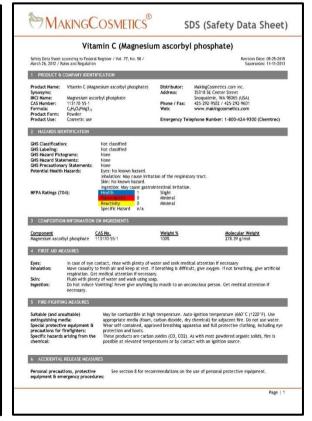


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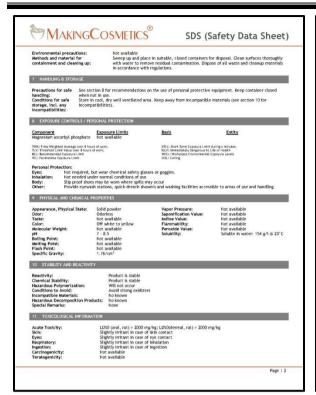




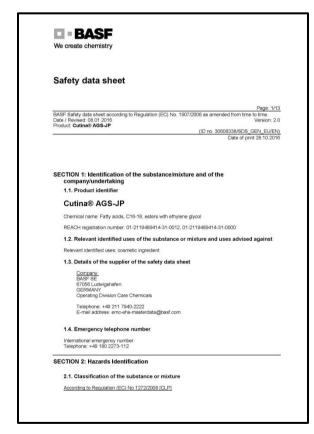


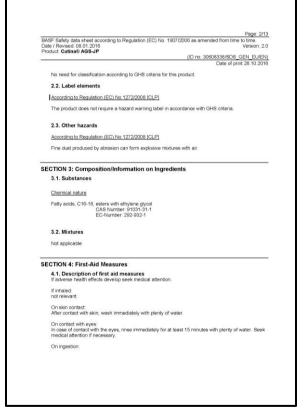


"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"









"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

Page: 3/13 ording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Version: 2.0 (ID no. 30608338/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water. 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms: No significant symptoms are expected due to the non-classification of the product. Hazards: No hazard is expected under intended use and appropriate handling. 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media: water spray, dry powder, foan Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture mful vapours olution of fumes/flog. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters Special protective equipment: Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus. Further information: Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations. SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Use personal protective clothing. Avoid dust formation. **6.2. Environmental precautions**Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up For small amounts. Plok up with suitable appliance and dispose of. For large amounts. Contain with dust brinding material and dispose of. Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with regulations. 6.4. Reference to other sections

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.

Date / Revised: 08.01.2016 Version: 2.0
Product Cuttings AGSJP (ID no. 30608338/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Date of print 28.10 Information regarding exposure controls/personal protection and disposal considerations can be found in section 8 and 13. SECTION 7: Handling and Storage 7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Protection against fire and explosion: Avoid dust formation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat sparks, open flame. 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Suitable materials for containers: Paper/Fibreboard, Slove-lacquer EH00022, Polypropylene (PP), High density polyethylene (HDPE) Further information on storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed and dry, store in a cool place.

Please refer to the product specific data sheet for further information. Storage stability: Storage temperature: <= 30 °C Protect against moisture. Protect from temperatures above: 30 °C
The product melts above the declared temperature limit. 7.3. Specific end use(s)
For the relevant identified use(s) listed in Section 1 the advice mentioned in this section 7 is to be SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection 8.1. Control parameters Components with occupational exposure limits 107-21-1: ethanediol; ethylene glycol TWA value 52 mg/m3 ; 20 ppm (OEL (EU)) indicative STEL value 104 mg/m3 ; 40 ppm (OEL (EU)) indicative indicative Skin Designation (OEL (EU)) The substance can be absorbed through the skin. PNEC Data refer to the product

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Data / Revised 10.8 to 2.016
Product Cuthna9 AGS_IP

(ID no. 30608338/BDS GDB LEURN)

Date of print 28 10.2018

Components with PNEC

91031-31-1: Fatty acids, C16-18, esters with ethylene glycol freel wider. A PNEC could not be derived as the substance showed no toxic effects in studies performed in the range of its solubility. At the present state of knowledge, no negative ecological effects are expected. marrier water. A PNEC could not be derived as the substance showed no toxic effects in studies performed in the range of its solubility. At the present state of knowledge, no negative ecological effects are expected. intermittent release.

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A PNEC could not be derived as the substance showed no toxic effects in studies performed in the range of its solubility. At the present state of soluble present state of solu

Page: 6/13 ording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Version: 2.0 (ID no 3060838/50S GEN EU/EN)
Date of print 28 10 2016
Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. apron, protecting bods, chemical-protection suit (according to EN 14605 in case of splashes or EN ISO 13982 in case of dust). General safety and hydrene measures. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties Form: Colour: Odour: Odour threshold: not applicable pH value: not applicable 65.5 °C (Directive 84/449/EEC, A.1) Flash point: Evaporation rate: The product is a non-volatile solid. Flammability: not flammable Flammability of Aerosol Products: not applicable, the product does not form flammable aerosoles For solids not relevant for classification and labelling. For solide not relevant for classification and labelling solid for the persistence of the solid for the persistence of the pers (VDI 2263, sheet 1, 2.6) (calculated) (Directive 84/449/EEC, A.6)

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 08.01.2016 Version: 2.0 Product Cuttings AGS-P (ID no. 30608338/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Date of Thermal decomposition: No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed and Viscosity, dynamic: Viscosity, dynamic:

viscosity, kinematic:

Explosion hazard:

fire promoting properties:

not applicable, the product is a solid

not applicable, the product is a solid

not applicable, the product is a solid

not explosive

Fire promoting properties:

not fire-propagating 9.2. Other information Bulk density 0.89 - 0.91 g/cm3 (Directive 92/69/EEC, A.3) Other Information: If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section. No further information available: 0.89 - 0.91 g/cm3 (Directive 92/69/EEC, A.3) SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity 10.1. Reactivity
No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. **10.2. Chemical stability**The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid See MSDS section 7 - Handling and storage. 10.5. Incompatible materials Substances to avoid: No substances known that should be avoided. 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Hazardous decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. SECTION 11: Toxicological Information 11.1. Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact.

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 08.01.2016 Version: 2.0 Product Cuttings AGSJP (ID no. 30608338/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Experimental/calculated data: LDS0 rat (oral) > 2,000 mg/kg. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. LD50 rat (dermal): > 2,000 mg/kg
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. Irritation Assessment of irritating effects: Not irritating to the eyes. Not irritating to the skin. Experimental/calculated data: Skin corrosion/irritation rabbit: non-irritant (OECD Guideline 404) Serious eye damage/irritation rabbit. non-irritant The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. Respiratory/Skin sensitization Assessment of sensitization: No sensitizing effect. Experimental/calculated data guine a pg. Non-sernatizing The product has not been lested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. Germ cell mutagenicity Assessment of mutagenicity: Results from a number of mutagenicity studies with microorganisms and mammalian cell culture are available. Taking into account all of the information, there is no indication that the substance is Experimental/calculated data: Ames-test Bacteria: negative (OECD Guideline 471)

BASE Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Previous C do 17. 2015
Product. Cutinals AGS-V
Product Safety Product Safety (ID no. 3008538/SDS GEN EURIN)

Late of print 25 to 2016
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Carcinopenicity
Assessment of carcinogenicity:
The whole of the information assessable provides no indication of a carcinogenic effect.

Reproductive toxicity
Assessment of reproduction toxicity:
The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect.

Developmental toxicity
Assessment of terratogenicity:
in animal studies the substance did not cause malformations.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Assessment of STOT eingle
Based on the available information there is no specific target organ toxicity to be expected after a single appoint.

Repeated dose toxicity and Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Assessment of exposure to tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. The information available on the product provides no indication of toxicity on target organs after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

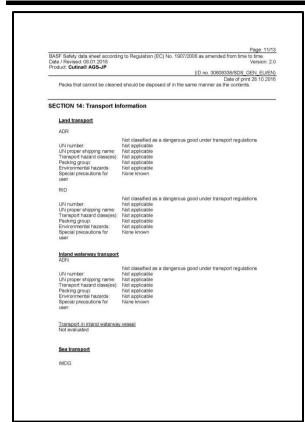
No aspiration hazard expected.

Other relevant toxicity information
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

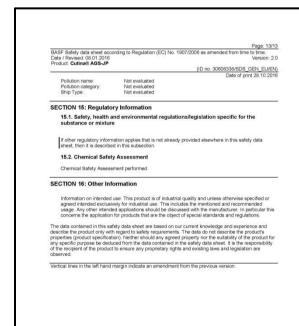
SECTION 12: Ecological Information
12.1. Toxicity
Toxicity Toxicity
Toxicity Toxicity
Toxicity Toxicity
Toxicity Toxicity
Toxicity Toxicity
Toxicity Toxicity

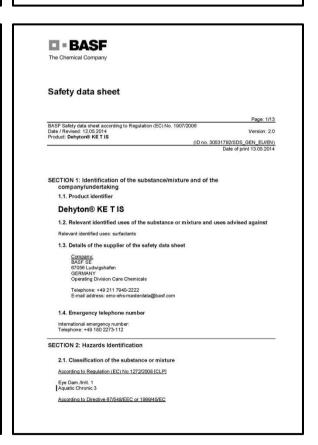
Page: 10/13 cording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Version: 2.0 (ID no. 30608338/SDS_GEN_EU/EN)
Date of print 28 10 2016 EC50 > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a smillar structure or composition. Aquatic plants: EC50 > 100 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201) 12.2. Persistence and degradability Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O): Readily biodegradable (according to OEOD criteria) 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Assessment bioaccumulation potential: Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected. 12.4. Mobility in soil Assessment transport between environmental compartments: Volatility. The substance will rapidly evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface Adsorption in soil: Adsorption to solid soil phase is expected. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment According to Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). The product does not contain a substance fulfilling the PBT (persistent/bioaccumulative/toxis) criteria or the VP-B (very persistent/very bioaccumulative/criteria. Self classification 12.6. Other adverse effects The substance is not listed in Regulation (EC) 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer. SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations Contaminated packaging: Uncontaminated packaging can be re-used.

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

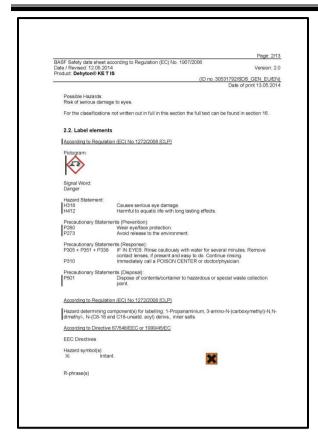


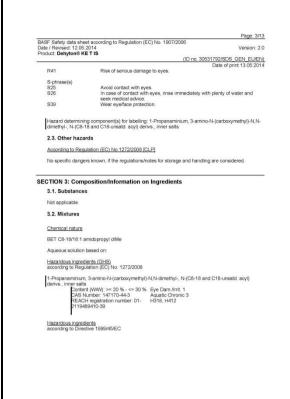
BASF Safety data sheet according Date / Revised: 08.01.2016 Product: Cutina® AGS-JP	ng to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Version: 2
	(ID no. 30608338/SDS_GEN_EU/E
UN number: UN proper shipping name: Transport hazard class(es): Packing group: Erwironmental hazards: Special precautions for user	Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Note where the proper
Air transport	
IATA/ICAO	
Environmental hazards:	
14.2. UN proper shipping	
See corresponding entries for above.	or "UN proper shipping name" for the respective regulations in the table
14.3. Transport hazard of See corresponding entries for tables above.	class(es) or "Transport hazard class(es)" for the respective regulations in the
14.4. Packing group See corresponding entries for	or "Packing group" for the respective regulations in the tables above.
14.5. Environmental haz See corresponding entries for above.	cards or "Environmental hazards" for the respective regulations in the tables
14.6. Special precaution See corresponding entries for tables above.	is for user or "Special precautions for user" for the respective regulations in the
14.7. Transport in bulk a	according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code
Regulation: Shipment approved:	Not evaluated Not evaluated

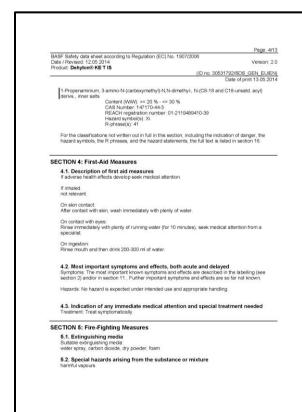


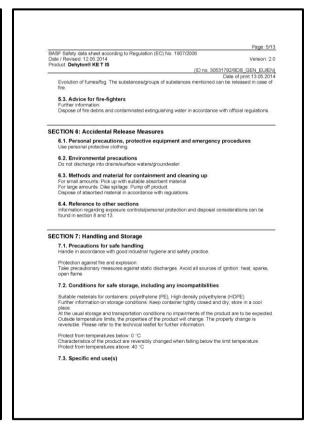


"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"









"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Date / Reviscet. 12.05.2014

Product Dehyton-RET 18

(ID no. 30531792/SDS GEN EULEN)

Date of print 13.05.2014

For the relevant identified use(s) listed in Section 1 the advice mentioned in this section 7 is to be observed.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Components with occupational exposure limits

7647-14-5: Sodium chloride

PNEC

Data refer to the lead substance

Components with PNEC

147770-44-3: 1-Proparaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-NN-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatid acyl) derive, inner salts reshwater: 0.0135 mg/l members and components with proparaminium and proparaminium of the proparam

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Date / Revised: 12.05.2014 Product: Dehyton® KE T IS (ID no. 30531792/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Eye protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles (splash goggles) (e.g. EN 166) Body protection:
Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. apron, protecting boots, chemical-protection suit (according to EN 14605 in case of splashes or EN ISO 13982 in case of dust). General safety and hygiene measures
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. No eating, drinking, smoking
or tobacco use at the place of work. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety
practice. SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties liquid light yellow slight odour 4 - 6 (water, 5 %(m), 20 °C) > 100 °C Aqueous preparation (ISO 4316) Flash point: Evaporation rate: not applicable not flammability: not flammability not flammabile Flammability of Aerosol Products: Products: not applicable, the product does not form flammable aerosoles Cower explosion limit

For liquids, not relievant for classification and labelling

Density: 1 05 giorn

Relative vapour density (air.)

Relative vapour densi Thermal decomposition: No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. Viscosity, dynamic: Viscosity, dynamic: not determined viscosity, kinematic: not determined

Page: 8/13 ording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (ID no. 30531792/SDS_GEN_EU/EN)
Date of print 13.05.2014 Explosion hazard: not explosive
Fire promoting properties: not fire-propagating (See user defined text.) 9.2. Other information Other Information:
If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section.
No further information available. SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity 10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. 10.2. Chemical stability
The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions None if used for intended purpose. 10.4. Conditions to avoid See MSDS section 7 - Handling and storage 10.5. Incompatible materials Substances to avoid: No substances known that should be avoided. SECTION 11: Toxicological Information 11.1. Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity Virtually nontoxic by inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Experimental/calculated data: LD50 (oral): > 5,000 mg/kg

ording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (ID no. 30531792/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Date of print 13.05.2014 LD50 (dermal): > 5,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 402) Assessment of irritating effects: May cause severe damage to the eyes, Not irritating to the skin. Respiratory/Skin sensitization Assessment of sensitization: There is no evidence of a skin-sensitizing potential Assessment of mutagenicity:
The chemical structure does not suggest a specific alert for such an effect. Carcinogenicity Assessment of reproduction toxicity:
The chemical structure does not suggest a specific alert for such an effect. Developmental toxicity Assessment of teratogenicity: No data was available concerning toxicity to development. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Repeated dose toxicity and Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: None known Other relevant toxicity information

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Date / Revised: 12.05.2014

Product Dehyton® KET IS

(ID no. 30531792/BDS GEN EULEN)

Date of print 13.05.2014

The product has not been tested. The statements on toxicology have been derived from the properties of the individual components.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Assessment of aqualist toxicity.
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Toxicity to fish:
LC30 > 1.-10 mg/l

Aquatic invertebrates:
EC30 > 1.-10 mg/l

Aquatic parties:
EC50 > 1.-10 mg/l

MicroorganismsEffect on activated sludge:
EC0 > 100 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish:
No observed effect concentration > 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:
No observed effect concentration > 0.1 - 7 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (HZO)
The organic component of the product is biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment bioaccumulative potential:
No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:
not applicable

12.5. Results of PBT and vPVB assessment

According to Armex XIV of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorsation and Restriction of Chemicals (EEAC-4). The product does not contain a substance fulfilling the FBT (persistent/hosoundaltyve) criteria or the vFVB (very persistent/very bioaccumulative) criteria.

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006
Date / Revised: 12.05.2014
Product Dehytone KETIS

(ID no. 30531792/SIDS CBN. EULEUN)
Date of print 13.06.2014

12.6. Other adverse effects
The product does not contain substances that are listed in Regulation (EC) 1005/2009 on substances that depire the accord layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods
Must be disposed of or incinerated in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Land transport

ADR

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations. Not applicable packing group.
Environmental pazards.
Special precautions for user

UN number:
UN popper shipping name.
Transport hazard class(es). Not explicable
None known

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations Not applicable None known

Not applicable Special precautions for user

UN number:
UN number:
UN number:
UN number:
UN proper shipping name.
Transport hazard class(es). Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Special precautions for University of the Not applicable Not applica

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2008
Date / Revised 12 05 2014
Product Dehytome KE 11 is

User
Transport in inland
waterway vessel.

Sea transport

IMDG

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
Vol applicable
Practing group.
Environmental hazards

IATA/ICAO

UN number
UN proper shipping rame.
Transport hazard classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
Not applicable
Not

BASE Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Date / Revised 12.05.2014

Product. Dehyton® KET IS

(ID no. 30531792/SDS GEN EULEN)

Date of print 13.05.2014

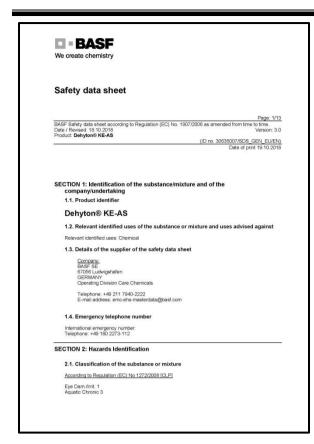
14.6. Special precautions for user
See corresponding entries for "Special precautions for user" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code
Regulation

Signered approved: Not evaluated
Pollution name: Not evaluated
Strip Type: Not evaluated
Strip Type:

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





BASE Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revision 1.5 to 2018
Product. Dehyton® KE-AS

(ID no. 30639007/5095 GEN. EUEN)

Date of print 19.10.2018

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Chemical nature

Aqueous solution based on: 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-NN-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatd. acyl) derivs, inner salts

Hazardous impredients (CHB)
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-NN-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatd. acyl) derivs, inner salts

CASE Number 147170-44.3

CASE Number 147170-44.3

CASE Number 147170-44.3

REACH registration number: 01211949410-39

For the classifications not written out in full in this section, including the hazard obasses and the hazard statements, the full text is listed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First-Aid Measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

If alverse health effects develop seek medical attention.

If inhaled:
On sign contact

After contact vith eyes:
Rinse immediately with plenty of varier.

On on contact vith eyes:
Rinse immediately with plenty of varier.

On injection:
Rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms: The most important known symptoms and of effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) andor in section 11, (Further) symptoms and of or effects are not known so far

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.

Date / Revised: 18:10.2018
Product. Dehyton® KE-AS

(ID no. 30835007/EDS. GEN EUER)

Date of print 18:10.2018

Hazardis. No hazard is expected under intended use and appropriate handling.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing media.
Sultable extinguishing media.
Special protective equipment:
Veer a self-contained breathing apparatus.
Further information:
Dispose of fire-debris and containmated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidential Release Measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Use personal protective outling.
6.2. Environmental precautions
Do not discharge in do drainsfusificace watersignoundwater.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
For resist amonatin. Prok on yellon publishe absorbert material.
For large amounts. Dise spillage, Pump off product.
Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections
information regarding exposure controls/personal protection and disposal considerations can be found in section 1 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Handle in accordance with egold industrial hygiene and saf

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

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BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 18.10.2018

Product: Detytonis KE-AS

(ID no. 30635007/SBS GEN EUEN)

Date of print 19.10.2016

Protection against fire and explosion:
Take precautionery measures against static discharges. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open fiame.

Control of processors and risk management measures
Emission factor air.
Emission factor air.
Emission factor soil:
0.9%

Excessive settimate and interence to its source.

Assessment related:
Maximum amount of safe use:
1.6/17 kg/d
Remarks:

Suitable materials for containers: High density polyethylene (HDPE)
Further information on storage conditions: Keep container tightly closed and dry; store in a cool place.
Store protected against freezing.

7.3. Specific end use(5)
For the relevant identified use(s) listed in Section 1 the advice mentioned in this section 7 is to be observed.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection
8.1. Control parameters
Components with rocupational exposure limits

7647-14-5: Sodium chloride

PINEC
Data refer to the dissolved main component.
Components with PINEC

147170-44-3: 1-Properaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C8-16 and C18-unsatid, soyl) denres, inner also, source and sonal source and source and sonal s

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 18 10 2018
Product. Deliyonib RE-AS

(ID no. 30638007/8DIS GEN. ELUEN)

Date of print 19 10.2018
Data refer to the dissolved main component

Components with DNEL.

147170-44-3: 1-Proparaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-(C8-18 and C18-unsatd, soyl) deriva, inner salts
unsatd, soyl) deriva, siner salts
unsatd, soyl deriva,

Page: 7/13 ording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Version: 3.0 (ID no. 30635007/SDS_GEN_EU/EN)
Date of print 19.10.2018 Odour threshold: pH value: 4-6 (20 °C) > 101 °C Aqueous preparation Flash point: Evaporation rate:

Value can be approximated from Henry's Law Constant or vapor pressure.

Flammability: not flammable Flammability of Aerosol Products.

The constant of the Evaporation rate: Lower explosion limit:
For liquids not relevant for classification and labelling. For liquids not relevant for classification and labelling Ignition temperature: Vapour pressure: Density: Relative vapour density (air):
not applicable
Solubility in water: soluble
Solubility (qualitative) solvent(s): distill Self ignition: Thermal decomposition: No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. Viscosity, dynamic: Viscosity, dynamic: not determined

Viscosity, kinematic: not determined

Explosion hazard: not explosive

Fire promoting properties: not fire-propagating 9.2. Other information Other Information.

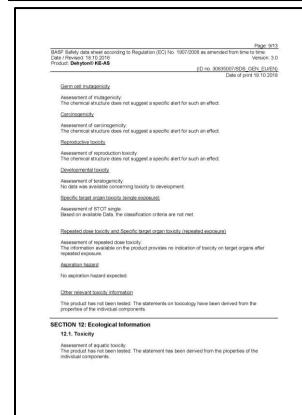
If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section. No further information available.

Page: 8/13 ording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Version: 3.0 (ID no. 30635007/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Date of print 19.10.2018 SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity 10.1. Reactivity
No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. 10.2. Chemical stability
The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions None if used for intended purpose. 10.4. Conditions to avoid See MSDS section 7 - Handling and storage 10.5. Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. SECTION 11: Toxicological Information 11.1. Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion. Assessment of irritating effects: May cause severe damage to the eyes, Not irritating to the skin. Respiratory/Skin sensitization Assessment of sensitization: There is no evidence of a skin-sensitizing potential.

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



Page: 10/13 cording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Version: 3.0 (ID no. 30635007/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge: EC0 > 100 mg/l Chronic toxicity to fish: No observed effect concentration > 0.1 - 1 mg/l 12.2. Persistence and degradability Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O): The organic component of the product is biodegradable 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential 12.4. Mobility in soil Assessment transport between environmental compartments: Volatility: not applicable 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment 12.6. Other adverse effects The product does not contain substances that are listed in Regulation (EC) 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer. SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations 13.1. Waste treatment methods Must be disposed of or incinerated in accordance with local regulations SECTION 14: Transport Information

BASE Safety data wheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1607/2006 as amended from time to time.

Date / Revised 18 10.018
Product: Dehyton® KE-AS

I(ID no. 30635007/8DS GEN_EU/EN)

Date of print 19 10.2018

ADR

UN number:
UN proper shipping name:
Transport hazard classifes)
Special precautions for luser

UN number:
UN number:
UN proper shipping name:
Transport hazard classifes)
Date of print 19 10.2018

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations (Not sprints)
Not pagicable
Not applicable
No

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.

Date / Revised 18-10-2018

Worston: 3.0

ILL Transport

IAT A/IGAO

IN number:

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations.

Not applicable.

The product grazer is specially a particular in the tables above.

14.1. UN number:

Special precautions for user.

Special precautions for "UN number" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

See corresponding entries for "UN proper shipping name" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

See corresponding entries for "Transport hazard class(es)" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.4. Packing group

See corresponding entries for "Packing group" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.5. Environmental hazards

See corresponding entries for "Packing group" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.6. Special precautions for user

See corresponding entries for "Environmental hazards" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Regulation:

Not evaluated Pollution name

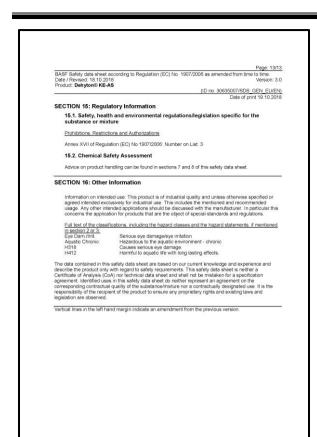
Pollution name

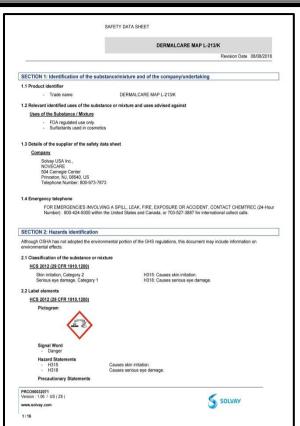
Not evaluated

Ship Type:

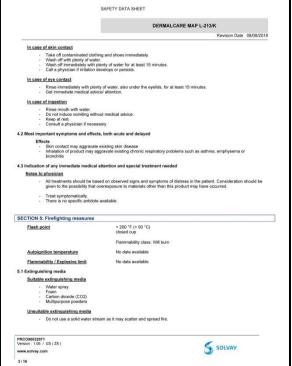
Not evaluated

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

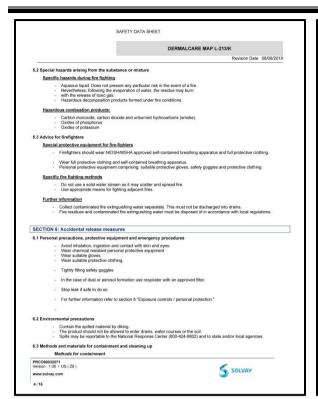


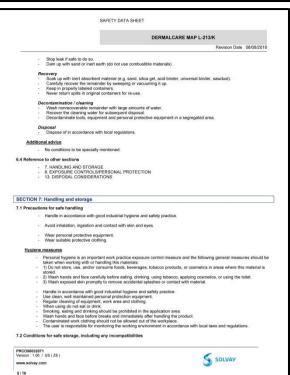




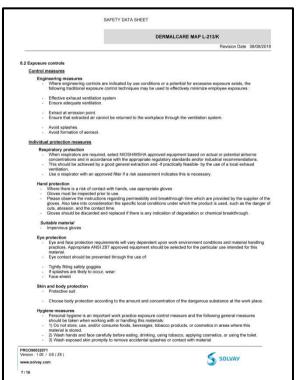


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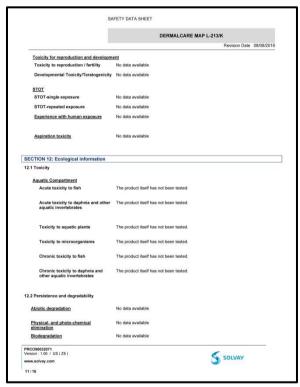


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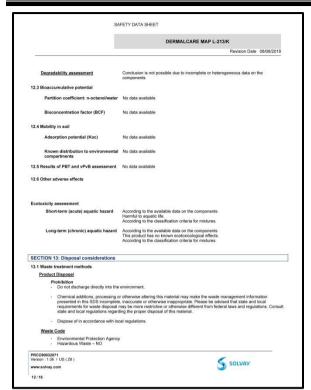


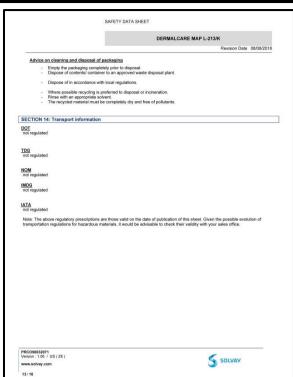


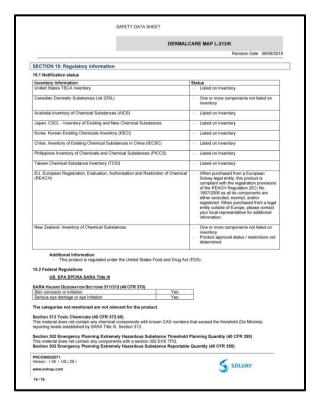




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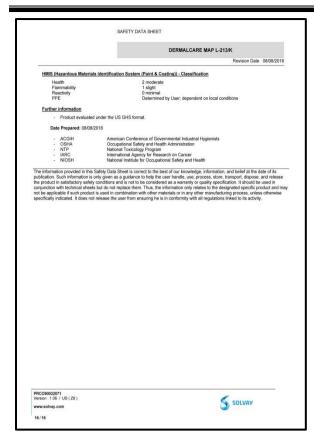




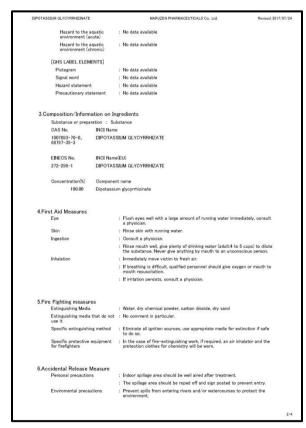




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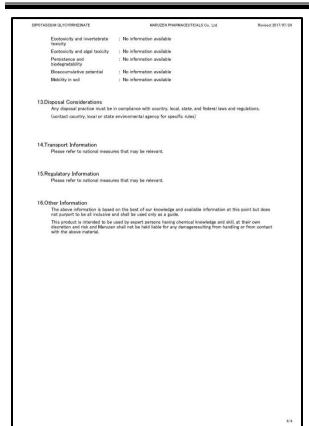


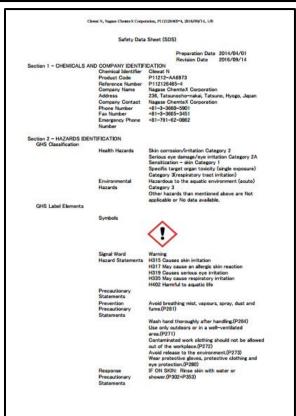




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Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





| FinhMALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position construction for the part of the part of

Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Respond based on treatment for general chemical fire.

Extinguishing Media
Specific Fire Fighting

Protection of Fire Fighting

Protection of Fire Fighter

Protection of Fire Fighter

Protection of Fire Fighter

Protection of Fire Fighter

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Emergency Procedures

Isolate the site as a leak area by providing a zone that has an appropriate width to all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind.

Vertifate closed spaces before entering. Wear appropriate view to touch of walk inhalation or contact with eyes and skin.

Keep out of low areas.

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material to contain the process of the product of

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Handling

Technical Measures
Provide ventilation system and use necessary
personal protective equipment as described in
"Section 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS /
PERSONAL PROTECTION."

Precautions for Safe
Handling

Wash hand thoroughly after handling.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Avoid release to the environment.
Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.
Do not breath male, when years are specified to the substances or Mittures
Specific Hygine
Measures
Specific Hygine
Measures

Storage Precautionary
Statements

Storage Precautionary
Statements

Storage Precautionary
Statements

Technical Measures

Audit release to the workplace.
Material Used in Packaging/Container
Keep in a well-vertilated place. Keep ontainer tightly closed.

Material Used in Packaging/Container

Keep only in the original container.

Section 8 – EXPOSUBE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Facilities storing or utilizing this product should be equipment.
Fey Protection

Hand Protection

Eye Protection

Was a madeguate protective apparatus for respiratory organs.

Was a madeguate protective apparatus for respiratory organs.

Was suitable protective equipment for the face.

Follow of the workplace in which the suitable ventilator was installed.

Was a madeguate protective equipment for the face.

Was suitable protective equipment for the fa

initial Boiling Point and Boiling Ranges Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability or Explosive Lower Limit no data ava no data available no data available no data available 0.95 g/mL Water solubility: 11g/100g (20°C) no data available Upper Limit Vapour Pressure Vapour Density Specific Gravity (Density) no data available no data available Chemical stability AND REACTIVITY
Chemical stability and
Reactivity
Possibility of Hazardous
Reaction
Conditions to Avoid This product is considered stable under usual condition.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Contact with oxidizers. High-temperature material. Spark. Naked flame Oxidizers. Imcompatible Substances or Mixtures Hazardous Decomposition Products Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Acute Toxicity Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation ction 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Golden ides I C50(96 hour) >500mg/L COD(Mn): 636000 mg/L, BOD(5): 25000 mg/L Environmental and Other Adverse Effects otion 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Cleas N, Nagase Chestal X Corporation, F11213665-L 2816/99/16, 6/6

Remove residual contents completely before an empty container is decarded.

Section 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION
International Regulations
International Regulations
Information by Sea
Transport in bulk
according to
MARPOL
173/78, Anness III, and
the IBC code
Regulatory AP
Information by AP
Specific Safety Measures

Not applicable
Check the container for any leaks and breakages.
Load up carefully to prevent a fall, a overturning and a breakage. Carry out prevention to unpiling of cargo.
Do not wet container. Do not handle roughly.

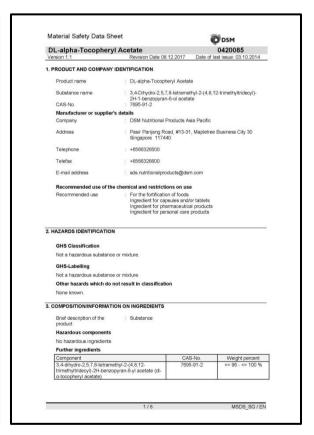
Section 15 – REQUILATORY INFORMATION
Information Contact

Literature References

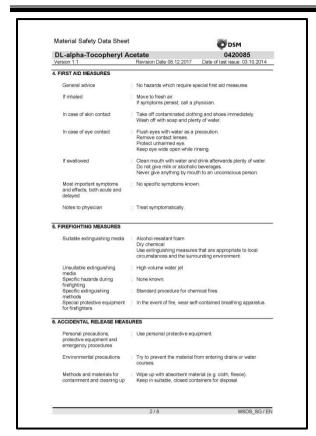
Section 16 – OTHER INFORMATION
Information Contact

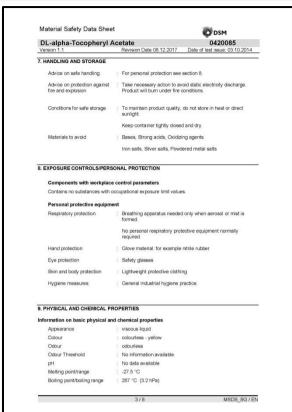
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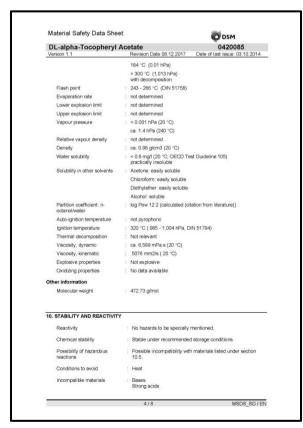
Online MSDs Information (Platform (CHRIP) / Monitorial Platform (CHRIP) / Monit

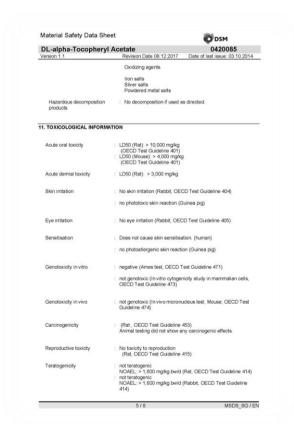


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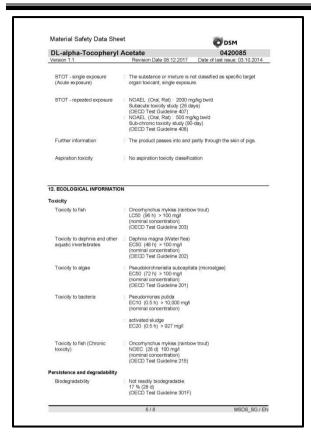


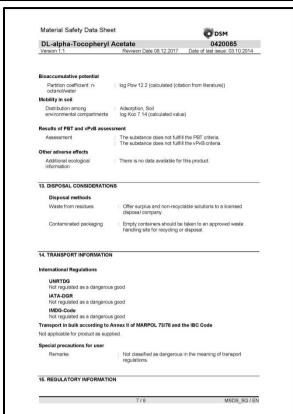




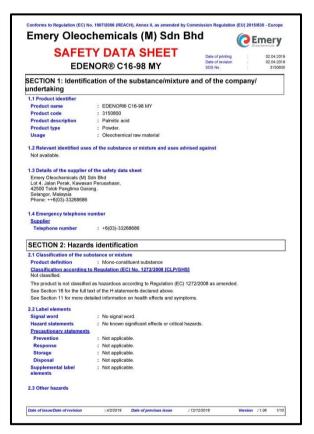


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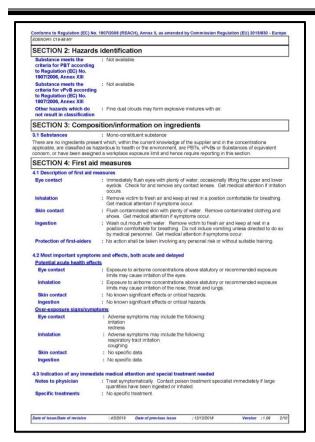


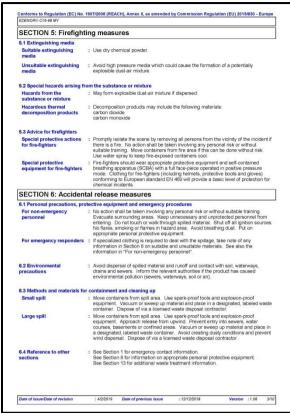


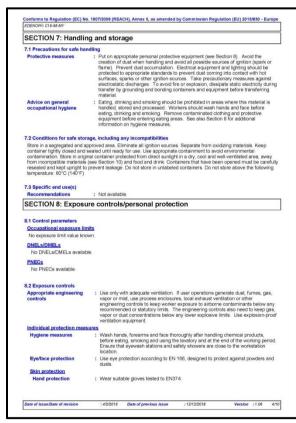


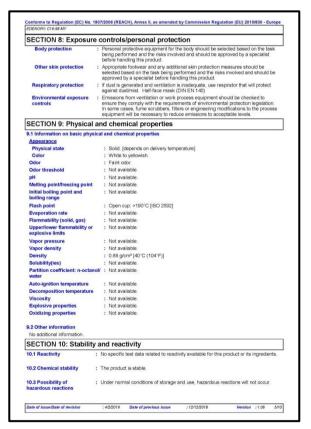


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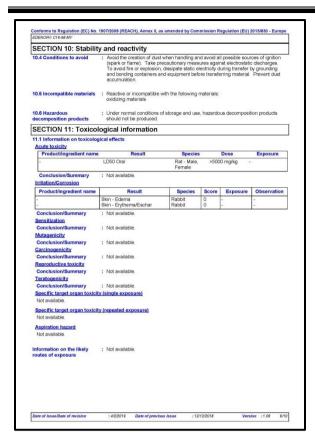




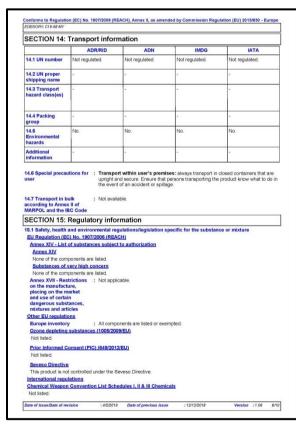




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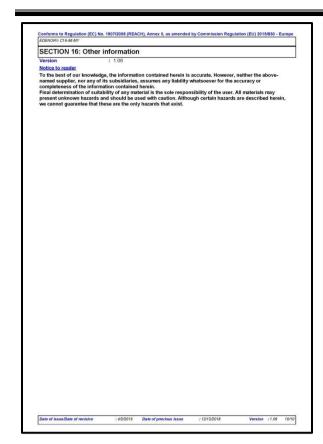


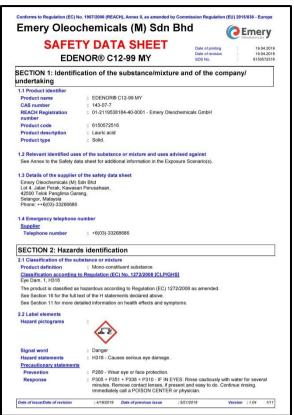




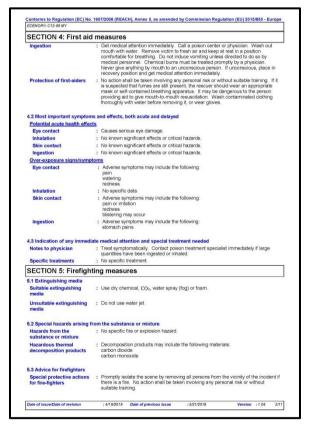


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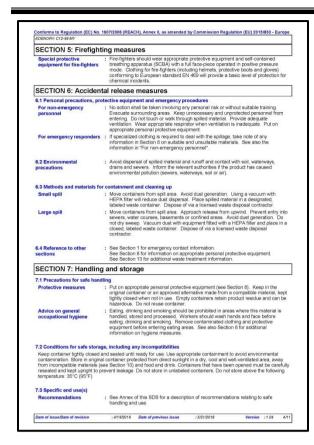


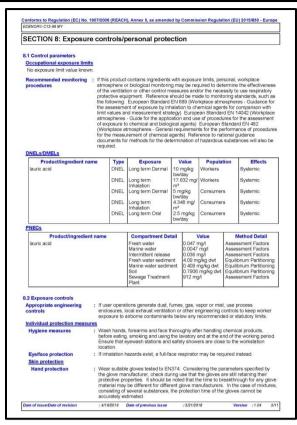


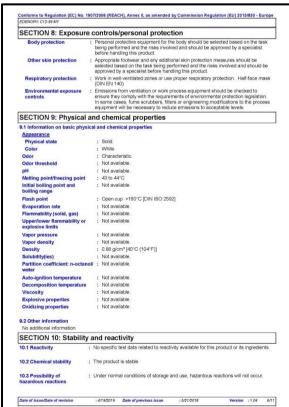


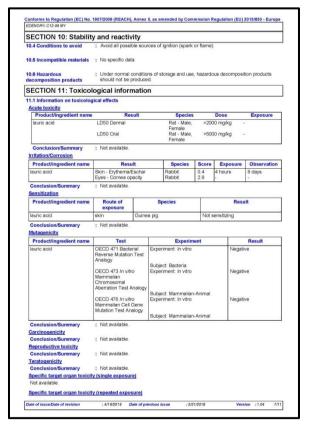


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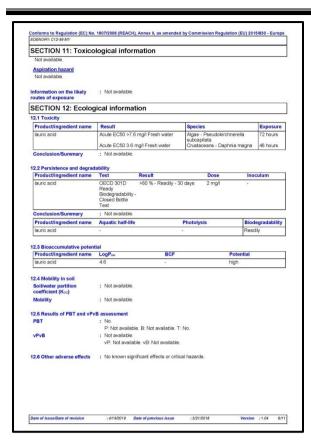


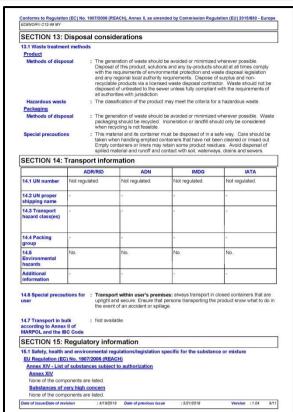




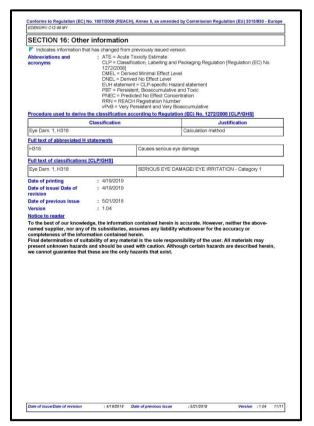


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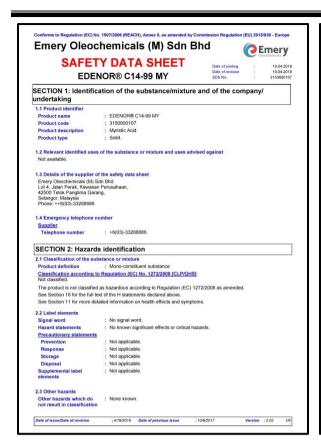


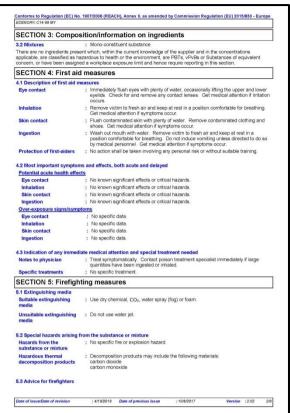


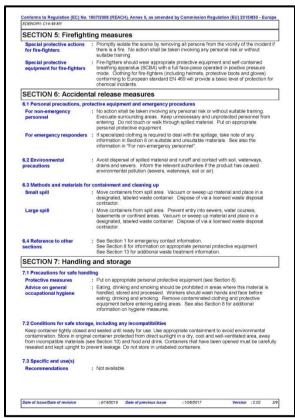


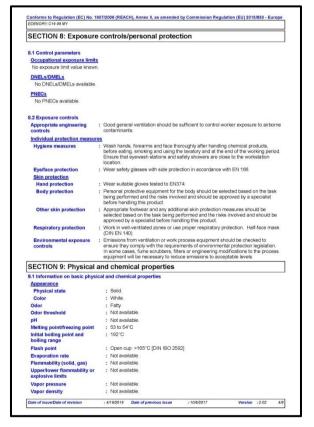


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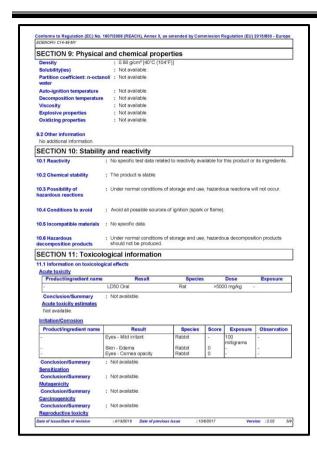




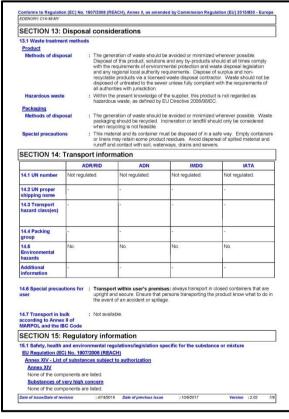




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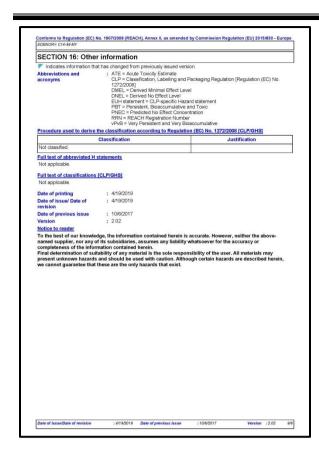


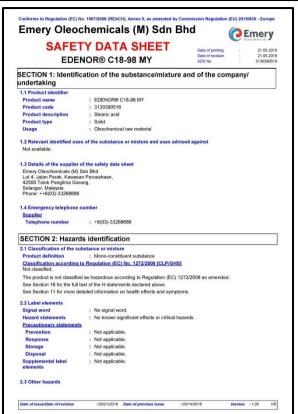




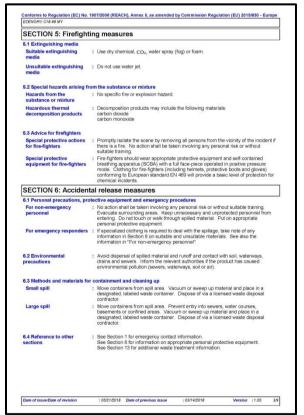


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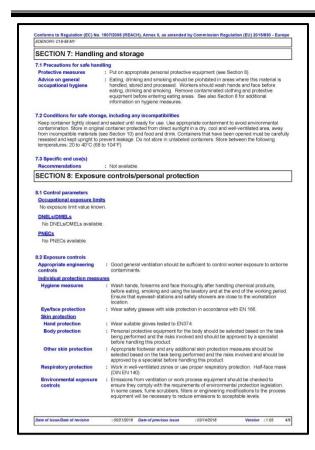


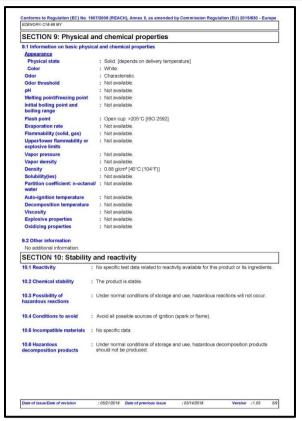






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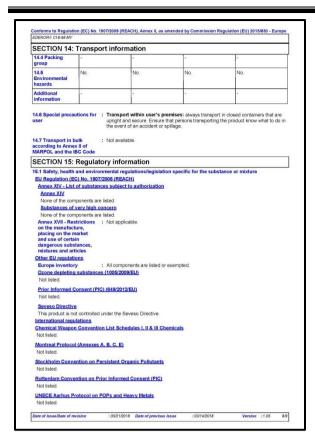








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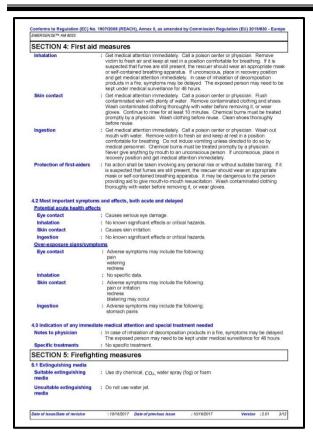


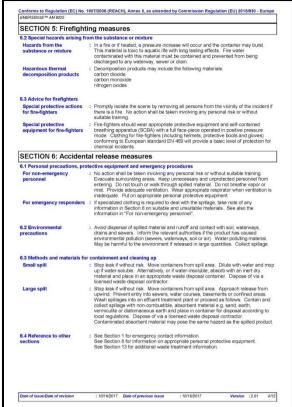


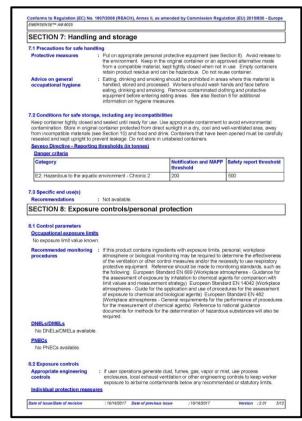




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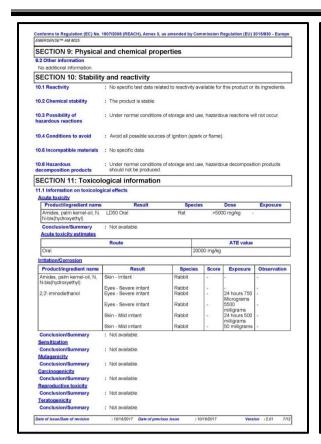


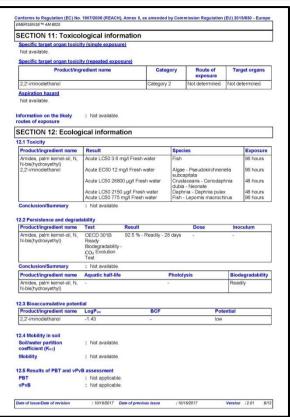


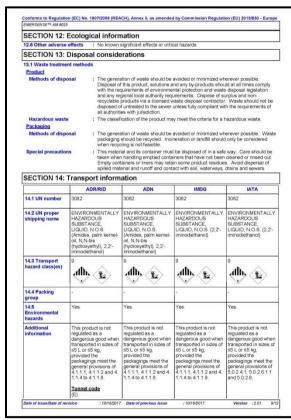




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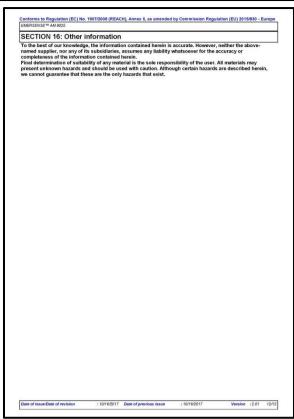


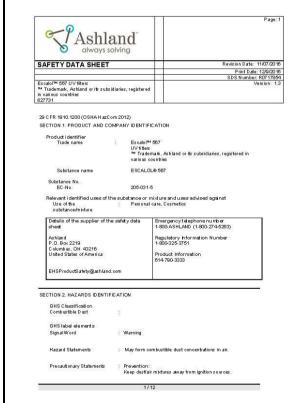




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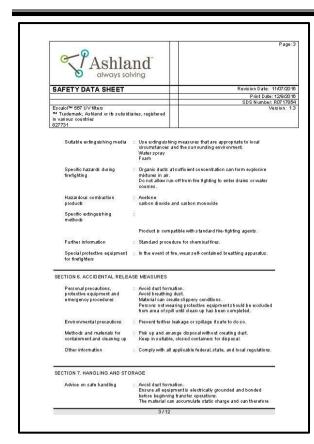


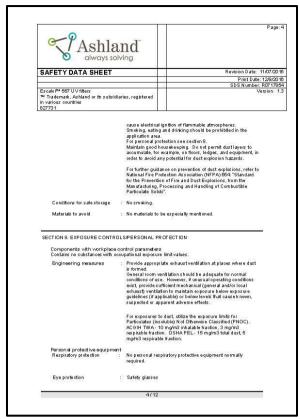


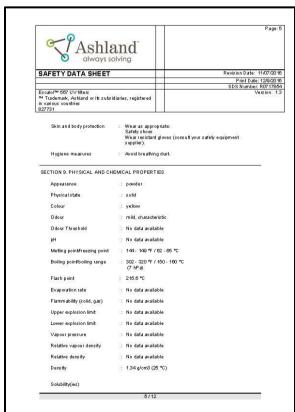


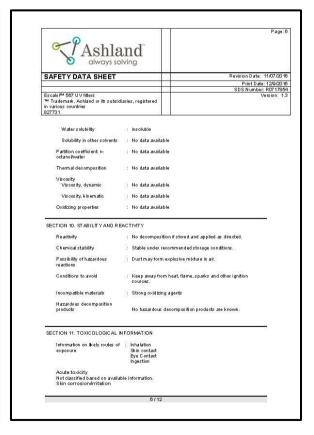


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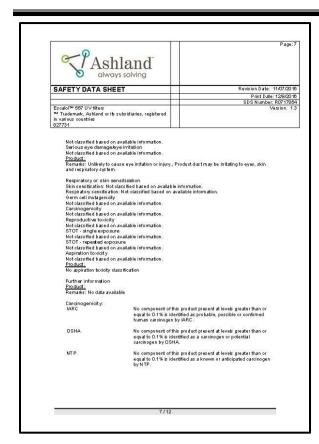


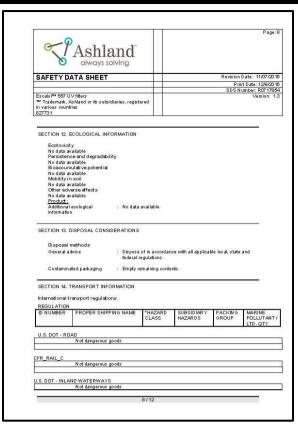


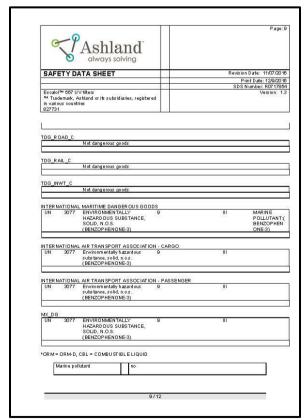




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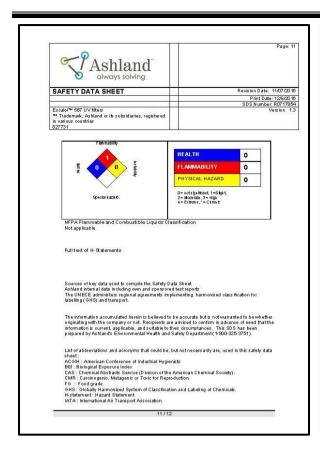


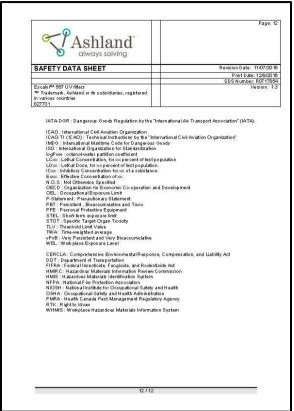


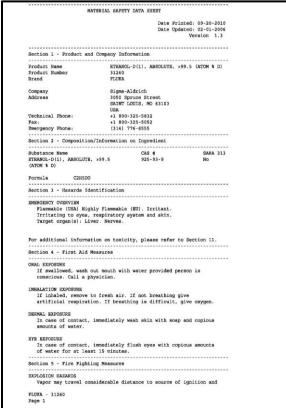


Ashla	and			
always so	olving			
SAFETY DATA SHEET		Revision Date: 11/07/20		
		Print Date: 12/9/20 SDS Number: R07178		
scalol™ 567 UV filters ™ Trademark, Ashland or its subsidiaries, registered various countries 27731		Version:		
	onsult shipping docume	treflect quantity, end-use or region-specific nts for descriptions that are specific to the		
SARA 311/312 Hazards	: Fire Hazard			
SARA 313 Component(s)SARA 313	known CAS numb	: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Tatle III, Section 313.		
California Prop 65		not contain any chemicals known to State use cancer, birth defects, or any other		
The components of this pro TSCA		ne following inventories:		
DSL	: All components of	this product are on the Canadian DSL		
AIC S	: On the inventory,	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory		
ENCS	: On the inventory,	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory		
KECI	: On the inventory,	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory		
PICCS	: On the inventory,	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory		
IEC SC	: On the inventory,	or in compliance with the inventory		
		ACH (European Union), ENCS (Japan), ISHL S (Philippin ⇔), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (USA)		
	TION			
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMAL				

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"







```
PLASH POINT

37.2 *P 14 *C Method: closed cup
ANTIORITION THMP
N/A

PLAMMABILITY
N/A

EXTINUISHING MEDIA
Suitable: For small (incipient) fires, use media such as
*alcohol* foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large
fires, apply water from as far as possible: Use very large
fires, apply water from as far as possible: Use very large
fires, apply water from as far as possible: Use very large
fires, apply water from as far as possible: Use very large
fires, apply water from as far as possible: Use very large
fires, apply water from as far as possible: Use very large
fires, apply water from as far as possible: Use very large
fires.

PLASTORY AND ASSESSED ASSES
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"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

(RUI) Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose constination (US) or type ABRE (EM 14397) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator.

Rye. Chemical safety goggles.

GENERAL HYGIENE MEASURES

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Section 9 - Physical/Chemical Properties

Appearance Color: Coloriess

Porms (Clear liquid

Property Value At Temperature or Pressure

Molecular Weight 47.08 AMU pf M/APP Range N/A 79.0 *C 760 mmHg

MM/MF Range N/A 79.0 *C 760 mmHg

MM/MF Range N/A 79.0 *C 760 mmHg

MM/MF Range N/A 79.0 *C 760 mmHg

N/A Vapor Pressure N/A 79.0 *C 760 mmHg

N/A Vapor Density N/A 79.0 *C 760 mmHg

N/A

membranes, and upper respiratory tract. May be harmful by inhalation, ingestion, or skin absorption.

TARROT GORAMS DO SESTEM(S)

Liver, Central nervous system.

SIGNS AND SIMPTONEO OF EXCOSURE

Nacotic affect. Masses, headache, and vomiting. Exposure can cause: Can cause CRG depression.

Section 12 - Ecological information

No data available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

APPROPRIATE METHOD OF DISPOSAL OF SUBSTANCT OR PREPARATION
Burn in a Chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

Section 14 - Tramsport Information

DOT

Froper Shipping Name: Ethanol (or) Ethyl alcohol [or]

Ethanol solutions [or] Ethyl alcohol solutions
UN: 1270

Class: 3

Fracking Group: Racking Group II

Hazard Labol: Plammable ilquid
FIH. Not FIH.

IATA

Proper Shipping Name: Schanol

IATA OR Number: 1170

Hazard Class: 3

Facking Group: II

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

BO ADDITIONAL CLASSIFICATION

Symbol of Danger: Highly Flammable.

E: 1

Extracements: Highly flammable.

Extracements: Highl

WORKIS Classification: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CFR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CFR.

DELL NO.

Section 16 - Other Information

DISCLAIMER

FOR NAD use only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

WARRANTY

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is beased on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with respect to guarantee of the properties of the product. Signa-Aldrich inc., shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

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PLUKA - 31260

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

```
Chemical characterisation: PD&C RED NO. 40
CAS number: 247-386-0
Registration Number 01-2119933928-1-XXXX
Registration Number 01-2119933928-1-XXXX
Registration Number 01-2119933928-1-XXXXX
Registration Number Not Available

SECTION 4: First all measures
1.0 case of several discoverage of the control of th
```

```
Instructions a regards storage premises:

Adoquately ventilated premises:

7.3 Specific and suct)

Recommendates
Storage temperature < 25°C;
Industrial sectors Specific solutions:

None in particular.

SECTION 9: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Centrol parameters

Re Data Available

8.2. Exposure controls

Exprises protection:

Specific protection:

Specific protection:

Registers protection measures

Rect Available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Solid

Appearance: Provider, Dark red

Open: Open: Section 9: Physical State Solid

Appearance: Provider, Dark red

Open: Open: Registers providers properties

Particular poper, range: 310 °C (500 °Ft)

Resistance providers providers properties

Desiry (20°C): 10.7 (pm.)

Water solubility: Solubility

Lipid solubility: Solubility

Lipid solubility: Solubility

Lipid solubility: Solubility

Lipid solubility: Registers properties: India Available

National Section properties: India disting properties

Remandable (Redistive Providers Providers Not Available

National Section properties: India Available

National Section protections

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Data not Available.

Particular Available

Production for A
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```
Bumming produces carbon monovide and/or carbon dioxide.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Data not Available.
10.5 Incompatible materials

Data not Available.
10.6 Hazarokovide decomposition products
Obto not Available.
11.1 Information of toxicological information
11.1 Information in toxicological effects
Toxicological informations
1704. EEC-O-filit : positive lists
1704. EED NO. 40

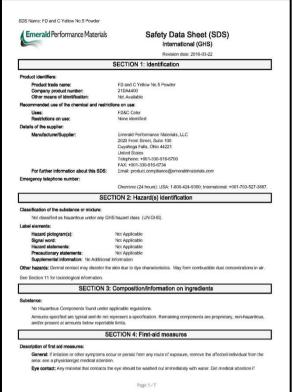
a) scute toxicoly
b) sike consonvirrations bian Intrant for Intrant effect
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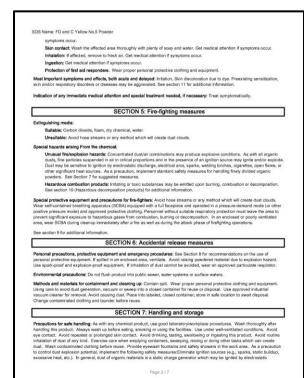
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13.1. Waste treatment methods
Recover (F possible. In se deep, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

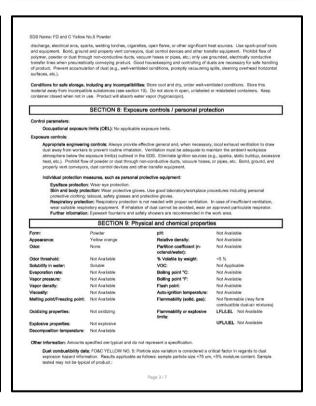
SECTION 14: Transport information
14.1. UN runner hyping name
14.2. UN groups represent NA
16.2. UN groups (Servine NA)
16.2. Un groups (Servine NA)
16.3. Transport hazard class(e)
16.3. Transport hazard class(e)
16.4. Transport nature (Servine NA)
16.4. Servine producted to the Servine NA)
16.4. Servine producted (Servine NA)
16.4. Servine nature (Servine NA)
16.4. Servine nature (Servine NA)
16.4. A Special Provision (Servine NA)
16.4. A Special Provision (Servine NA)
16. Transport nature (Servine NA)
17. Tran
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"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"



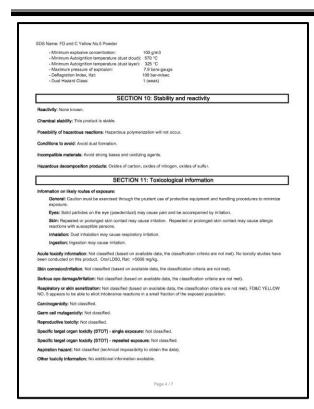


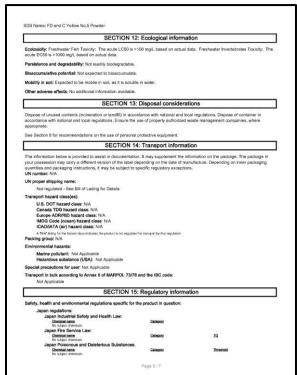




"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





Japan Prevention of Marine Pollution and Disaster:
Chresia Japan Chemical Substances Control Law:
Consultations
Towns Industrial Safety and Health Act:
Consultations
Towns Industrial Safety and Health Act:
Consultations
Towns Japan Control Act (CCA)
Chemical Japan Control Act (Waste disposal methods must comply with local and national laws.
Towns Waste Control Act Waste disposal methods must comply with local and national laws.
Towns Waste Control Act Waste disposal methods must comply with local and national laws.
Towns Waste Control Act Waste disposal methods must comply with local and national laws.
Towns Waste Control Act Waste disposal methods must comply with local and national laws.
Towns Waste Control Act Waste disposal methods must comply with local and national laws.
Towns Waste Control Act Substances (LECS)
Chemical Inventory of Chemical Substances (LECS):
V Canadian Domestrs Substances (LECS):
V Canadian Domestrs Substances (LECS):
V Canadian Domestrs Substances (LECS):
V Canadian Non-Control Act (CCA):
Disposal Last of Maride Chemical Substances (ELECS):
V Canadian Non-Control Act (CCA):
New Zealand Inventory of Chemical Substances (ELECS):
V New Zealand Inventory of Chemical

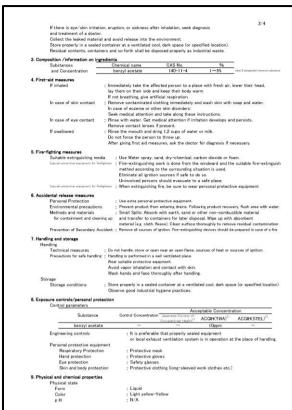
SDS Name: FD and C Yellow No.5 Powder:
2002 Front Street, Suite 100
Cuyshroga Falls, Oho 44221
United States

Page 7 / 7

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



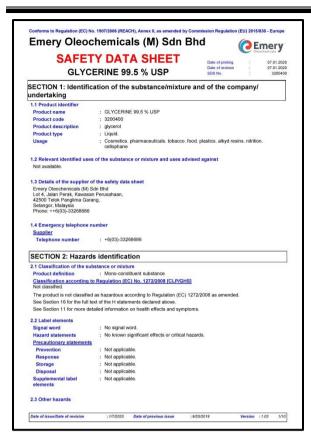


Odor	: Characteristic 3/
Flash Point	: 50°C
Relative density	- 0.873 (d20/20)
Solubility	: Insoluble in water
10. Stability and reactivity	
Stability	: Stable and non self-polymerizable under normal conditions.
Possibility of dangerous or I	minful reaction: No appreciable reactivity.
Conditions to be avoide	: None
Substances not to be m	ed : None
Hazardous decomposition	roducts : No hazardous gases are released during self decomposition.
11. Toxicological information	
For main component in	ormation, see "Appended table."
12. Ecological information	
For main component in	ormation, see "Appended table."
13.Disposal considerations	
Dispose of waste and re	idues in accordance with local authority requirements.
14. Transport information	
Japanese regulation	
Land transport	: Comply with laws.
Marine transport	: Comply with laws-
Air transport	; Comply with laws.
International regulation	
UN Number	: 1169
UN Classification	: Class 3
Packing Group	: III
Marine Pollutant	; Listed
Special Safety Conditio	
	Keep away from sources of ignition.
15. Japanese regulatory informat	
Industrial Safety and Health's	: Dangerous and harmful substances subject to indicate their names
	Dangerous and harmful substances subject to notify their names
	Dangerous substances : Inflammable substances
Fire Service Act Ship Safety Act	: Hazardous Materials Category IVNot classified (Insoluble in water) Not clas : Flammable liquids
Ship Safety Act USA:	
USA: EU:	: Indefinitely : Indefinitely
	: Indefinitely
16.Other information	
Cited document	
1)Journal of the Institute(20	
	Biological Exposure Indices (ACGIH) (2013)
	logy and Evaluation (NITE) GHS classification result
	(Revised 2nd edition) Japan Flavor & Fragrance Materials Association
5)IFRA-IOFI Labeling Manu 6)Safety data sheet prepared	
About contents of description	
	ne basis of the information we could obtain, however, any warranty shall not be given the Pri
use, please investigate not only the h	zards and toxicity information, but also the laws and regulations of the organization, area an used, which shall be given the first priority.
The stated cautions are for normal h	ndling only. In case of special handling, sufficient care should be taken, in addition to the safe
	e condition and duration of storage. Be handled only by those who are familiar with specializ- ter the guidance of those specialists. Safe usage conditions shall be set up on each user's o

Product	GHS classification of the major components		
	benzyl acetate		
Not classified	Not classified		1
Not classified	Not classified		
Classification not possible	Classification not possible		
Category 2	Category 2		
Category 2	Category 2	30	
Classification not possible	Classification not possible	Š.	
Category I	Not classified	8	
Classification not possible	Not classified	8	1
Classification not possible	Not classified		
Category 2	Classification not possible		
Category 2	Cologoy (Registers system/DE)	S2	
	Category 3 (Narcosc effects)		1 1
	0.00		1 1
	· -		
Category 2	Category 1 (kidney)		
Classification not possible	Classification not possible		
Category I	Category 2		
	Not classified Classification not possible Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1 Classification not possible Category 2	Het classified Het classified Content or a possible American or a po	Not classified Not classified Consideration on possible Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 3 Category 4 Category 4 Category 4 Category 4 Category 5 Category 5 Category 6 Category 6 Category 7 Category 1 Category 1 Category 1 Category 1 Category 2 Category 3 Category 3 Category 4 Category 4 Category 4 Category 5 Category 5 Category 1 Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1 Category 2

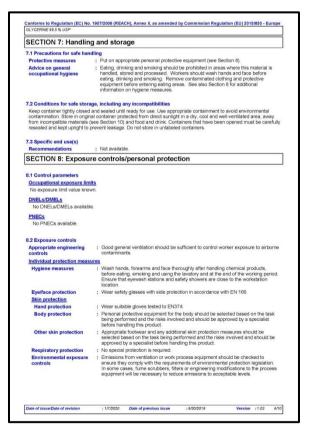
To add 33, 34, 35

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

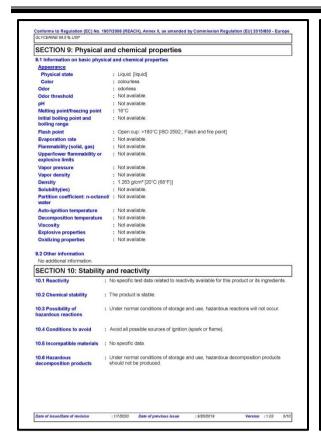


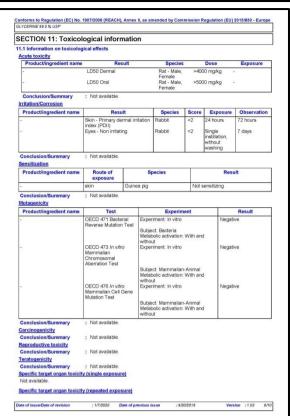


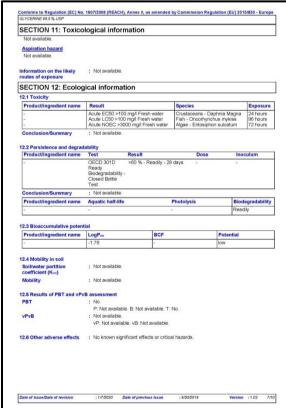


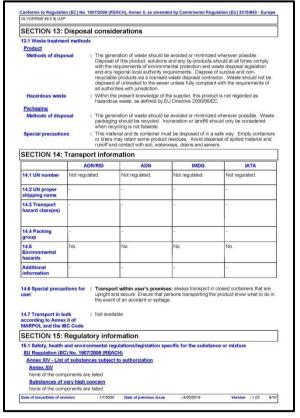


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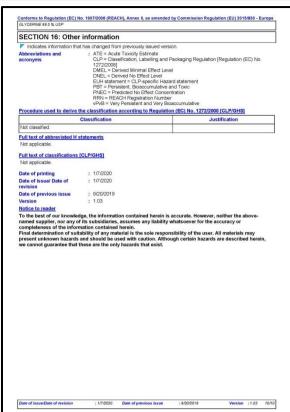






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combination with other materials in process. It is provided to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, as being accorate and reliable. However, we accept no warranties as for standards of the control of the product. The user is strongly advised to thoroughly evaluate the product before user or application. Appropriate warrings and set handling processer should be provided to handlers and user. No information provided in this 305 is to be taken as part of the product specification. The product specification is provided separately.

End of Safety Data Sibeet

SAPETY DATA SHEET

Tride Name: HYALURONSAN HA-LQ60
Date Issued: May 28, 2016

1. Product and Company Identification
Trade Name: HYALURONSAN HA-LQ60
General use: ingredient for essentiates
Manufacturer's Information
Name: Hewing Corporation
Address: 14-18. Shibuya, Shibuya-Ku, Tokyo 150-0002, JAPAN
Tol No.: 181-9-5884-7739
Fax No.: 181-9-5884-7739
Fax No.: 181-9-5884-7739
Fax No.: 181-9-5884-7739
Benergency Telephone Number
Rewipe: Corporation (Pine Chemical Division): +81-8-5884-7779

2. Hazard Identification

*About 0.1-1% of ethanol (CAS No.: 64-17-5) is remained in the final product.
(The ethonol is used in the purification process, and after drying remains about 0.1-1% in the Hazard Identification

*Hazard Identification

*About 0.1-1% of ethanol Recording to GHS Classification is as follows.

Heazard seatepastes according to GHS Classification is as follows.

Heazard seatepastes according to GHS Classification is as follows.

Heazard seatepastes according to GHS.

No hazardous substance according to GHS.

Reproductive toxicity: Category 18

Reproductive toxicity: Category 18

Reproductive toxicity: Category 1A

Reproductive

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SDS for HYALIRONSAN HA-LQ20 May 28, 2016 Page: 2 of 4

3. Composition & Information on Ingredients
Classification (mono-substance or maxture): Mono-substance
Ingredient Name: Sodium Hyalironsie
Ingredient CAS No. 1907-1927 EINBOS No. 1801 revaliable.

**About 0.1-180 of channel (CAS No. 5) 1907-1927 EINBOS No. 1801 revaliable.

**About 0.1-180 of channel (CAS No. 5) 1907-1927 EINBOS No. 1801 revaliable.

**About 0.1-180 of channel (CAS No. 5) 1907-1927 EINBOS No. 1801 revaliable.

**About 0.1-180 of channel CAS No. 5) 1907-1927 EINBOS No. 1801 revaliable.

**About 0.1-180 of channel CAS No. 5) 1907-1927 EINBOS No. 1801 revaliable.

**All Measures
Inhalston : Gargle and blow nose. If you feel unwell during use, immediately stop the work and attention.

Skin contact: Whas with wheat: Incossanry get median device/attention.

Eye contact: Eline continually with water for several minutes. Remove contact lones, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing: if necessarry, get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion: Gargle and weak with water. If necessarry, get medical advice/attention.

**Deep Prighting Measures

**Plannable properties: Not flammable.

Extinguishing Measures

**Paramable properties: Not flammable.

Extinguishing Measures: Sprinkle and/or spread extinguishing media to the fire sources.

**Accidental Release Measures

**Personal premutions: Ware the necessarry protective equipment. (Refer to section 8).

Environmental precunitions: Ion lest product enter drains, severes or streams.

Methods for clean up: Wipe off the spilled material, then weak off with water.

**7. Handling and Sterage

Handling: Poy attention not to raise the dust during using. Ware the necessarry protective equipment. (Refer to section 8).

Storage: Store at ordinary temperature and keep it away from high temperature and direct sunlight.

**8. Exposure Controls & Parsonal Protection

Engineering controls: Not specially needed.

Indicate the protection of the protec

11. Toxicological Information
Information of "HYALURONSAN HA-LQ00" are followings.
Acute and toxicity in mised Data of Not less than 10g/kg *
Skin irritation
Primary also irritation test Nogative *
Human patch test Nogative *
Human patch test Nogative *
Acute oper irritation test Nogative *
Human patch test Nogative *
Acute oper irritation test Nogative *
Acute oper irritation test Nogative est Nogative *
Human patch test Nogative *
Acute oper irritation test Nogative est Nogative *
Human patch test Nogative of preproductive cell to test Nogative est Nogative Nogative *
Mutational toxicity of reproductive cell No data available.
Currinogamisty: No data available.
Reproductive and developmental toxicity study:
The non-observed adverse effect level No Adal is considered to be folimphysical *
Particular target toxicity: No data available.
Reproductive and cause of Nogative No

SDS for HYALURONSAN HA-LQ60 May 28, 2016 Page: 4 of 4

14. Transport Information
International regulation:
ICAO fATA There is no special restriction during six transportation regarding this material.
UN Number, UN Category:
This material does not correspond to hexardous material defined in UN Warning.
IMDS:
Distriction of the process of the second strains of the second strains of the second strains.
Safety presentations during transportation:
Keep away from high temperature and meisture. Avoid direct samilght.
Confirm any damages and leaking of containers before transportation.
Provent fall, or drop to sword getting any damage of container.
When on loading be causeful not to collapse cargo stacks.

15. Regulatory Information
Refer to any other national measures that may be relevant.

16. Other Information
Not available.

References
NTEC Automatical Institute of Technology and Evolustion) Chemical Risk Information Platform ONTE CHRIPP
Closely Harmonical System of classification and labeling of chemicals (Oth ed. 2019) UN
This SDS is prepared with being based on our present state of knowledge and presented as reference information for safey use, however, it does not mean that this 608 cover all the relative information. Bendee, this should not be constructed as guaranteeing the specific properties of the ingreductive information. Bendee, this should not be constructed as guaranteeing the specific properties of the ingreductive information. Bendee, this should not be constructed as guaranteeing the specific properties of the ingreductive information. Bendee, this should not be constructed as guaranteeing the specific properties of the ingreduction between our control and with which we may be unformation and one data made available as between the formation and one data made available as between the formation was does indications or the information, we do not assume any evaporation and one of the present of the information of the information, we do not assume any evaporation and the present and and available as beca

Safety Data sheet (SDS)

Prepared on: November 7, 2014
Revised on Day Month, Year

1. Chemical product and company information

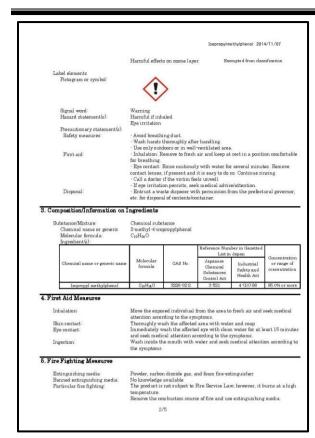
Name of chemical products, etc.: Isopropylimethylphenol
Company name
Oscillar Reset Co., Ltd.
Address: Septiment of Company in Company name
Phone No.: Os-4474-5492
Fax No.: Os-4474-5492
Emergency phone No.: Os-4474-5492

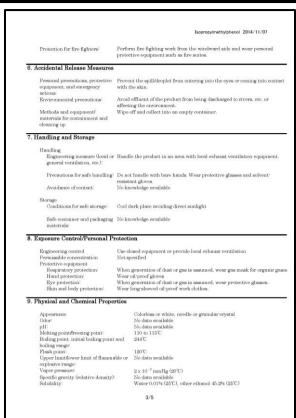
2. Hazard Identification

CHS classification
Physical and chemical hexards: Combustible/flammable gases
Combustible/flammable nereacles
High-pressure gases
High-pressure gases
Hommoble beginds
Plammoble beginds
Flammoble beginds
Solf-reactive substances
Flammoble in Control of Company in Control of Control of

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





n-Octanol/water partition coefficient:
Spontaneous ignition temperature:
No data available
Decomposition temperature:
No data available
No data available

10. Stability:
Restivity:
Stability:
Restivity:
Stability:
Restivity:
No data revialable
No data revialab

14. Transport Information

International regulations:

International regulations:

Not applicable
Demestic regulations:

Not applicable
Not applicable
Pire Service Act:
Wastes Disposal and Public
Cleansing Act:
Wastes Disposal and Public
Cleansing Act:

Under Information

Contact for inquiries about the information contained heroin in Service Active Contact for inquiries about the information contained heroin in Service Active Contact for inquiries about the information contained heroin in subsequence in this time and is abject to revision based on new knowledge.

The information contained heroin has been prepared based on the materials and information available at this time and is abject to revision based on rew knowledge.

The precautions provided heroin are intended for normal handling of the product: therefore, if the product is handled in a special way, take additional safety measures suitable for the application and usage before use.

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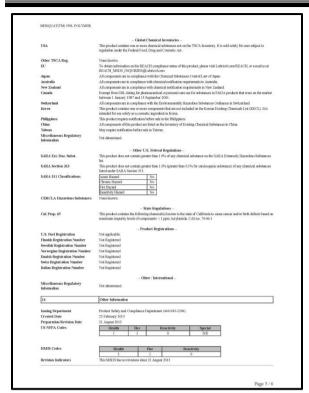


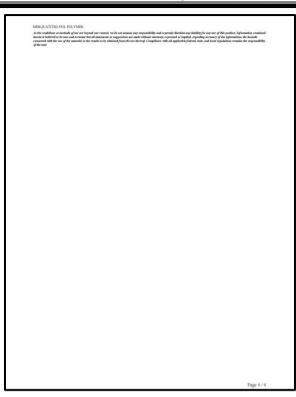






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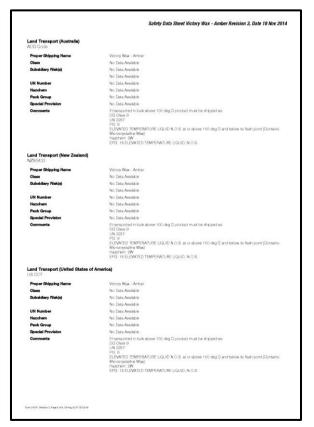


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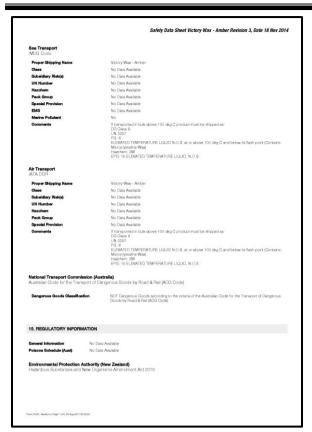


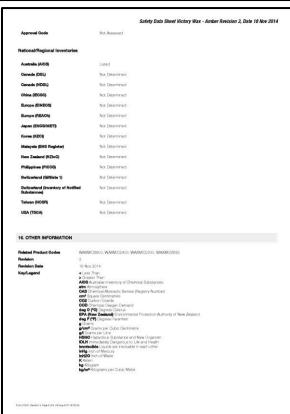


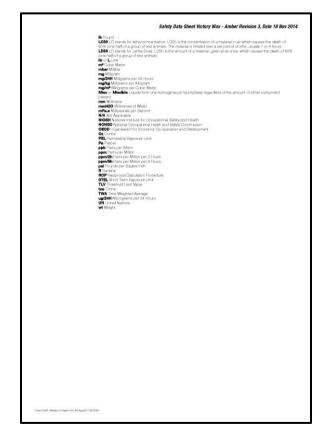




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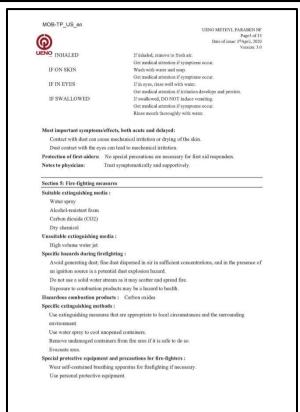


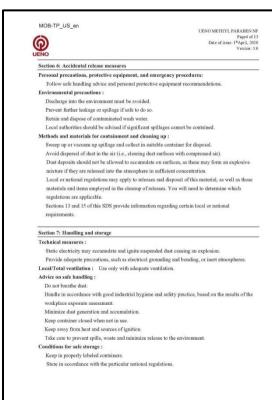




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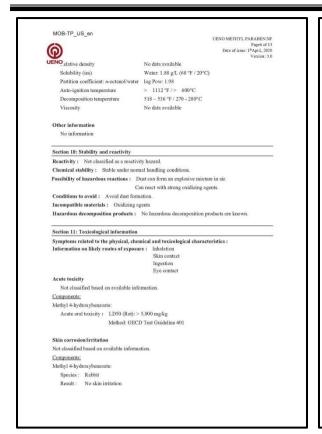




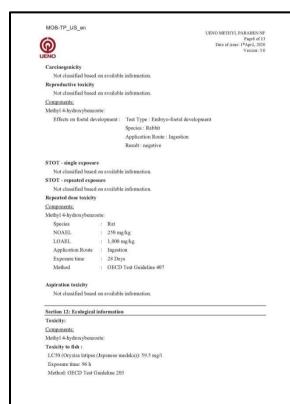


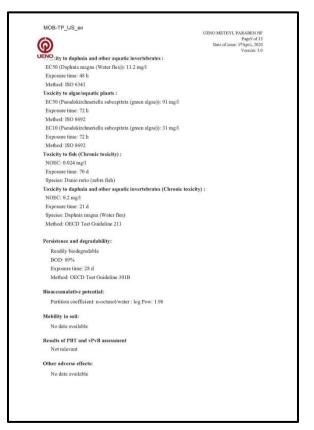


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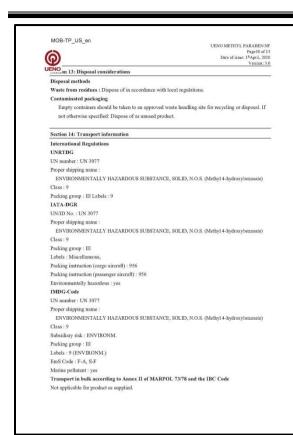


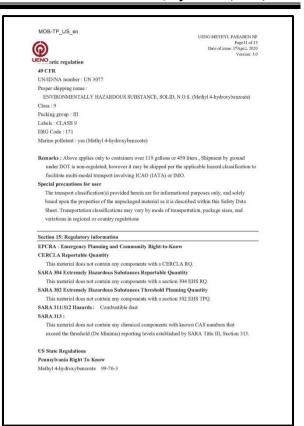


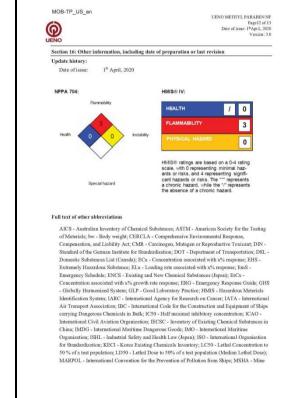




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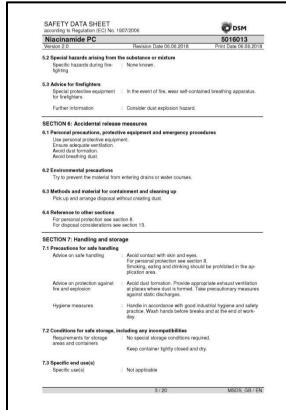


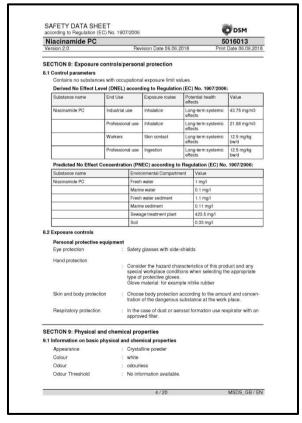


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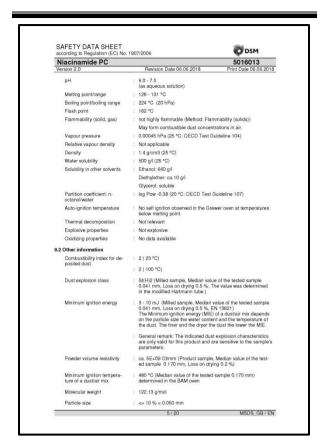


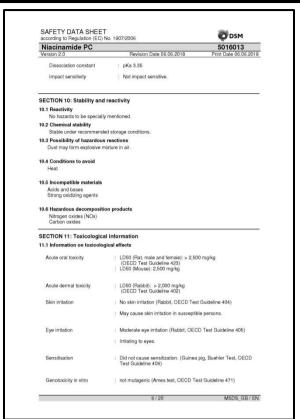


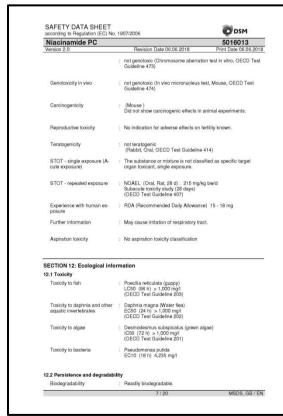


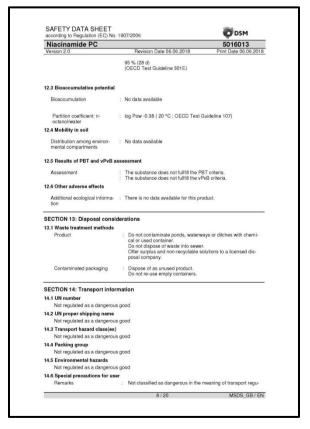


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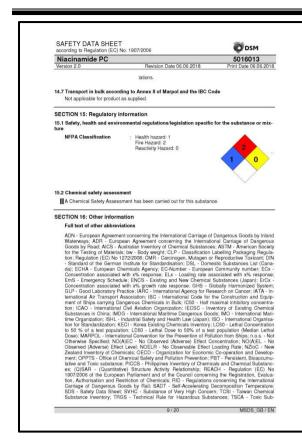


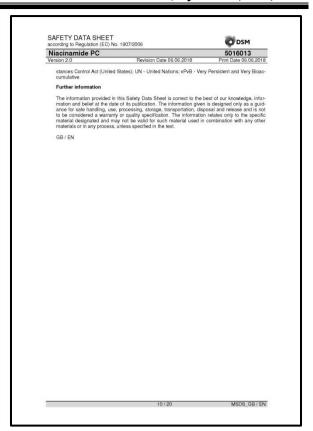


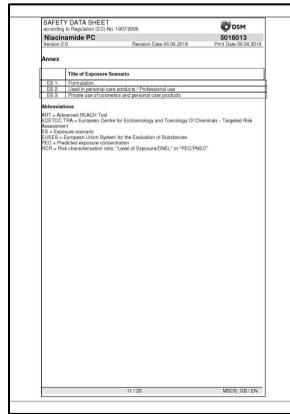


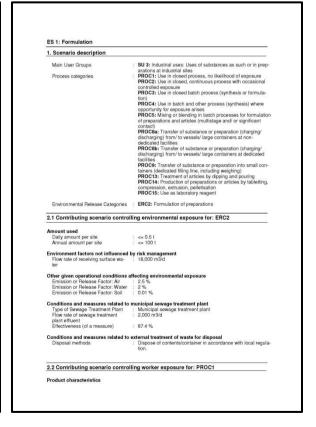


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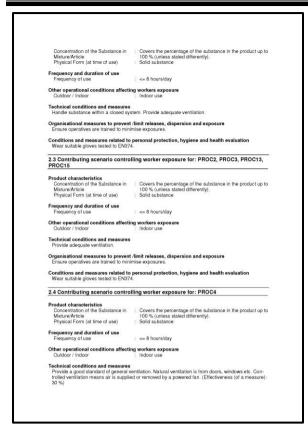






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Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation
Wear suitable playes tested to FN874 2.5 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC5 Product characteristics
Concentration of the Substance in
McMure/Arcial
Physical Form (at time of use)

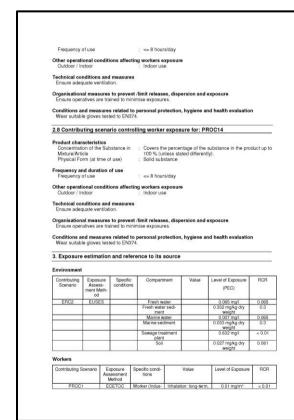
Solid substance
Solid substance
Solid substance
Solid substance
Solid substance Frequency and duration of use
Frequency of use : <= 8 hours/day Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure
Outdoor / Indoor ... Indoor use Technical conditions and measures Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. 2.6 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC8a Product characteristics
Concentration of the Substance in
Mcture/Arcicle
Physical Form (at time of use)

100 % (unless stated differently).

Solid substance Frequency and duration of use
Frequency of use : <= 8 hours/day Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor use Technical conditions and measures
Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). (Effectiveness (of a measure): 70 %) Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Wear suitable cloves tested to EN374. 2.7 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC8b, PROC9 Voduct characteristics
Concentration of the Substance in
Micture/Arcice
Physical Form (at time of use)

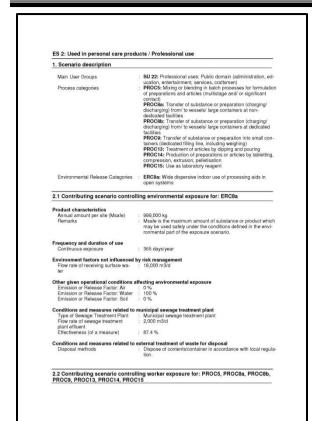
Coders the percentage of the substance in the product up to
100 % (unless stated differently).

Solid substance Frequency and duration of use

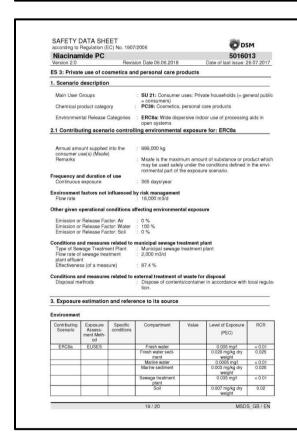


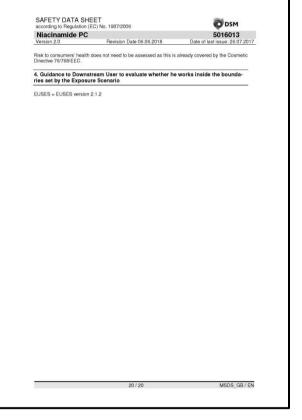
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PRO014 Dermail long-term. 0.7 mg/kg bwid 0.06 complete exposure estimation, the values for different routes of exposure and activities may have se summed up. Suidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the bounda-set by the Exposure Scenario	PB0014 Dermal long-term 0.7 mg/kg bwid 0.06 complete exposure estimation, the values for different routes of exposure and activities may have estimated up. Buildance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the bounda-set by the Exposure Scenario	PRIODE PRIVATE Dermail long-term. 0.7 mg/kg bw/d 0.06 pyretren. 0.00 pyretren. 0.	PBO014 Dermai long-term, 0.7 mg/kg bwid 0.06 system: expense expoure estimation, the values for different routes of exposure and activities may have estimated up. Suidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the bounda-set by the Exposure Scenario	PROD14 Dermal long-serv. 0.7 mgkg bwd 0.06 system: 0.2 mgkg bwd 0.2 mgkg bwd 0.06 system: 0.2 mgkg bwd 0.06 system: 0.2 mgkg bwd 0.06 system: 0.2 mgkg bwd 0.2 mg	PROC14 Dermai long-awm. 0.7 mg/kg bwid systemic Systemic Dermai long-awm. 0.7 mg/kg bwid systemic Systemic Dermai long-awm. 0.7 mg/kg bwid systemic Sea unimed up. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the bounds is set by the Exposure Scenario	/ have
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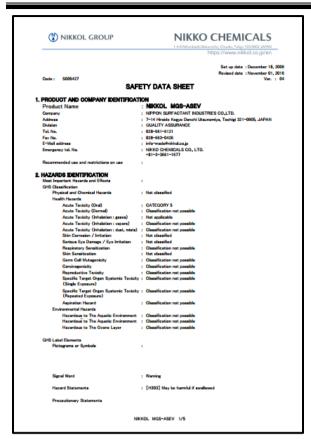


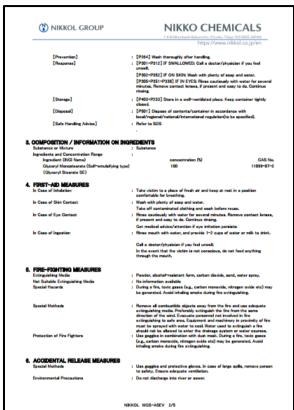
Concentrat Mixture/Arti Physical Fo	cle	Substance	in	5%.		ntage of the s	ubstance in the proc	duct up to
Frequency as Frequency	of use			: <= 8 hour				
Other operat Outdoor / Ir Technical co No specific	ndoor nditions	and meas	ıres	ng workers e : Indoor us es required.	xposun e	•		
3. Exposure	estima	ition and r	efer	ence to its :	source			
Environment								
Contributing Scenario	Asses ment M	s- condit		Comparti	nent	Value	Level of Exposure (PEC)	RCR
ERC8a	EUSE	S	-	Fresh water	r sedi-		0.005 mg/l 0.028 mg/kg dry weight	< 0.01
				Marine w Marine sec	ater liment		0.0005 mg/l 0.003 mg/kg dry weight	< 0.01 0.025
			-/	Sewage tre plant Soil	alment		0.035 mg/l 0.007 mg/kg dry weight	< 0.01
Workers			-				weigni	
Contributing S	Scenario	Exposure Assessmer Method		pecific condi- tions		Value	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC5, PR PROC8b, PI PROC13, PF	ROC9.	ART	200	Worker (Pro- fessional)	Inhalat	ion: long-term, systemic	<= 5 mg/m ³	<= 0.23
see abo	ve	ECETOC TRA			Derm	al: long-term, systemic	<= 2.7 mg/kg bw/d	<= 0.2
PROC85, PI PROC13, PF PROC1 see abo	HOC9, HOC14, 5 ve to Dov	ECETOC TRA vnstream osure Sce	Jser	to evaluate	Derm.	al: long-term, systemic	1.500000000	<= 0

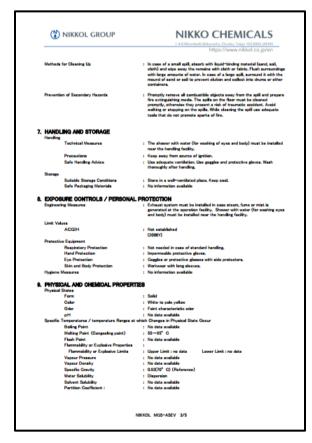


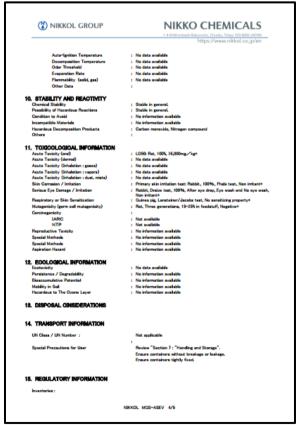


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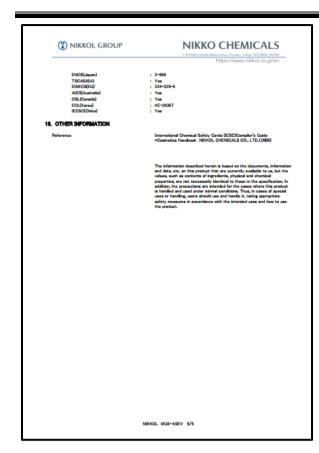


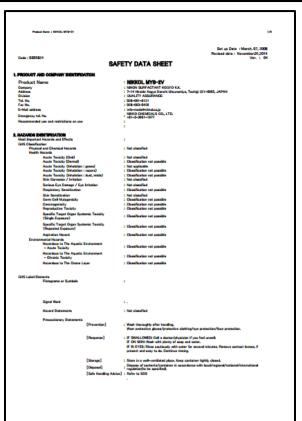




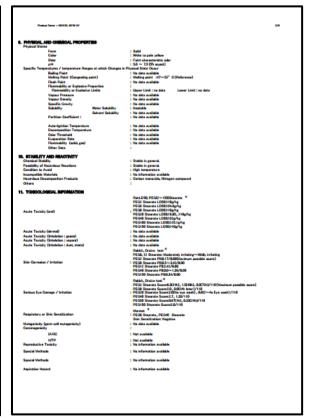


Environmental Management Plan-EMP Report "Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

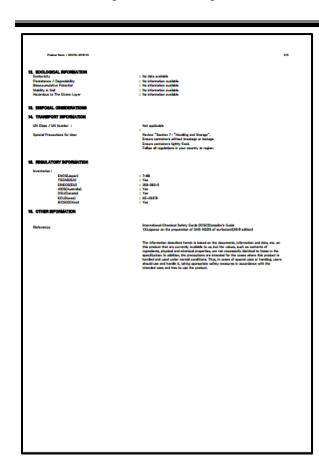


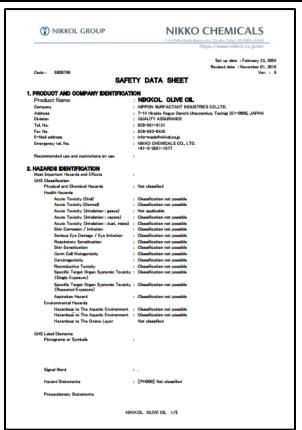


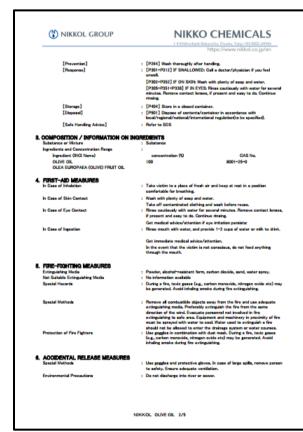


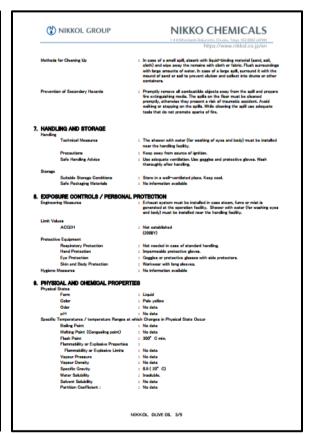


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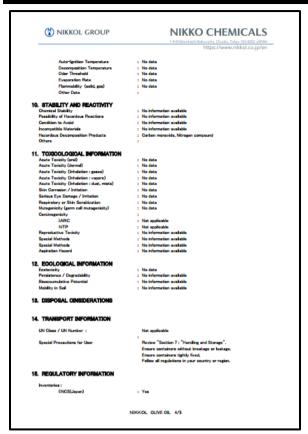


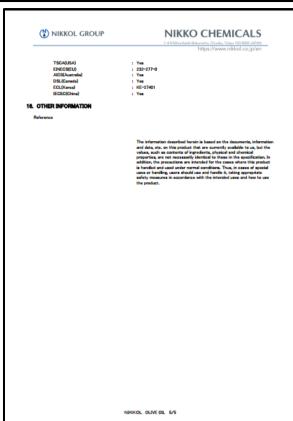


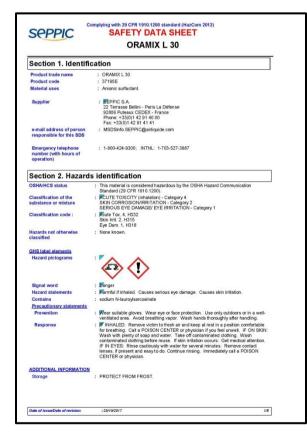


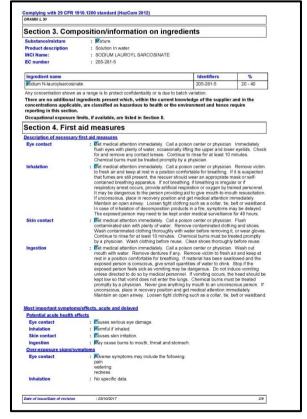


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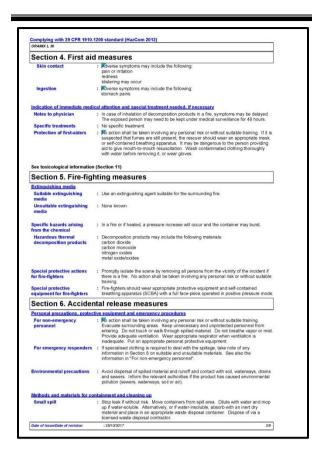


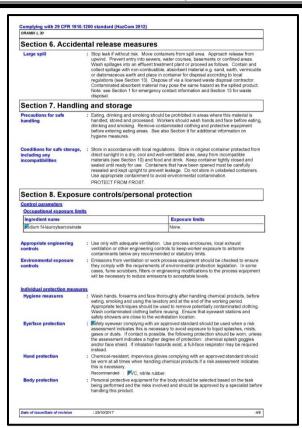


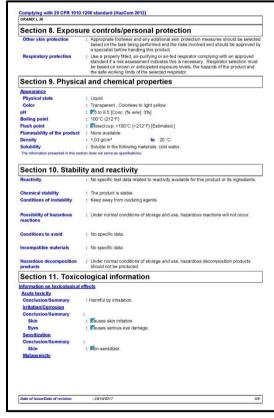




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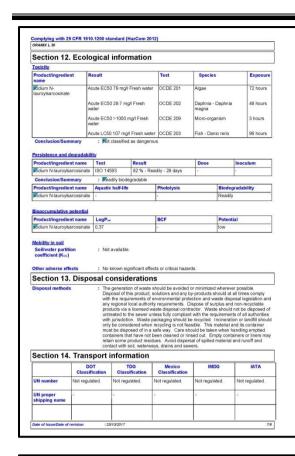


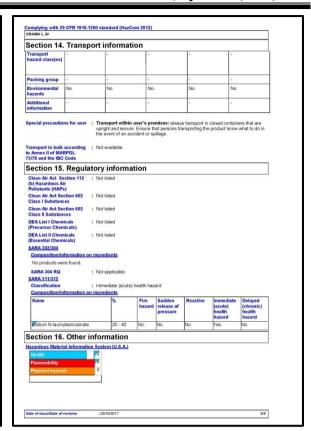


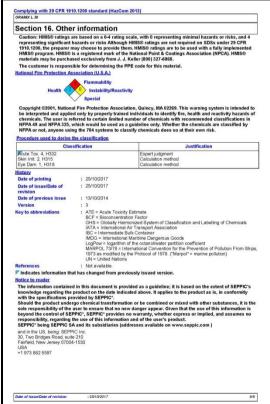


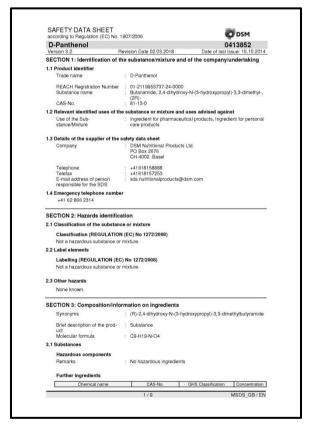


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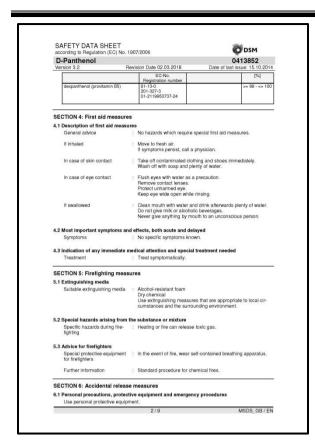


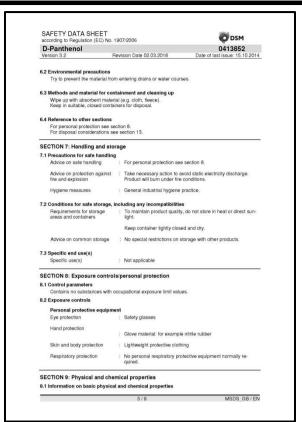


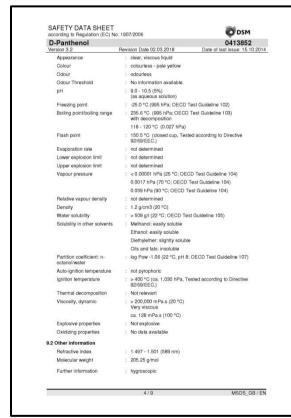


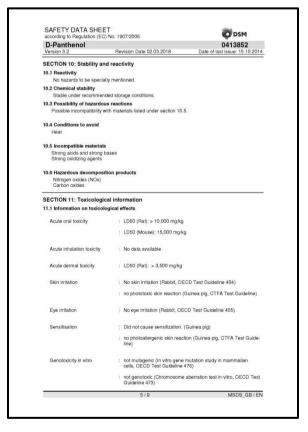


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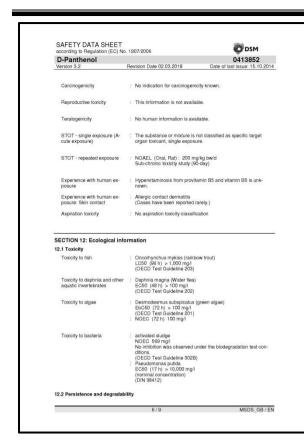


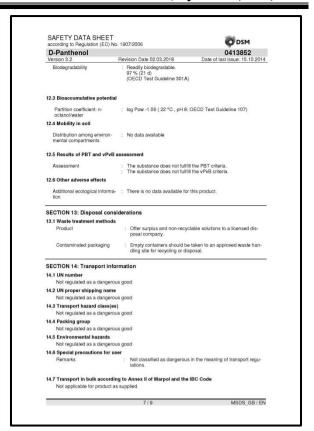




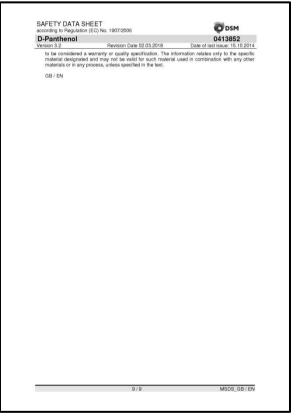


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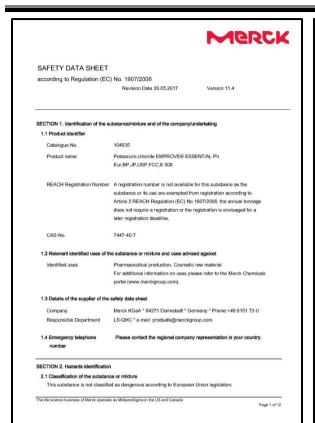






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Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



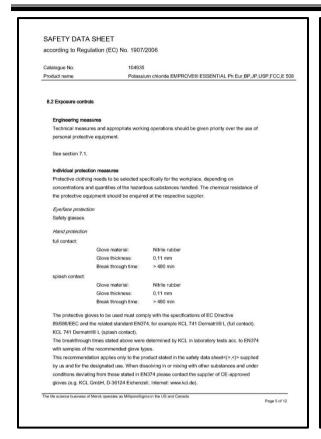
SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Potassium chloride EMPROVE® ESSENTIAL Ph Eur,BP,JP,USP,FCC,E 508 Product name Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients 3.1 Substance EC-No. 231-211-8 Molar mass 74,55 g/mol Remarks No disclosure requirement according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 4.1 Description of first aid measures In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. The life science business of Merck operates as MilliporeSigma in the US and Canada

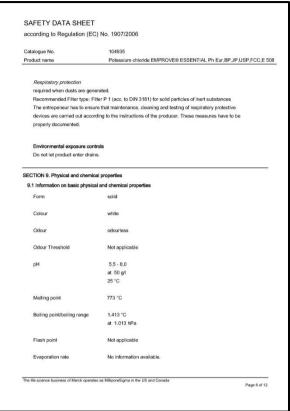
SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 104935 Potassium chloride EMPROVE® ESSENTIAL Ph Eur,BP,JP,USP,FCC,E 508 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed irritant effects, Nausea, Vomiting, cardiovascular disorders SECTION 5. Firefighting measures 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding Unsuitable extinguishing media
For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given. 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours. Fire may cause evolution of: Hydrogen chloride gas 5.3 Advice for firefighters Special protective equipment for firefighters Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system. SECTION 6. Accidental release measures observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

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"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 104935 Potassium chloride EMPROVE® ESSENTIAL Ph Eur, BP, JP, USP, FCC, E 508 Flammability (solid, gas) The product is not flammable. Not applicable Upper explosion limit Not applicable Relative vapour density No information available Relative density No information available. Partition coefficient: n-Auto-ignition temperature No information available. Viscosity, dynamic No information available. Not classified as explosive Oxidizing properties Ignition temperature not combustible The life science business of Merck operates as MilliporeSigma in the US and Canada

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This information is not available. The life science business of Merck operates as MilliporeSigma in the US and Canada Page 8 of 12

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Potassium chloride EMPROVE® ESSENTIAL Ph Eur, BP, JP, USP, FCC, E 508 Product name Possible damages: slight irritation Germ cell mutagenicity Ames test Salmonella typhimurium Result: negative (National Toxicology Program) This information is not available. Reproductive toxicity This information is not available. This information is not available. Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
This information is not available. Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure This information is not available. This information is not available. After swallowing of large amounts: Nausea, Vomiting, cardiovascular disorders, Cardiac irregularities However, when the product is handled appropriately, hazardous effects are unlikely to occur. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. The life science business of Merck operates as MilliporeSigma in the US and Canada

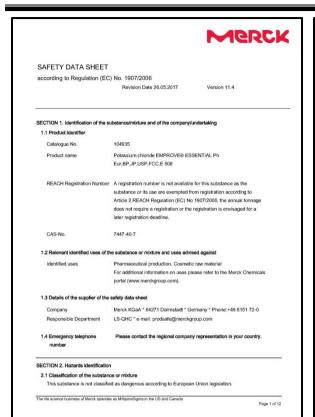
SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Potassium chloride EMPROVE® ESSENTIAL Ph Eur,BP,JP,USP,FCC,E 508 Product name 12.1 Toxicity (IUCLID) EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea): 825 mg/l; 48 h DIN 38412 Toxicity to algae
IC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae); 2.500 mg/l; 72 h (IUCLID) 12.2 Persistence and degradability The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic No information available 12.4 Mobility in soil 12.5 Results of PRT and vPvR assessment PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted. The life science business of Merck operates as MilliporeSigma in the US and Canada

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Potassium chloride EMPROVE® ESSENTIAL Ph Eur, BP, JP, USP, FCC, E 508 SECTION 13. Disposal considerations Waste treatment methods See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions SECTION 14. Transport information 14.1 - 14.6 Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport Inland waterway transport (ADN) Not relevant 14.1 - 14.6 Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport 14.1 - 14.6 Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code SECTION 15. Regulatory information 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Major Accident Hazard SEVESO III Not applicable Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that not regulated The life science business of Merck operates as MilliporeSigma in the US and Canada

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"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



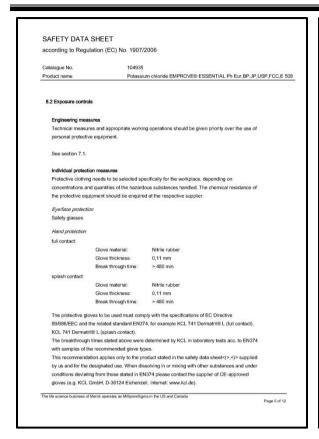
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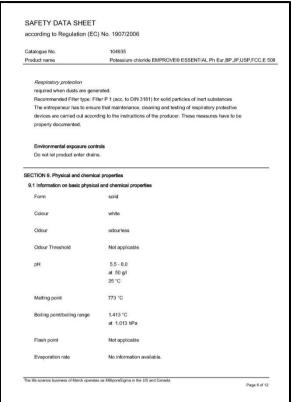
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"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





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This information is not available. The life science business of Merck operates as MilliporeSigma in the US and Canada Page 8 of 12

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

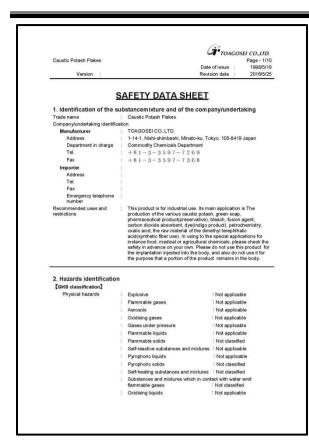
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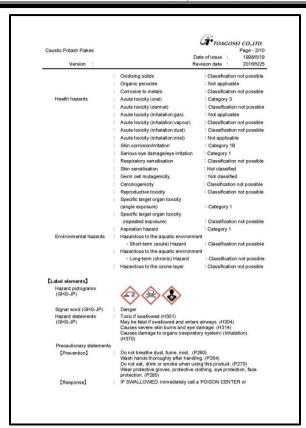
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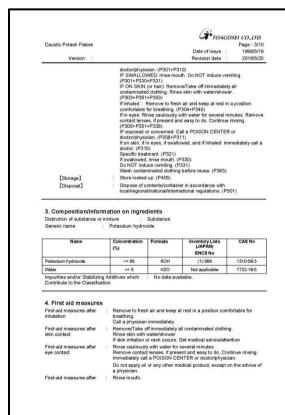
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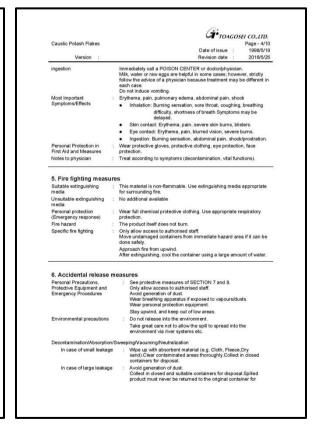
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"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

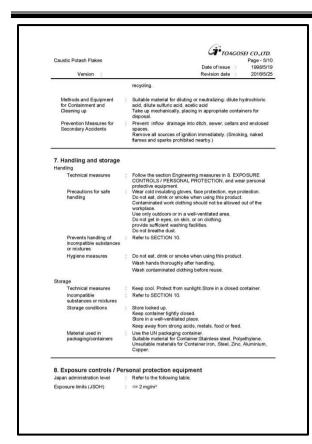


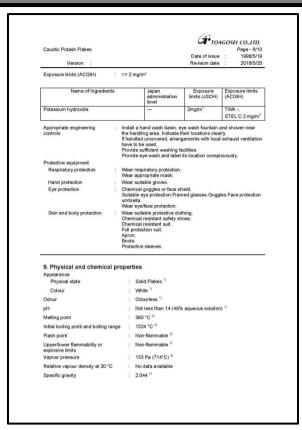


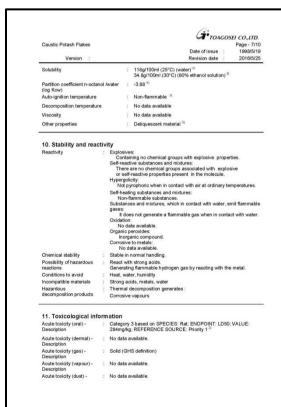


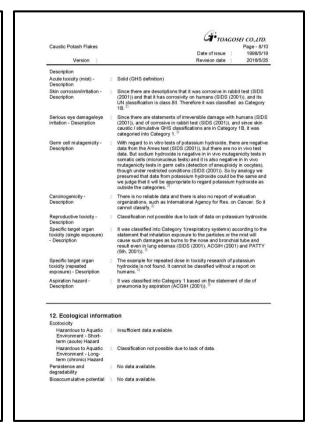


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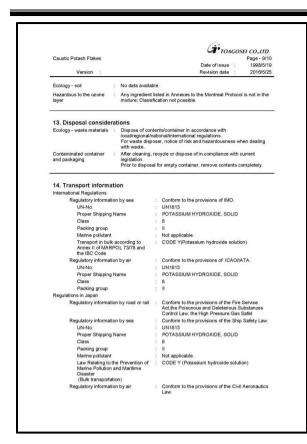


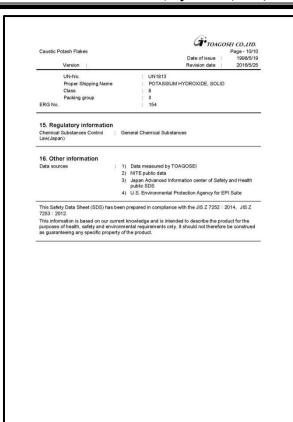


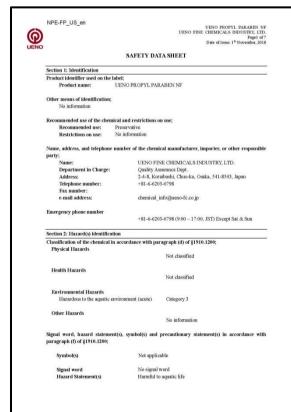




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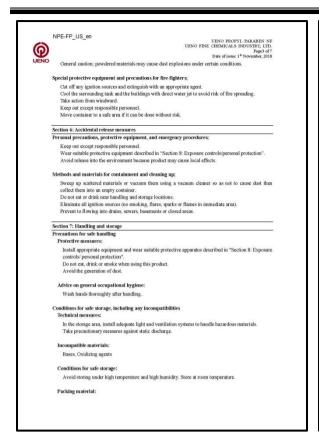


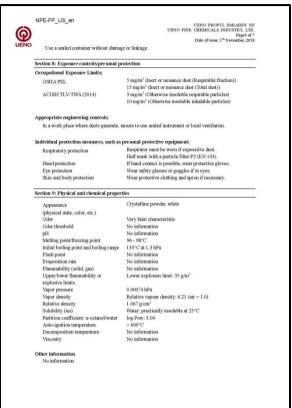


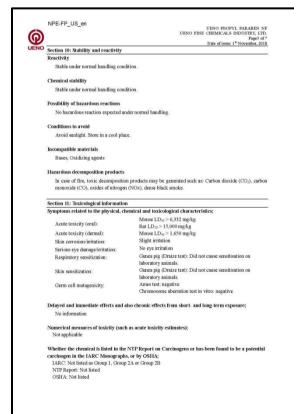


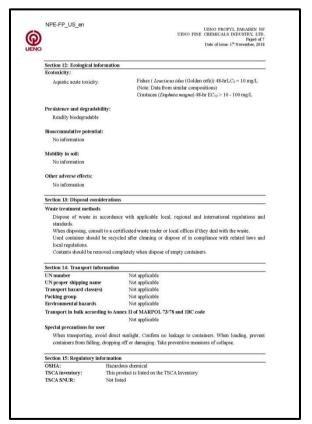


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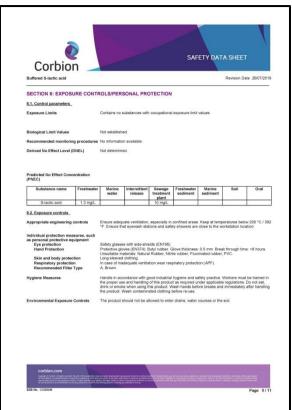




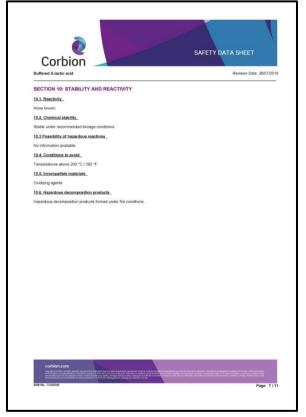


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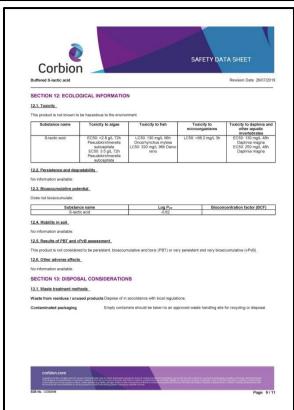




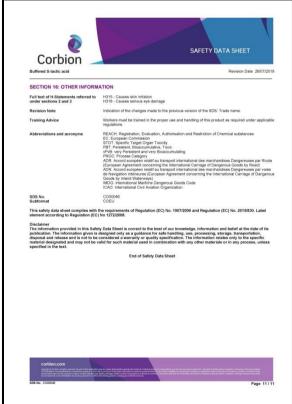


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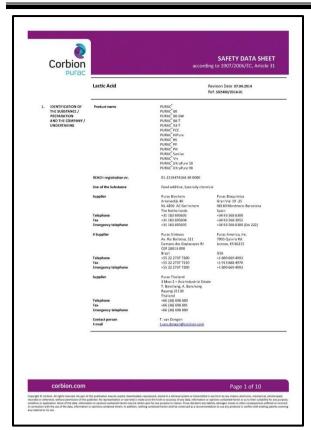




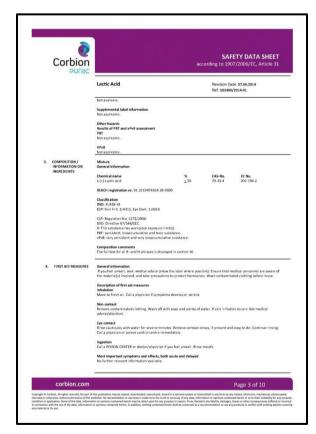




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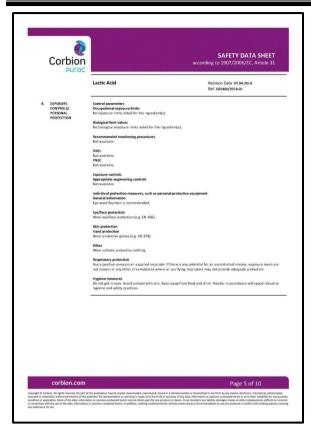




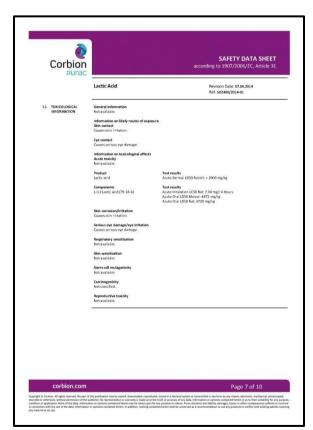




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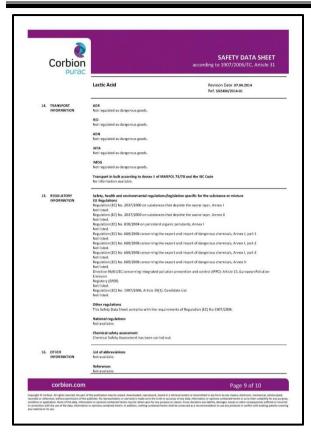




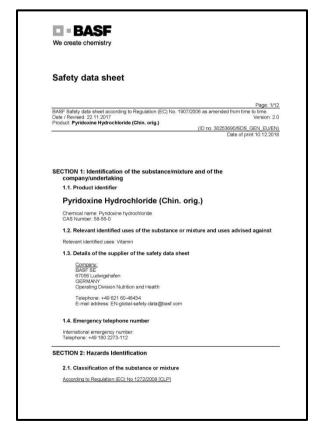


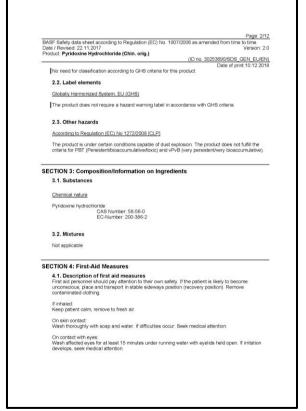


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Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

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BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2008 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised 22.11.2017

Product. Pyridoxine Hydrochloride (Chin. orig.)

(ID no. 30253690/SIDS GEN ELEVN)

Date of print 10.12.2016

On ingestion:
Rinse mouth and then drink plerty of water. Seek medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms. The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section.2) and/or in section.1). Further important symptoms and effects are of serior to known.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treatment. Treat according to symptoms (deconfamination, vital functions), no known specific articlote.

SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

6.1. Extinguishing media.
Subable obegings of substances of the substance or mixture.
Carbon dioxide, typtogen chinotice, dynarides. The substances for incase of fire. Dust explosion hazard.

6.3. Advice for fire-flighters.
Special protective equipment.
Wes referenced the substances mentioned can be released in case of fire. Dust explosion bazard.

5.3. Advice for fire-flighters
Special protective equipment.
Wes referenced the substances of the substances with compressed air). Avoid the formation and budi-up of data-diappir of data functions.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i. e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Avoid the formation and budi-up of data-diappir of dust englesion.

6.2. Environmental precautions protective equipment and emergency procedures.
Avoid dust formation. Use breaking apparatus if exposed to vepours/dust/secresol. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and ciching.

6.2. Environmental precautions be avoided.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
For small amounts: Sweepplriowed up.
For large enzyments. Sweepplriowed up.
For large enzyments.

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised 22.11.2017

Product Pyridoxine Hydrochloride (Chin. orig.)

(ID no. 300259990SDS CEN EUEN)

Date of print 10.12.2018

6.4. Reference to other sections information regarding exposure controllary protection and disposal considerations can be found in section 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling Breating must be protected when large quantities are decanted without local exhaust vertilation. Were subble protective clothing and gloves.

Protection against fix and explosion:
Avoid dust formation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Keep away from sources of gription. No smoking.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Suitable materials for containers. High density polyethylene (HDPE), Low density polyethylene (LDPE). Eurher information on storage conditions. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep at temperature not exceeding 25° C.

7.3. Specific and use(s)
For the relevant identified use(s) listed in Section 1 the advice mentioned in this section 7 is to be observed.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Components with occupational exposure limits.

| Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection of tonsathable aerosoladust are formed. Particle filter with low efficiency for solid particles (e.g. Et Al 50° 148, Type Prior PFP1)

Hand protection:

Subtable chemical resistant safety gloves (EN 37.4) also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended Protective Index 6, corresponding 4, 480° min. data of permeation time according to EN 37.4). E.g. nitrie rubber (0.4 mm), chicrographere rubber (0.5 mm), butyl rubber (0.7 mm) etc.

BASE Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.

Data / Revised: 22.11.2017 Version: 2.0

Froduct. Pytidoxine hydrochloride (Chin. orig.)

(ID no. 3025990/SISS GEN. ELUEN)

Date of print 10.12.2018

Supplementary note: The specifications are based on tests, literature data and information of giove manufacturers or are derived from similar substances by analogy. Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature) it must be considered, that the practical usage of a chemical-protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-sheids (frame goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

Body protection:

Body protection:

Body protection:

Body protection:

Safety glasses with side-sheids (frame goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

Body protection:

Body p

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.
Date / Revised: 22.11.2017
Product. Pyridoxine Hydrochloride (Chin. orig.) (ID no. 30253690/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Date of print 10.12.2018 Solubility in water: 220 gfl (approx. 20 °C) (approx. 20 °C) -octanol/water (log Kow): -4.32 (25 °C) The substance does not heat itself up at temperatures below the melting point. Self ignition: Thermal decomposition: Stable up to the melting point. Viscosity, dynamic: Viscosity, kinematic: Viscosity, kinematic:
Explosion hazard:
Explosion hazard:
Fire promoting properties:
Based on its structural properties
Based on its structural properties
Based on its structural properties
Based on its dructural properties
Based on its dructur SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity 10.1. Reactivity
No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. Corrosion to metals: Corrosive effect on metals 10.2. Chemical stability
The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Dust explosion hazard. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be 10.4. Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

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Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

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BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 22.11.2017 Version: 2.0 Product: Pyridoxine Hydrochloride (Chin. orig.) (ID no. 30253690/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. SECTION 11: Toxicological Information 11.1. Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity Assessment of acute toxicity: Of low toxicity after single ingestion. Experimental/calculated data LD50 rat (oral): 4,000 mg/kg Experimental/calculated data:
Skin corrosion/irritation rabbit: non-irritant (OECD Guideline 404) Serious eye damage/irritation rabbit: non-irritant (OECD Guideline 405) Respiratory/Skin sensitization Assessment of sensitization No data available. Germ cell mutagenicity Assessment of mutagenicity:

No mutagenic effect was found in various tests with bacteria and mammalian cell culture Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity Assessment of reproduction toxicity: No data available. Developmental toxicity Assessment of teratogenicity; No indications of a developmental toxic / teratogenic effect were seen in animal studies.

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 22.11.2017 Version: 2.0 Product: Pyridoxine Hydrochloride (Chin. orig.) (ID no. 30253690/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Repeated dose toxicity and Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: No data available. Aspiration hazard No data available SECTION 12: Ecological Information 12.1. Toxicity Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

Acutely toxic for aquatic organisms. The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not articipated when introduced to biological treatment plants in appropriate low concentrations. Toxicity to fish: LC50 (96 h) > 100 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD Guideline 203) The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. Aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (48 h) > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1) The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. Aquatic plants: ECS0 (72 h) 5.3 mg/l (biomass), Scenedesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201) The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge: EC20 (30 min) > 1,000 mg/l, activated sludge, domestic (OECD Guideline 209, aerobic) 12.2. Persistence and degradability Elimination information: 94 % DOC reduction (28 d) (OECD 301E/92/69/EEC, C.4-B) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic) 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation notential:

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.

Data / Revised: 22.11.2017
Product: Pytrochior Hydrochioride (Chin. orig.)

Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected. Because of the n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (log Pow) accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:
Adsorption in soil. Adsorption to soil do of prase is not expected.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). The product does not contain a substance fulfilling the PBT (presister/bloscouralisthere) oritieris. Self classification

12.6. Other adverse effects

The substance is not listed in Regulation (EC) 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Incinerate in suitable incineration plant, observing local authority regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Land transport

ADR

UN number:
UN proper shipping name:
Transport hazard: Special precautions for user.

Not applicable

UN proper shipping rame:
Transport precautions for user.

Not applicable
UN proper shipping rame:
Transport precautions for user.

Un proper shipping rame:
Transport product does not order transport regulations.

Not applicable
Packing group:

Not applicable
Not applicable
Packing group:

BASF Safely data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from the to time.

Date / Revised 22.11.2017 Product. Pydrodxine hydrochloride (Chin. orig.)

Environmental hazards:
Special precautions for user

Inland waterway transport
ADN

UN number:
Un proper shipping name:
Transport nazard dasse(es).
Special precautions for user

Inland waterway vessel

Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not special precautions for user:

Transport nazard dasse(es).
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not enwown

Not evaluated

Sea transport

IMDG

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations
Not applicable

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

BASE Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Data / Revised 22:11:2017

(ID no. 30253980/SDS GER EUEN)

The product Pyridowner Hydrochloride (Chin. orig.)

(ID no. 30253980/SDS GER EUEN)

Date of print 10:12:2018

14.1. UN number

See corresponding erities for "UN number" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

See corresponding erities for "Un proper shipping name" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
See corresponding erities for "Transport hazard class(es)" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.4. Packing group

See corresponding erities for "Facking group" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.5. Environmental hazards
See corresponding erities for "Environmental hazards" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.5. Special precautions for user
See corresponding erities for "Special precautions for user" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.6. Special precautions for user
See corresponding erities for "Special precautions for user" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code Regulation.

Not evaluated Shipment approved: Not evaluated Pollution name: Not evaluated Pollution ration: Not evaluated Pollution ration of the subsection:

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in this safety data sheet are based on our current knowledge and experience and describe the product only with regard to safet

BASE Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.

Date (Revised 22.11.5.3)? Wisson: 2.0

Product. Pyridosine Hydrochloride (Chin. orig.)

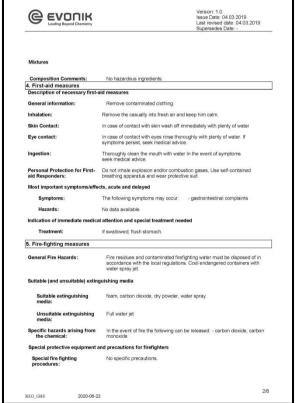
(ID no. 30253690/SDS GEN EUREN)

Date of print 10.12 2018

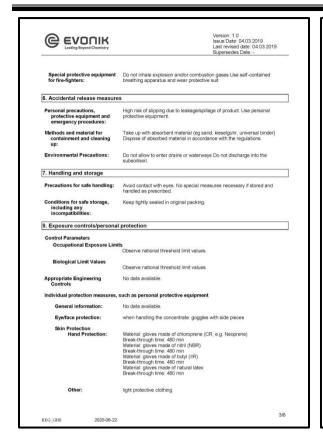
corresponding contractual quality of the substance/mixture nor a contractually designated use. It is the responsibility of the recipient of the product to ensure any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation are observed.

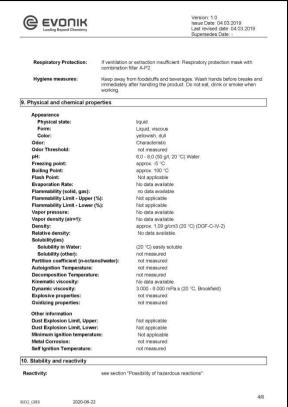
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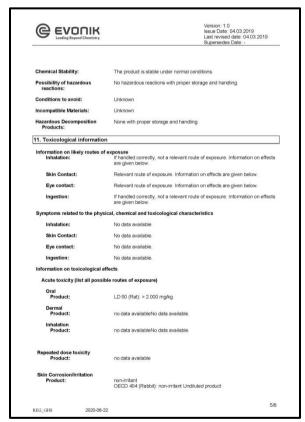


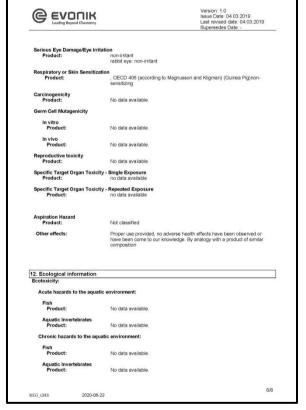


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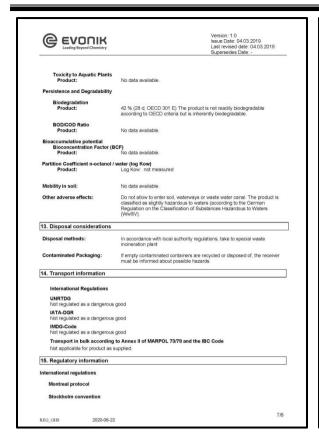


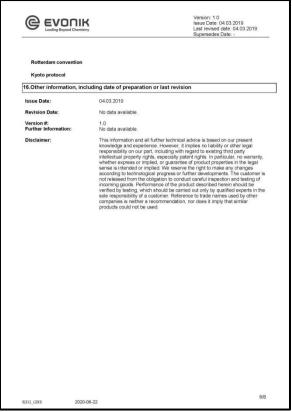






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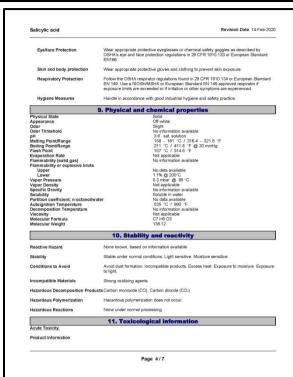


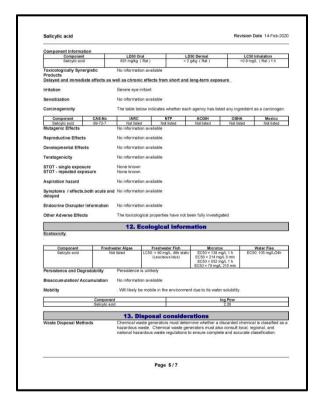


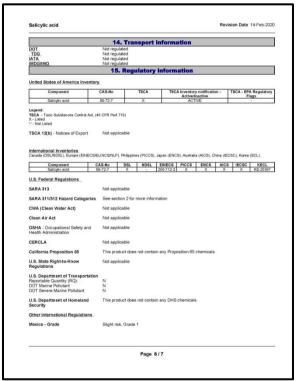


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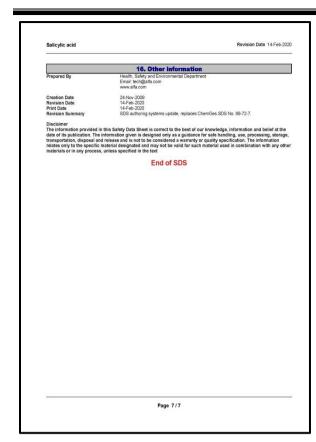




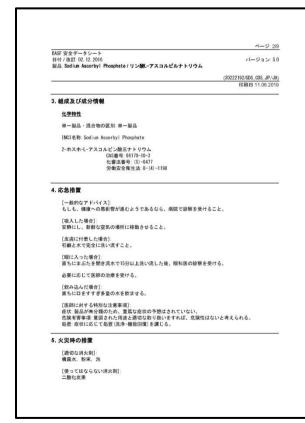


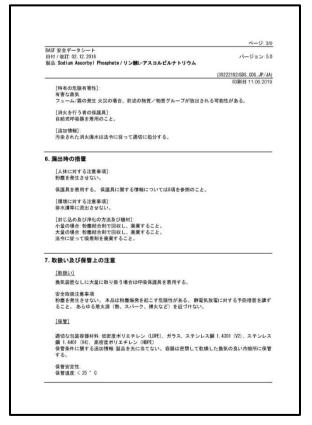


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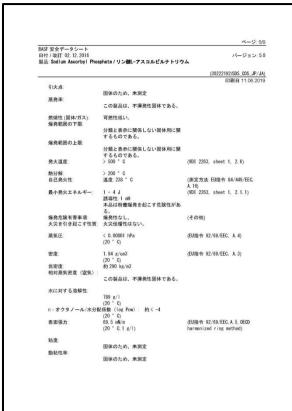




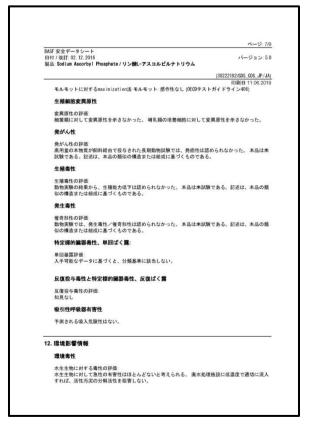
"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





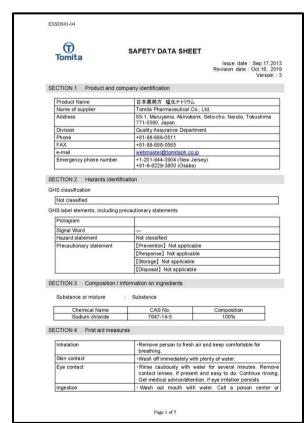
BASF 安全データシート 日付 / 改訂: 02. 12. 2016 製品: Sodium Ascorbyl Phosphate / リン酸L-アスコルビルナトリウム その他の情報 必要に応じ、この章にその他の物理的、化学的パラメーターの情報が記載される。 追加情報なし。 10. 安定性及び反応性 [避けるべき条件]: 製品安全データシートの第7項の取り扱い及び保管上の注意を参照すること。 粉塵を発生させない。 熱分解: [混触危険物質]: 強塩基、強酸 [危険有害な分解生成物] 粉塵爆発の危険性あり。 [危険分解物]: 通常の取扱い条件下で危険分解物なし。 急性毒性 急性毒性の評価: 単回の経口摂取であれば、実質上毒性はなし。単回の皮膚付着であれば、実質上毒性はなし。 実験または計算によるデータ: LD50 (半数致死量) ラット(経口): > 5,000 mg/kg (OECDテストガイドライン401) LD50 (半数致死量) ラット(経皮): > 2,000 mg/kg (OECDテストガイドライン402) 刺激性 刺激性作用の評価: 皮膚刺激性なし。 眼刺激性なし。 実験または計算によるデータ: 皮膚腐食性及び皮膚刺激性 ウサギ: 刺激性なし (OECDテストガイドライン404) 眼に対する重篤な損傷性又は眼刺激性 ウサギ: 刺激性なし (OECDテストガイドライン405) 呼吸器感作性又は皮膚感作性 感作性の評価: 動物実験では、皮膚感作性は認められなかった。 実験または計算によるデータ

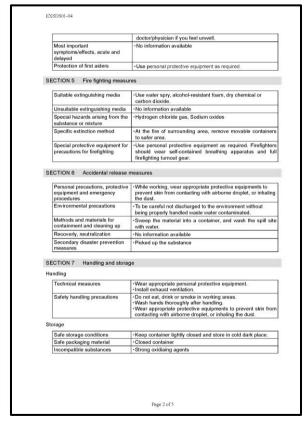


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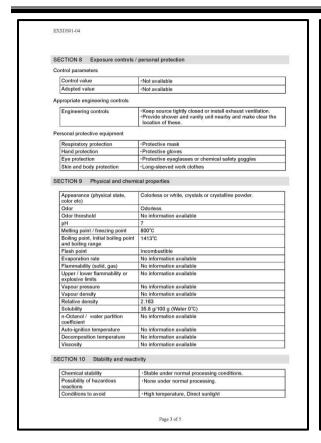


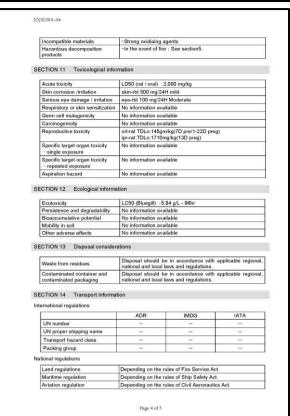


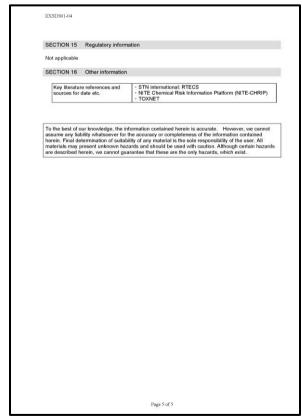




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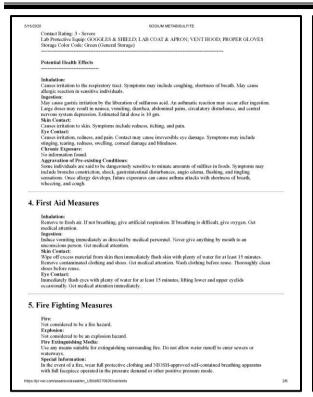


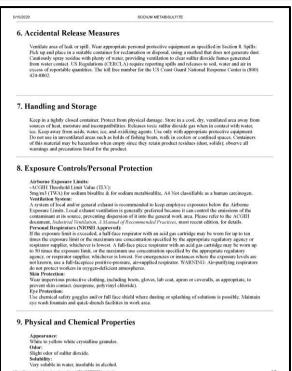


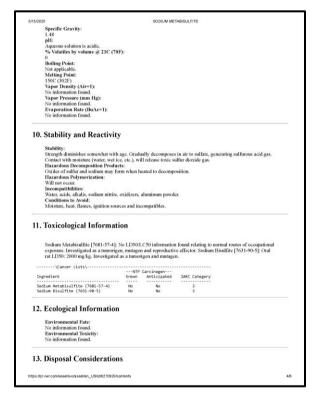


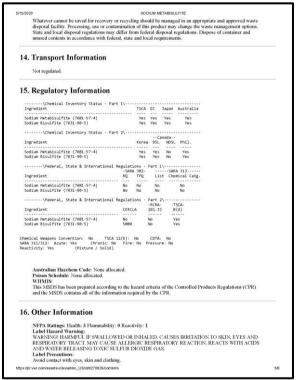


"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"









"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

6/6

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

Avoid breathing dust.
Keep container closed.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
Wash theroughly after handling.
It is compared as a source of Vitamin B-1, nor in fruits or vegetables to be served or sold raw to consumers or to be presented to consumers as fresh.
Label First Aid:
If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If Hwathing is difficult, give ovegen. In case of contact, wips off excess material from shit hen immediately they say or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated dothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. In all cases, gen medical attention.

Product Use:
Laboratory Reagent.
Revision Information:
No Changes.

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Revised Date Set Up Date SAFETY DATA SHEET [1.PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION] PRODUCT NAME SORBITOL KAO Kao Corporation 1-3 Bunka 2-chome, Sumida-ku, Tokyo 131-8501 Japan Global Chemical Business 81-3-5630-7700 81-3-5630-7889
 DIVISION
 Global Chemical

 TELEPHONE NUMBER
 81-3-5630-7700

 FAX NUMBER
 81-3-5630-7889

 E-MAIL ADDRESS
 chemical@kao.c

 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
 81-3-5630-7700
 RECOMMENDED USE AND RESTRICTIONS ON USE [2.HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION] Z HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION]

GHS CLASSIFICATION

FHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Not classified

HAZITH HAZARDS

ACUTE TOXICITY (Oras)

ACUTE TOXICITY (Dermal)

ACUTE TOXICITY (Dermal)

ACUTE TOXICITY (Dermal)

ACUTE TOXICITY (Inhalistion)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / EYE

Classification

IRRITATION : Classification not possible : Classification not possible IRRITATION
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION
SKIN SENSITIZATION
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY CARCINOGENICITY CARCINOSENICITY
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY Classification not possible SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TO VICTIV
SINGLE EXPOSURE Classifica
REPEATEO EXPOSURE Classifica
ASPIRATION HAZARD Classifica
ENVIRCOMMENTAL HAZARDS
HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT
ACUTE HAZARD Classifica
Classifica
CACUTE HAZARD Classifica : Classification not possible : Classification not possible : Classification not possible LONG-TERM HAZARD HAZARDOUS TO THE OZONE S LABEL ELEMENTS GHS LABEL ELEMENTS
PICTOGRAMS OR SYMBOLS
SIGNAL WORD
HAZARD STATEMENTS
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
PREVENTION Not applicable Wash thoroughly after handling.
If needed, use personal protective equipment as required. If let YES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN. Sently wash with plenty of water and soap. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. RESPONSE

SAFE HANDLING ADVICE Refer to SDS 3.COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS S.COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON ING SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE : INGREDIENTS AND CONCENTRATION RANGE 50-70-4 7732-18-5 [4.FIRST-AID MEASURES] Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Gerfly wash with plertly of soap and water.
Rinse cautiously with water for several minutuse. Remove contact lenses,
for present and easy to do. Confinue inning.
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IN CASE OF EYE CONTACT IN CASE OF INGESTION [5.FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES] SPECIFIC HAZARDS SPECIFIC METHODS Keep away from sources of ignition and use appropriate extinguishing media. Fight fire from upwind position if possible. Product itself is non-combustible. PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS Use goggles in combination with dust mask, and other protections as appropriate to situation. [6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES] PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURE ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS METHODS FOR CLEANING UP 17. HANDLING AND STORAGE1 HANDLING TECHNICAL MEASURES Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Under heating this material is inferior in quality. Use an adequate ventilation. PRECAUTIONS SAFE HANDLING ADVICE Store container tightly closed in well-ventilated place. SAFE PACKAGING MATERIALS

SORBITOL KAO Kao Corporation IS EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION! Recilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

Use an adequate ventilation. ENGINEERING MEASURES ACGIH (TLV)
OSHA (PEL)
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION Use as appropriate to situation. Rubber gloves
Safety glasses
Full-body suit
No information available [9.PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES] APPEARANCE PHYSICAL STATE COLOUR Viscous liquid Colorless clear No information available 5.5 - 7 (50 ODOUR (50% solution) SPECIFIC TEMPERATURES / TEMPERATURE RANGES AT WHICH CHANGES IN PHYSICAL STATE OCCUR 105 °C (221 °F)
No information available FLAMMABILITY OR EXPLOSIVE PROPERTIES XTIES "
LIPPER LIMIT: No information available LOWER LIMIT: No information available
No information available
No information available
1.3 g/mL (25 °C) (77 °F) FLAMMABILITY OR EXPLOSIVE APOUR PRESSURE DENSITY (SPECIFIC GRAVITY)
SOLUBILITY WATER SOLUBILITY PARTITION COEFFICIENT: n-OCTANOL / WATER (log Pow) OCTANOL / WATER (log Pow)
AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE
DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE
ODOUR THRESHOLD
EVAPORATION RATE
FLAMMABILITY (SOLID,GAS)
VISCOSITY
OTHER DATA No information available [10.STABILITY AND REACTIVITY] CHEMICAL STABILITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS

REACTIONS CONDITIONS TO AVOID INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



SORBITOL KAO Kao Corporation ASPIRATION HAZARD
INFORMATION ON PRODUCT
INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
OTHER INFORMATION No information available
No information available
Humam, 40g / 1 day dosage: No reaction
50g / over 1 day dosage: It may cause a diarrhea. 112.ECOLOGICAL INFORMATIONI PERSISTENCE / DEGRADABILITY No information available No information available No information available No information available MOBILITY IN SOIL
BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL
OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS Review "HANDLING AND STORAGE (Section 7)". Passed to a licensed waste contractor. tate and federal regulations. [14.TRANSPORT INFORMATIONII INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS
UN CLASS / UN NUMBER

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

Review "ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (Section 6)".
Review "APADL UNS AND STORAGE (Section 7)".
**Ensure containers without breakage or leakage.
**Ensure containers without breakage.
**Ensure containe [15.REGULATORY INFORMATION]
Follow all regulations in your country or region.
INVENTORIES : ENCS(Japan) TSCA(USA) EINECS(EU) AICS(Australia) DSL(Canada) ECL(Korea) PICCS(Philippines) IECSC(China) KAO Corporation is not able to check up the regulatory information in regard to the substances in your country or region, therefore, we request this matter would be filled by your responsibility. afety data sheet for chemical products - Part 1: Content and order of ctions(ISO 11014-1) -International Chemical Safety Cards(ICSC) (Compiler's Guide)(1994)

KCD8-No 000332-09

SORBITCL KAD
Kao Corporation
Revised Date
July 15, 2014

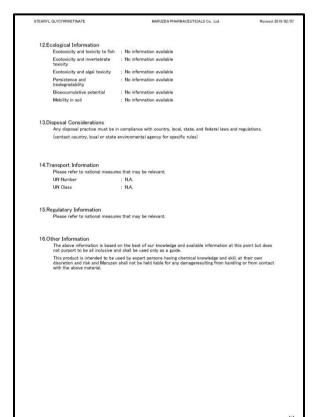
To the best of the manufacturer's knowledge the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the manufacturer nor any of this affiliates, make any representations or warranties (expressed or implied), nor assures any inability/including liability for any order, indicental, consequential, or other damages) with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Such information may be (without limitation) invalid if the specified material is used in combination with another, in a particular process, or under unusual conditions. Determination authority of the user who assumes all risk and responsibility of the user who assumes all risk and responsibility therefore. All internations have present unknown tractions and should be used with appropriate causion. The manufacturer cannot and close not guaranties that the hazaritis described herein are the only ones that exist.

SAFETY DATA SHEET Product and Company Identification
 ProductName STEARYL GLYCYRRHETINATE 2015/11/13 2019/02/07 Name: Address: MARUZEN PHARMACEUTICALS Co., Ltd. 14703-10 Mukaihigashi Cho Onomichi City Hiroshima 722-0062 Name of Section: QUALITY ASSURANCE DIVISION 81-848-44-2217 81-848-20-6114 PHYSICO-CHEMICAL HAZARDS Explosives : Not applicable Flammable aerosols : Not applicable Flammable solids Self-reactive substances and mixtures
Pyrophoric solids
Self-heating substances and mixtures
Pyrophoric solids
Not applicable Self-heating substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures : Not applicable which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases Oxidizing solids : Not applicable Organic peroxides : Not applicable HEALTH HAZARDS Acute toxicity(oral) : Not classified Acute toxicity(dermal) : No data available Acute toxicity(apsee) : Not applicable Acute toxicity(vapours) : No data available mists) : No data available mists) Skin corrosion/irritation : No data available Serious eye damage/eye : No data available irritation irritation
Reportory sensitization : No data available
Skin sensitization : No data available
Carcinogenicity : No data available
Reporductive toxicity : No data available
Specific target organ
systemic toxicity/single
exposure) Specific target organ : No data available systemic toxicity(repeated exposure)

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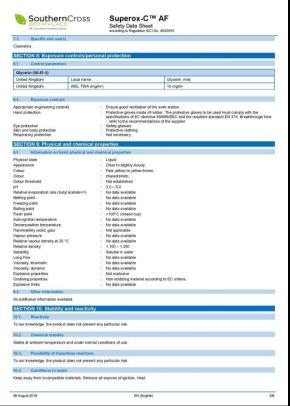


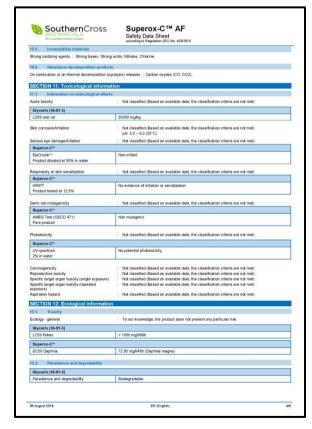


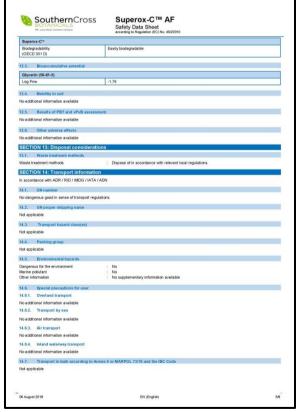


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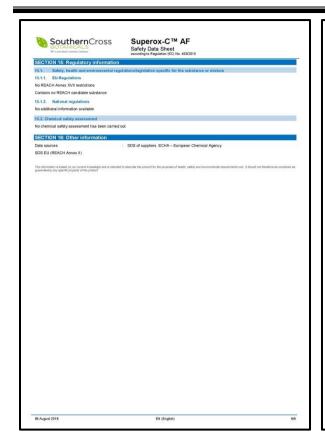


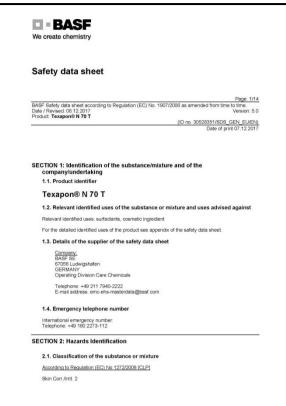




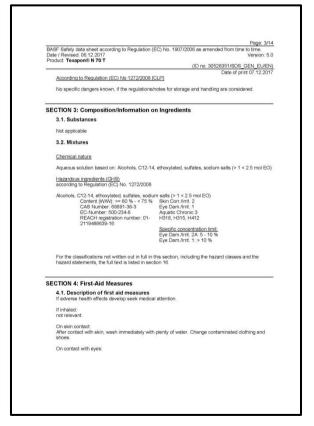


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"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

Page: 4/14 cording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Version: 5.0 (ID no. 30528351/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Date of print 07.1 Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes), seek medical attention from a proposal set. On ingestion: Rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water. 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms. The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11., Further important symptoms and effects are so far not known. Hazards: No hazard is expected under intended use and appropriate handling 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed 5.1. Extinguishing media
 Suitable extinguishing media:
 water spray, carbon dioxide, dry powder, foam 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture mful vapours olution of fumesifog. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters Special protective equipment: Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus. Further information: Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations. SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures. Use personal protective clothing. **6.2. Environmental precautions**Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up For small amounts: Pick up with suitable absorbent material. For large amounts: Dike spillage. Pump off product. Dispose of absorbed material in accordance with regulations.

BASE Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised :06.12.2017

Product: Texapon® N 70 T

(ID no. 30528351/SDS GEN EUEN)

Date of print 07.12.2017

6.4. Reference to other sections information regarding exposure controls/personal protection and disposal considerations can be found in section 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Handle in accordance with pool industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Protection against fire and explosion:
Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open fiame.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable materials for containers: High density polyethylene (HDPS). Stanless steel 1.4571
Further information on storage conditions. Keep container tightly closed and dry, store in a cool place.

Store protected against freezing.
Below temperature in the product properties will charge. The properly dust has to be contained with the product owner in advance. Places enfect to the school is leafler for their information in advance. Places enfect to the school is leafler for their information in advance. Places enfect to the school is leafler for their information. A reduction of the active matter is possible. Please check! Below 10°C, the product is no longer pumpable.

Storage stability:
Storage temperature: 20 - 40°C.
Protect from temperatures above 50°C.
Cropper from the product or product and product and product the school of the active in the density of the school of the sc

BASE Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.
Data / Revised 06.12.2017
Product. Texaponi9 N 70 T

(ID no. 30528351/SDS_GEN_EURIN)

Data refer to the dissolved main component.

Components with PNEC

68891-38-3. Alcohols, C12-14 ethosylated, sulfates, sodium salts (> 1 < 2.5 mol EO)
resolvents (1.04 mol)
mains wither 10.24 mol)
sediment (freshwater) 0.918 mg/kg
soli 7.5 mg/kg
oral (secondary poisoning).

DNEL
Data refer to the dissolved main component

Components with DNEL

68891-38-3. Alcohols, C12-14, ethosylated, sulfates, sodium salts (> 1 < 2.5 mol EO)
worker: Long-term exposure- systemic effects, dermail 2750 mg/kg
worker: Long-term exposure- systemic effects, dermail 2750 mg/kg
worker: Long-term exposure- systemic effects, dermail 12750 mg/kg
consumer: Long-term exposure- systemic effects, dermail 1250 mg/kg
consumer: Long-term exposure- systemi

Page: 7/14

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time
Data / Revised: 06:12.2017

Product: Texapone's NTOT

(ID no. 3052835/16DS GAFE, LIECN)
Data of print 07:13.2017

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygene and safety practice. No earing, dinkings amorbing or fobacco use at the place of work. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygene and safety practice.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form:
 paste, pasty
Colour:
 pasty
Colour

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 06.12.2017 Version: 5.0 Product Texapon® N 70 T (ID no. 30528351/SDS_GEN_EU/EN)
Date of print 07.12.2017 Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow): 0.3 (measured) (23 °C)

Self ignition: Temperature: 250 °C Thermal decomposition . No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated . 10,000 mPa*s (20 °C) . Viscosity, kinematic . 20 °C) . (20 °C) . (2 9.2. Other information Other Information:
If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section.
No further information available. SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity 10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. 10.2. Chemical stability
The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions None if used for intended purpose. 10.4. Conditions to avoid See MSDS section 7 - Handling and storage. 10.5. Incompatible materials Substances to avoid: No substances known that should be avoided 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products SECTION 11: Toxicological Information 11.1. Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 061.2017 Version: 5.0 Product Texapon® N 70 T (ID no. 30528351/SDS_GEN_EU/EN) Assessment of acute toxicity: Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Virtually nontoxic by inhalation Virtually nontoxic after a single ingestion Experimental/calculated data: LD50 rat (oral): > 5,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401) LD50 rat (dermal): > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 402) Irritation Assessment of irritating effects: May cause severe damage to the eyes. Skin contact causes irritation Experimental/calculated data: Skin corrosion/irritation rabbit: Irritant. (OECD Guideline 404) Serious eve damage/irritation rabbit: irreversible damage (OECD Guideline 405) Respiratory/Skin sensitization Assessment of sensitization: No sensitizing effect. Experimental/calculated data: guinea pig: Non-sensitizing. (OECD Guideline 406) Germ cell mutagenicity Assessment of mutagenicity: The chemical structure does not suggest a specific alert for such an effect Experimental/calculated data: Ames-test Bacteria: negative (OECD Guideline 471) Carcinogenicity Assessment of carcinogenicity: The whole of the information assessable provides no indication of a carcinogenic effect. Reproductive toxicity Assessment of reproduction toxicity:

Page: 10/14 ording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Version: 5.0 (ID no. 30528351/SDS_GEN_EU/EN)

The information available on the product provides no indication of reproductive toxicity. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Assessment of STOT single.

Based on the available information there is no specific target organ toxicity to be expected after a single exposure. Repeated dose toxicity and Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Assessment of repeated dose toxicity. The information available on the product provides no indication of toxicity on target organs after repeated exposure. SECTION 12: Ecological Information Toxicity to fish: LC50 > 10 - 100 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Screening (style of OECD 203)) Aquatic invertebrates: EC50 > 10 - 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1) Aquatic plants: EC50 > 10 - 100 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus (OECD Guideline 201) Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge: ECD > 100 mg/l, Pseudomonas putida (DIN 38412 Part 27 (draft)) Chronic toxicity to fish: No observed effect concentration > 1 - 10 mg/l, Leuciscus idus Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates. No observed effect concentration > 0.1 - 1 mg/l, Daphnia magna 12.2. Persistence and degradability Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O): Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria) Elimination information:
(Annex III., part A) The surfactant(s) contained in this preparation complies(comply) with the biodegralII. part A) The surfactant(s) contained in this preparation complies(comply) with the biodegralIII. part of the property of t

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.

Data / Revised: 06.12.2017 (ID. no. 3053831/EDS. GEN. EURIN)

Data / Revised: 06.12.2017 (ID. no. 3053831/EDS. GEN. EURIN)

Data / Safety of 17.0 (ID. no. 3053831/EDS. GEN. EURIN)

Data of print 07.12.2017

This assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member Sales and will be made available to them at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment bioaccumulation potential:
Significant accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:
Volatility: The substance will not evaporate ind the atmosphere from the water surface.
Adsorption in soil: Following exposure to soil, the product trickles away and can - dependant on degradation - be transported to deeper soil areas with larger water loads. Study scientifically not justified.

12.6. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH): The product does not cortain a substance fulfilling the PSF (presidentification)

12.6. Other adverse effects

The product does not contain substances that are instead in Regulation (EC) 1005/2009 on substances that deplied the accere layer.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Must be disposed of or incinerated in accordance with local regulations.

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations Not applicable.

Provormental hazard class(es).

Not pagicable.

Provormental hazard.

Environmental hazard.

Environmen

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BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 06. 12.2017
Product. Texapon® N 70 T

(ID no. 30528351/SDS GEN. EUEN)

User

RID

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations Not applicable
Transport hazard classifies. Not applicable
Environmental hazards. Special precautions for user

Inland waterway transport
AIN

UN number:
Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations. Not applicable
UN proper shipping name. Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations. Not applicable
Environmental hazards. Not applicable
None known

Not classified as a dangerous good under transport regulations. Not applicable
Environmental hazards. Not applicable
None known

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.
Date / Revised 06:12.2017
Product Texapone N 70 T

UN proper shipping name:
Transport hazard class(es). Not applicable
Packing group. Not applicable
Packing proper shipping name special precautions for Note known user.

14.1 UN number
See corresponding entiries for "UN number" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.2. UN proper shipping name
See corresponding entiries for "UN proper shipping name" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
See corresponding entiries for "Transport hazard class(es)" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.4. Packing group
See corresponding entiries for "Packing group" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.5. Environmental hazards
See corresponding entiries for "Environmental hazards" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.6. Special precautions for user
See corresponding entiries for "Environmental hazards" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code
Regulation:
Not evaluated
Shipping approved. Not evaluated
Pollution name:
Pollution na

BASE Safety data a heaf according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised 0.6 12.2017
Product: Texapon® N 70 T

(ID no. 30528351/SDS GEN EU/EN)

Date of print 07 12.2017

SECTION 16: Other Information

Information on intended use: This product is of industrial quality and unless otherwise specified or agreed intended exclusively for industrial quality and unless otherwise specified or agreed intended exclusively for industrial use. This includes the mentioned and recommended usage. Any other intended applications should be discussed with the mantafourcer. In particular this concerns the application for products that are the object of special standards and regulations.

Etil text of the dataslications, including the hazard classes and the hazard statements. If mentioned in section 2 of 3.

Skin Cort Int.
Eye Cam /Int.
Senous eye damage/eye irritation
Plazardous to the aquatic environment - divortic.
Hazardous to the a

BASF Safety data sheet Page 1/13

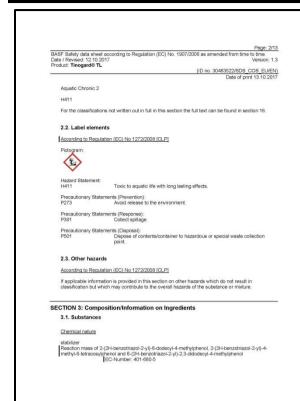
BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time.

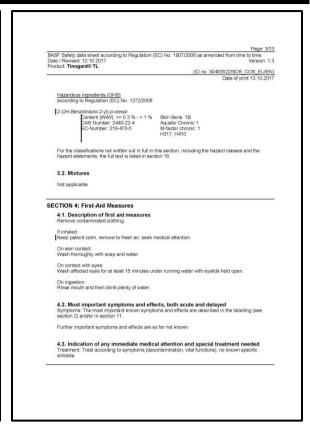
Date / Revised 1/2.10.2017

Product. Tinogard® TL SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier Tinogard® TL Chemical name: Phenol. 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-vl)-6-dodecvl-4-methyl- branched and linear REACH registration number: 01-0000015153-80-0000, 01-2119922172-49-0000 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses: Chemical for soaps, detergents and cosmetic 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet BASF SE 67056 Ludwigshafen GERMANY Operating Division Care Chemicals Telephone: +49 211 7940-2222 E-mail address: emc-ehs-masterdata@basf.com 1.4. Emergency telephone number International emergency number Telephone: +49 180 2273-112 SECTION 2: Hazards Identification 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

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BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 12:10:2017. Version: 1.3 Product Tinogard® TL (ID no. 30483522/SDS_COS_EU/EN) Date of print 13.10.2017 SECTION 5: Fire-Fighting Measures 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media: water spray, dry powder, foam Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons water jet 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture mful vapours olution of furnes/fog. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of Special protective equipment: Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus. Further information:
The degree of risk is governed by the burning substance and the fire conditions. Contaminated extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with official regulations. SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**Use personal protective clothing. Breathing protection required. **6.2. Environmental precautions**Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not discharge into drains/surface 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up 6.4. Reference to other sections information regarding exposure controls/personal protection and disposal considerations can be SECTION 7: Handling and Storage 7.1. Precautions for safe handling
No special measures necessary provided product is used correctly. Protection against fire and explosion: Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

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BASF Safety data wheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 12:10:2017

Product. Timogarde TL.

(ID no. 3048/552/8DS-COS-EUIEN)

Date of print 13:10:2017

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities. Segregate from acids and bases. Segregate from storing oxidizing agents. Segregate from foods and arrival feeds.
Further information on alterage conditions. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-vertilated piece. Keep only in the original container.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

For the relevant identified use(s) listed in Section 1 the advice mentioned in this section 7 is to be observed.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Components with occupational exposure limits

No occupational exposure limits known.

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
Respiratory protection:
Respiratory protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 37-4)

Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permandent in the according to EN 37-4)

Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permandent in the according to EN 37-4)

Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permandent in the according are besed on tests, literature data and information of glove manufacturers or are derived from similar substances by analogy. Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature) it must be considered; that the protective large of a chemical-protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permandent time determined through testing Manufacturer's directived will be observed because of great diversity of types.

Eye protection:

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen based on level of activity and exposure.

General safety and hygiene measures.

Handel is a

"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.

Page: 6/13 ording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time: (ID no. 30483522/SDS_COS_EU/EN)

Date of crint 13 10 2017 Environmental exposure controls For information regarding environmental exposure controls, see Section 6. SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties No applicable information available. 5.4 (10 g/l, 20 - 25 °C) - 54 °C (174 °C (0.11 ha) > 200 °C pH value: Melting temperature: Boiling point: (OECD Guideline 103) (DIN 51758) Value can be approximated from Henry's Law Constant or vapor pressure. not flammable Flammability: Lower explosion limit: For liquids not relevant for classification and labelling (DIN 51794) insoluble
< 0.0003 gfl
(20 °C)
(20 °C)
(vent(s) organic solvents
soluble
olivent(s): acetone, propan-2-one, propanone
> 500 gfl
(20 °C) Solubility (qualitative) sol Solubility (quantitative) so (20 °C) octanol/water (log Kow): 8.9 (20 - 25 °C) Temperature: 410 °C Self ignition:

Page: 7/13 ording to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Version: 1.3 (ID no. 30483522/SDS_COS_EU/EN) Date of print 13 10 2017 Thermal decomposition: > 350 °C Hierman uecomposition 2 350 °C
No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
1,800 - 2,000 mPa s
(20 °C)
Explosion hazard: not explosive
File promoting properties: not file-propagating 9.2. Other information Other Information:
If necessary, information on other physical and chemical parameters is indicated in this section. SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity 10.1. Reactivity
No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. Corrosion to metals: No corrosive effect on metal. 10.2. Chemical stability

The nunduct is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated. 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to instructions 10.4. Conditions to avoid Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid electro-static discharge. 10.5. Incompatible materials 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products SECTION 11: Toxicological Information Acute toxicity Assessment of acute toxicity. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. Virtually nontoxic by inhalation. Virtually nontoxic after a single incesting.

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BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised. 12:10.2017

Product: Timogarde? T.

(ID no. 3048352/95DS COS EUEN)

Experimentalicalculated data:
LD50 rat (oran): > 2,000 mg/kg (DECD Guideline 401)

LD50 rat (oran): > 2,000 mg/kg (DECD Guideline 402)

Irritation

Experimentalicalculated data:
Skin corroseon/irritation rabbit: non-irritant (OECD Guideline 404)

Serious eye damage/irritation rabbit: non-irritant (OECD Guideline 405)

Respiration/Skin sensitization

Experimental/calculated data:
other guines pig: Non-sensitizing.

Germ cell mutagenicity:
Assessment of mutagenicity:
The substance was not mutagenic in a test with mammals. No mutagenic effect was found in various tests with bacteria and mammalian cell culture.

Caronogenicity

Assessment of accionogenicity:
The vince of the information assessable provides no indication of a caronogenic effect.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity:
The results of animal situates gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect.

Specific target organ toxicity feingle exposure)

Assessment of STOT single.

Based on the available information there is no specific target organ toxicity to be expected after a single exposure.

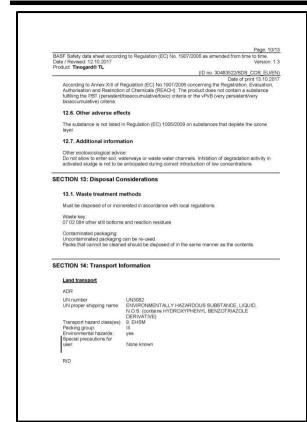
Reproductive of STOT single.

Based on the available information there is no specific target organ toxicity to be expected after a single exposure.

(ID no. 30483522/SDS_COS_EU/EN) Date of print 13.10.2017 SECTION 12: Ecological Information Assessment of aquatic toxicity:
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Acutely toxic for aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Toxicity to fish: LC50 (96 h) > 100 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (OECD Guideline 203) Aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (24 h) > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1) Aquatic plants: EC50 (72 h) > 5 mg/l, Soenedesmus sp. (OECD Guideline 201) No effects at the highest test concentration. Tested above maximum solubility Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge: EC50 (3 h) > 100 mg/l, activated sludge Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates. No observed effect concentration (21 d) 0.2 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 211, semistatic) No toxic effects occur within the range of solubility. Soil living organisms: No observed effect concentration (14 d) > 1,000 mg/kg, Eisenia foetida (OECD Guideline 222, artificial soil 12.2. Persistence and degradability Elimination information: (OECD 301B; ISO 9439; 92/69/EEC, C.4-C) Non-biodegradable 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation potential: Because of the n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (log Pow) accumulation in organisms is 12.4. Mobility in soil Assessment transport between environmental compartments. Volatility: The substance will not evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface Adsorption in soil: No data available. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.



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BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised: 12.0.2017
Product Tinogard® T. (ID no. 30483522/ISDS COS EURN)
Un number
UN proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): ENSM
UN number
UN proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): ENSM
UN number
UN proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): 9. ENSM
Un number
UN proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): 9. ENSM
UN number
UN 1082
UN 1082
Transport hazard class(es): 9. ENSM
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): 9. ENSM
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): 9. ENSM
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): 9. ENSM
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): 9. ENSM
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): 9. ENSM
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): 9. ENSM
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): 9. ENSM
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (contains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE DERIVATNE)
Transport hazard class(es): 9. ENSM
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID
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DAGE Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Data / Revised: 12.10.2017
Product: Tinogards TL.

(ID no. 3048352/ISDS COSE BLEN)
Data of print 13.10.2017
UN proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENT ALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, NO.S. (certains HYDROXYPHENYL BENZOTRIAZOLE
Transport hazard class(es). 9. EHSM.
Packing group: III III Environmental hazards: Special precautions for "UN number" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.1. UN number
See corresponding entries for "UN number" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.2. UN proper shipping name
See corresponding entries for "UN proper shipping name" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
See corresponding entries for "Innaport hazard class(es)" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.4. Packing group
See corresponding entries for "Packing group" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.5. Environmental hazards
See corresponding entries for "Environmental hazards" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.6. Special precautions for user
See corresponding entries for "Environmental hazards" for the respective regulations in the tables above.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code Regulation:
Shipmers approved. Not evaluated Shipmers approved. Not evaluated Pollution category: Not evaluated Shippers approved. Not evaluated Shippers approved i

BASF Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended from time to time. Date / Revised. 12.10.2017

Product: Tinogarde TL.

(ID no. 30483522/SDS COS. EURN)

Date of print 13.10.2017

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in this safety data sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment not yet performed due to registration timelines

SECTION 16: Other Information

Assessment of the hazard classes according to UN GHS oriteria (most recent version)

Aquatic Chronic 2

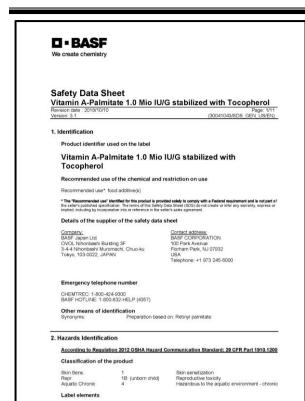
Full text of the classifications, including the hazard classes and the hazard statements, if mentioned in section 2 of 3.

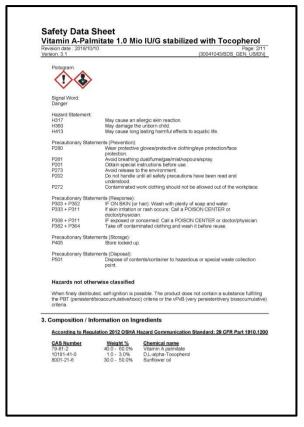
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To add 65

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Rohto-Mentholatum (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.





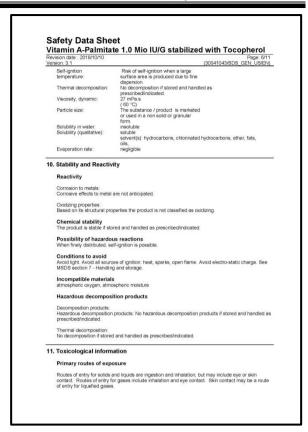
Safety Data Sheet Vitamin A-Palmitate 1.0 Mio IU/G stabilized with Tocopherol Revision date: 2018/10/10 Page: 3/ (30041043/SDS GEN US/EN) 4. First-Aid Measures Description of first aid measures General advice: First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Immediately remove contaminated dothing. If inhaled: Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention. If in eyes: Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open. If swallowed: Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11., (Further) symptoms and / or effects are not known so far Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Note to physician Treatment: Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote. 5. Fire-Fighting Measures Suitable extinguishing media: water spray, carbon dioxide, dry powder, foam Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons water jet Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Hazards during fire-flighting 2-properal, carbon oxides, harmful vapours The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire. Evolution of furnesting. Advice for fire-fighters Protective equipment for fire-fighting. **The should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and furn-out gear.**

Safety Data Sheet Vitamin A-Palmitate 1.0 Mio IU/G stabilized with Tocopherol Revision date: 2018/10/10 Pege: 4/11 Version: 3.1 G0041043SDS CEN USERS) Further information: In case of combustion evolution of toxic gases/vapours possible. Cool endangered containers with water-apray. Collect contaminated extinguishing water separately, do not allow to reach sewage or effluer's systems. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations. 6. Accidental release measures Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Use personal protective columing information regarding personal protective measures see, section 8. Ensure adequate vertilation. Do not breathe vapour/serosol/spray mists. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and oibring. Environmental precautions. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Inform authorities in the event of product spillage to water courses or sewage systems. May be harmful to the aquatic environment. Prevent entry into drains and surface waters. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up For small amounts. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. After fasing up material in containers, cover immediately with water layer. For large amounts. Dike spillage. Pump off product. Disposed of secondate spill mains. Sould betaller, officienting and storage and contrainment and cleaning up. For large amounts of the spillage. Pump off product palations. Mopus palse with non-flammable and palation of the spillage of self-gration and should be wetted with water and must be disposed of in a safe manner. 7. Handling and Storage Precautions for safe handling Avoid aerosal formation. Were suitable protective clothing and eyeface protection. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and cohing reception and should be wetted with water and must be disposed of in a safe manner. Risk of self-gration when a large surface are as produced to the fire dispersion. Soind tardler / Risk of self-gration when a larg

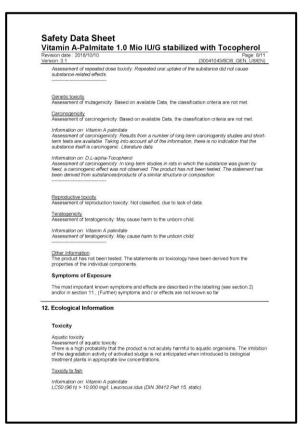
"Manufacturing and Marketing of OTC Medicines and Cosmetics"

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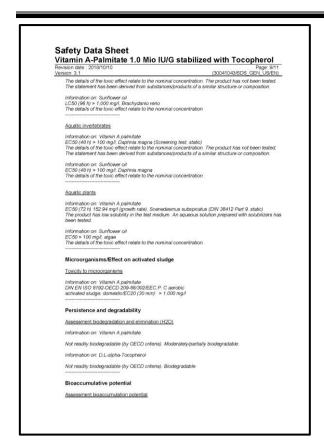
Safety Data Sheet Vitamin A-Palmitate 1.0 Mio IU/G stabilized with Tocopherol Page: 5/11 (30041043/SDS GEN US/EN) Components with occupational exposure limits Surflower oil OSHA PEL PEL 15 mg/m3 Total dust; PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction; TWA value 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction; TWA value 15 mg/m3 Total dust; Personal protective equipment Respiratory protection: Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapour/particulate respirator as needed. Hand protection: Wear chemical resistant protective gloves. Eye protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Body protection: Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit. Centeral safety and hypiene massaurers: Handle in accordance with good industrial hypiene and safety practice. Wearing of closed work clothing is equite additionally to the stated personal protection equipment. Under no circumstances should the product come into cortact with the skin of pregnant women or be inhalled by them. Avoid contact with safe his No earling, drinking not office out out after place of work. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. Store work clothing separately. 9. Physical and Chemical Properties ony mild Not determined due to potential health hazard by inhalation. vellow yellow insoluble not determined The substance / product decomposes therefore not determined. > 100 °C hardly combustible pH value: Freezing point: Boiling point: For liquids not relevant for classification and labelling. For liquids not relevant for classification and labelling approx. 265 °C negligible 0.88 g/cm3 (20 °C) Lower explosion limit: Upper explosion limit: (DIN 51794)

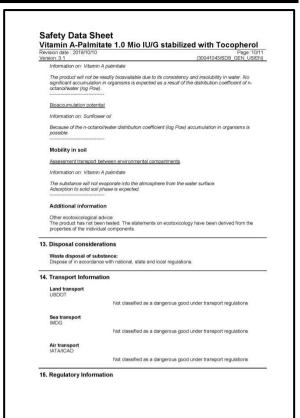


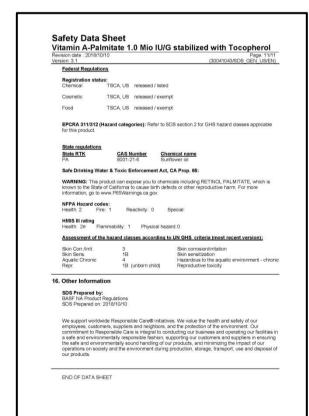
Safety Data Sheet Vitamin A-Palmitate 1.0 Milo IU/G stabilized with Tocopherol Revision are: 2018/10/10 Revision 3.1 Acute Toxicity/Effects Acute Toxicity/Effects Acute Toxicity/Effects Acute Toxicity/Effects Acute Toxicity Assessment of acute toxicity. Virtually nontoxio after a single ingestion. Cral Information on: Villamin A palmitate Type of viable: LD50 Species: rat (malesfemale) Value: > 2.000 mg/s ((BASF-Test)) No mortality was observed. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar student or composition. Assessment of the racide effects Assessment of Intrating effects. Skin contact causes slight irritation. May cause slight irritation to the eyes. Information on: Villamin A palmitate Assessment of initiating effects. Not irritating to the eyes. May cause slight irritation to the skin. Information on: Surflower oil Assessment of initiating effects. Not irritating to the skin. Assessment of initiating effects. May cause slight irritation to the statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. Information on: D.L-sipha-Tocopherol Assessment of irritating effects. With irritating to the skin. Not irritating to the eyes. Sensitization Assessment of irritating effects. With irritating to the skin. Not irritating to the eyes. Sensitization Assessment of irritating effects. With irritating to the skin. Not irritating to the eyes. Sensitization Caused skin sensitization: May cause sensitization by skin contact. Information on: D.L-sipha-Tocopherol Assessment of erestization in animal studies. Caused skin sensitization in animal studies. Information on: Usuarin A palmitate Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Besed on available Data, the classification criteria are not not. Information on: D.L-sipha-Tocopherol Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: Repeated exposure to large quartities may affect certain organs. Information on: D.L-sipha-Tocopherol



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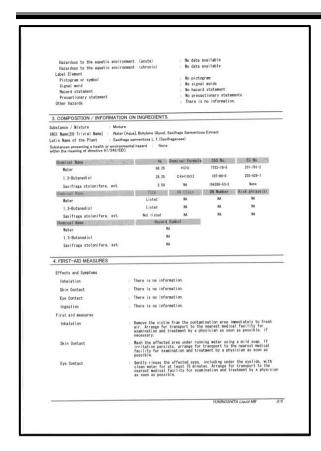








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Ingestion	: Rinse mouth with water. If the viotim is responsive, give the person one or two glasses of water, try to get the viotim to vomit by having the viotim tough the back of their threat with a finger. Arrangs for transport to the nearest medical facility for examination and treatment by a physician as soon as possible.
Most important symptoms/ effects, scute and delayed	: There is no information.
	: There is no information.
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES	
Suitable extinguishing media	: In case of fire, use water spray, foam, dry chemical powder, dry sand or carbon dloxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: There is no information,
Specific hazards arising from this product	: There is no information.
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters	: Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment. Keep personnel removed from and uppind of fire. Nove container from fire areas if it can be done without risk. Apply water from a safe distance to cool an protect surrounding area.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASI	URES
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Mear proper protective equipment (see Section 8). Evacuate non essential personnel. Eliminate all sources of ignition and ventilate the area.
Environmental precautions	: Treat using the best available techniques before discharging into drains or the agustic environment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand, sawdust or dustcloth), then place in a chemical waste container. Flush residual spill area with oppious amounts of water. For large spills, dike for later disposal.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
Handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Use in the well-ventilated areas. Shut off all pilot burner and electrical (spark or hot wire) igniters and other sources of ignition during use and until all odors are gone. Protect against physical damage, do not drop onto, or slide across sharp objects
Storage	Store in a dry, ventilated location. Keep away from high temperature
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERS	ONAL PROTECTION
Exposure Guideline	- ACGIH (TLV) : Not Established
Appropriate engineering controls	 OSHA (PEL) : Not Established Good general ventilation should be sufficient for most conditions.
Personal protective equipment	: Wear-chemical cartridge respirator with an ethanol vapor cartridge, it
Respiratory Protection	mecessary. To prevent any contact, wear impervious clothing such as gloves, as
Hand Protection	appropriate.
Eye Protection Skin Protection	 Wear safety glasses, safety goggle, face shield. To prevent any contact, wear impervious clothing such as gloves, apron, boots or wholebody suits, as appropriate.
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